Genetic Algorithm for Optimization Problems:

Application:

Optimization of a neural network for binary classification

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make classification
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
# Helper functions for the Neural Network
def sigmoid(x):
   return 1 / (1 + np.exp(-x))
def forward_pass(X, weights1, weights2):
   hidden input = np.dot(X, weights1)
    hidden output = sigmoid(hidden input)
    output input = np.dot(hidden output, weights2)
    output = sigmoid(output_input)
    return output
def compute fitness(weights, X train, y train):
   predictions = forward_pass(X_train, weights['w1'], weights['w2'])
   predictions = (predictions > 0.5).astype(int)
    accuracy = accuracy score(y train, predictions)
    return accuracy
# User input for dataset creation
n samples = int(input("Enter the number of samples: "))
n features = int(input("Enter the number of features: "))
test size = float(input("Enter the test size (e.g., 0.2 for 20%): "))
# Generate dataset
X, y = make_classification(n_samples=n_samples, n_features=n_features,
n informative=int(n features * 0.8), n classes=2)
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=test_size)
# Neural Network Parameters
input size = X.shape[1]
hidden size = int(input("Enter the number of neurons in the hidden layer: "))
output size = 1
# GA Parameters
```

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population size = int(input("Enter the population size: "))
generations = int(input("Enter the number of generations: "))
mutation rate = float(input("Enter the mutation rate (e.g., 0.1 for 10%): "))
# Initialize Population
population = []
for in range(population size):
    individual = {
        'w1': np.random.randn(input size, hidden size),
        'w2': np.random.randn(hidden_size, output_size)
    population.append(individual)
# Tracking performance
best fitness_history = []
average_fitness_history = []
# Main Genetic Algorithm Loop
for generation in range(generations):
    # Evaluate Fitness of each Individual
    fitness_scores = np.array([compute_fitness(individual, X_train, y_train) for
individual in population])
    best fitness = np.max(fitness scores)
    average fitness = np.mean(fitness scores)
    best_fitness_history.append(best_fitness)
    average_fitness_history.append(average_fitness)
    # Selection: Select top half of the population
    sorted_indices = np.argsort(fitness_scores)[::-1]
    population = [population[i] for i in sorted_indices[:population size // 2]]
    # Crossover and Mutation
    new population = []
    while len(new_population) < population_size:</pre>
        parents = np.random.choice(population, 2, replace=False)
        child = {
            'w1': (parents[0]['w1'] + parents[1]['w1']) / 2,
            'w2': (parents[0]['w2'] + parents[1]['w2']) / 2
        }
        # Mutation
        if np.random.rand() < mutation rate:</pre>
            child['w1'] += np.random.randn(*child['w1'].shape) * 0.1
            child['w2'] += np.random.randn(*child['w2'].shape) * 0.1
        new_population.append(child)
    population = new_population
```

```
print(f"Generation {generation + 1}, Best Fitness: {best fitness:.4f}")
# Evaluate the best individual on validation set
best individual = population[np.argmax(fitness scores)]
predictions = forward pass(X val, best individual['w1'], best individual['w2'])
predictions = (predictions > 0.5).astype(int)
final accuracy = accuracy score(y val, predictions)
print(f"Final Accuracy on Validation Set: {final accuracy:.4f}")
# Plotting the results
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(best fitness history, label='Best Fitness')
plt.plot(average fitness history, label='Average Fitness')
plt.title('Fitness Over Generations')
plt.xlabel('Generation')
plt.ylabel('Fitness')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of samples: 500
Enter the number of features: 10
Enter the test size (e.g., 0.2 for 20%): 0.2
Enter the number of neurons in the hidden layer: 5
Enter the population size: 20
Enter the number of generations: 50
Enter the mutation rate (e.g., 0.1 for 10%): 0.1
Generation 1, Best Fitness: 0.6725
Generation 2, Best Fitness: 0.7925
Generation 3, Best Fitness: 0.7325
Generation 4, Best Fitness: 0.7750
Generation 5, Best Fitness: 0.7750
Generation 6, Best Fitness: 0.7650
Generation 7, Best Fitness: 0.7575
Generation 8, Best Fitness: 0.7550
Generation 9, Best Fitness: 0.7800
Generation 10, Best Fitness: 0.7675
Generation 11, Best Fitness: 0.7650
Generation 12, Best Fitness: 0.7675
Generation 13, Best Fitness: 0.7800
Generation 14, Best Fitness: 0.7825
Generation 15, Best Fitness: 0.7725
Generation 16, Best Fitness: 0.7725
Generation 17, Best Fitness: 0.7850
Generation 18, Best Fitness: 0.7800
Generation 19, Best Fitness: 0.7800
Generation 20, Best Fitness: 0.7800
Generation 21, Best Fitness: 0.7850
Generation 22, Best Fitness: 0.7850
```

Generation 23, Best Fitness: 0.7850 Generation 24, Best Fitness: 0.7825 Generation 25, Best Fitness: 0.7825 Generation 26, Best Fitness: 0.7800 Generation 27, Best Fitness: 0.8000 Generation 28, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 29, Best Fitness: 0.7850 Generation 30, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 31, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 32, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 33, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 34, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 35, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 36, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 37, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 38, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 39, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 40, Best Fitness: 0.7900 Generation 41, Best Fitness: 0.7950 Generation 42, Best Fitness: 0.7925 Generation 43, Best Fitness: 0.8100 Generation 44, Best Fitness: 0.8050 Generation 45, Best Fitness: 0.8050 Generation 46, Best Fitness: 0.8075 Generation 47, Best Fitness: 0.8075 Generation 48, Best Fitness: 0.8075 Generation 49, Best Fitness: 0.8075 Generation 50, Best Fitness: 0.8125 Final Accuracy on Validation Set: 0.7600

