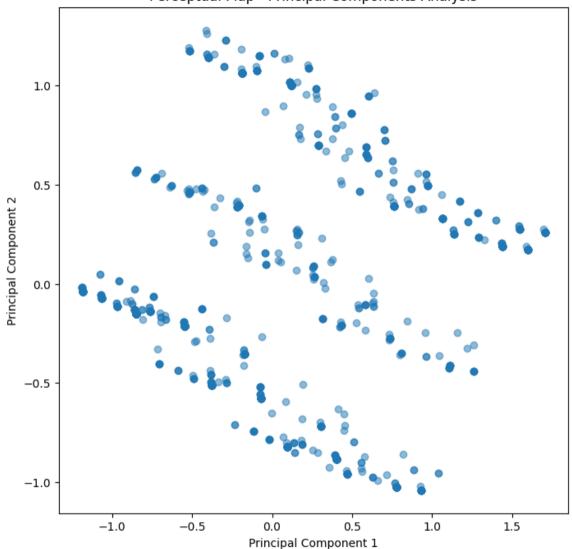
```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read csv('mcdonalds.csv')
print("Variable Names:")
print(df.columns)
     Variable Names:
    Index(['yummy', 'convenient', 'spicy', 'fattening', 'greasy', 'fast', 'cheap',
            'tasty', 'expensive', 'healthy', 'disgusting', 'Like', 'Age',
            'VisitFrequency', 'Gender'],
          dtype='object')
print("\nSample Size:")
print(len(df))
     Sample Size:
    1453
print("\nFirst Three Rows:")
print(df.head(3))
     First Three Rows:
       yummy convenient spicy fattening greasy fast cheap tasty expensive healthy \
                   Yes No
                                          No Yes
                                                          No
                                                                   Yes
                                                   Yes
                                                                           No
                   Yes No
                                  Yes Yes Yes
                                                         Yes
                                                                   Yes
        Yes
                                                  Yes
                                                                           No
                                       Yes Yes
                                                         Yes
         No
                   Yes Yes
                                  Yes
                                                   No
                                                                   Yes
                                                                          Yes
       disgusting Like Age
                               VisitFrequency Gender
              No -3 61 Every three months Female
              No +2 51 Every three months Female
    1
     2
              No +1 62 Every three months Female
segmentation_data = df.iloc[:, :11]
numeric segmentation data = segmentation data.apply(lambda x: x.eq('Yes').astype(int))
print("Average Value of Transformed Segmentation Variables:")
print(numeric_segmentation_data.mean())
```

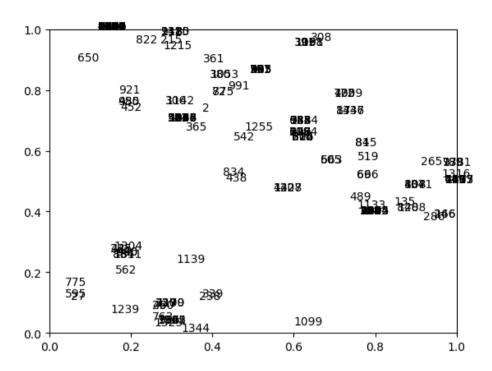
```
Average Value of Transformed Segmentation Variables:
     yummy
                   0.552650
                   0.907777
     convenient
     spicy
                   0.093599
     fattening
                   0.867171
                   0.526497
     greasy
     fast
                   0.900206
     cheap
                   0.598761
     tasty
                   0.644184
     expensive
                   0.357880
     healthy
                   0.198899
     disgusting
                   0.242946
     dtype: float64
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
principal_components = pca.fit_transform(numeric_segmentation_data)
pc df = pd.DataFrame(data=principal components, columns=['PC1', 'PC2'])
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.scatter(pc_df['PC1'], pc_df['PC2'], alpha=0.5)
plt.title('Perceptual Map - Principal Components Analysis')
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'Principal Component 2')





```
for i, txt in enumerate(df.index):
    plt.annotate(txt, (pc_df['PC1'][i], pc_df['PC2'][i]))
plt.show()
```



```
explained_variance_ratio = pca.explained_variance_ratio_
print(f'Explained Variance Ratio - PC1: {explained_variance_ratio[0]:.2f}')
print(f'Explained Variance Ratio - PC2: {explained_variance_ratio[1]:.2f}')

Explained Variance Ratio - PC1: 0.30
Explained Variance Ratio - PC2: 0.19
```

```
factor_loadings = pca.components_.T
```

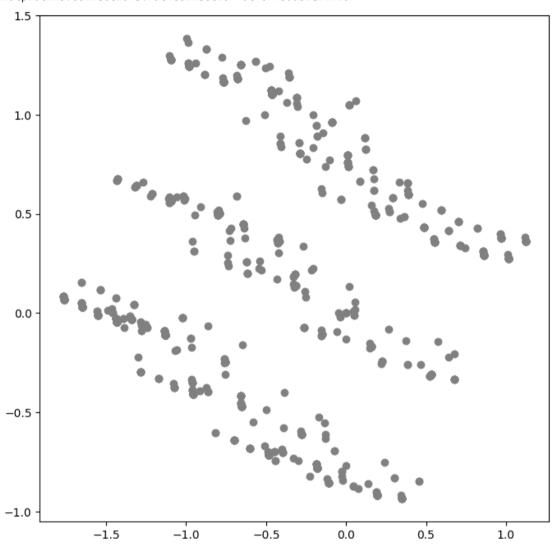
```
print("Factor Loadings:")
print(factor_loadings)
```

```
[-0.21371062 0.07659344]
[ 0.37475293 -0.13965633]]

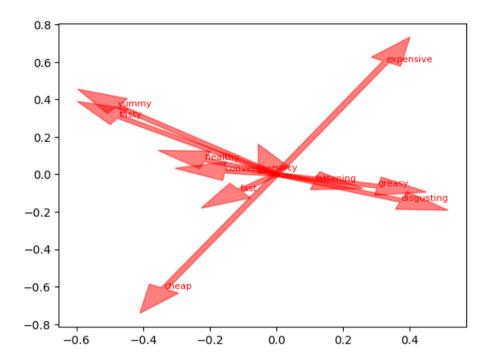
rotated_vars = np.dot(numeric_segmentation_data.values, factor_loadings)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.scatter(rotated_vars[:, 0], rotated_vars[:, 1], color='grey', label='Consumers')
```

[0.32904173 0.60128596]

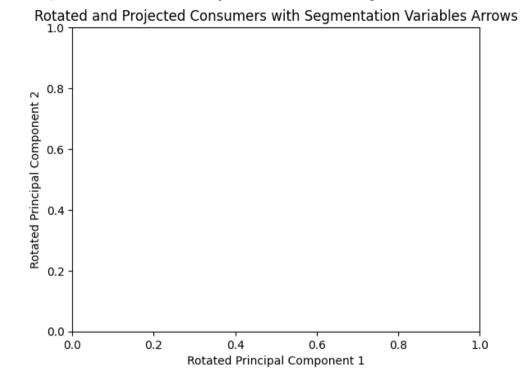


for i in range(len(factor_loadings)):
 plt.arrow(0, 0, factor_loadings[i, 0], factor_loadings[i, 1], color='red', alpha=0.5, width=0.02, head_width=0.1)
 plt.text(factor_loadings[i, 0], factor_loadings[i, 1], segmentation_data.columns[i], color='red', fontsize=8)



```
plt.xlabel('Rotated Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Rotated Principal Component 2')
plt.title('Rotated and Projected Consumers with Segmentation Variables Arrows')
```

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Rotated and Projected Consumers with Segmentation Variables Arrows')



```
plt.show()
#Using k-Means
```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

```
num_segments = 4
```

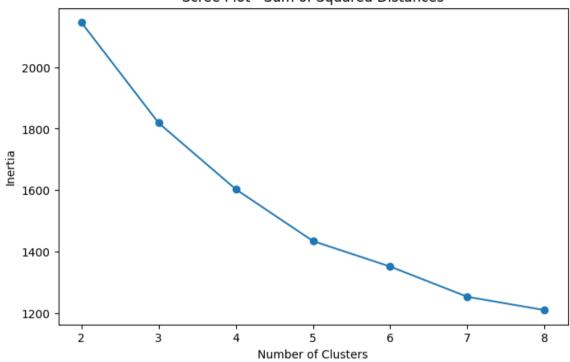
```
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=num_segments, random_state=42)
segment_labels = kmeans.fit_predict(rotated_vars)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Se warnings.warn(

4

```
pc df['Segment'] = segment labels
print(pc df.head())
                       PC2 Segment
             PC1
     0 0.425367 -0.219079
     1 -0.218638 0.388190
     2 0.375415 0.730435
     3 -0.172926 -0.352752
                                 2
     4 0.187057 -0.807610
!pip install scikit-learn
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (1.2.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.23.5)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.11.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (1.3.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn) (3.2.0)
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
inertia values = []
min clusters = 2
max clusters = 8
for num clusters in range(min clusters, max clusters + 1):
    kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=num clusters, n init=10, random state=42)
   kmeans.fit(numeric segmentation data)
    # Calculate sum of squared distances (inertia) for the current clustering
   inertia values.append(kmeans.inertia )
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.plot(range(min_clusters, max_clusters + 1), inertia_values, marker='o')
plt.title('Scree Plot - Sum of Squared Distances')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('Inertia')
plt.show()
```





from sklearn.utils import resample

 $n_bootstraps = 200$

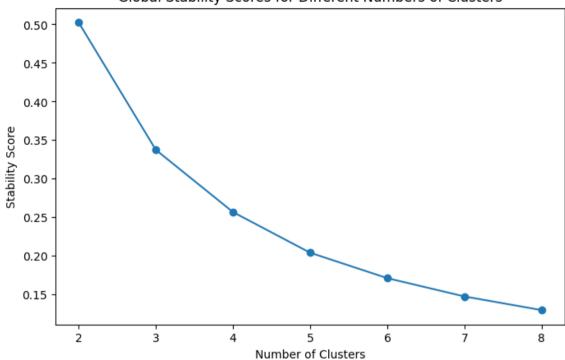
 $n_init = 10$

min_clusters = 2
max_clusters = 8

cluster_labels_bootstrap = np.zeros((n_bootstraps, max_clusters - min_clusters + 1, len(numeric_segmentation_data)))

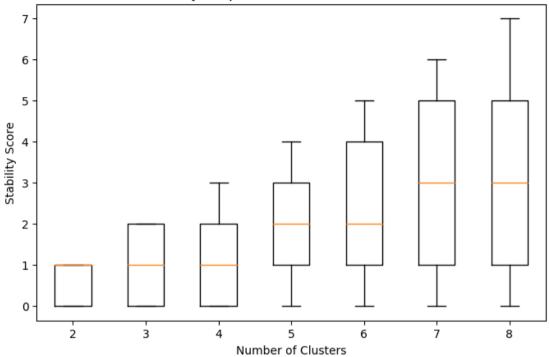
```
for i in range(n bootstraps):
    # Generate a bootstrap sample
   bootstrap sample = resample(numeric segmentation data, replace=True, random state=i)
    for num clusters in range(min clusters, max clusters + 1):
        kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=num clusters, n init=n init, random state=i)
       kmeans.fit(bootstrap sample)
       # Store cluster labels
        cluster labels bootstrap[i, num clusters - min clusters, :] = kmeans.labels
stability scores = np.zeros((max clusters - min clusters + 1,))
for num clusters in range(min clusters, max clusters + 1):
    # Calculate the proportion of times each pair of observations is clustered together across bootstrap samples
   pair agreement = np.sum(cluster labels bootstrap[:, num clusters - min clusters - min clusters, :] == cluster labels bootstrap[:, num clusters, Mone, :], axi
   # Calculate the stability score for the current number of clusters
   stability scores[num clusters - min clusters] = np.mean(pair agreement)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.plot(range(min clusters, max clusters + 1), stability scores, marker='o')
plt.title('Global Stability Scores for Different Numbers of Clusters')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('Stability Score')
plt.show()
```





```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.boxplot(stability_scores, labels=range(min_clusters, max_clusters + 1))
plt.title('Global Stability Boxplot for Different Numbers of Clusters')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('Stability Score')
plt.show()
```

Global Stability Boxplot for Different Numbers of Clusters



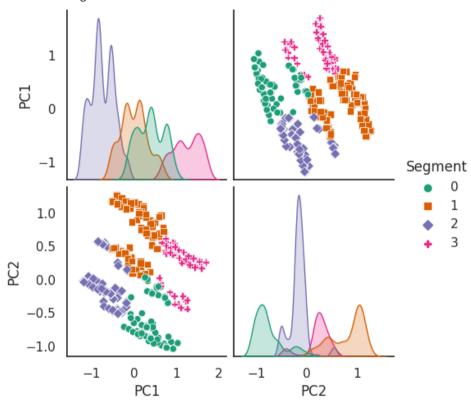
pip install seaborn

```
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (0.12.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy!=1.24.0,>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.23.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from seaborn) (3.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (4.47.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (3.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib!=3.6.1,>=3.1->seaborn) (1.16.0)
```

```
sns.set(style="white")
```

```
sns.pairplot(pc_df, hue='Segment', palette='Dark2', markers=["o", "s", "D", "P"], diag_kind="kde")
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7bdab0f838e0>

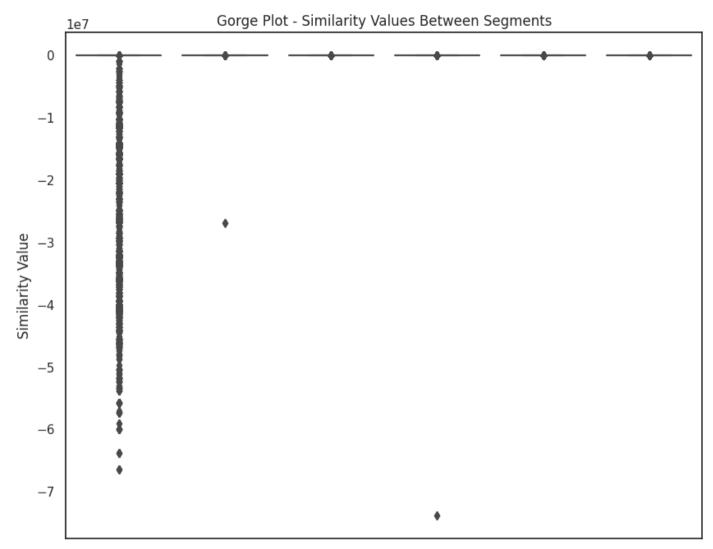


plt.show()

from sklearn.metrics import pairwise_distances

```
pairwise_distances_within_segments = []
for segment in range(num_segments):
    segment_data = rotated_vars[segment_labels == segment]
    pairwise_distances_within_segments.append(pairwise_distances(segment_data))
```

```
similarity values = []
segment pairs = []
for i in range(num segments):
   for j in range(i + 1, num segments):
       min data points = min(pairwise distances within segments[i].shape[0], pairwise distances within segments[j].shape[0])
       similarity = 1 - pairwise distances within segments[i][:min data points, :min data points] / pairwise distances within segments[i][:min data points, :min
       # Flatten the similarity matrix and store values and corresponding segment pairs
       similarity values.extend(similarity.flatten())
       segment pairs.extend([f'Segment {i+1} vs Segment {j+1}' for in range(min data points**2)])
     <ipython-input-66-2ca3ec738031>:7: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in divide
       similarity = 1 - pairwise distances within segments[i][:min data points, :min data points] / pairwise distances within segments[j][:min data points, :min d
     <ipython-input-66-2ca3ec738031>:7: RuntimeWarning: invalid value encountered in divide
       similarity = 1 - pairwise distances within segments[i][:min data points, :min data points] / pairwise distances within segments[j][:min data points, :min d
data = pd.DataFrame({'Segment Pairs': segment pairs, 'Similarity Values': similarity values})
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.boxplot(x='Segment Pairs', y='Similarity Values', data=data)
plt.title('Gorge Plot - Similarity Values Between Segments')
plt.xlabel('Segment Pairs')
plt.ylabel('Similarity Value')
plt.show()
```



Segment 1 vs Se**gegene**nt 1 vs Se**gegene**nt 1 vs Se**gegene**nt 2 vs Se**gegene**nt 2 vs Se**gegene**nt 3 vs Se**geme**nt 4 Segment Pairs

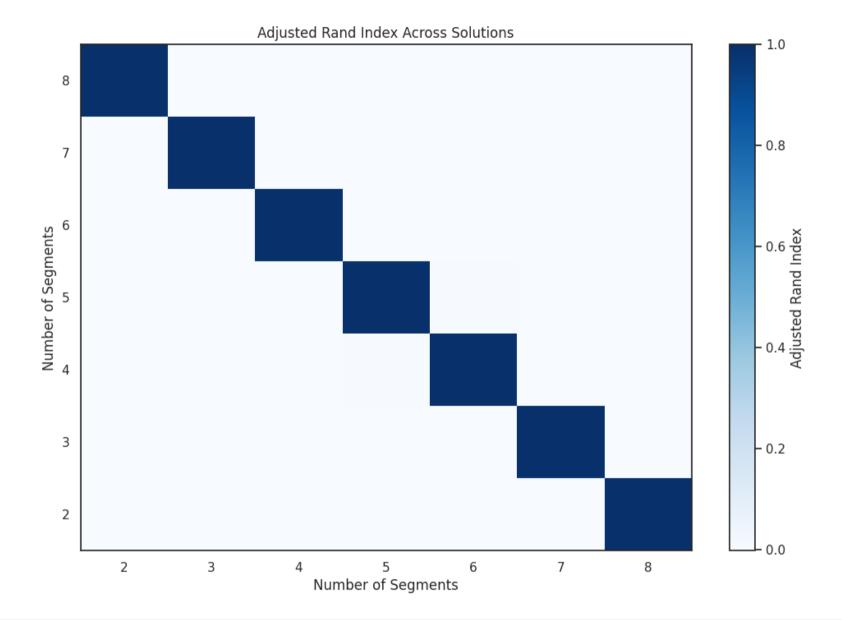
pip install scikit-learn-extra

```
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.23.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn-extra) (1.2.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.23.0->scikit-learn-extra) (1.3.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.23.0->scikit-learn-extra) (3.2.0)
    Installing collected packages: scikit-learn-extra
     Successfully installed scikit-learn-extra-0.3.0
pip install segmentation-models
     Collecting segmentation-models
       Downloading segmentation models-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl (33 kB)
     Collecting keras-applications<=1.0.8,>=1.0.7 (from segmentation-models)
       Downloading Keras Applications-1.0.8-py3-none-any.whl (50 kB)
                                                 - 50.7/50.7 kB 3.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Collecting image-classifiers==1.0.0 (from segmentation-models)
       Downloading image classifiers-1.0.0-pv3-none-anv.whl (19 kB)
     Collecting efficientnet==1.0.0 (from segmentation-models)
       Downloading efficientnet-1.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (17 kB)
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-image in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (0.19.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.9.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from keras-applications<=1.0.8,>=1.0.7->segmentation-models) (1.23.5)
     Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from keras-applications<=1.0.8,>=1.0.7->segmentation-models) (3.9.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (1.11.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=2.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (3.2.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: pillow!=7.1.0,!=7.1.1,!=8.3.0,>=6.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segm
     Requirement already satisfied: imageio>=2.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (2.31.
     Requirement already satisfied: tifffile>=2019.7.26 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (
     Requirement already satisfied: PyWavelets>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (1.
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-image->efficientnet==1.0.0->segmentation-models) (23.2
    Installing collected packages: keras-applications, image-classifiers, efficientnet, segmentation-models
     Successfully installed efficientnet-1.0.0 image-classifiers-1.0.0 keras-applications-1.0.8 segmentation-models-1.0.1
from sklearn.metrics import adjusted rand score
num segments range = range(min clusters, max clusters + 1)
adj rand indices = np.zeros((len(num segments range), len(num segments range))))
for i, num segments i in enumerate(num segments range):
   for j, num segments j in enumerate(num segments range):
       if i <= j:
           labels i = cluster labels bootstrap[i, num segments i - min clusters, :]
           labels j = cluster labels bootstrap[j, num segments j - min clusters, :]
           adj rand indices[i, j] = adjusted rand score(labels i, labels j)
           adj rand indices[j, i] = adj rand indices[i, j]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.imshow(adj_rand_indices, cmap='Blues', aspect='auto', extent=[min_clusters-0.5, max_clusters+0.5, min_clusters-0.5, max_clusters+0.5])

plt.title('Adjusted Rand Index Across Solutions')
plt.xlabel('Number of Segments')
plt.ylabel('Number of Segments')

plt.colorbar(label='Adjusted Rand Index')
plt.show()
```



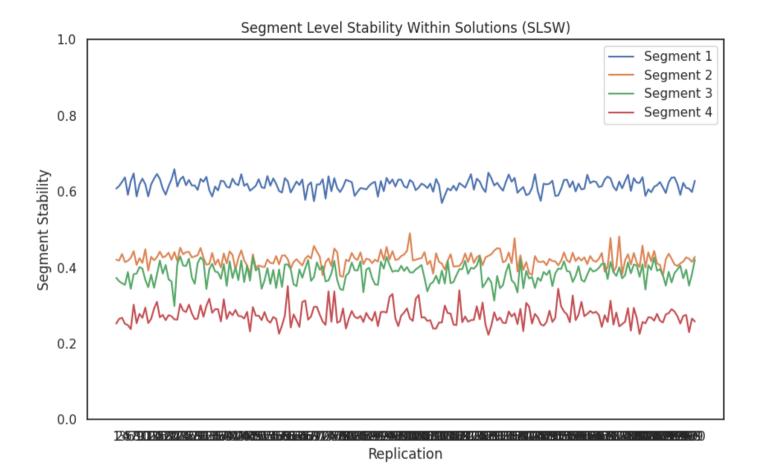
from scipy.stats import mode

segment_stabilities = np.zeros((num_segments, len(cluster_labels_bootstrap)))

```
for i in range(num_segments):
    for j in range(len(cluster_labels_bootstrap)):
        labels_i = cluster_labels_bootstrap[j, i, :]
        segment_stabilities[i, j] = np.mean(labels_i == mode(labels_i)[0])

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
for i in range(num_segments):
    plt.plot(segment_stabilities[i, :], label=f'Segment {i+1}')

plt.title('Segment Level Stability Within Solutions (SLSW)')
plt.xlabel('Replication')
plt.ylabel('Segment Stability')
plt.ylim(0, 1)
plt.xicks(range(len(cluster_labels_bootstrap)), range(1, len(cluster_labels_bootstrap)+1))
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
# Using Mixtures of Distributions
```

 $\verb"pip" install mixmod"$

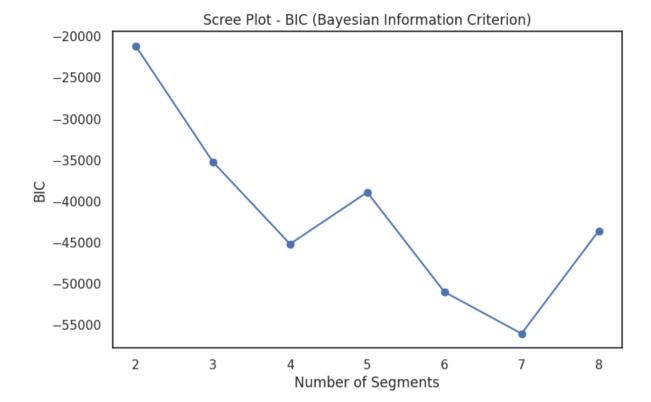
 ${\tt Collecting\ mixmod}$

Downloading mixmod-0.2.0-py3-none-any.whl (9.0 kB)

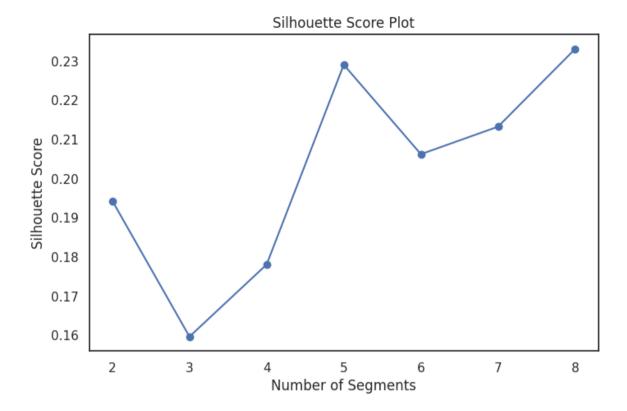
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from mixmod) (1.23.5) Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from mixmod) (1.11.4)

Installing collected packages: mixmod
Successfully installed mixmod-0.2.0

```
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
from sklearn.utils import resample
min segments = 2
max segments = 8
n init = 10
n bootstraps = 200
inertia values = []
silhouette scores = []
cluster labels bootstrap = np.zeros((n bootstraps, max segments - min segments + 1, len(numeric segmentation data)))
for num segments in range(min segments, max segments + 1):
    model = GaussianMixture(n components=num segments, n init=n init)
   model.fit(numeric segmentation data)
   inertia values.append(model.bic(numeric segmentation data))
    silhouette scores.append(silhouette score(numeric segmentation data, model.predict(numeric segmentation data)))
    # Bootstrap stability analysis
    for i in range(n bootstraps):
       bootstrap sample = resample(numeric segmentation data, replace=True, random state=i)
       bootstrap model = GaussianMixture(n components=num segments, n init=n init)
       bootstrap model.fit(bootstrap sample)
       cluster labels bootstrap[i, num segments - min segments, :] = bootstrap model.predict(bootstrap sample)
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.plot(range(min segments, max segments + 1), inertia values, marker='o')
plt.title('Scree Plot - BIC (Bayesian Information Criterion)')
plt.xlabel('Number of Segments')
plt.ylabel('BIC')
plt.show()
```

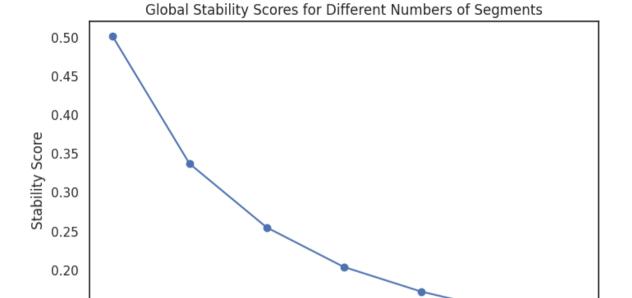


```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.plot(range(min_segments, max_segments + 1), silhouette_scores, marker='o')
plt.title('Silhouette Score Plot')
plt.xlabel('Number of Segments')
plt.ylabel('Silhouette Score')
plt.show()
```



```
stability_scores = np.zeros((max_segments - min_segments + 1,))
for num_segments in range(min_segments, max_segments + 1):
    pair_agreement = np.sum(cluster_labels_bootstrap[:, num_segments - min_segments, :] == cluster_labels_bootstrap[:, num_segments - min_segments, None, :], axi
    stability_scores[num_segments - min_segments] = np.mean(pair_agreement)

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
plt.plot(range(min_segments, max_segments + 1), stability_scores, marker='o')
plt.title('Global Stability Scores for Different Numbers of Segments')
plt.xlabel('Number of Segments')
plt.ylabel('Stability Score')
plt.show()
```



1 5 0 Number of Segments

0.15

2

3

```
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
min_components = 2
max_components = 10  # Adjust as needed

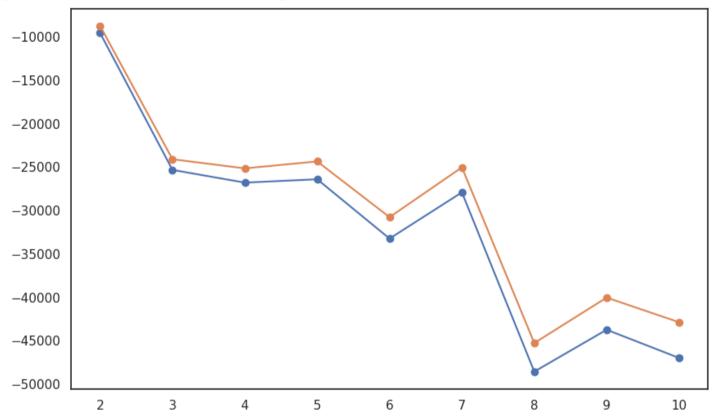
aic_values = []
bic_values = []
icl_values = []

for num_components in range(min_components, max_components + 1):
    model = GaussianMixture(n_components=num_components, random_state=42)
    model.fit(numeric_segmentation_data)
    aic_values.append(model.aic(numeric_segmentation_data))
bic_values.append(model.bic(numeric_segmentation_data))
```

7

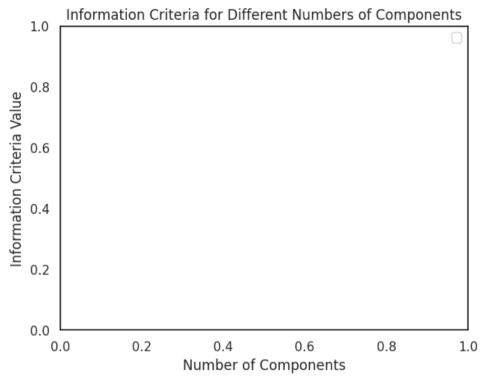
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(range(min_components, max_components + 1), aic_values, label='AIC', marker='o')
plt.plot(range(min_components, max_components + 1), bic_values, label='BIC', marker='o')
```

[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7bda553547f0>]



```
plt.title('Information Criteria for Different Numbers of Components')
plt.xlabel('Number of Components')
plt.ylabel('Information Criteria Value')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

WARNING:matplotlib.legend:No artists with labels found to put in legend. Note that artists whose label start with an underscore



```
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
```

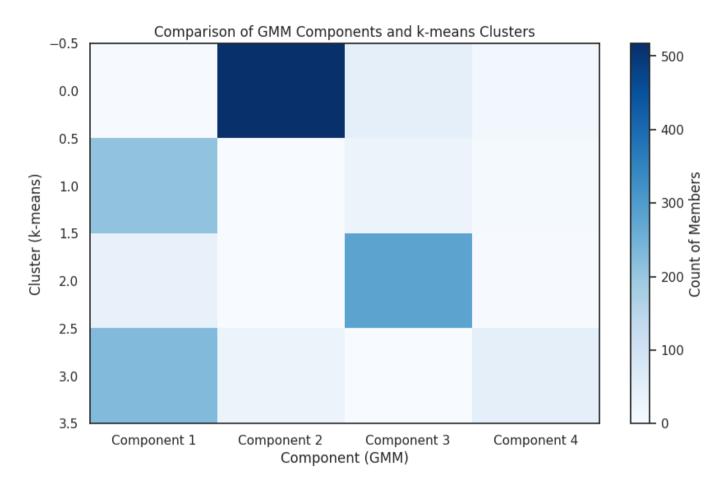
```
num_clusters_kmeans = 4  # Adjust as needed
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=num_clusters_kmeans, random_state=42)
cluster_labels_kmeans = kmeans.fit_predict(numeric_segmentation_data)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Se warnings.warn(

```
num_components_gmm = 4  # Adjust as needed
gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=num_components_gmm, random_state=42)
gmm.fit(numeric_segmentation_data)
component_memberships_gmm = gmm.predict_proba(numeric_segmentation_data)
```

```
comparison df = pd.DataFrame(component memberships gmm, columns=[f'Component {i+1}' for i in range(num components gmm)])
comparison df['Cluster Membership (k-means)'] = cluster labels kmeans
crosstab df = pd.crosstab(comparison df['Cluster Membership (k-means)'], columns=comparison df.iloc[:, :-1].idxmax(axis=1))
print(crosstab df)
                                   Component 1 Component 2 Component 3 \
     col 0
     Cluster Membership (k-means)
                                             4
                                                        517
                                                                      46
     1
                                           209
                                                                      29
     2
                                            37
                                                                     282
     3
                                                                       0
                                           229
                                                         29
     col 0
                                   Component 4
     Cluster Membership (k-means)
                                            13
     1
                                             8
     2
     3
                                            46
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.imshow(crosstab df.values, cmap='Blues', aspect='auto', interpolation='none')
plt.colorbar(label='Count of Members')
plt.xlabel('Component (GMM)')
plt.ylabel('Cluster (k-means)')
plt.title('Comparison of GMM Components and k-means Clusters')
plt.xticks(np.arange(num components gmm), labels=[f'Component {i+1}' for i in range(num components gmm)])
```

plt.show()



```
#Using Mixtures of Regression Models
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
independent_variables = df[['yummy', 'convenient', 'spicy', 'fattening', 'greasy', 'fast', 'cheap', 'tasty', 'expensive', 'healthy', 'disgusting']]
print(df.head())
```

	yummy	convenient	spicy	fattening	greasy	fast	cheap	tasty	expensive	healthy	\
0	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	
1	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
2	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	
3	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	

```
Yes
                                         Yes Yes Yes
                                                                    No
                                                                           Yes
      disgusting Like Age
                                VisitFrequency Gender Numeric_LIKE \
                         61 Every three months Female
              No -3.0
                                                                9.0
                         51 Every three months Female
    1
                   2.0
                                                                4.0
     2
                         62 Every three months Female
                                                                5.0
     3
                   4.0
                                   Once a week Female
                                                                2.0
             Yes
                         69
              No
                  2.0
                        49
                                  Once a month
                                                 Male
                                                                4.0
       NumericLike Like.n
     0
                 9
    1
                 4
     2
                 5
                         5
     3
                         2
     4
original_like_counts = df['Like'].value_counts(sort=False)
print(original_like_counts)
     -3.0
             73
     2.0
            187
     1.0
            152
     4.0
            160
     0.0
            464
     -2.0
             59
     3.0
            229
     -4.0
             71
     -1.0
    Name: Like, dtype: int64
df['Like.n'] = 6 - df['Like'].astype(int)
new_like_counts = df['Like.n'].value_counts(sort=False)
print(new_like_counts)
     9
           73
          187
     4
     5
          152
     2
          160
     6
          464
     8
           59
     3
           229
     10
           71
     7
           58
     Name: Like.n, dtype: int64
```

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
categorical_columns = ['Gender']
numeric_columns = ['Age', 'VisitFrequency']
print(df.dtypes)
                        object
     yummy
                        object
     convenient
     spicy
                        object
     fattening
                       object
                       object
     greasy
     fast
                        object
                       object
     cheap
     tasty
                        object
     expensive
                       object
     healthy
                       object
     disgusting
                        object
                       float64
     Like
                        int64
     Age
    VisitFrequency
                        object
     Gender
                        object
    Numeric_LIKE
                       float64
     NumericLike
                         int64
     Like.n
                         int64
     dtype: object
df['VisitFrequency'] = pd.to numeric(df['VisitFrequency'], errors='coerce')
print(df.dtypes)
                       object
     yummy
     convenient
                        object
                       object
     spicy
     fattening
                        object
                       object
     greasy
     fast
                        object
     cheap
                        object
                       object
     tasty
     expensive
                        object
```

healthy

Like

Age

disgusting

object

object

float64

int64

```
Numeric LIKE
                       float64
     NumericLike
                         int64
     Like.n
                         int64
     dtype: object
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
num components = 2
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean') # You can choose a different strategy if needed
independent variables imputed = imputer.fit transform(independent variables)
gmm = GaussianMixture(n components=num components, random state=42)
gmm.fit(independent variables imputed)
                      GaussianMixture
     GaussianMixture(n components=2, random state=42)
pip install pymer4
     Collecting pymer4
       Downloading pymer4-0.8.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (136 kB)
                                                 - 136.9/136.9 kB 3.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (1.5.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.20 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (1.23.5)
     Collecting rpv2>=3.5.3 (from pvmer4)
       Downloading rpy2-3.5.15.tar.gz (219 kB)
                                                 - 219.8/219.8 kB 10.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
       Installing build dependencies ... done
       Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
       Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
     Requirement already satisfied: seaborn>=0.11.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (0.12.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (3.7.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: patsy>=0.5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (0.5.6)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (1.3.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.4.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (1.11.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pymer4) (1.2.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (1.2.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (0.12.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (4.47.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (1.4.5)
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (23.2)
```

VisitFrequency

Gender

float64

object

```
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (3.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=3.0->pymer4) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pvtz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/pvthon3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=1.1.0->pvmer4) (2023.3.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from patsy>=0.5.1->pymer4) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cffi>=1.10.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rpy2>=3.5.3->pymer4) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: iinja2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rpv2>=3.5.3->pymer4) (3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzlocal in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from rpy2>=3.5.3->pymer4) (5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=1.0->pymer4) (3.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pycparser in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from cffi>=1.10.0->rpy2>=3.5.3->pymer4) (2.21)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from iinia2->rpy2>=3.5.3->pymer4) (2.1.3)
Building wheels for collected packages: rpy2
  Building wheel for rpy2 (pyproject.toml) ... done
  Created wheel for rpv2: filename=rpv2-3.5.15-cp310-cp310-linux x86 64.whl size=329862 sha256=c11395a8ad92eeeeafb1c2d5c2ad1069eedd2db48507b2aa0e19064dfe05a1
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/af/93/69/c4904a387a34629ae40162ce1e61479cdd4ae3fd40078a9db3
Successfully built rpy2
Installing collected packages: rpv2, pymer4
  Attempting uninstall: rpv2
    Found existing installation: rpv2 3.4.2
   Uninstalling rpy2-3.4.2:
     Successfully uninstalled rpy2-3.4.2
Successfully installed pymer4-0.8.1 rpv2-3.5.15
```

import pymer4

pip install seaborn matplotlib

```
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (0.12.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (3.7.1)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy!=1.24.0,>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.23.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.25 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (4.47.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (23.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (9.4.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyton-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyton-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.25->seaborn) (2023.3.post1)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib) (1.16.0)
```

import seaborn as sns

```
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
num\ components = 2
gmm = GaussianMixture(n components=num components, random state=42)
gmm.fit(independent variables imputed)
                      GaussianMixture
     GaussianMixture(n components=2, random state=42)
cluster labels = gmm.predict(independent variables imputed)
dependent variable = df['Like']
# Fit linear regression models for each cluster
regression_models = {}
for cluster in range(num_components):
    cluster data = independent variables imputed[cluster labels == cluster]
    dependent variable cluster = dependent variable[cluster labels == cluster]
   model = LinearRegression().fit(cluster_data, dependent_variable_cluster)
    regression models[cluster] = model
    print(f"\nRegression Coefficients for Cluster {cluster + 1}:")
    for feature, coef in zip(independent variables.columns, model.coef ):
        print(f"{feature}: {coef:.4f}")
```

 $\hbox{Regression Coefficients for Cluster 1:} \\$

Like: 0.2500 Age: 0.0000

VisitFrequency: -0.2500

Numeric_LIKE: -0.2500

NumericLike: -0.2500

Like.n: -0.0000

yummy_Yes: -0.0000

convenient_Yes: -0.0000

spicy_Yes: 0.0000

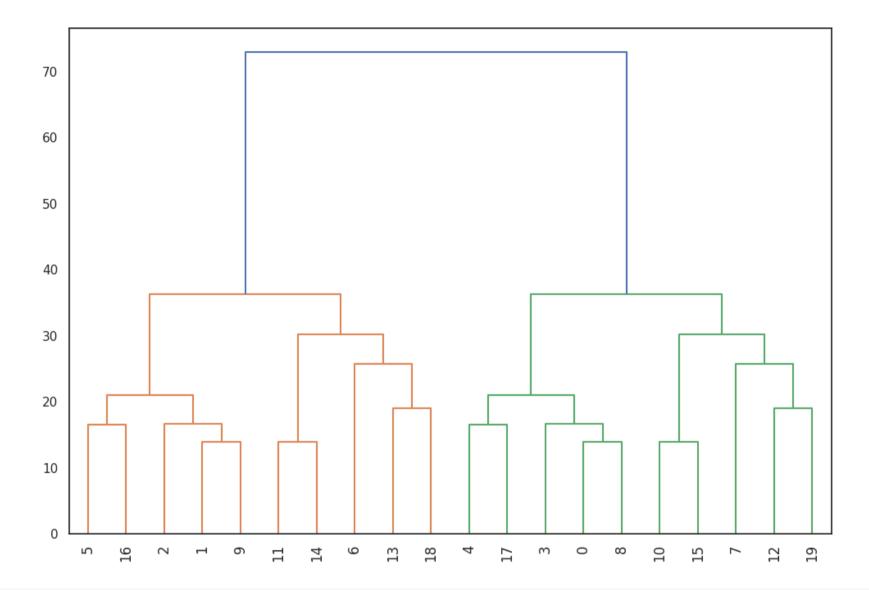
fattening_Yes: 0.0000

fast_Yes: 0.0000

cheap_Yes: -0.0000

tasty_Yes: 0.0000

```
expensive Yes: -0.0000
     healthy Yes: 0.0000
     disgusting Yes: 0.0000
     Regression Coefficients for Cluster 2:
     Like: 0.2500
     Age: 0.0000
     VisitFrequency: -0.2500
     Numeric LIKE: -0.2500
     NumericLike: -0.2500
     Like.n: -0.0000
     yummy Yes: 0.0000
     convenient Yes: 0.0000
     spicy Yes: 0.0000
     fattening_Yes: -0.0000
     greasy_Yes: 0.0000
     fast Yes: 0.0000
     cheap Yes: -0.0000
     tasty_Yes: 0.0000
     expensive Yes: -0.0000
     healthy Yes: -0.0000
     disgusting_Yes: -0.0000
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from scipy.cluster import hierarchy
attributes data = segmentation data.iloc[:, 1:]
attributes data encoded = pd.get dummies(attributes data, columns=attributes data.select dtypes(include=['object']).columns)
linkage matrix = hierarchy.linkage(attributes data encoded.T, method='ward')
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
dendrogram = hierarchy.dendrogram(linkage_matrix, orientation='top', leaf_rotation=90)
```

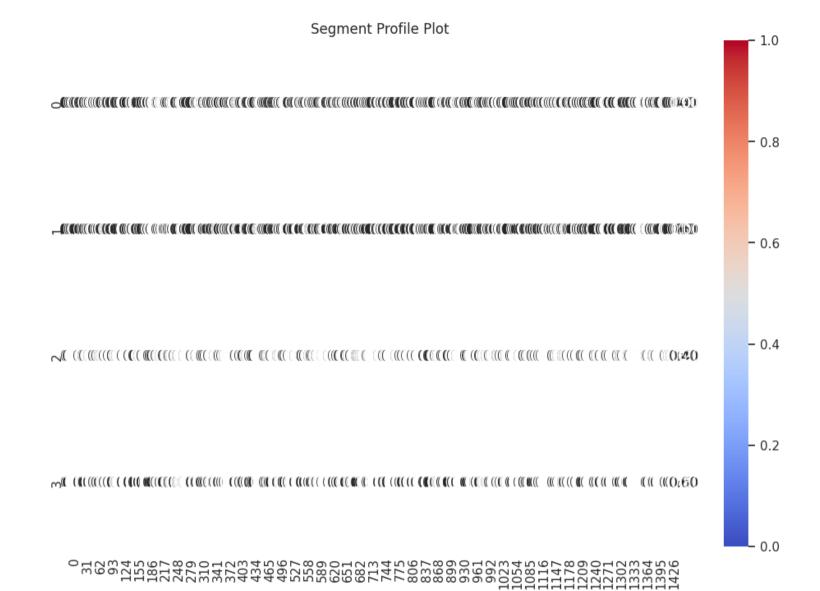


num_clusters = 4
cluster_labels = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=num_clusters, affinity='euclidean', linkage='ward').fit_predict(attributes_data_encoded.T)

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_agglomerative.py:983: FutureWarning: Attribute `affinity` was deprecated in version 1.2 and will be warnings.warn(

```
if len(cluster_labels) == len(attributes_data_encoded.columns):
    attributes_data_encoded.columns = [f'{col}_Cluster{cluster}' for col, cluster in zip(attributes_data_encoded.columns, cluster_labels)]
    numeric_cluster_labels = [int(label.split('Cluster')[-1]) for label in attributes_data_encoded.columns]

    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
    sns.heatmap(attributes_data_encoded.groupby(numeric_cluster_labels, axis=1).mean().T, cmap='coolwarm', annot=True, fmt=".2f", linewidths=.5)
    plt.title('Segment Profile Plot')
    plt.show()
else:
    print("Error: Length of cluster labels does not match the number of attributes.")
```



from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import linkage, dendrogram

 $MD_x_{transposed} = df.T$

```
MD_x_encoded = pd.get_dummies(MD_x_transposed)
linkage_matrix = linkage(MD_x_encoded, method='average')

plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
dendrogram(linkage_matrix, orientation='top', labels=MD_x_transposed.index, leaf_rotation=90)
plt.title('Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram')
plt.show()
```



