



Electrical and Computer Engineering Department
Computer Vision - ENCS5343
Assignment #1

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Section 2
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Introduction

The aim of this assignment is to compare the performance of smoothing filters with other advanced filters on noisy images. Three different grey level images were used in the experiment, and for each image different types of noise were added to test the filters' performance. Noises such as gaussian noise and salt & pepper noise were added to the images, each with three different intensities (Low, Medium, High). The targeted filters in the testing were box filter, gaussian filter and median filter for the simple filters, and adaptive mean filter, adaptive median filter and bilateral filter for the advanced filters. Moreover, each filter was tested on different kernel sizes to compare the effect of the size change. Measuring the filters' performance was based on many factors, such as the values of mean squared error (MSE) and peak signal to noise ratio (PSNR), edge preservation and the effect of kernel size.

Experiments

Three different images were used in the experiment, the first step was converting the images to grey level before starting the procedure. The next step was to add different types of noise to the images. Three levels of Gaussian noise were added to each image, their intensities were determined by changing the values of the variance. Another three levels of salt & pepper noise were added to the images, their intensities were determined by varying the probabilities of salt and pepper.

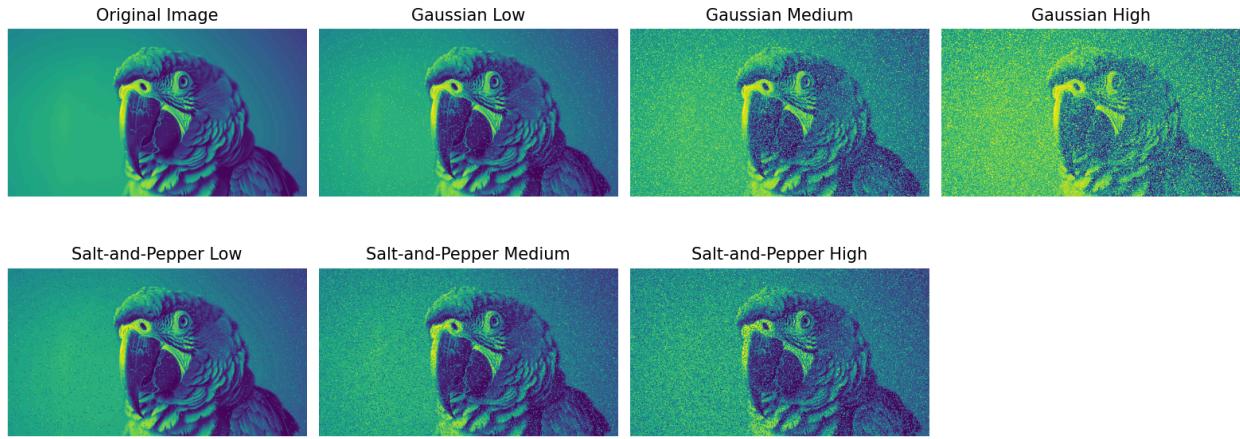


Figure 1: Image 1 with different noises

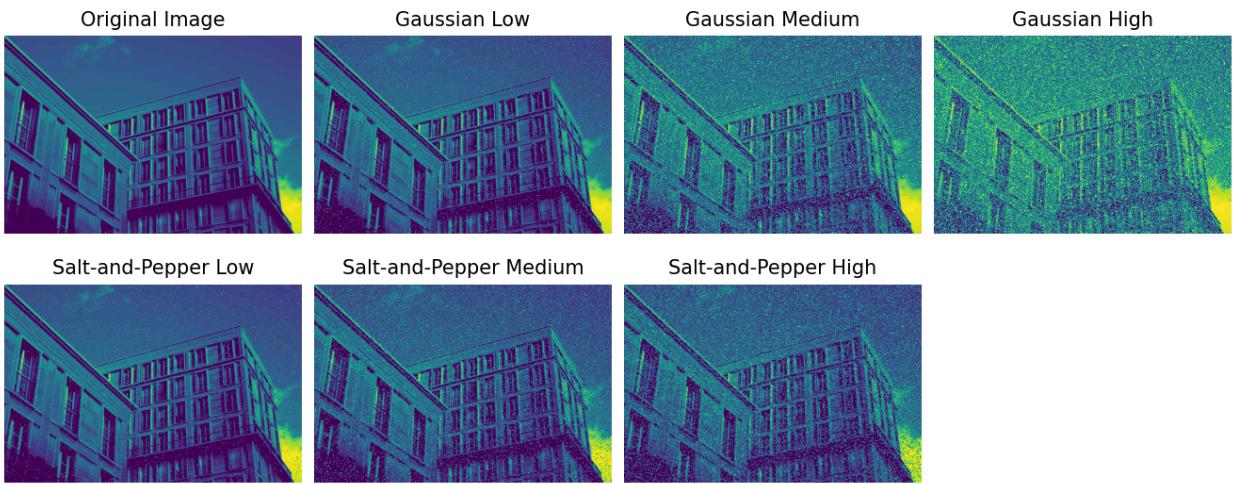


Figure 2: Image 2 with different noises

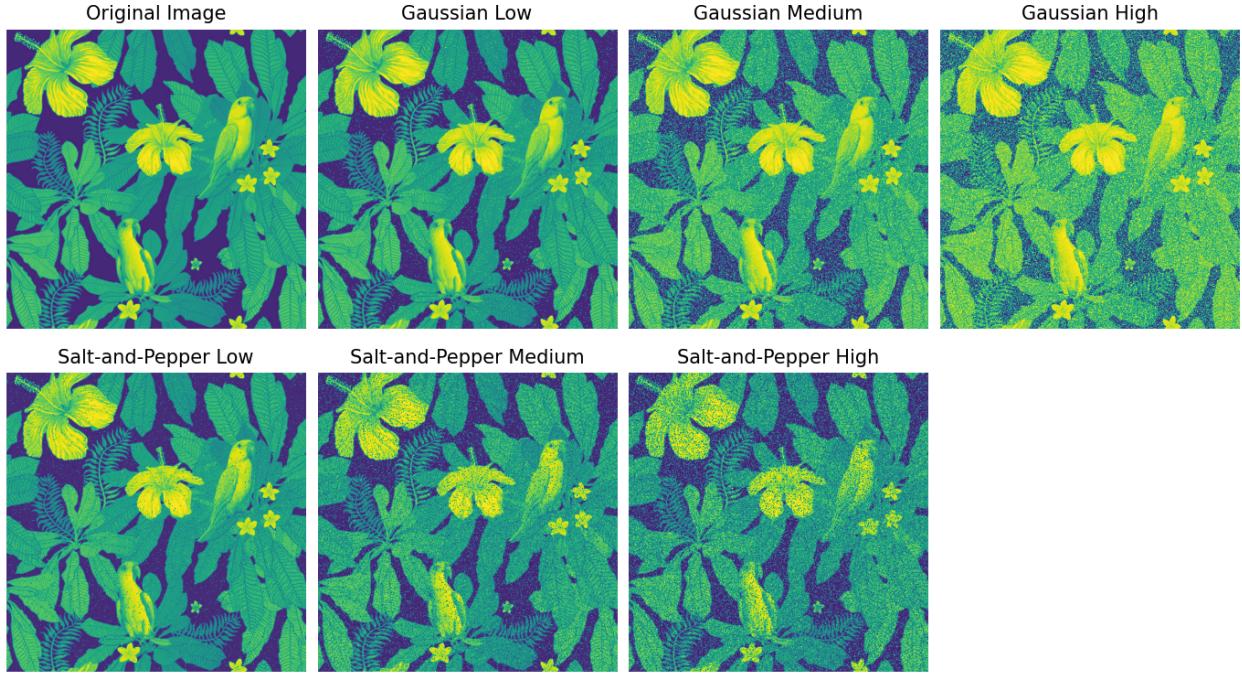


Figure 3: Image 3 with different noises

Multiple smoothing filters were applied to all variations of the images, such as box filter, gaussian filter, median filter, bilateral filter, adaptive mean and adaptive median filters. Each filter was applied three times, each with a different kernel size (3x3, 5x5 and 7x7). For each filter, the mean squared error (MSE) and peak signal to noise ratio (PSNR) were calculated. Moreover, the computation time for each filter was computed for different kernels. Finally, the performance of each filter was evaluated based on their ability to preserve the edges in the images, the used edge detector in the experiments was the Canny edge detector. Padding for the images before applying the filters was not explicitly done except for the adaptive filters, since only these two didn't have an API in openCv. All other filters have the padding implemented in their APIs. For the adaptive mean and median filters, the zero padding was used.

Results and Discussion

The MSE and PSNR for each filter:

Kernel size 3x3:

Kernel size 7x7:

Box filter with kernel 7x7 : image 1 Gaussian Low mse = 2.404566269224123 PSNR = 44.32043610249615 Gaussian Medium mse = 17.45362450319682 PSNR = 35.71194732536382 Gaussian High mse = 34.51823483670295 PSNR = 32.75031781828218 Salt-and-Pepper Low mse = 2.1364351131847243 PSNR = 44.8339065370475 Salt-and-Pepper Medium mse = 10.290444098842233 PSNR = 38.00646243101128 Salt-and-Pepper High mse = 19.392642992915153 PSNR = 35.25443358441255 Gaussian filter with kernel 7x7: image 1 Gaussian Low mse = 2.404566269224123 PSNR = 44.32043610249615 Gaussian Medium mse = 17.45362450319682 PSNR = 35.71194732536382 Gaussian High mse = 34.51823483670295 PSNR = 32.75031781828218 Salt-and-Pepper Low mse = 2.1364351131847243 PSNR = 44.8339065370475 Salt-and-Pepper Medium mse = 10.290444098842233 PSNR = 38.00646243101128 Salt-and-Pepper High mse = 19.392642992915153 PSNR = 35.25443358441255	Median filter with kernel 7x7: image 1 Gaussian Low mse = 2.404566269224123 PSNR = 44.32043610249615 Gaussian Medium mse = 17.45362450319682 PSNR = 35.71194732536382 Gaussian High mse = 34.51823483670295 PSNR = 32.75031781828218 Salt-and-Pepper Low mse = 2.1364351131847243 PSNR = 44.8339065370475 Salt-and-Pepper Medium mse = 10.290444098842233 PSNR = 38.00646243101128 Salt-and-Pepper High mse = 19.392642992915153 PSNR = 35.25443358441255	Adaptive Mean filter with kernel 7x7: image 1 Gaussian Low mse = 2.404566269224123 PSNR = 44.32043610249615 Gaussian Medium mse = 17.45362450319682 PSNR = 35.71194732536382 Gaussian High mse = 34.51823483670295 PSNR = 32.75031781828218 Salt-and-Pepper Low mse = 2.1364351131847243 PSNR = 44.8339065370475 Salt-and-Pepper Medium mse = 10.290444098842233 PSNR = 38.00646243101128 Salt-and-Pepper High mse = 19.392642992915153 PSNR = 35.25443358441255
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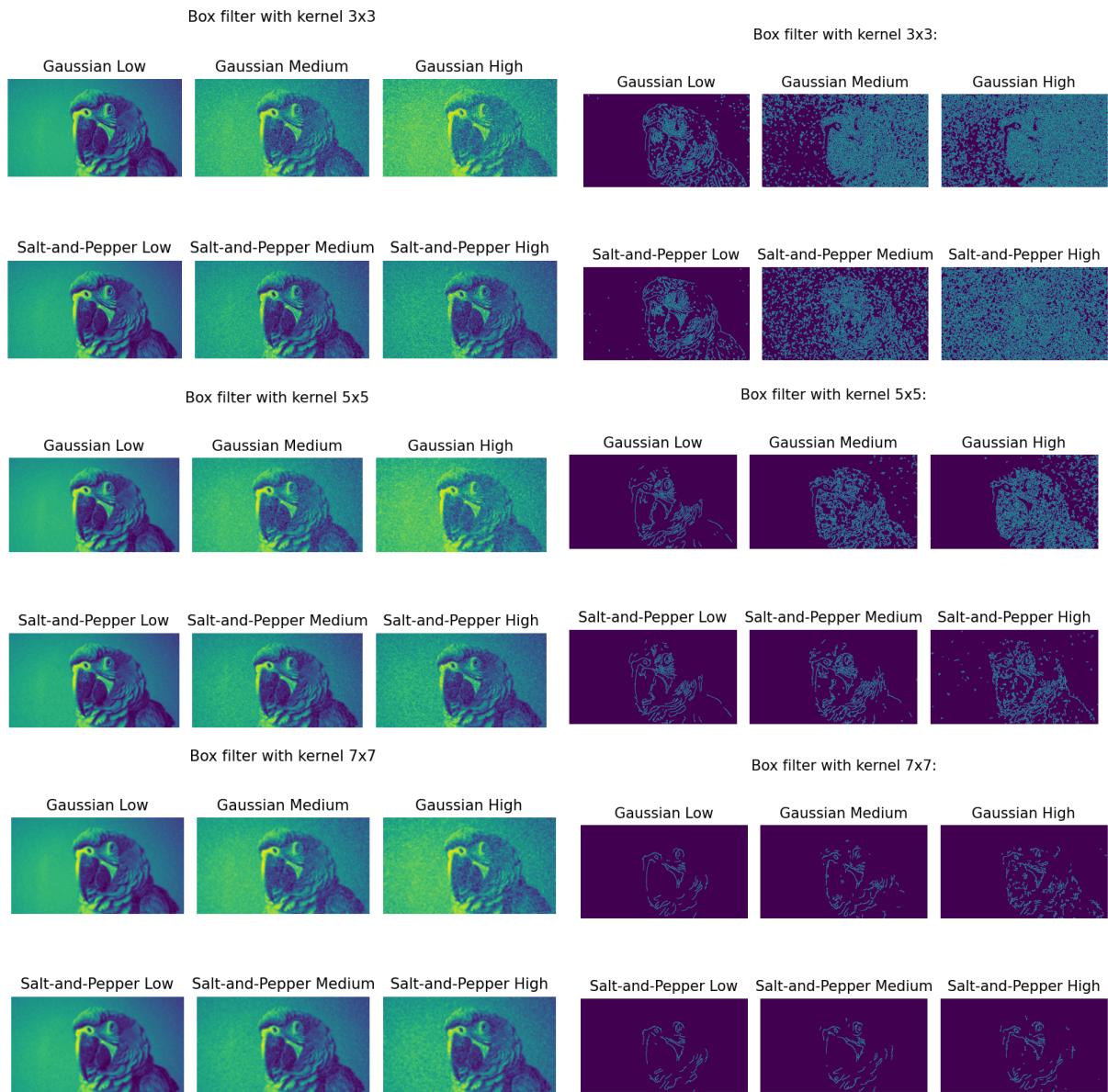
Computation time for each filter:

Box filter Kernel size 3x3: 0.0023 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 0.0034 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 0.0023 seconds	Gaussian filter Kernel size 3x3: 0.0010 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 0.0009 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 0.0013 seconds
Median filter Kernel size 3x3: 0.0009 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 0.0156 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 0.0435 seconds	Bilateral filter Kernel size 3x3: 0.0093 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 0.0323 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 0.0230 seconds
Adaptive mean filter Kernel size 3x3: 9.8774 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 9.9808 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 10.0148 seconds	Adaptive median filter Kernel size 3x3: 30.4600 seconds Kernel size 5x5: 29.8181 seconds Kernel size 7x7: 29.9608 seconds

Applying Filters and Edge Detection:

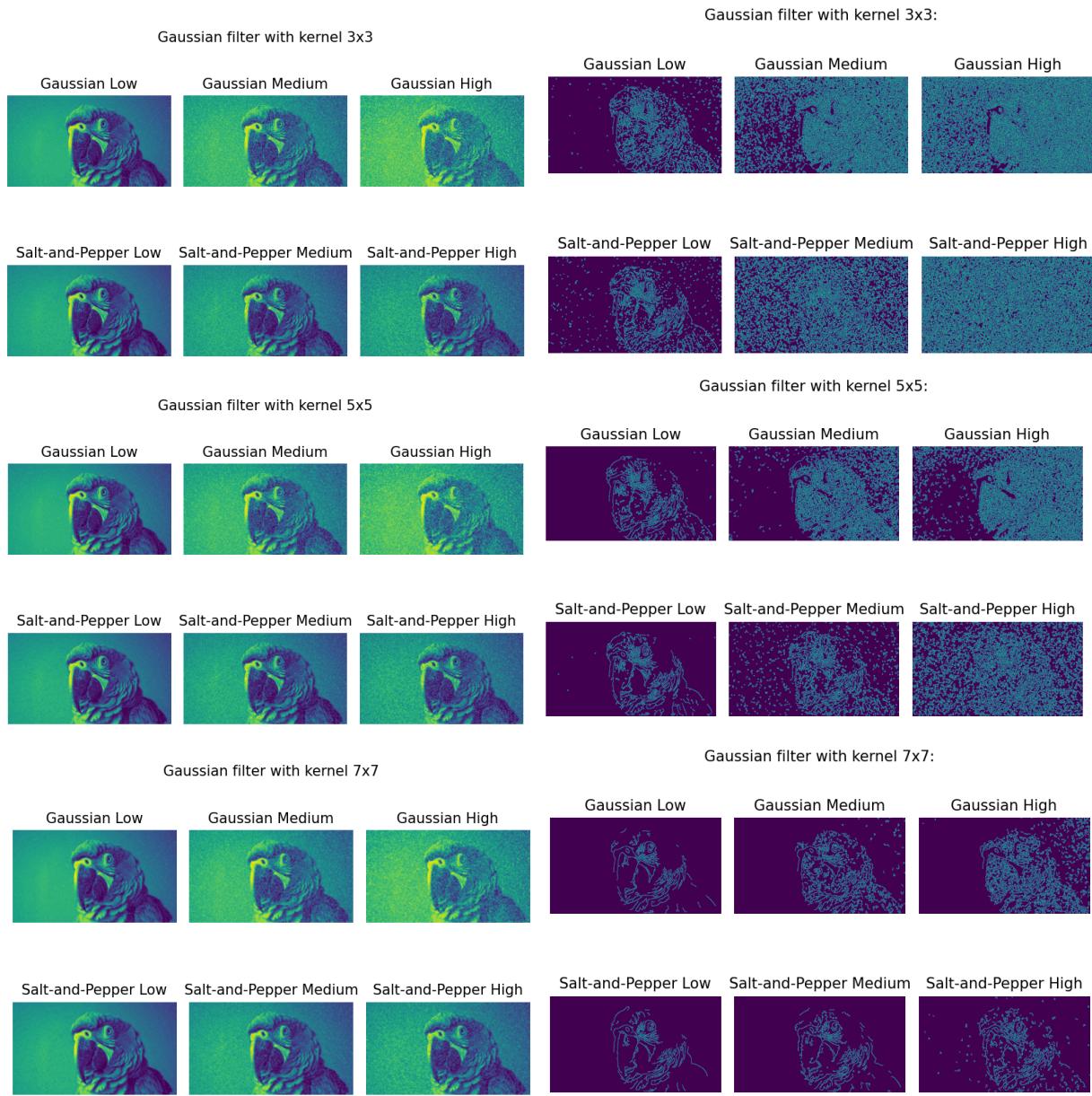
Image 1:

Box filter:



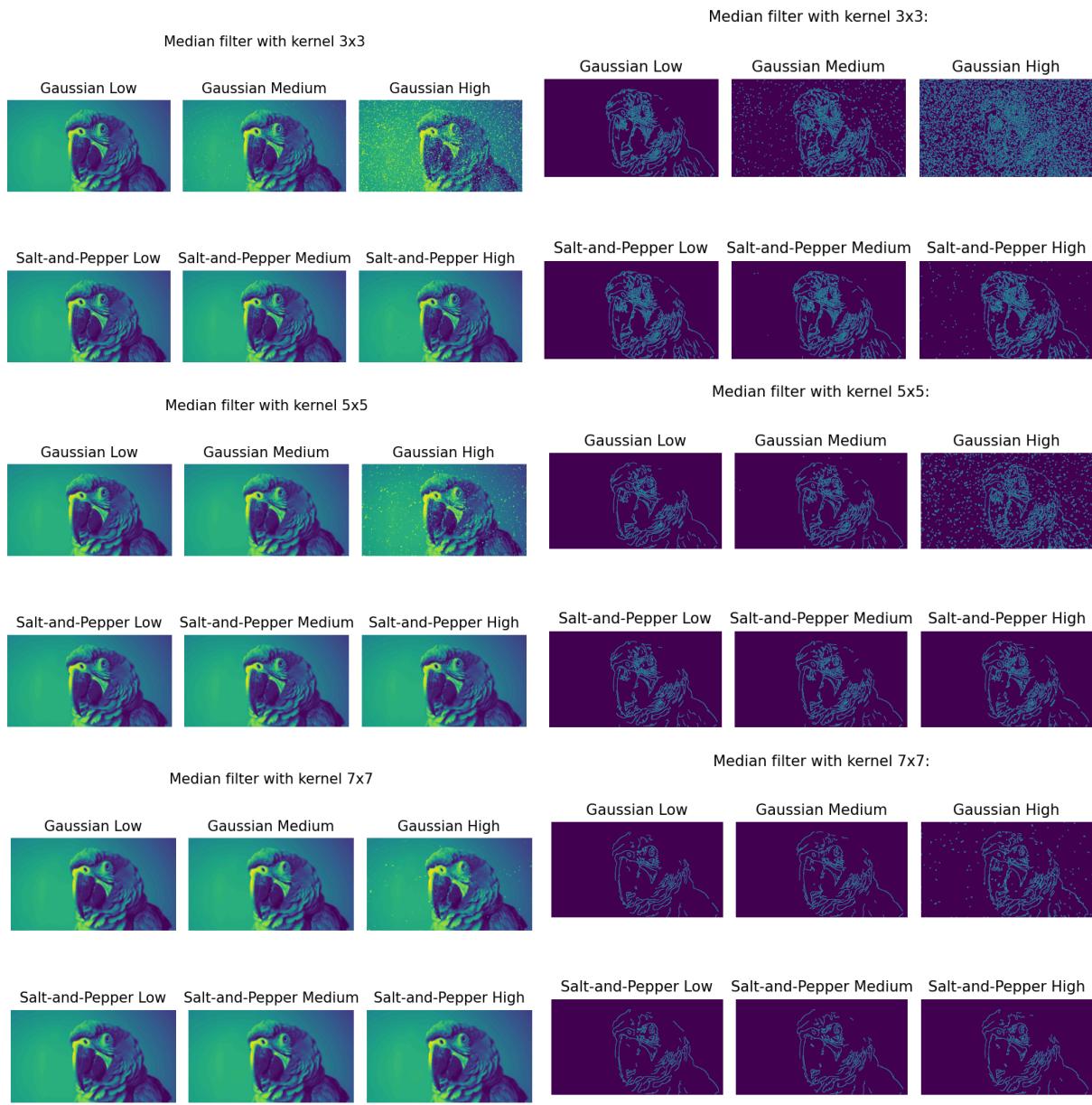
As noticed in the figures, the box filter did well when the noise intensity was low for both the gaussian and the salt & pepper noises for the 3x3 kernel, but was very bad when the noise intensity rose. The 5x5 kernel did a little better on high intensity noise, and the 7x7 kernel caused a loss in many details from the image.

Gaussian filter:



The gaussian filter with 3x3 kernel worked only for low intensity noises, kernel 5x5 and 7x7 did better on the higher intensities but still not good enough.

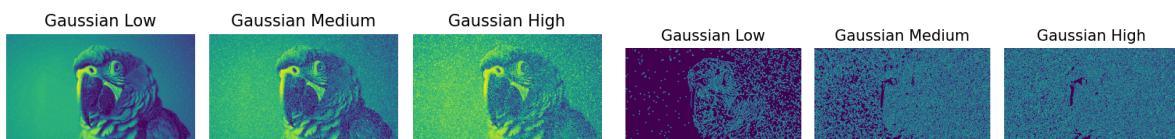
Median filter:



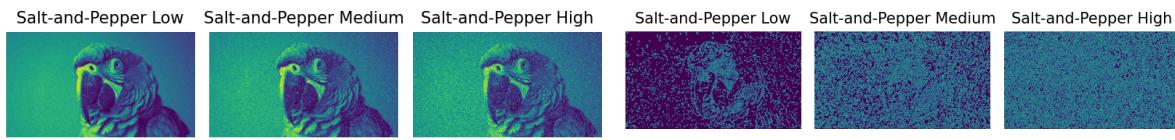
Kernel 3x3 failed completely when the noise was gaussian with high intensity, but did well for other noises. Kernel 5x5 did better on all types of noise, while kernel 7x7 worked well but caused some details to be lost.

Bilateral filter:

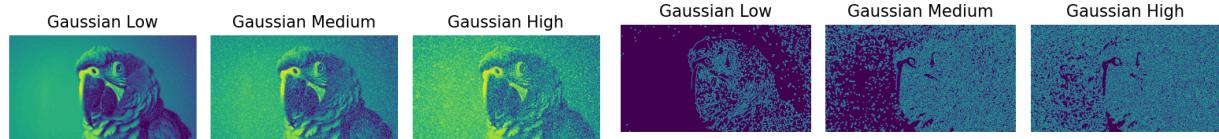
Bilateral filter with kernel 3x3



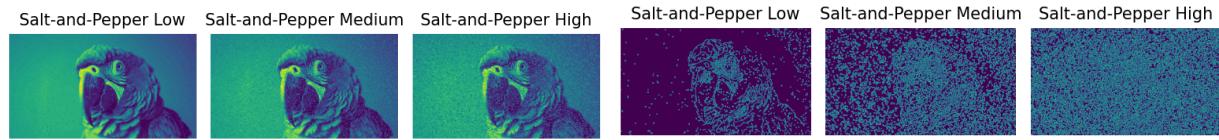
Bilateral filter with kernel 3x3:



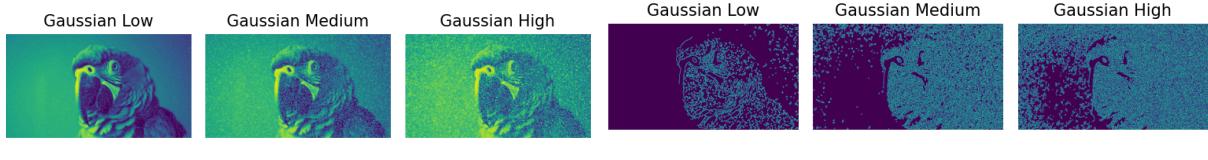
Bilateral filter with kernel 5x5



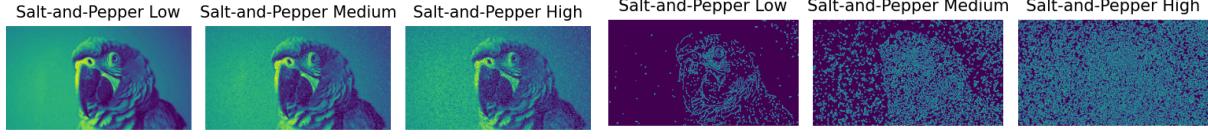
Bilateral filter with kernel 5x5:



Bilateral filter with kernel 7x7

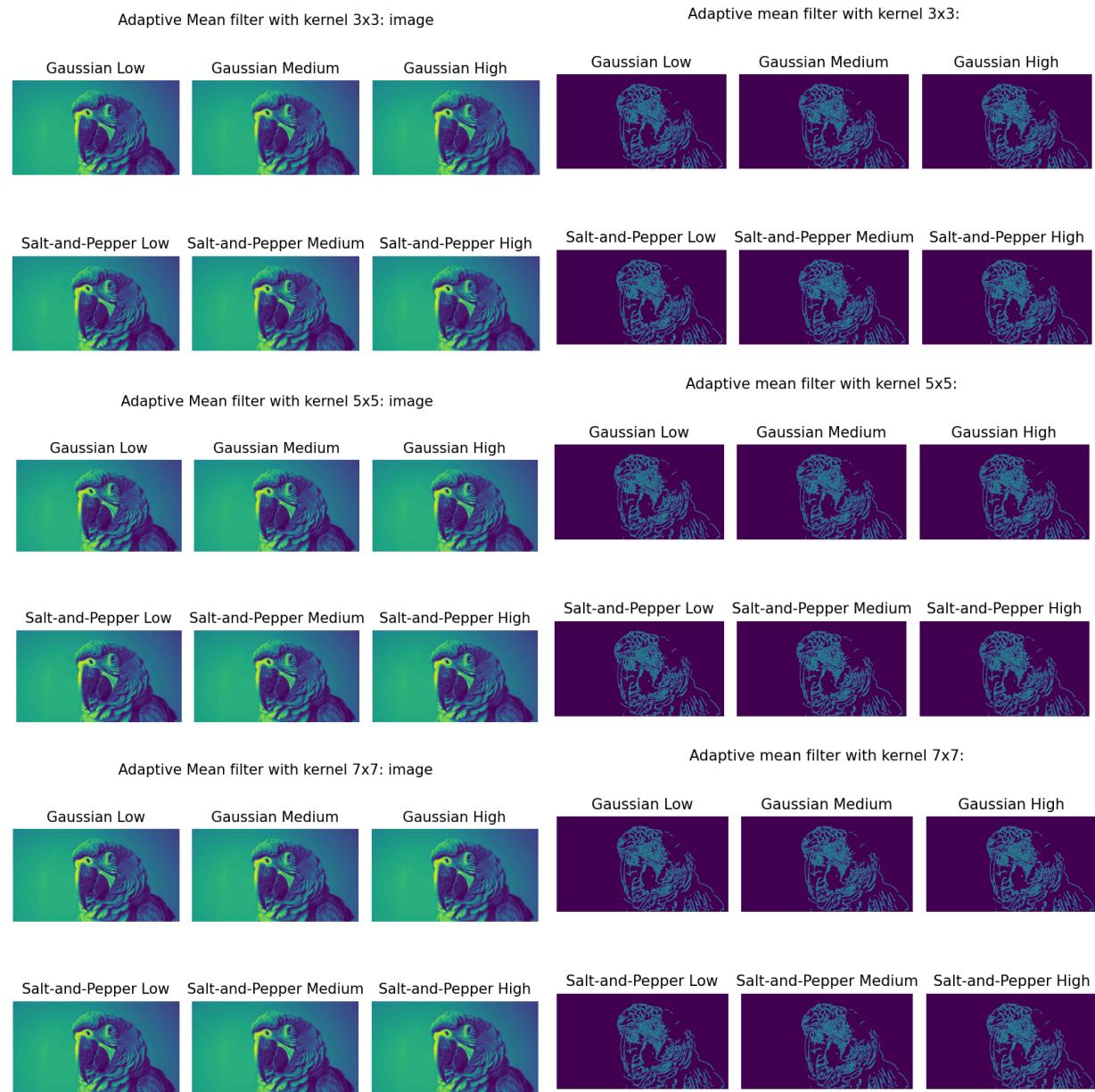


Bilateral filter with kernel 7x7:



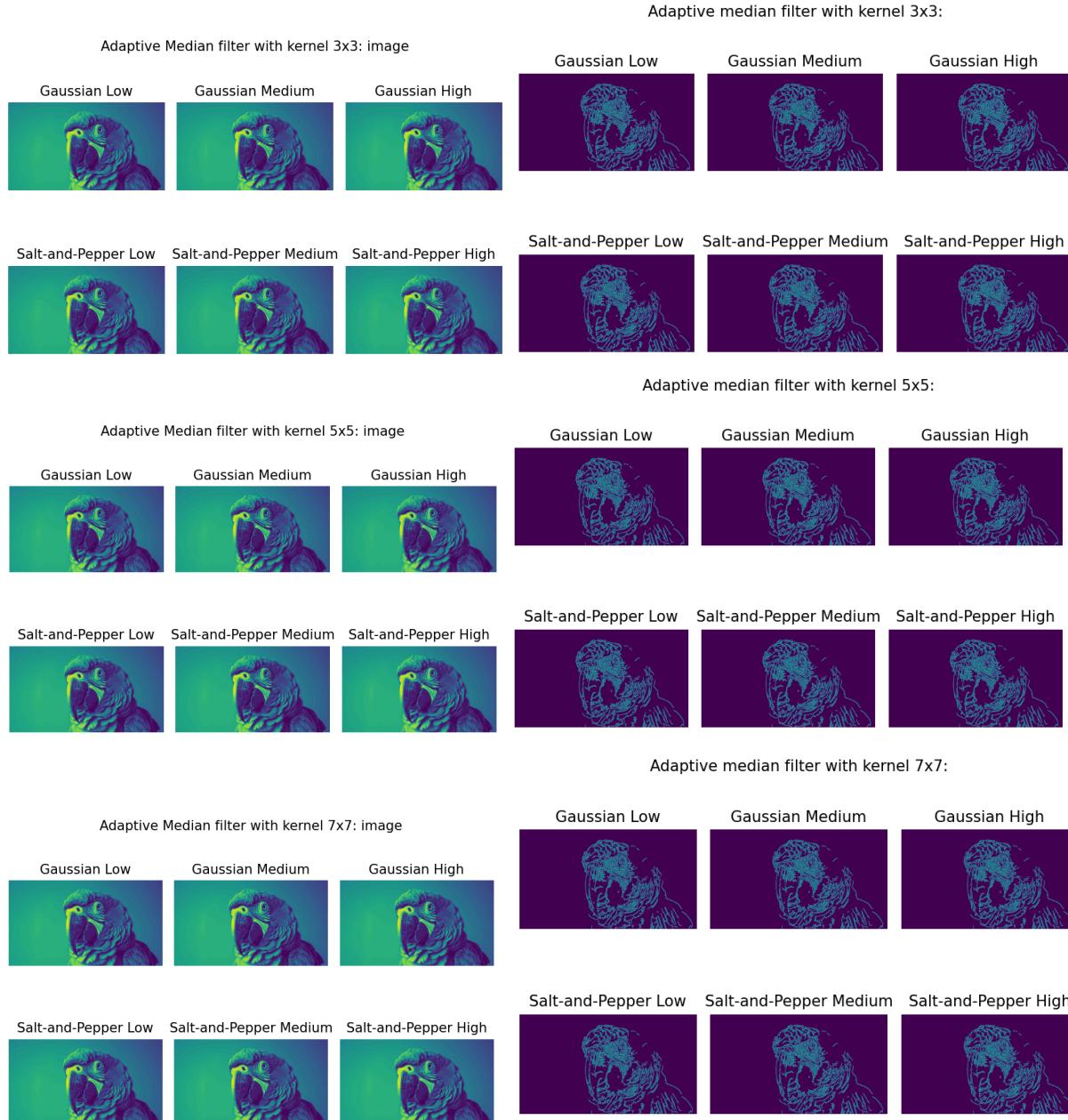
The bilateral filter with 3x3, 5x5 and 7x7 kernel sizes did very poorly in preserving the edges of the medium and high intensity noisy images, while working fine for low intensity noise.

Adaptive mean filter:



The adaptive mean filter has shown the best results in edge preservation so far, for all used kernels and with all intensities of the gaussian and salt & pepper noises. However, the cost was high computational time.

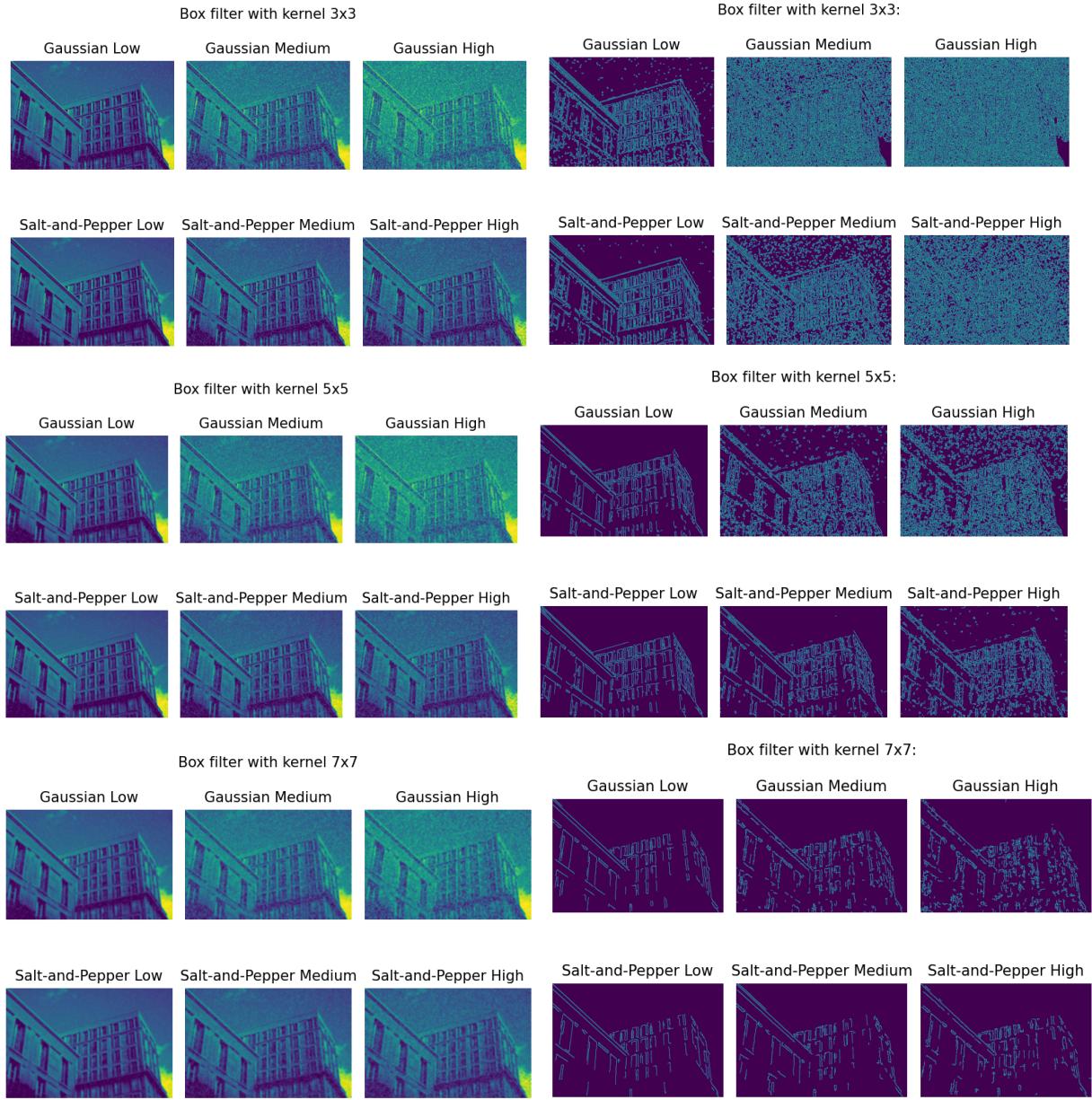
Adaptive median filter:



The adaptive median filter has shown similar results in edge preservation as the adaptive mean filter. However, the computational time in the adaptive median was even more than the adaptive mean filter.

Image 2:

Box filter:

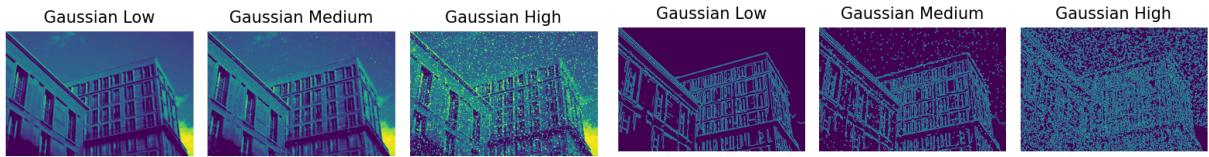


Gaussian filter:

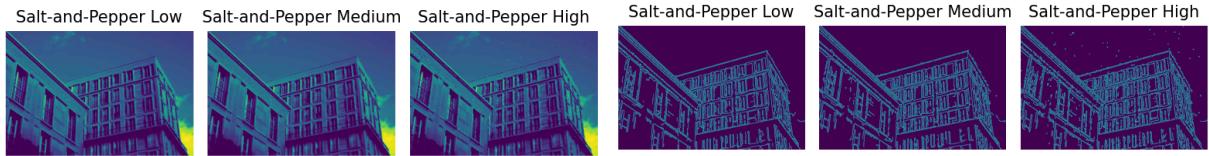


Median filter:

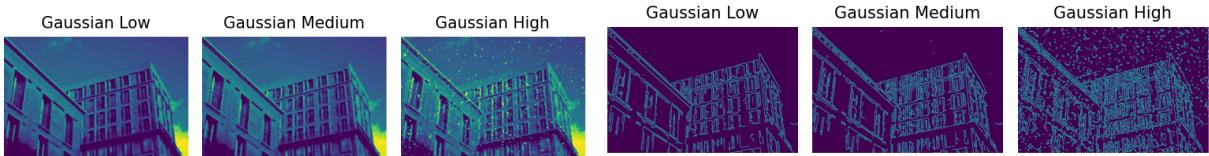
Median filter with kernel 3x3



Median filter with kernel 3x3:



Median filter with kernel 5x5



Median filter with kernel 5x5:



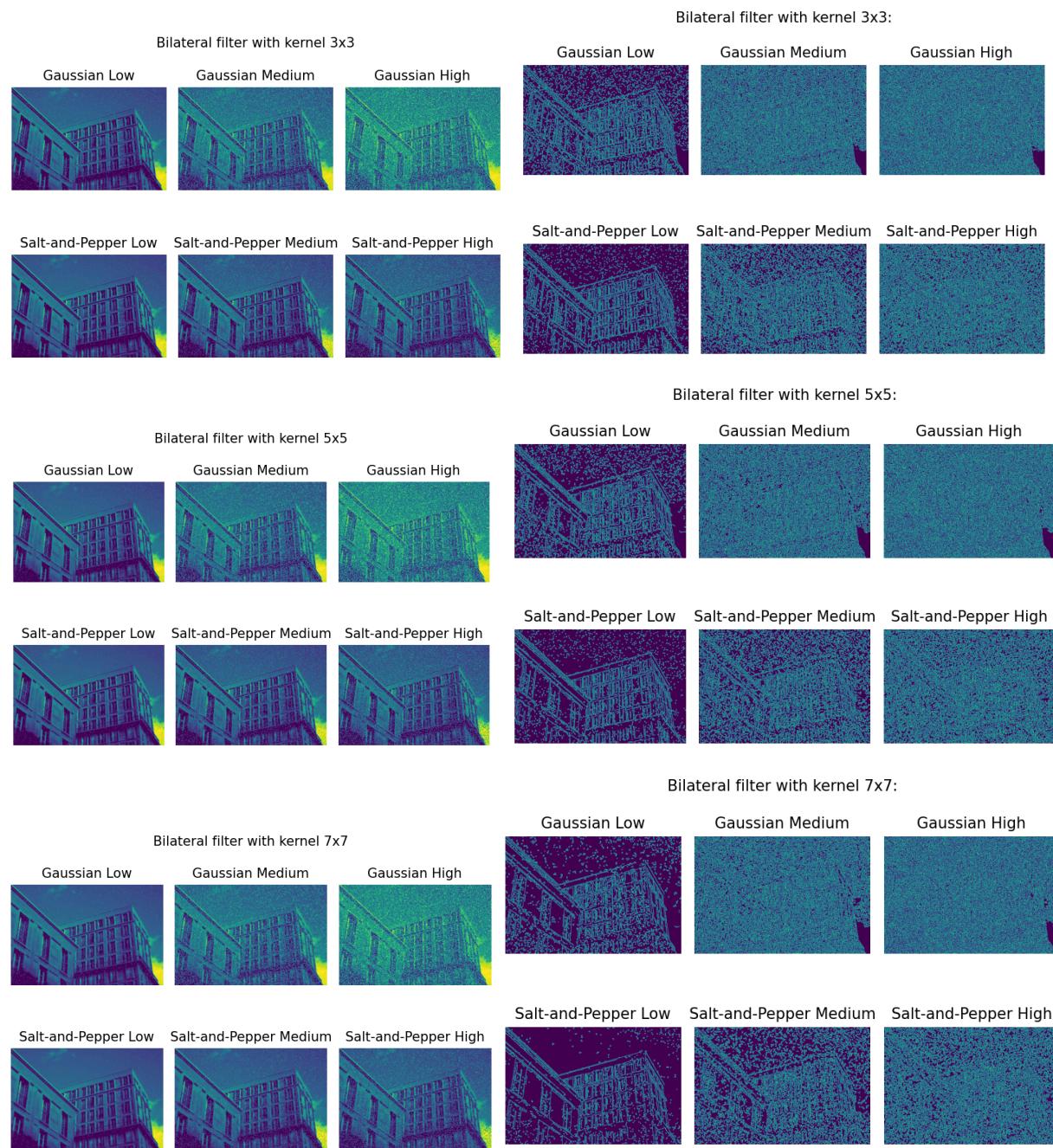
Median filter with kernel 7x7



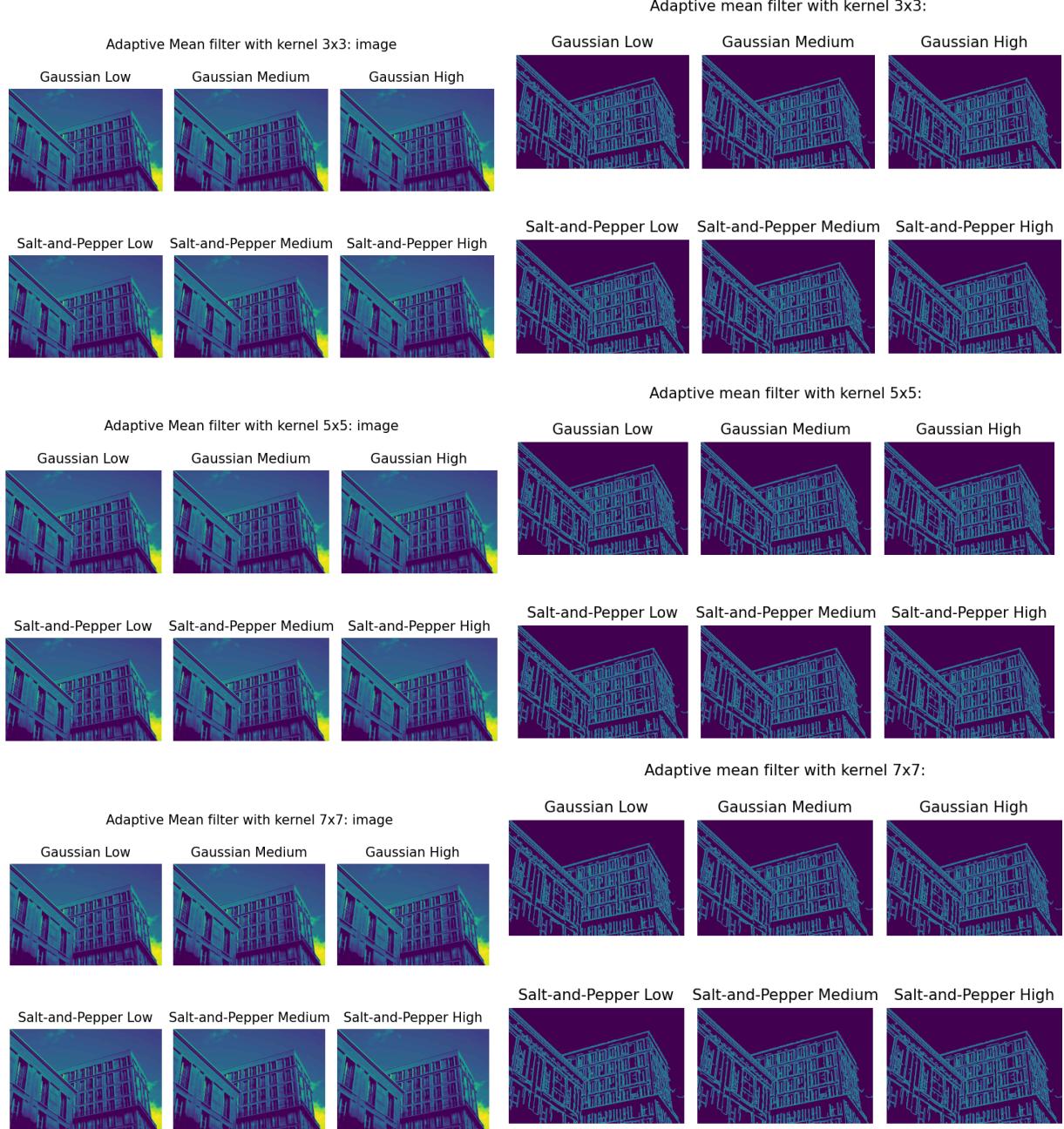
Median filter with kernel 7x7:



Bilateral filter:

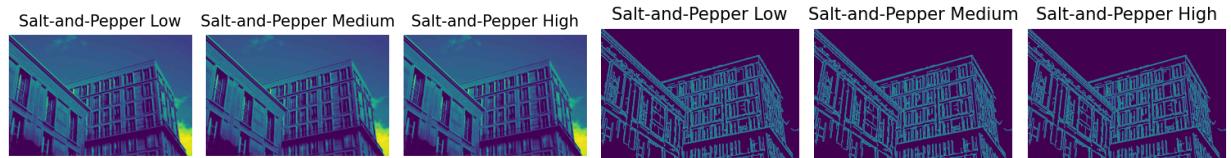


Adaptive mean filter:

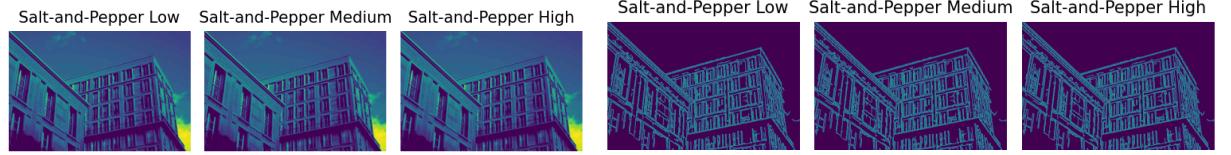


Adaptive median filter:

Adaptive Median filter with kernel 3x3: image



Adaptive Median filter with kernel 5x5: image



Adaptive Median filter with kernel 7x7: image

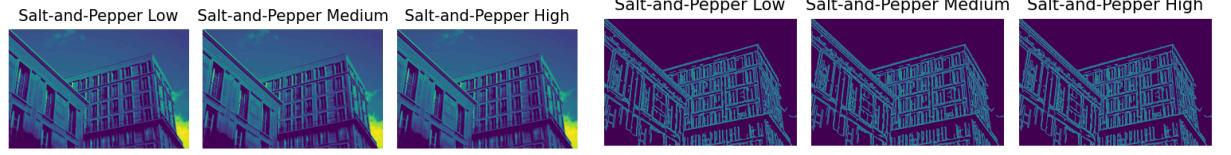
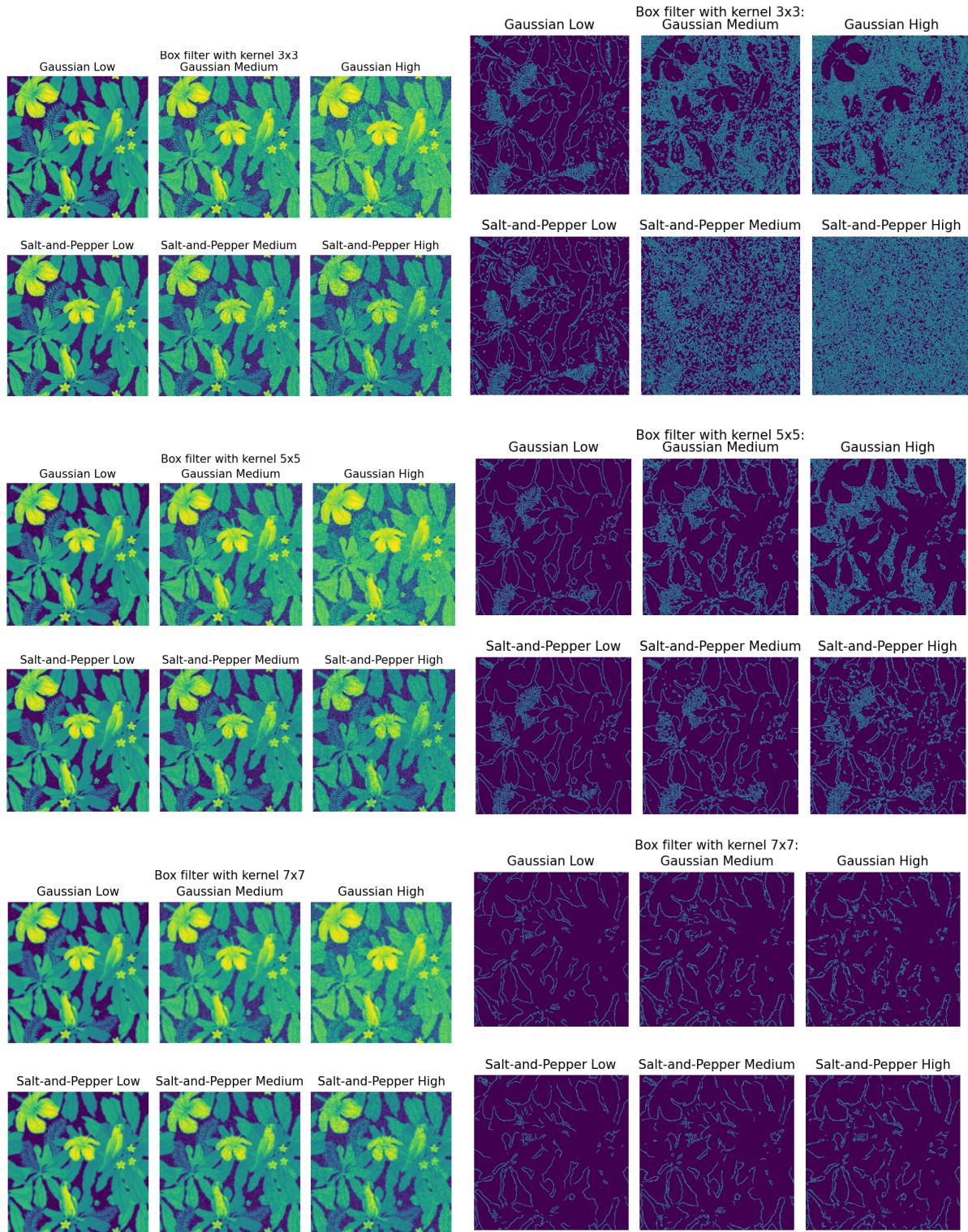
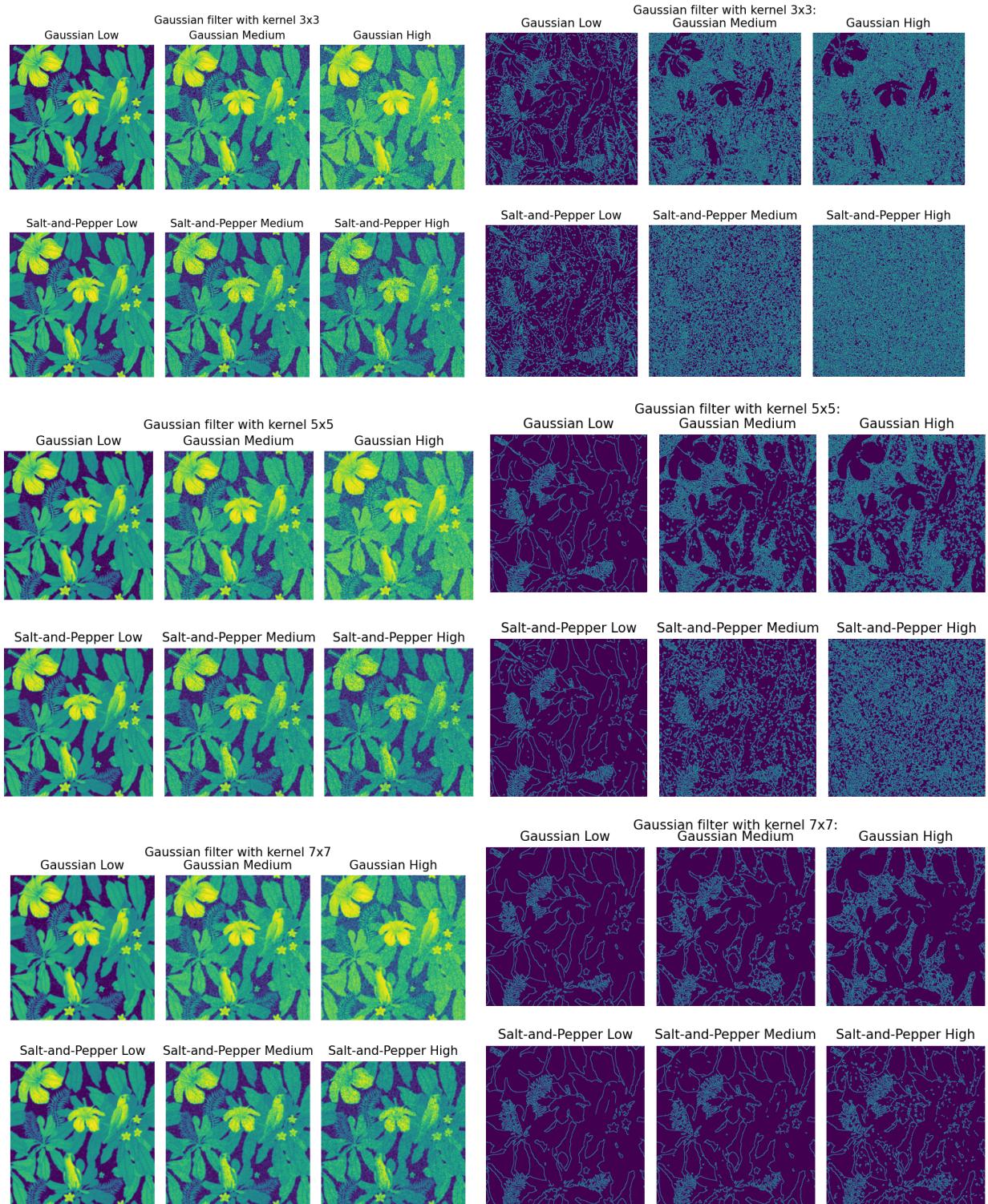


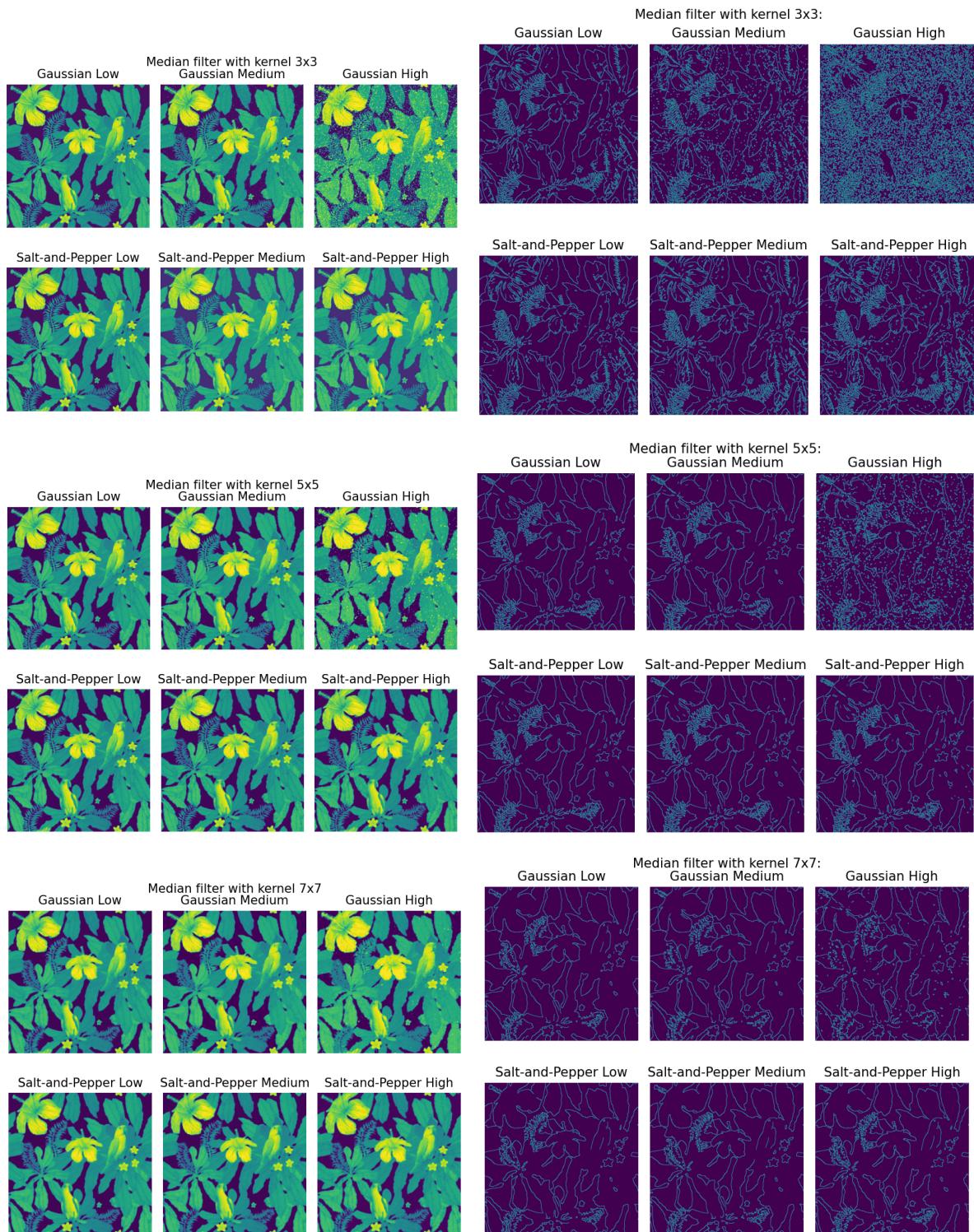
Image 3:
Box filter:



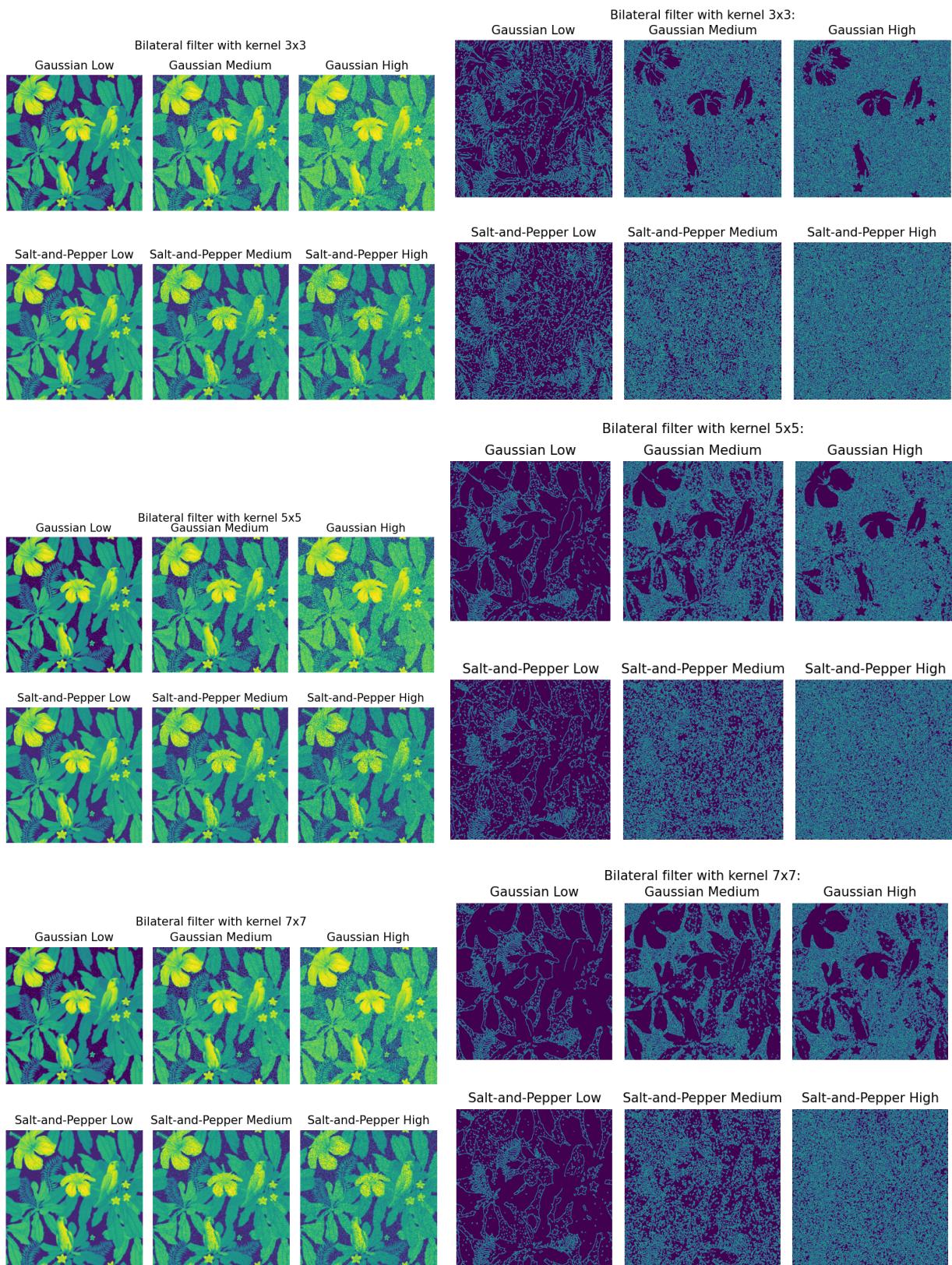
Gaussian filter:



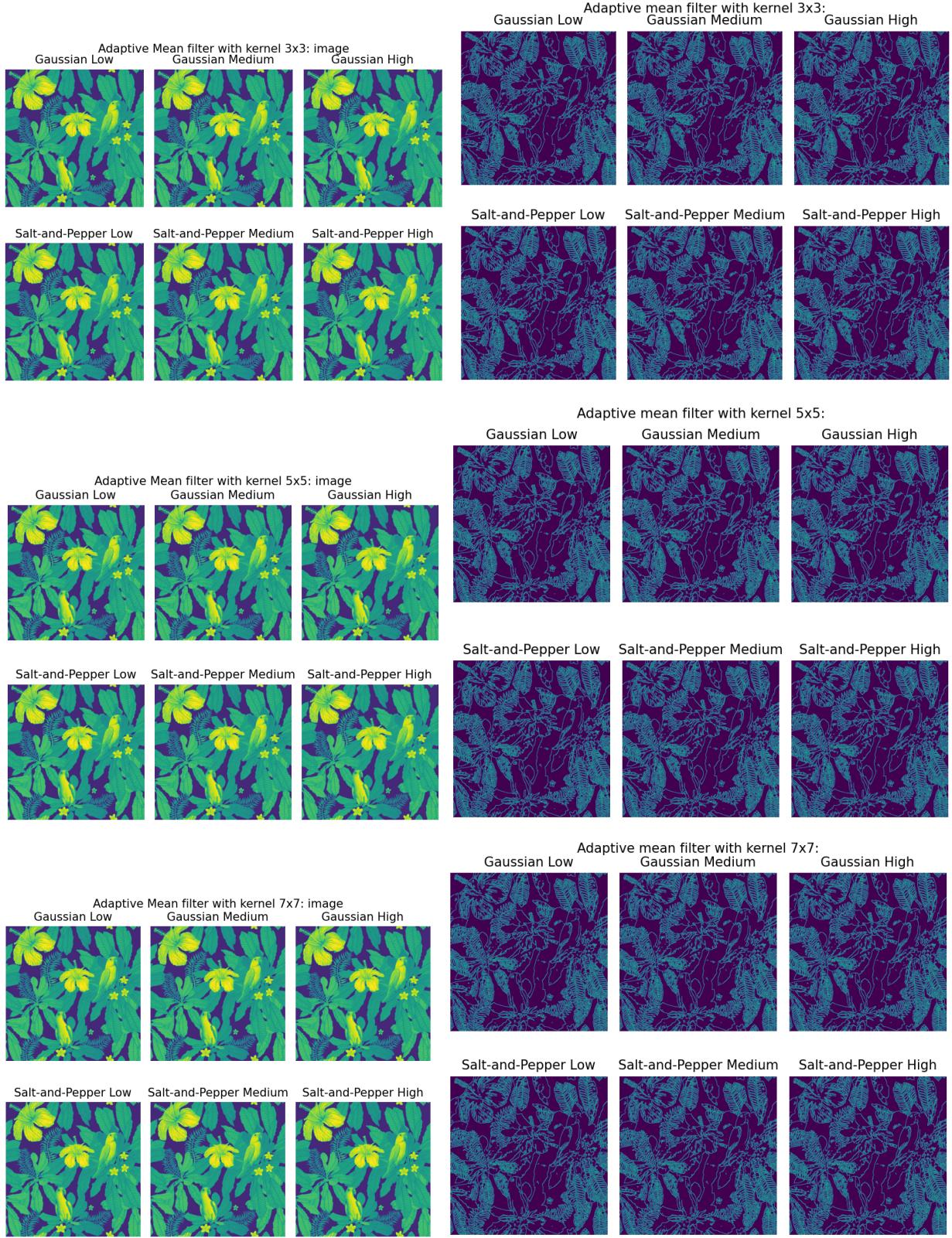
Median filter:



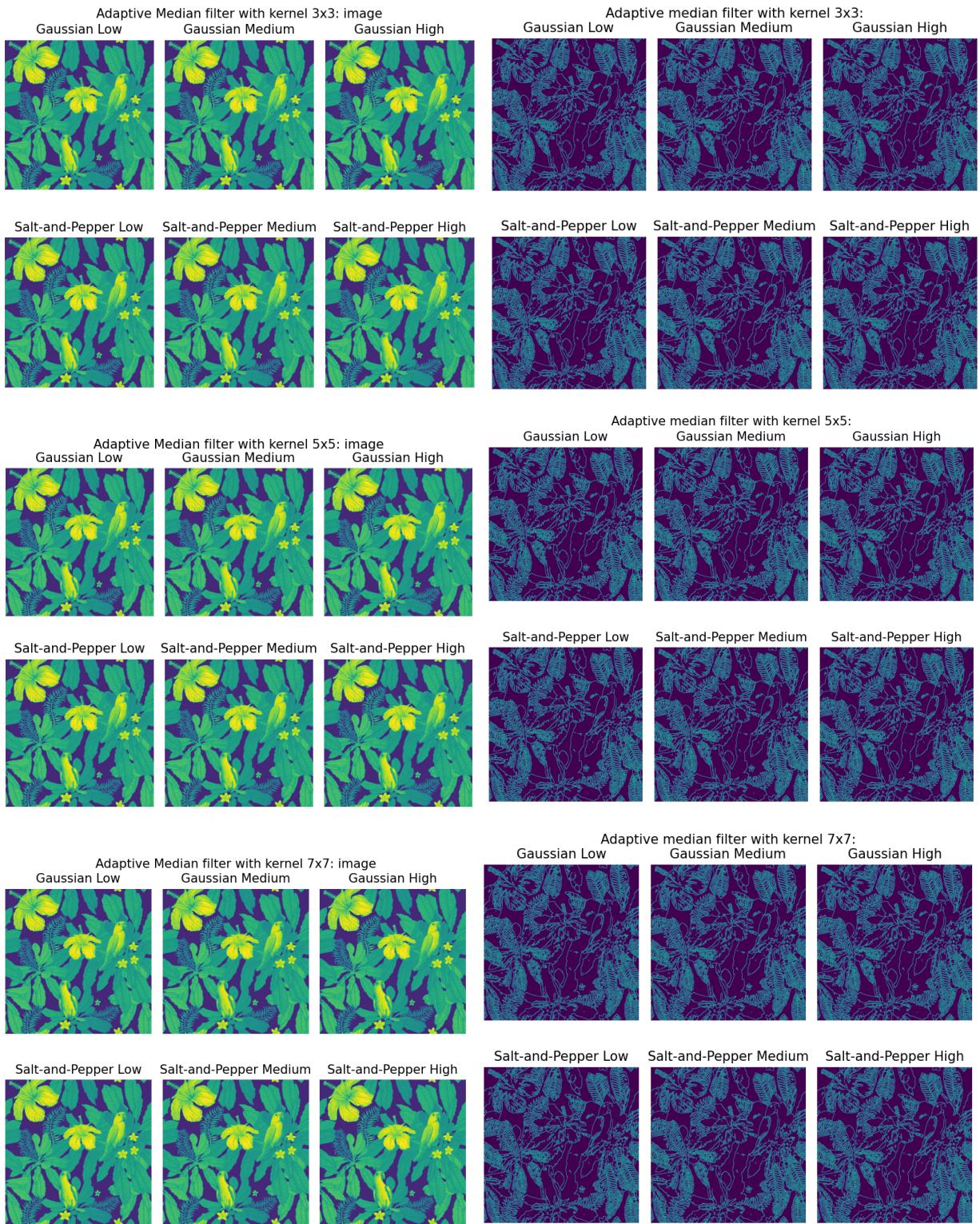
Bilateral filter:



Adaptive mean filter:



Adaptive median filter:



Conclusion

To sum up, the simple smoothing filters that were used in this assignment have shown their capability of fast computing, but with poor to medium noise reduction and edge preservation. However, the advanced filters, such as the adaptive mean and adaptive median, have shown their capability of performing very good noise reduction and still preserve edges as well, but at the cost of high computation requirements.