Business Result

SECOND EDITION



Pre-intermediate Student's Book

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Companies

Starting point

- 1 What kind of company do you work for?
- 2 Do you think it's better to work for a large or a small company?

Working with words | Company facts

1 Work with a partner. What do you know about these companies? Ben and Jerry's Michelin Yahoo! Samsung Ikea



- 2 Read this text. Match descriptions 1–5 to the companies in 1.
- This company **provide**s many different Internet services, including news, online shopping and email. Most of its **revenue** comes from advertising on its website. Its head office is in Sunnyvale, California.
- This company makes tyres for cars and other vehicles. It is **based** in France, but it has more than 111,000 **employee**s all over the world. It is also well known for its red and green travel guides.
- It's a Swedish company and it **operates** in 37 countries. It **specializes** in low-price household products, including furniture, bathrooms and kitchens.
- It's a **subsidiary** of Unilever. The company makes ice cream and frozen yoghurt, and its main **competitor** is Häagen-Dazs.
- This company **produce**s many different electrical and electronic products, such as TVs, computers and mobile phones. It's South Korea's largest company and **exporter**.
- **3** Work with a partner. Which companies in **2** do you know well? Do you use any of the companies or their products? What do you think of them?

4	Complete these sentences w	ith the words in	bold from 2
	1 Some companies make or	produce	gov

- goods. 1 Some companies make or _
- 2 Other companies <u>provide</u> _ or offer services.
- 3 If you <u>specialize</u> in a product or service, it's your main activity.
- 4 If you work for a company, you are an <u>employee</u>
- 5 Your company is based ___ in the town or city where it has its head office.
- 6 If you work in a <u>subsidiary</u>, your company is part of a bigger
- Your company <u>Operates</u> in a country where it sells or makes its products.
- 8 A company in the same business as you is your ___ competitor
- 9 A company that sells its products in other countries is an exporter
- 10 Your <u>revenue</u> is the money you receive for your products or services.
- 5 How many syllables are there in the words in 4? Where is the stress?
- 6 Complete this text with words from 4. Sometimes you need to change the form.

	cars and other	vehicles. It is a
2	of Volkswagen (VW) G	roup and it is the third
oldest car maker in	n the world. It's ³	in the
Czech Republic, bu	t it is a global company. It ⁴	
in 103 markets and	d has more than 25,000 ⁵	
worldwide.		
	o. For this reason, its costs are, and it ⁷	
its ⁶	, and it ⁷	
its ⁶ which offer good va	alue for money.	in cars
its ⁶ which offer good va	, and it ⁷	in cars Today, it continues to

- >>> For more exercises, go to Practice file 1 on page 106.
- 7 Name three big companies in your country. What do they do?
- 8 ▶ 1.1 Listen and complete the information about the ASSA ABLOY Group.

Name of group	ASSA ABLOY	
Products	¹ l_lock and ² s security ssystem	
Competitors	³ E <u>Easten</u> C <u>Company</u> Ingersoll-Rand, and Master Lock	
Nationality	⁴ Swedish_	
Number of employees	5_43,000	
Revenue	⁶ € 5 billion	
International operations	⁷ over <u>70</u> countries, ⁸ <u>150</u> companies	
Name of the subsidiary ⁹ B esam		

9 Make sentences about the employee and her company, using the information in 8 and some or all of the words in 4.

Example: She works for ASSA ABLOY. It produces locks and security systems.

10 Work with a partner. Talk about your company or organization.

Tip | Word stress

To pronounce a longer word correctly, you need to know (a) the number of syllables (b) which syllable has the main stress or accent. company (3 syllables) country (2 syllables) activity (4 syllables)



Business communication | Making introductions

- What do you talk about when you meet someone at a conference for the first time?
- 2 ▶1.4 Listen to Gianluca introducing himself to Carmen at a conference. Make notes about:
 - 1 Carmen's nationality
 - 2 her job
 - 3 why she's at the conference

	▶ 1.4 Complete what Gianluca says. Then listen again and check you
	answers.

1	Excuse me this seat free?
2	Thanks very much. Can I myself? I'm Gianluca Donatelli.
3	Nice to meet you, Carmen. Where are you?
4	And do you work for?
	Oh really? And what do you?
5	So are you at this conference?
	That's interesting. A friend of mine works for an Italian service provider. Can introduce to?
	Roberto. Can you come here a minute? This is Sorry, what's your name?
	Roberto is Carmen. She's writing an article on Internet service providers.

- 4 ▶ 1.4 Match questions 1–8 in 3 to Carmen's responses a–h. Then listen and check.
 - 1 <u>c</u> a I'm a journalist.
 - 2 ___ b Carmen. Carmen Sanchez.
 - 3 ___ c Yes, it is. Go ahead.
 - d Nice to meet you. I'm Carmen Sanchez.
 - 6 E I'm here to research an article on Internet service providers.
 - 6 ___ f I don't work for a company. I'm self-employed.
 - 7 ___ g Yes, of course. That would be nice.
 - h I'm from Argentina.
- 5 Practise the conversation with a partner.
- 6 ▶1.5 Listen to another extract of the conversation between Gianluca and Carmen. <u>Underline</u> the stressed words in Carmen's questions. Why does she stress these words?
 - 1 Gianluca: What do you do? Carmen: What about you? What do you do?
 - **2 Gianluca:** Why are you here at this conference? **Carmen:** How about you? Why are you here?
 - >> For more exercises, go to Practice file 1 on page 106.
- **7** Work with a partner. Have short conversations using the prompts below.
 - Name •
- Company
- Country

I

- Job
- Reason for being here

Example: A Can I introduce myself? I'm Felipe.

- B Nice to meet you. My name's Juan.
- A Where are you from, Juan?
- B I'm from Spain. What about you? Where are you from?
- A I'm from Brazil.
- **8** Work in small groups. You are at a conference. Introduce yourself to another person. Then introduce this person to other people in the group.

Key expressions

Introducing yourself

Can I introduce myself? My name's / I'm ...

Introducing others

Can I introduce you to ...? This is ...

Responding

Nice to meet you. / How do you do?

Nice to meet you, too.

Asking about person/job/ company

What's your name (again)? Where are you from? Who do you work for? What do you do? Why are you here? What/How about you?

1 | Practice file

Working with words

- Match 1–6 to a–f.
 Our annual revenue is <u>d</u>
 We're based ___
 We operate ___
 We produce ___
 We specialize ___
 We provide ___
 - a phone services.
 - b in many different countries.
 - c in phones for children under 12.
 - d €300 million.
 - e mobile phones.
 - f in the north of Italy.
- 2 Choose the correct words in *italics* to complete the text.

My company $^1produces / products$ specialized software for the film industry. We are $^2made / based$ in San Francisco, but we also $^3specialize / operate$ in Europe and the Far East where we have two $^4services / subsidiaries$. There are 450 $^5revenues / employees$ in the company. We sell our $^6products / exporters$ to companies like Dreamworks, which $^7provide / produce$ animated movies. Our technology is very new, so we don't have many $^8competitors / companies$.

Complete the sentences using a suitable word fromin the correct form.

1	We have an annual	revenue	of
701	\$25 million.		
2	France is a big	of	wine
	to other countries.		
3	Totalgaz is one of the		
	of Total Group.		
4	We only sell these		_ in
	Europe and North Ameri	ca.	
5	Where exactly is your cor	mpany	
	/FA - 1F1	_?	
6	H&M	in good-qu	ality
	clothes at low prices.		
7	A lot of pizza restaurants		
	home delivery services		
3	The TATA Group		on all
	six continents.		
)	We offer a wide range of	consulting	
)	What exactly does your c	ompany	
	, ,	2 '	

Business communication

1	Complete questions 1-6 with the words from the
	list. Then match the questions to responses a-f.

113	st. Then match the questions to responses a-1.
W	ho What Why What Where Can
1	<u>Can</u> I introduce myself? <u>e</u>
2	's your name?
3	are you from?
4	do you work for?
5	do you do?
6	are you here in Tokyo?
a	I'm in the food business.
b	I have a meeting with a customer.
c	A German car maker.
d	Caroline Hook.
e	Yes, of course.
f	New York.

- 2 Complete the conversation with sentences a-i.
 - a Nice to meet you too, Gideon.
 - b Can I introduce you to her?
 - c And what do you do?
 - d Sorry, what's your name again?
 - e What about you?
 - f This is Rachel.
 - g So why are you at an international car show?
 - h Can I introduce myself?
 - i Nice to meet you.

Rachel Excuse me. Can I sit here?

Gideon Yes, of course.

Rachel Thanks very much. 1 h I'm Rachel Steadman.

Gideon ²___ I'm Gideon Lack.

Rachel ³___ Where are you from?

Gideon I'm from Switzerland originally. But I live in the Czech Republic now. ⁴___ Where are you based?

Rachel In Toronto.

Gideon And who do you work for?

Rachel Bos. It's an advertising agency. I'm here with Honda. It's one of our clients. ⁵___

Gideon I'm a teacher of Greek literature.

Rachel That's unusual. 6____

Gideon I'm here with my wife. She works for BMW. Ah, there she is now. ⁷___

Rachel Yes, of course. That would be nice.

Gideon 8__

Rachel Rachel Rachel Steadman.

Gideon Ursula. 9___ She works for an advertising agency in Canada.

Language at work

GRAMMAR REFERENCE

Present simple

Form

Positive: Add -s or -es after the verb with he/she/it. I/you/we/they specialize in Latin American music. He/She/It specializes in high-tech products.

Negative: Use the auxiliary *do/does* + *not* + verb. *It doesn't produce software*.

We don't produce mobile phones.

Questions

1 Use *do* and *does*, but don't change the form of the main verb (no -s).

Does it have a subsidiary in China? Do you have many competitors?

2 With question words (*who*, *what*, *where*, *how*, etc.), use *do* and *does* after the question word.

Where do you work? What does he do?

3 To give a short answer to questions in the present simple, use the subject + *does/do* or *doesn't/don't*. *Do you work for a multinational company?*

Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Does your company operate in South America? Yes, it does. / No, it doesn't.

Exceptions

1 The verb *be* is irregular.

Lam

You/We/They are He/She/It is

2 In questions with be, do not use do and does.

Is he Spanish?

Where are the subsidiaries?

3 In negative sentences with *be*, add *not* or *n't*. *I'm not from China*.

They aren't in the company today.

Use

1 To talk about facts or things which are generally true.

The company provides insurance services.

2 To talk about regular actions.

We have sales meetings every month.

3 Do not use the present simple to talk about actions in progress at this moment. Use the present continuous for this (see page 109).

Complete sentences 1–10 with the verbs from the list.
start starts work works is are specialize
specializes have has
1 Our company <u>has</u> shops in Europe and Asi
2 She in Manchester today.
3 We in electronic toys for children.
4 The meeting always at 2.30 p.m.
5 She for an engineering company.
6 I usually work at about 7 a.m.
7 We one office in Paris.
8 He's a lawyer. He in company law.
9 Most of our competitors based in Europe.
0 I in advertising.
Choose the correct words or phrases in <i>italics</i> to
complete questions a-j. Then match the questions
to answers 1–10 in 1 .
a What do / does you specialize in? 3
b Who do / does your wife work for?
c Have you / Do you have an office in France?
d Where be / is she?
e What do / does you do?
f Where be / are your competitors?
g Where has / does your company operate?
h When do you arrive / arrives at the office?
i What time do / does the meeting start?
j What is / does he do?
Complete the missing words. The last letter of each
word is given.
1 A <u>I</u> s your head office in London?
B No, our company <u>isn</u> 't British, it's American.
2 I'm sorry, but we't have a sales office in the Middle East.
3 What sort of productss your company sell?
4 A He't work in Munich any more.
B Really? So whys he have a flat there?
5 They't in the company today. They're o
a business trip.
6 I't know how many employees they
have.

1

2

3