

第一天

字符串哈希

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初航我带你，远航靠自己

字符串哈希的基本思想

$\text{Hash}(s) \neq \text{Hash}(t)$ **一定不相等**

$\text{Hash}(s) == \text{Hash}(t)$ **不一定相等**

字符串哈希经典函数

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

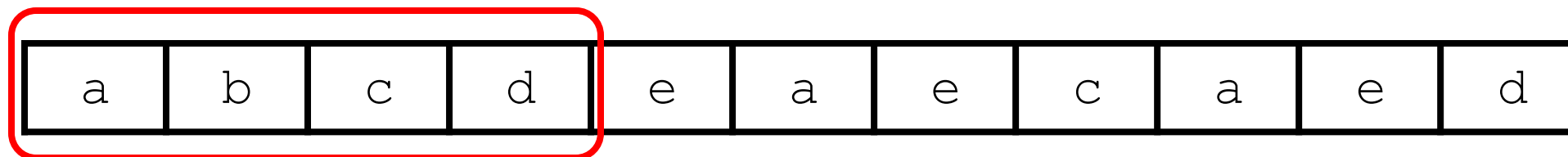
字符串哈希经典函数

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

$$a * \text{base}^2 + b * \text{base}^1 + c * \text{base}^0$$

求滑动窗口哈希值

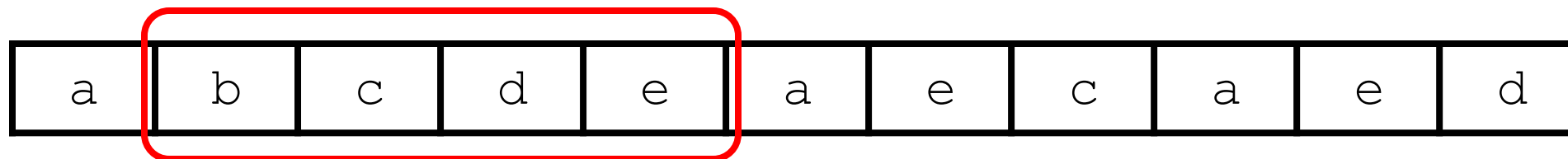
$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$



Hash1

求滑动窗口哈希值

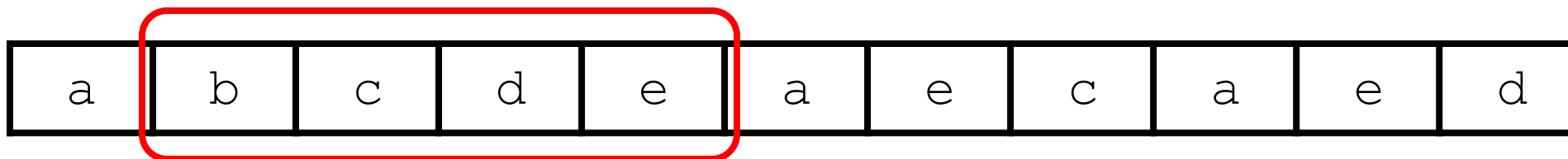
$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$



Hash1 Hash2

求滑动窗口哈希值

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

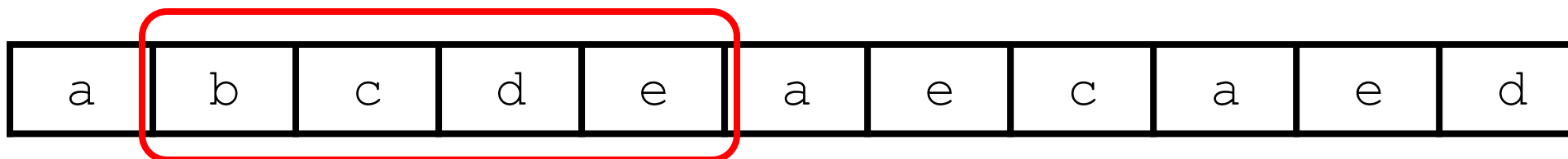


Hash2

$$\text{Hash1} = a * \text{base}^3 + b * \text{base}^2 + c * \text{base}^1 + d * \text{base}^0$$

求滑动窗口哈希值

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

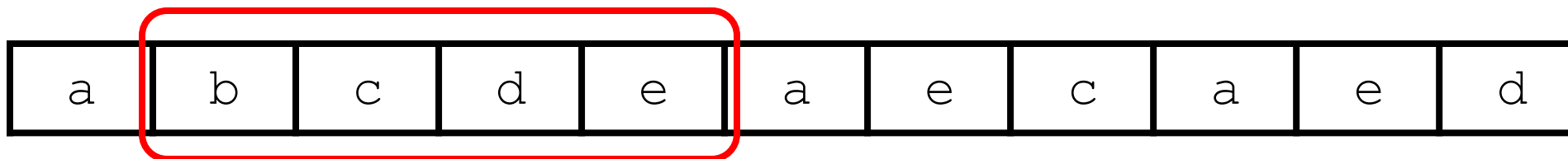


$$\text{Hash1} = a * \text{base}^3 + b * \text{base}^2 + c * \text{base}^1 + d * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash2} = b * \text{base}^3 + c * \text{base}^2 + d * \text{base}^1 + e * \text{base}^0$$

求滑动窗口哈希值

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

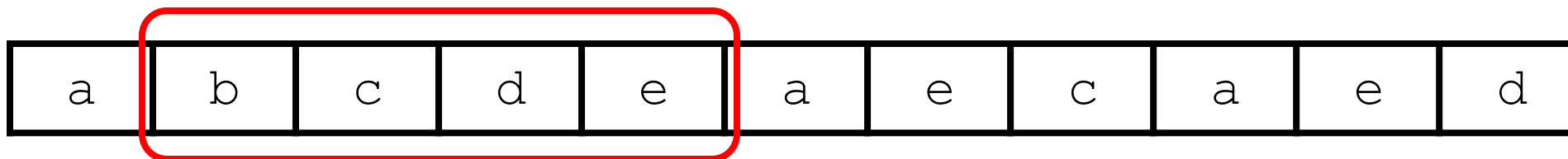


$$\text{Hash1} = a * \text{base}^3 + b * \text{base}^2 + c * \text{base}^1 + d * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash2} = b * \text{base}^3 + c * \text{base}^2 + d * \text{base}^1 + e * \text{base}^0$$

求滑动窗口哈希值

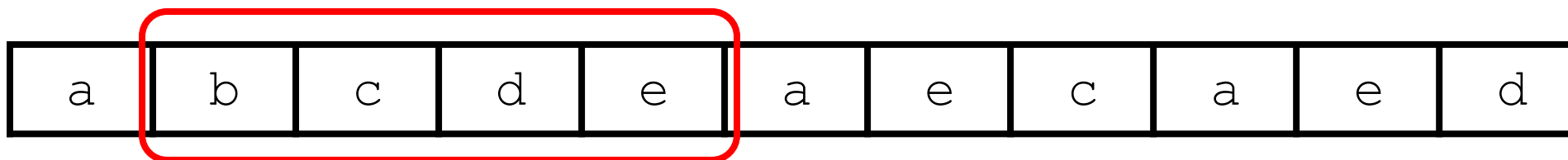
$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$



$$\text{Hash2} = \text{Hash1} * \text{base} + e * \text{base}^0 - a * \text{base}^4$$

求滑动窗口哈希值

$$\text{Hash}(s) = \sum_{i=0}^n s[i] * \text{base}^{n-i-1}$$

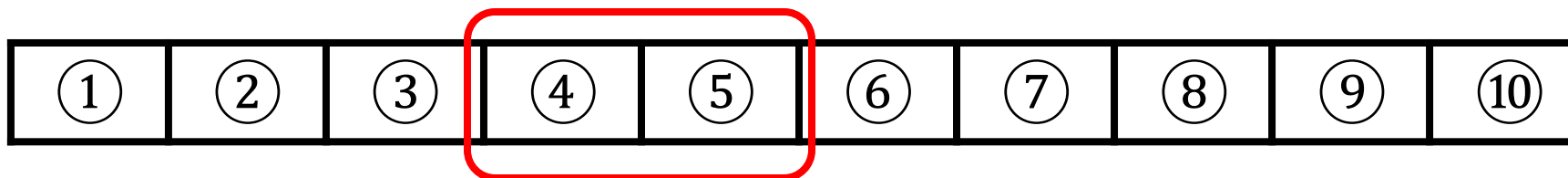


$$\text{Hash2} = \text{Hash1} * \text{base} + s[i] - s[i-n] * \text{base}^n$$

求区间哈希值

前缀哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i) = \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base} + s[i]$

区间哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i, j) = \text{Hash}(s, j) - \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base}^{j-i+1}$



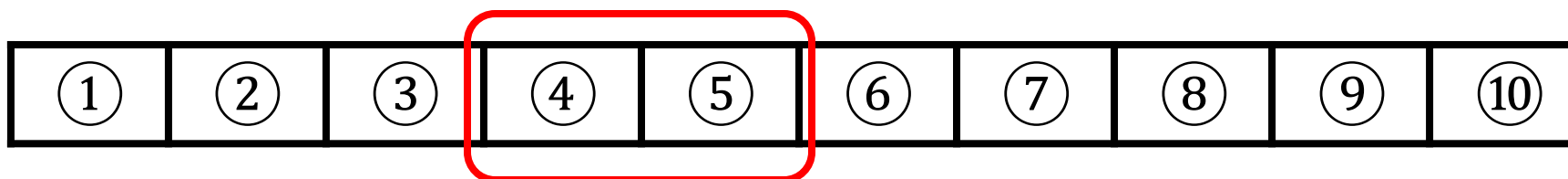
$$\text{Hash}_5 = \textcircled{1} * \text{base}^4 + \textcircled{2} * \text{base}^3 + \textcircled{3} * \text{base}^2 + \textcircled{4} * \text{base}^1 + \textcircled{5} * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash}_3 = \textcircled{1} * \text{base}^2 + \textcircled{2} * \text{base}^1 + \textcircled{3} * \text{base}^0$$

求区间哈希值

前缀哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i) = \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base} + s[i]$

区间哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i, j) = \text{Hash}(s, j) - \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base}^{j-i+1}$



$$\text{Hash}_5 = \textcircled{1} * \text{base}^4 + \textcircled{2} * \text{base}^3 + \textcircled{3} * \text{base}^2 + \textcircled{4} * \text{base}^1 + \textcircled{5} * \text{base}^0$$

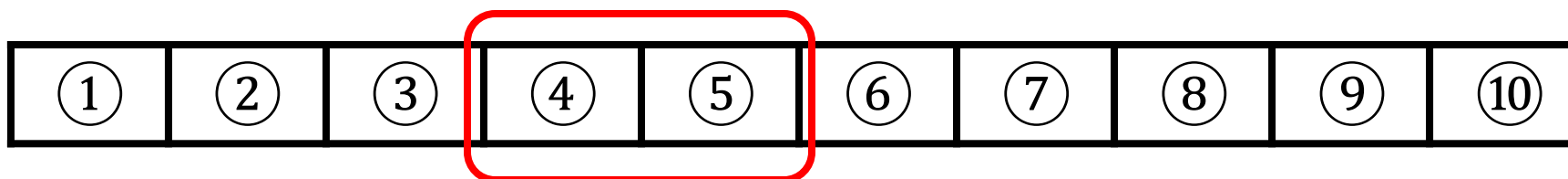
$$\text{Hash}_3 = \textcircled{1} * \text{base}^2 + \textcircled{2} * \text{base}^1 + \textcircled{3} * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash}_3 * \text{base}^2 = \textcircled{1} * \text{base}^4 + \textcircled{2} * \text{base}^3 + \textcircled{3} * \text{base}^2$$

求区间哈希值

前缀哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i) = \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base} + s[i]$

区间哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i, j) = \text{Hash}(s, j) - \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base}^{j-i+1}$



$$\text{Hash}_5 = \text{①} * \text{base}^4 + \text{②} * \text{base}^3 + \text{③} * \text{base}^2 + \text{④} * \text{base}^1 + \text{⑤} * \text{base}^0$$

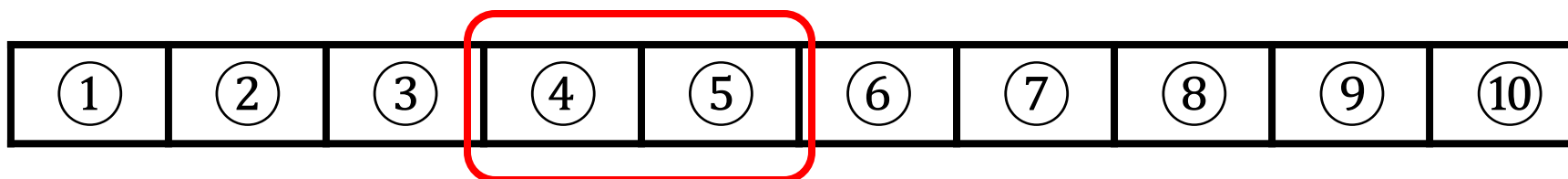
$$\text{Hash}_3 = \text{①} * \text{base}^2 + \text{②} * \text{base}^1 + \text{③} * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash}_3 * \text{base}^2 = \text{①} * \text{base}^4 + \text{②} * \text{base}^3 + \text{③} * \text{base}^2$$

求区间哈希值

前缀哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i) = \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base} + s[i]$

区间哈希值: $\text{Hash}(s, i, j) = \text{Hash}(s, j) - \text{Hash}(s, i - 1) * \text{base}^{j-i+1}$



$$\text{Hash}_5 = \text{①} * \text{base}^4 + \text{②} * \text{base}^3 + \text{③} * \text{base}^2 + \text{④} * \text{base}^1 + \text{⑤} * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash}_3 = \text{①} * \text{base}^2 + \text{②} * \text{base}^1 + \text{③} * \text{base}^0$$

$$\text{Hash}_3 * \text{base}^2 = \text{①} * \text{base}^4 + \text{②} * \text{base}^3 + \text{③} * \text{base}^2$$

$$\text{Hash}_{4-5} = \text{Hash}_5 - \text{Hash}_3 * \text{base}^2$$

题目列表：字符串哈希

1. P3370 【模板】字符串哈希
2. LC1044. 最长重复子串
3. LC1367. 二叉树中的链表
4. LC2261. 含最多 K 个可整除元素的子数组
5. LC1297. 子串的最大出现次数
6. LC1316. 不同的循环子字符串
7. LC187. 重复的DNA序列
8. LC28. 找出字符串中第一个匹配项的下标
9. P10468 兔子与兔子
10. LC3292. 目标字符串需要的最少字符串数 II