## **Concurrent Programming**

## Exercise Booklet 4: Semaphores

Solutions to selected exercises  $(\lozenge)$  are provided at the end of this document. Important: You should first try solving them before looking at the solutions. You will otherwise learn **nothing**.

### Exercise 1. Given the following threads:

use semaphores in order to guarantee that A is printed before F and F is printed before C.

#### Exercise 2. Given

use semaphores to guarantee that the only possible output is LASER.

### **Exercise 3.** Consider the following three threads:

Use semaphores to guarantee that the output is R I O OK OK OK (we assume that print is atomic).

Exercise 4. Consider the following threads that share the variables y and z. Assume assignment is atomic.

- 1. What are the possible final values for x?
- 2. Is it possible to use semaphores to restrict the set of possible values of x to be just two possible values?

## Exercise 5. Given

Add semaphores to guarantee that:

1. the number of  $F \leq$  the number of A

- 2. the number of  $H \leq$  the number of E
- 3. the number of  $C \le the number of G$

**Exercise 6.** We have three threads A, B, C. We wish operation  $op_C$  of C be executed only after A has executed  $op_A$  and B has executed  $op_B$ . How can we synchronize these processes using semaphores?

**Exercise 7.**  $(\lozenge)$  Consider the following two threads:

```
Thread.start { // P
                               Thread.start { // Q
1
                            1
2
     while (true) {
                            2
                                 while (true) {
3
       print("A");
                            3
                                   print("B");
     }
                                 }
                            4
  }
                              }
```

- 1. Use semaphores to guaranteee that at all times the number of A's and B's differs at most in 1.
- 2. Modify the solution so that the only possible output is ABABABABA...

Exercise 8. The following threads should cooperate to calculate the value n2 which is the sum of the first n+1 odd numbers. The processes share the variables n and n2 which are initialized as follows: n=50 and n2=0. The expected result is 2601 since the sum of the first 51 odd numbers is 2601. You may assume assignment is atomic.

```
int n2=0
  int n=50
  P = Thread.start {
                           3 Thread.start {
3
    while (n > 0) {
                                while (true) {
4
                           4
      n = n-1
                                  n2 = n2 + 2*n + 1
5
                           5
    }
6
                           6
                              }
  }
7
  P.join()
  allowDec.acquire() // why is this here?
  print(n2)
```

Provide a solution using semaphores that guarantees that the correct value of n2 is printed.

Exercise 9. The following code attempts to ensure that the value of counter is only printed after both turnstile threads finish. It relies on negative permissions. The code does not do what it purports to do. It could, for example, print 10. Can you explain what goes wrong?

```
import java.util.concurrent.Semaphore;
   int counter = 0;
   Semaphore mutex = new Semaphore(1);
4
   Semaphore s = new Semaphore(-1);
5
   Thread.start { // turnstile
7
      10.times {
         mutex.acquire();
         counter ++;
10
11
         mutex.release();
12
      s.release();
```

```
}
14
15
  Thread.start { // turnstile
      10.times {
        mutex.acquire();
         counter ++;
19
        mutex.release();
20
      }
21
      s.release();
22
23
  }
24
25 s.acquire()
26 print(counter);
```

# 1 Solutions to Selected Exercises

Answer to exercise 7

```
Item 1.
  Semaphore allowA = new Semaphore (1);
   Semaphore allowB = new Semaphore (1);
   Thread.start { // P
4
     while (true) {
5
6
     allowA.acquire();
     print("A");
     allowB.release();
  }
10
11
  Thread.start { // Q
^{12}
     while (true) {
13
       allowB.acquire();
14
       print("B");
15
       allowA.release();
16
17
18
  }
```

What happens if we initialize both semaphores any k>0? Item 2. Have allows be initialized with 0 permits.