## f(n) < cg(n) Jc, n.

$$2n^2 = O(n^3)$$
 $5n^2 = O(n^3)$ 
 $2n^2 \le Cn^3 \Rightarrow 2 \le Cn$ 
 $C = 2$ 
 $n_0 = 1$ 

$$n^2 = 0(n^2)$$
 $n^2 \le 0(n^2)$ 
 $n^2 \le 0(n^2)$ 

$$looo n^2 + looo n = O(n^2)$$
 $f \leq c \cdot n^2$ 

f 1000 n² + 1000 n 5 1000 n² + 1000 n²

$$C = 2000$$
 $N_0 = 1$ 

$$N = O(n^2)$$

$$N \leq C \cdot n^2$$

## c.g(n) < f(n)

 $Sn^{2} = \Omega(n)$   $f \quad \partial C \quad Sn^{2} \Rightarrow C \quad Sn$  C = 1 No = 1

 $100n + 5 \neq Q(n^2)$   $\exists c_1 n_0 = 0 \le c n^2 \le 100n + 5 \le 105n$   $100n + 5 \le 100n + 5n = 105n$  $\forall n \ge 1$ 

 $c_{N_{5}} < 102N$   $c_{N_{5}} < 102N$ 

$$\frac{N^{2}}{2} - \frac{N}{2} = \Theta(N^{2})$$

$$\frac{N^{2}}{2} - \frac{N}{2} \leq \frac{N}{2} \leq \frac{N^{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \leq \frac{N^{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \leq \frac{1}{2}$$