## python代码

```
import queue
import threading
import time
class Cpu:
   def __init__(self):
       self.memory = [""] * 256 # 内存
        self.queue = queue.Queue() # 指令队列
       self.address_bus = {} # 地址总线
       self.data_bus = {} # 数据总线
       self.control bus = {} # 控制总线
       # 专用寄存器
        self.special_registers = {
            "CS": 0,
           "DS": 0,
            "SS": 0,
            "ES": 0,
            "IP": 0
        # 通用寄存器
        self.general_registers = {
           "AX": 0,
            "AH": 0,
            "AL": 0,
            "BX": 0,
            "BH": 0,
            "BL": 0,
            "CX": 0,
            "CH": 0,
            "CL": 0,
            "DX": 0,
            "DH": 0,
            "DL": 0,
            "SP": 0,
            "DP": 0,
            "DI": 0,
            "SI": 0
       # 标志寄存器
        self.flags = {
           "CF": 0,
            "PF": 0,
            "AF": 0,
            "ZF": 0,
            "SF": 0,
            "OF": 0
```

```
# 指令集
       self.instructions = {
            'MOV': self.mov,
           'ADD': self.add,
           'HLT': self.hlt
       }
   def fetch(self):
       # 获取指令
       if len(self.memory) > self.special_registers["IP"]:
           component = self.memory[self.special_registers["IP"]]
           print(f"正在从内存地址 {self.special registers['IP']} 获取指令: {component}")
           self.special_registers["IP"] += 1
           return component
       else:
           exit(0)
   def decodes(self, part):
       # 解码指令
       if self.queue.qsize() != None:
           t_d1=time.process_time()
           parts = part.split(' ')
           op = parts[0]
           reg = parts[1] if len(parts) >= 2 else None
           val = parts[2] if len(parts) == 3 else None
           t_d2=time.process_time()
           print(f"正在解码指令: {part} 为 操作码 {op}, 寄存器 {reg}, 值 {val} 所用时间为
{t d2-t d1}")
           return op, reg, val
   def execute(self, operation, register, value):
       # 根据解码结果执行指令
       if operation in self.instructions:
           t e1 = time.process time()
           if operation == 'HLT':
               self.instructions[operation]()
           elif value is not None:
               if value not in self.general registers:
                   value = int(value)
               self.instructions[operation](register, value)
           else:
               self.instructions[operation](register)
           t_e2 = time.process_time()
           print(f"正在执行指令 {operation}...所用时间为{t_e2-t_e1}")
           if register:
               print(f"寄存器 {register} 的新值为 {self.general_registers[register]}")
           self.print_registers()
           self.update_buses(operation, register, value)
   def mov(self, register1, value):
```

```
# 将值移动到指定寄存器
    if value in self.general registers:
       print(f"将 {value} 移动到寄存器 {register1}")
       self.general registers[register1] = self.general registers[value]
    else:
       print(f"将 {value} 移动到寄存器 {register1}")
       self.general registers[register1] = value
def add(self, register1, value):
    # 给指定寄存器中的值加上一个数
    a = self.general registers[register1]
    if value in self.general_registers:
       b = self.general registers[value]
       print(f"给寄存器 {register1} 加上 {value}")
       self.general_registers[register1] += self.general_registers[value]
    else:
       b = value
       print(f"给寄存器 {register1} 加上 {value}")
       self.general_registers[register1] += value
   c = a+b
    if c & 1 == 1:
       self.flags["PF"] = 1
    else:
       self.flags["PF"] = 0
    if c == 0:
       self.flags["ZF"] = 1
   else:
       self.flags["ZF"] = 0
    if c >= 0:
       self.flags["SF"] = 0
    else:
       self.flags["SF"] = 1
@staticmethod
def hlt():
    # 停止执行
    print("停止执行")
   exit(0)
def print_registers(self):
    # 输出所有寄存器的状态
   print("通用寄存器状态:")
    for reg, val in self.general_registers.items():
       print(f"{reg}: {val}")
    print("专用寄存器状态:")
    for reg, val in self.special_registers.items():
       print(f"{reg}: {val}")
    print("标志寄存器状态:")
    for reg, val in self.flags.items():
       print(f"{reg}: {val}")
    print('\n')
```

```
def update buses(self, operation, register, value):
    # 更新总线状态
    if operation == 'MOV':
        self.address bus['source'] = f"{register}"
        self.address_bus['destination'] = f"memory[{self.special_registers['IP']}]"
        self.data_bus['data'] = value
        self.control bus['read'] = True
        self.control bus['write'] = False
    elif operation == 'ADD':
        self.address bus['source'] = f"{register}"
        self.address_bus['destination'] = f"{register}"
        self.data_bus['data'] = value
        self.control bus['read'] = False
        self.control_bus['write'] = True
   elif operation == 'HLT':
        self.address bus['source'] = ""
        self.address bus['destination'] = ""
        self.data_bus['data'] = 0
        self.control_bus['read'] = False
        self.control_bus['write'] = False
    print("总线状态:")
    print("地址总线:")
    for key, val in self.address_bus.items():
        print(f"{key}: {val}")
   print("数据总线:")
    for key, val in self.data_bus.items():
        print(f"{key}: {val}")
    print("控制总线:")
    for key, val in self.control bus.items():
        print(f"{key}: {val}")
    print('\n')
def biu run(self):
    # 运行biu
   print("biu开始执行")
   while True:
        t1 = time.process time()
       com = self.fetch()
        self.queue.put(com)
        t2 = time.process_time()
        print(f"将指令传入指令队列所用时间为{t2-t1}秒")
def eu_run(self):
   # 运行eu
   print()
   print("\neu开始执行")
   while True:
        op, reg, val = self.decodes(self.queue.get())
        self.execute(op, reg, val)
```

```
设计思路
1.定义结构体Cpu
 属性:
    内存,指令队列,三条总线,通用寄存器,标志寄存器,专用寄存器,指令集
 函数:
    fetch() 获取指令
    decode() 解码指令
    execute() 执行指令
    print_registers() 输出所有寄存器状态
    update_buses() 输出所有总线状态
    指令函数:
      mov(),add(),hlt()
2.总线接口单元(BIU)
 定义函数biu_run():
    调用fetch()函数从内存中读取指令到指令队列
    输出指令所用时间
3.执行单元 (EU)
 定义函数eu run():
    从指令队列中获取指令,解码指令decode(),执行指令execute(),打印cpu状态print_registers(),
update buses()
    输出执行每条任务所用时间
4.主函数
 创建两个线程:
    eu = threading.Thread(target=cpu.eu_run)
   biu = threading.Thread(target=cpu.biu run)
 同时执行,模拟BIU,EU同时工作
汤太阳负责执行单元(EU)函数
赵横负责总线接口单元(BIU)函数
```

```
/usr/bin/python3 /Users/tangtaiyang/DevelopTool_FileManage/PycharmProjects/cpu_build/第三次改进/cpu_3.py
biu开始执行
正在从内存地址 0 获取指令: MOV AX 1
将指令传入指令队列所用时间为1.4000000000000123e-05秒
正在从内存地址 1 获取指令: ADD AX 2
将指令传入指令队列所用时间为9.99999999996123e-06秒
正在从内存地址 2 获取指令: HLT
将指令传入指令队列所用时间为5.99999999999062e-06秒
eu开始执行
正在解码指令: MOV AX 1 为 操作码 MOV, 寄存器 AX, 值 1 所用时间为1.099999999997123e-05
将 1 移动到寄存器 AX
正在执行指令 MOV...所用时间为1.2000000000005062e-05
寄存器 AX 的新值为 1
通用寄存器状态:
AX: 1
AH: 0
AL: 0
BX: 0
BH: 0
BL: 0
CH: 0
CL: 0
DX: 0
DH: 0
DL: 0
SP: 0
DP: 0
DI: 0
```

SI: 0

专用寄存器状态:

CS: 0
DS: 0
SS: 0
ES: 0
IP: 3
标志寄存器状态:
CF: 0
PF: 0
AF: 0
ZF: 0
SF: 0
OF: 0
总线状态:
地址总线:
source: AX
destination: memory[3]
数据总线:
data: 1
控制总线:
read: True
write: False
正在解码指令: ADD AX 2 为 操作码 ADD, 寄存器 AX, 值 2 所用时间为0.0 给寄存器 AX 加上 2
细萄仔髓 AA 加工 2 正在执行指令 ADD所用时间为4.00000000004e-06
近在5A11 相マ ADD 別用的同為4.000000000000000000000000000000000000
通用寄存器状态:
AX: 3
AA. U

AL: 0

BX: 0			
BH: 0			
BL: 0			
CX: 0			
CH: 0			
CL: 0			
DX: 0			
DH: 0			
DL: 0			
SP: 0			
DP: 0			
DI: 0			
SI: 0			
专用寄存器状态:			
CS: 0			
DS: 0			
SS: 0			
ES: 0			
IP: 3			
标志寄存器状态:			
CF: 0			
PF: 1			
AF: 0			
ZF: 0			
SF: 0			
OF: 0			
总线状态:			
地址总线:			
source: AX			
destination: AX			
数据总线:			
data: 2			
控制总线:			
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控制总线: read: False write: True

正在解码指令: HLT 为 操作码 HLT, 寄存器 None, 值 None 所用时间为0.0

停止执行

进程已结束,退出代码为 0