

Agenda • General information on the MSc thesis seminar • Writing an MSc thesis • Other practical issues in thesis writing • Evaluating an MSc thesis

General information

- Participants: SDE program students who will start or are in the thesis writing process
- Instructors: Zheying Zhang
- Seminar sessions: Wednesday afternoons, 14:15–16, from Period I to Period IV
 - Thesis work presentations and discussions, guest talks (if there are any), etc.
 - Classroom: Pinni B2077
- Seminar schedule is updated at: http://www.uta.fi/sis/tie/sdseminar/teaching/2015_2016.html
- Information is shared in Moodle: https://learning2.uta.fi/course/view.php?id=7056, please check for updates regularly

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

The credit units

- · Credits units: 5 ects
- · Grade: Pass/Fail
- Assignments include
 - A short thesis idea presentation (5-10min)
 - A thesis progress presentation (20min),
 - a written report on thesis progress (including thesis proposal + literature review (10-15 pages)) shall be submitted to Moodle a week before the scheduled presentation
 - A final thesis presentation (30min)
 - Being an opponent to prepare for the review (1-2 pages) of a thesis progress report and discuss it in the thesis progress presentation (2 reviews/partcipant) -> a guideline for preparing for an MSc thesis review will be given
 - Participation in seminar sessions (>1/2 of total no. of sessions)

A thesis progress presentation vs. a final thesis presentation

- A thesis progress presentation shall include
 - an introduction to the research field;
 - tentative questions to be tackled;
 - Knowledge of the topic:
 - Explanation of the key concepts/principles/theory in the thesis work
 - work
 An overview and summary of the literature
 relevant to the topic
 A presentation of the most influential
 articles/books in the topic area; and
- A brief summary of your progress on

- A thesis presentation shall include
 - a brief introduction to the research
 - the questions to be tackled;
 - importance of the topic;
 - prior research or related research on the topic;
 - approaches to the research (research methods);
 - a detailed presentation of your own work (analysis of the questions, solutions, evaluation, etc.) in the research; and
 - discussion of the results, contributions and limitations



Planning the seminar sessions

- Autumn
 - Oct. Sessions for thesis idea presentations and final thesis presentations
 - Nov. & Dec. Sessions for thesis idea, progress, and final thesis presentations
- Spring
 - Jan. & Feb. sessions for last chance thesis idea presentations
 - Jan., Feb., Mar., Apr. & May sessions for thesis progress and final presentation
- Schedule your presenations in autumn 2015
 - Possible Wednesdays in autumn: 23/9, 21/10, 28/10, 4/11, 11/11, 18/11, 25/11, 2/12, 9/12, 16/12
 - Please fill in the planning form in Moodle by 14/10

Agenda

- General information on the MSc thesis seminar
- Writing an MSc thesis
- Other practical issues in thesis writing
- Evaluating an MSc thesis

212

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

What is an MSc thesis

- A compulsory part of studies, typically done in the 2nd study year in the MSc degree programme
- Not a work report
- In principle the expectation is that the student studies some new area (methodology / theory / technology)
 - No scientific new results are expected from an MSc thesis –and you should not demand them from yourself, either.
- The length should be between 50-70 pages
 - These are not hard limits, but discuss with your supervisor if you feel that the limits do not suit you

Info page of thesis in computer sciences

- Thesis info page: http://www.uta.fi/sis/en/tie/studypractices/thesis/index.ht ml
- An MSc thesis guideline (on the university level) will be available later

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

Credits modes of MSc thesis

- Option 1
 - Maturity test
 - Thesis, 40 ects
- Option 2
 - The thesis work is divided into four phases/components
 - Each phase, 10 ects
 - The maturity test is in the 4th phase
- The credits modes shall be agreed with your thesis supervisor

Practical instructions for thesis writers

- · Consider the following questions first
 - Have I done the pre-requisite studies?
 - On what subject or field do I want to write my thesis?
 - Am I interested primarily in theory or in practical applications? Do I want to do concrete programming work?
- Identify a thesis topic
 - Define a thesis topic based on your own interests taking advanced courses that seem interesting or likely your thesis topics
 - Discuss in your working place about a thesis topic. Often a suitable topic can be found.
 - Professor may have some topics for theses last possibility
- · Contacting a possible supervisor
- Write a two or three pages introduction in which problem statement about the topic is include – a thesis proposal to achieve a common understanding about the topic
- · Sign on the agreement for MSc thesis supervising (will be updated soon)
- During the work, discuss your work with your supervisor regularly (6 months 12 months)
 - Literature review, planning and writing, iterations
 - MSc thesis seminar
- When you have finished your work, give your manuscript to the supervisor for their final evaluation
- · Write maturity test, and submit the thesis for grading



UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

An MSc thesis shall find convincing answers to the questions

- What is the PROBLEM you are trying to solve? Or what is the research QUESTION you are trying to answer?
- Why is this problem/question worth solving/asking? Who would care?
- How have other people in the past tried to solve/answer it?
- What is your approach to solving/answering this problem? Or what improvement are you making on an existing solution?
- How do you prove that the solution you came up with is a GOOD solution?
- How can you demonstrate that your solution works?

Research problems

Importance of the topic

Prior research on the topic

Research approach

Results and evaluation

What type of questions are you asking?

- Existance
 - Does X exist?
- · Description & classification
 - What is X like?
 - What are its properties?
 - How can it be categorized?
 - How can we measure it?
 - What are its components?
 - Descriptive-comparative
 - How does X differ from Y?
- Frequency and distribution
 - How often does X occur?
 - What is an average amout of X?
- Descriptive-process
 - How does X normally work?
 - By what process does X happen?
 - What are the steps as X evolves?

- Relationship
 - Are X and Y related?
 - Do occurences of X correllate with occurrences of Y?
- Causality
 - Does X cause Y?
 - Does X prevent Y?
 - What causes X?
 - What effect does X have on Y?
- Causality-comparative
 - Does X cause more Y than does Z?
 - Is X better at preventing Y than is Z?
 - Does X cause more Y than does Z under one condition but not others?
- Design
 - What is an effective way to achieve X?
 - How can we improve X?





Type of results we are expecting

Shaw M (2003) Writing Good Software Engineering Research Papers, in Proceedings of the 25th International Conference on Software Engineering, IEEE Computer Society, 2003, pp. 726-736.

- Procedure or technique
 - New or better way to do some task, such as design, implementation, maintenance, measurement, evaluation, selection from alternatives; includes techniques for implementation, representation, management, and analysis; a technique should be operational—not advice or guidelines, but a procedure
- · Qualitative or descriptive model
 - Structure or taxonomy for a problem area; architectural style, framework, or design pattern; non-formal domain analysis, well-grounded checklists, well-argued informal generalizations, guidance for integrating other results, well-organized interesting observations
- Empirical model
 - Empirical predictive model based on observed data
- Analytic model
 - Structural model that permits formal analysis or automatic manipulation
- Tool or notation
 - Implemented tool that embodies a technique; formal language to support a technique or model (should have a calculus, semantics, or other basis for computing or doing inference)
- Specific solution, prototype, answer, or judgment
 - Solution to application problem that shows application of SE principles may be design, prototype, or full implementation; careful analysis of a system or its development, result of a specific analysis, evaluation, or comparison
- Report
 - Interesting observations, rules of thumb, but not sufficiently general or systematic to rise to the level of a descriptive model

Agenda

- General information on the MSc thesis seminar
- Writing an MSc thesis
- · Other practical issues in thesis writing
- Evaluating an MSc thesis

Isis

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

General working habits

- · Write using your own words
 - No copy-paste even in the early phase of your work
 - Add quotation marks and source to the copied text
 - Write with your own words
- Start building the reference list from the beginning of your work
 - URL is never enough! Write down all possible information
 - Make an annotated bibliography, i.e. keywords, summaries
- Mark the used source immediately when writing a text based on the source
 - Mark the sources where you used them, not always in the end of a paragraph

Finding References

- Find theses from the uta thesis database at: http://tampub.uta.fi/
- Several search engines exist for scientific papers
 - <u>IEEE Xplore</u> consists IEEE's journals, conference proceedings and magazines.
 - ACM Digital Library the guide to computing literature has ACM's publications.
 - Springerlink publishes books, journals, etc.
 - <u>CiteSeerX</u> is a Scientific Literature Digital Library that also lists how scientific papers refer to each others.
 - Google Scholar is a nice search engine for scientific information (bibtex entries available).
- · White papers from corporate are generally considered as marketing

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

Templates and tools

- If possible, use a template from the beginning of the writing
 - Practical instructions for thesis writers, http://www.uta.fi/sis/en/cs/thesis/index/thesis.rtf
 - You see possible problems early enough
 - You see how long you still need to write/how much you still have room for your text

Other tips

- Writing is a personal thing
 - If you got stuck, write some other part of the work or draw a picture and explain it.
 - You can start from the middle, not from the beginning, it is usually easier.
 - Try to divide your work to smaller pieces.
- · Plan the timetable well
 - Make a writing plan: your outline with how many pages each chapter will contain and when you write that chapter.
 - Take into account other things that affect your writing, e.g. courses and their deadlines, your supervisor's holidays etc.
 - Take into account the iterations, revision, etc.

UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

Turnitin

- The use of Turnitin to check the originality of all MSc thesis: Dec 31, 2015
- Info sessions for students and teachers have been given
- Information and instructions are available on the University's Academic Ethics website
 - http://www.uta.fi/studies/studying/practices/ethics/index.html
 - It is allowed to submit only one's own text to the Turnitin system
 - The Turnitin report must be interpreted
 - Contact your thesis supervisor on practically using Turnitin



Agenda

- General information on the MSc thesis seminar
- Writing an MSc thesis
- Other practical issues in thesis writing
- Evaluating an MSc thesis
 - http://www.uta.fi/sis/en/tie/studypractices/thesis/index/pro_gradu _arviointi_2012_tietojenk%C3%A4sittelytiede_EN.pdf