```
*** Func<T,TResult> ***
1
2
3
         using System;
4
         namespace FuncDemo
             internal class Program
                 private static void Main()
8
9
                     //类似委托功能
10
11
                     Func<InputArgs, Result> func = TsetFunction;
                     Console.WriteLine("第一种方式: ");
13
                     Console.WriteLine(func(new InputArgs("zhangqs008", "123456")));
14
                     Console.WriteLine("第二种方式: ");
CallMethod(func, new InputArgs("zhangqs008", "1234567")); //或者
15
16
                     CallMethod(TsetFunction, new InputArgs("zhangqs008", "1234567"));
17
18
19
                 public static Result TsetFunction(InputArgs input)
20
21
                     Result result = new Result();
22
                     result.Flag = String.Compare("zhangqs008", input.UserName, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0 &
23
24
                          String.Compare ("123456", input.Password, StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase) == 0; \\
                     result.Msg = "当前调用者: " + input.UserName;
25
                     return result;
27
                 }
28
29
                 public static void CallMethod<T>(Func<T, Result> func, T item)
30
                     Result result = func(item):
31
32
                     Console.WriteLine(result.ToString());
33
34
                 /// <summary>
35
                 /// 方法参数
36
                 /// </summary>
37
38
                 public class InputArgs
39
40
                     public InputArgs(string userName, string password)
41
                     {
42
                          UserName = userName;
43
                          Password = password;
44
45
46
                     public string UserName { get; set; }
47
                     public string Password { get; set; }
48
49
50
                 /// <summary>
                 /// 方法结果
51
                 /// </summary>
52
53
                 public class Result
55
                     public string Msg { get; set; }
                     public bool Flag { get; set; }
56
                     public override string ToString()
57
58
                          return string.Format("Flag:{0},Msg:{1}", Flag, Msg);
59
60
61
62
             }
63
64
65
66
    public static int StrToInt(String s)
67
69
         return int.Parset(s);
    }
70
    public static void Main(String[] argv)
71
72
         String[] s = \{ "123", "345", "567" \};
73
                 IEnumerable<int> t=s.Select<String, int>(StrToInt);
74
75
                 foreach (int i in t)
76
                 {
                     Console.WriteLine(i);
77
                 }
78
```

```
}
80
     而是用Func<T>的话:
81
82
     public static void Main(String[] argv)
83
84
          String[] s = { "123", "345", "567" };
    Func<string, int> f = (x) => int.Parse(x);
    IEnumerable<int> t=s.Select<String, int>(f);
85
                                                                           //简化了很多,所以说它只是提供便利而已
87
                    foreach (int i in t)
88
89
                   {
                        Console.WriteLine(i);
90
91
92
94
95
     C#提供的Func泛型委托的多个重载版本:
96
97
          Func<in T1,out T>
98
          Func<in T1,in T2,out T>
99
          Func<in T1,in T2,in T3,out T>
100
101
102
```