

Soln for Hw on IS-Digital options

① OMC, For $Z_i \sim \text{iid } N(0, 1)$

$$\begin{aligned} E[\hat{V}_{10}^2] &= E\left[\left(\frac{1}{10} \sum_{i=1}^{10} I(Z_i < -2)\right)^2\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{100} E\left[\sum_{i=1}^{10} E I(Z_i < -2) + \sum_{i \neq j} E I(Z_i < -2) I(Z_j < -2)\right] \\ &= \frac{1}{100} [10 \Phi(-2) + 90 \Phi^2(-2)] \\ &= \frac{1}{10} (\Phi(-2) + 9 \Phi^2(-2)) = 0.0228 \end{aligned}$$

② IS ($b=2$): $Z_i \sim N(0, 1)$ iid

$$\hat{V}_{10} = \frac{1}{10} e^{\frac{1}{2}b^2} \sum_{i=1}^{10} e^{b(Z_i - b)} I(Z_i - b < -2)$$

$$E \hat{V}_{10}^2 = \frac{e^{b^2}}{100} E\left[\left(\sum_{i=1}^{10} e^{b(Z_i - b)} I(Z_i < -2 + b)\right)^2\right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{b^2}}{100} E\left[\sum_{i=1}^{10} e^{2b(Z_i - b)} I(Z_i < -2 + b) + \sum_{i \neq j} e^{b(Z_i - b)} I(Z_i < -2 + b) \cdot e^{b(Z_j - b)} I(Z_j < b - 2)\right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{e^{b^2}}{100} \cdot 10 E e^{2b(Z - b)} I(Z < b - 2) + \\ &\quad \frac{e^{b^2}}{100} \cdot 90 (E e^{b(Z - b)} I(Z < b - 2))^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$E \hat{V}_{10}^2 = \frac{e^{b^2}}{10} f(2, b) + \frac{9e^{b^2}}{10} f^2(1, b)$$

where $f(m, b) = \mathbb{E} e^{mb(z-b)} \mathbb{I}(z < b-2)$

$$= e^{-mb^2} \int_{-\infty}^{b-2} e^{mbz} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{z^2}{2}} dz$$

$$= e^{-mb^2} e^{\frac{m^2 b^2}{2}} \int_{-\infty}^{-2+b} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{(z-mb)^2}{2}} dz$$

$x = (z-mb) \Big|_{z=-2+b}$
 $= -2+b-mb$

$$= e^{\frac{m^2-2m}{2} b^2} \int_{-\infty}^{-2+(1-m)b} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} dx$$

$$= e^{\frac{m^2-2m}{2} b^2} \cdot \Phi(-2+b-mb)$$

In particular,

$$f(1, b) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}b^2} \Phi(-2)$$

$$f(2, b) = \Phi(-2-b)$$

$$\mathbb{E} \hat{V}_{10}^2 = \frac{e^{b^2}}{10} f(2, b) + \frac{9e^{b^2}}{10} f^2(1, b)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} e^{b^2} \Phi(-2-b) + \frac{9}{10} \Phi^2(-2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{10} (e^{b^2} \Phi(-2-b) + 9 \Phi^2(-2))$$

so $\mathbb{E} \hat{V}_{10}^2 \Big|_{b=2} = \frac{1}{10} (e^4 \Phi(-4) + 9 \Phi^2(-2))$

$$= 0.0017$$