

What are Systems of Linear Equations?

WPI

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- Linear algebra is to study system of linear equations via matrix and vector
- They have many applications
 - Machine learning
 - Economics and finance
 - Statistics
 - Image processing
 - and more ...

If you google “Matrix”, you probably get ...

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Figure: From movie “The Matrix”

Definitions

- A matrix is a two-dimensional array of numbers,
 - A 2 by 3 matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 15 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- If a matrix has only one row or only one column it is called a vector,
 - A 2 dimensional column vector

$$b_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 15 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix},$$

- A 2 dimensional row vector

$$b_2 = [15 \quad 5],$$

Before and after a transformation

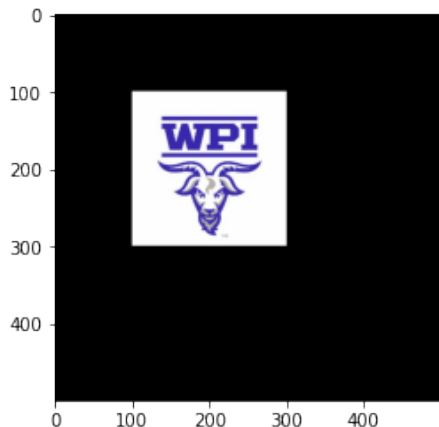


Figure: Before Transformation

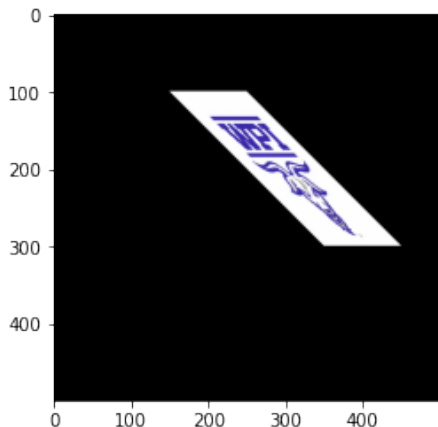


Figure: After Transformation

Transformation as a mapping

- Transformation takes each coordinate vector to another coordinate vector by mapping

$$T : \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \mapsto \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}x_1 + x_2 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (Q.) A corner of the new picture is $\begin{bmatrix} 350 \\ 300 \end{bmatrix}$. What is its original coordinate?

As a linear system

- Set the original corner as $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$

- Solve

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x_1 + x_2 = 350 \\ x_2 = 300 \end{cases}$$

- The solution is ...

General form - 1

- $m \times n$ linear system is

$$\begin{cases} a_{11}x_1 + \cdots + a_{1n}x_n &= b_1 \\ a_{21}x_1 + \cdots + a_{2n}x_n &= b_2 \\ \vdots & \\ a_{m1}x_1 + \cdots + a_{mn}x_n &= b_m. \end{cases}$$

- Coefficients a_{ij} and b_i are given numbers
- The goal is to find the solution

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_m \end{bmatrix}$$

General form - 2

For $m \times n$ linear system,

- coefficient matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \cdots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & \cdots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & & \\ a_{m1} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$$

- augmented matrix $[A \mid b]$, i.e.

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} a_{11} & \cdots & a_{1n} & b_1 \\ a_{21} & \cdots & a_{2n} & b_2 \\ \vdots & & & \\ a_{m1} & \cdots & a_{mn} & b_m \end{array} \right]$$