## Midterm (sample)

Name:

ID:

All answers shall be justified properly to get full credits. Each question counts 10 points.

Throughout this exam, let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $v = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ .

- (1) Consider the matrix equation Ax = v.
  - (a) Write its augmented matrix, and find its reduced row echelon form.

(b) Write its solution set into a parametric vector form, if there is any.

(2) Is the transformation defined by Tx = Bx a one-to-one or onto mapping? Explain its geometric meaning.

- (3) We denote by  $A = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4]$ , where  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4$  are column vectors of A.
  - (a) Does v belong to the span generated by  $\{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4\}$ ? If yes, find a linear combination.
  - (b) Are vectors  $\{a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4\}$  independent?

- (4) (a) Compute  $v^T A v$ ,  $v^T B v$ , respectively, whenever they are well defined.
  - (b) Compute BA, BAB, respectively, whenever they are well defined.