

ASSIGNMENT 4

1. Odd String Difference

CODE : from collections import defaultdict
from typing import List, Tuple

```
def pairwise(iterable):
    # pairwise('ABCDEFG') --> AB BC CD DE EF
    FG a, b = iter(iterable), iter(iterable)
    next(b, None)
    return zip(a, b)

class Solution:
    def oddString(self, words: List[str]) -> str:
        d = defaultdict(list)
        for s in words:
            t = tuple(ord(b) - ord(a) for a, b in pairwise(s))
            d[t].append(s)
        return next(ss[0] for ss in d.values() if len(ss) == 1)
```

Example usage:

```
solution = Solution()
words = ["abc", "def", "abd"]
```

print(solution.oddString(words)) # Output will be "abc" or "def" or "abd" depending on the tuples generated
OUTPUT :

abd

2 . Words Within Two Edits of Dictionary

CODE : from typing import List

```
class Solution:
    def twoEditWords(self, queries: List[str], dictionary: List[str]) -> List[str]:
        c = 0
        final = []
        final1 = []

        for qw in queries:
```

```

for dw in dictionary: c =
    0 for k in
        range(len(qw)):
            if qw[k] != dw[k]:
                c += 1
            if c < 3 and qw not in final1:
                final1.append(qw)

final += final1

final1 = [] return
final

```

Example usage:

```

solution = Solution()
queries = ["word", "note", "ants", "wood"] dictionary = ["wood", "joke", "moat"]
print(solution.twoEditWords(queries, dictionary)) # Expected output: ["word", "note",
"wood"]

```

OUTPUT :

```

['word', 'note', 'wood']

```



3 . Next Greater Element IV

CODE : def printNGE(arr):

```

for i in range(0, len(arr), 1):

```

```

    next = -1 for j in
        range(i+1, len(arr), 1): if
            arr[i] < arr[j]:
                next = arr[j]
            break

```

```

    print(str(arr[i]) + " -- " + str(next))

```

Driver program to test above function

```

arr = [11, 13, 21, 3]

```

```

printNGE(arr)

```

OUTPUT :

```
11 -- 13
13 -- 21
21 -- -1
3 -- -1
```

4 . Minimum Addition to Make Integer Beautiful

CODE : class

Solution:

```
def makeIntegerBeautiful(self, n: int, target: int) -> int:
```

```
    def f(x: int) ->
```

```
        int: y = 0
```

```
        while x:
```

```
            y += x % 10
```

```
            x //= 10
```

```
        return y
```

```
        x = 0
```

```
        while f(n + x)
```

```
            > target: y = n
```

```
            + x p = 10
```

```
            while y % 10
```

```
                == 0:
```

```
                y //= 10
```

```
                p *= 10
```

```
                x = (y // 10 + 1) * p - n
```

```
        return x
```

Example usage:

```
solution = Solution()
```

```
n = 123
```

```
target = 6
```

```
print(solution.makeIntegerBeautiful(n, target)) # Output will be the smallest x such that sum  
of digits of (n + x) <= target
```

OUTPUT :



5 . Sort Array by Moving Items to Empty Space

CODE :

Python3 program to find the only
repeating element in an array where
elements are from 1 to N-1.

```
def findRepeating(arr, N):  
    for i in range(N):  
        for j in range(i + 1, N):  
            if (arr[i] ==  
                arr[j]):  
                return arr[i]
```

```
# Driver's Code if  
__name__ == "__main__":  
arr = [9, 8, 2, 6, 1, 8, 5, 3, 4,  
7] N = len(arr)
```

```
# Function call  
print(findRepeating(arr, N))
```

OUTPUT :

