

## Hybrid or Custom Agile Lab Experimentation

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### Custom Setup in Jira

#### 1. Create a Custom Issue Type

- **Name:** Experiment
- **Description:** For managing Agile lab experiments that mix Scrum, Kanban, and Lean principles to maximize flexibility.

#### Custom Fields:

##### 1. Experiment Type:

- Dropdown options: New Feature, Marketing Test, Technical Prototype, A/B Test, etc.

##### 2. Hypothesis:

- Text field for stating the experiment's hypothesis (e.g., "We believe that shortening onboarding will increase user retention by 15%.").

##### 3. Goals:

- Text field for defining the objectives of the experiment (e.g., "Reduce user churn during onboarding by simplifying the process.").

##### 4. Execution Method:

- Dropdown options: Scrum, Kanban, Hybrid.

##### 5. Metrics to Measure:

- Multi-select field for metrics (e.g., User Feedback, Conversion Rate, Technical Performance).

##### 6. Status:

- Options: Define Hypothesis, Testing, Iterating, Analyzing, Completed.

##### 7. Findings:

- Text area to document insights and learnings from the experiment.

##### 8. Decision:

- Options: Implement, Pivot, Discard, Retry.
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### Workflow for Hybrid Agile Experiments

#### Statuses and Steps:

##### 1. Define Hypothesis and Goals:

- Clearly define what you aim to test and achieve.
- Include the hypothesis and metrics to validate or invalidate it.
- **Exit Criteria:** Hypothesis and goals documented in the Jira issue.

## 2. Plan and Execute:

- Choose Scrum (time-boxed sprints) or Kanban (continuous flow) based on the nature of the experiment:
  - **Scrum:** Break tasks into stories or subtasks and plan sprints.
  - **Kanban:** Visualize tasks on a Kanban board for a continuous flow of work.
- Develop the Minimal Viable Experiment (MVE).
- **Exit Criteria:** Experiment is launched.

## 3. Testing:

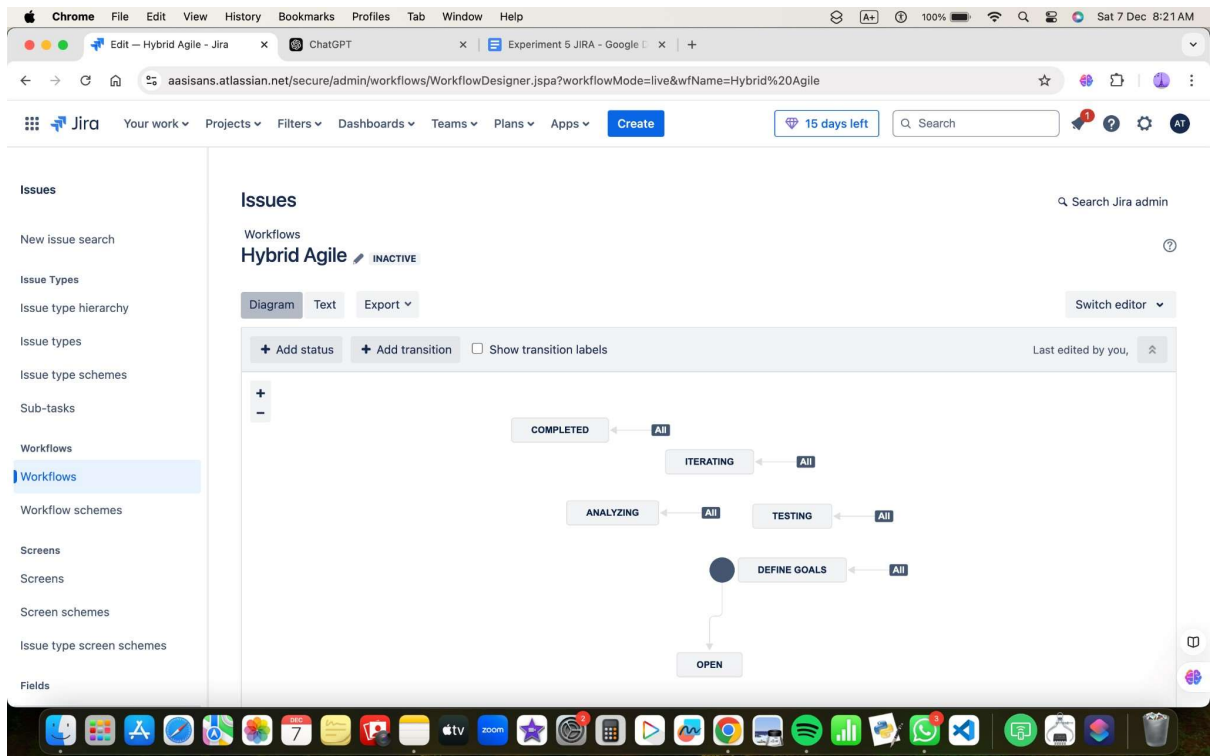
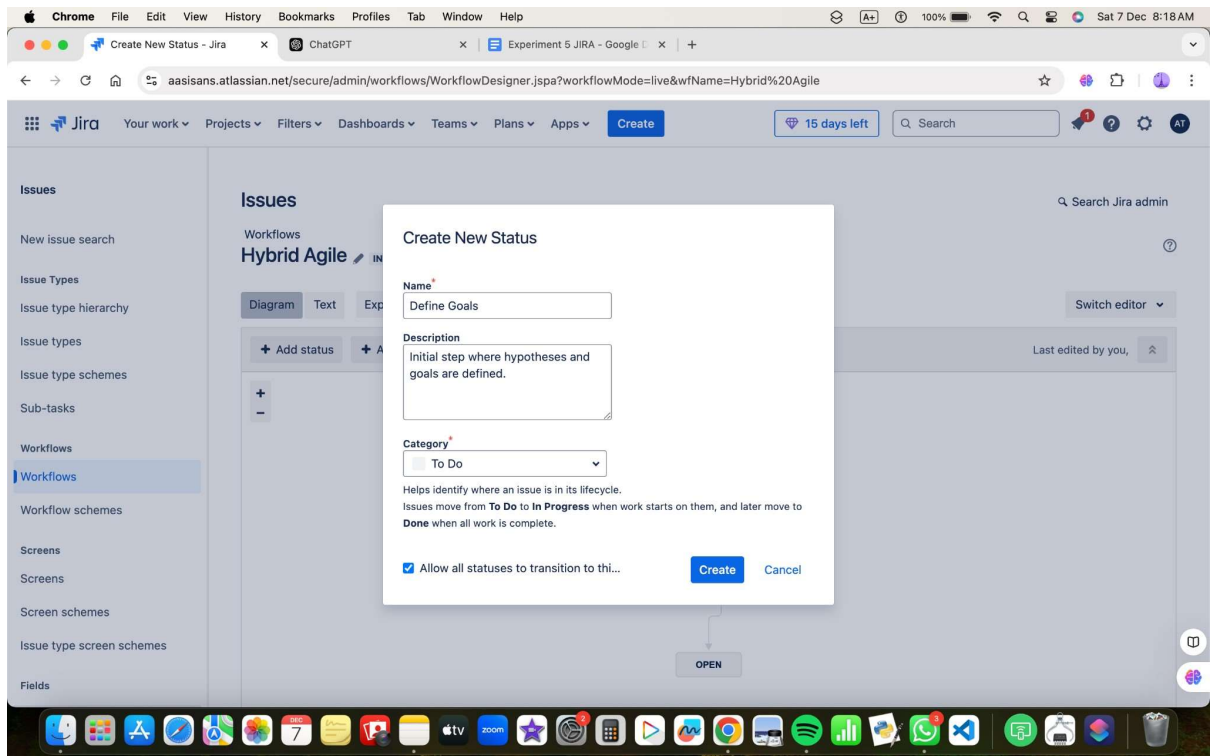
- Run the experiment and collect data continuously.
- Monitor metrics like user feedback, conversion rates, or system performance.
- **Exit Criteria:** Data collection is complete.

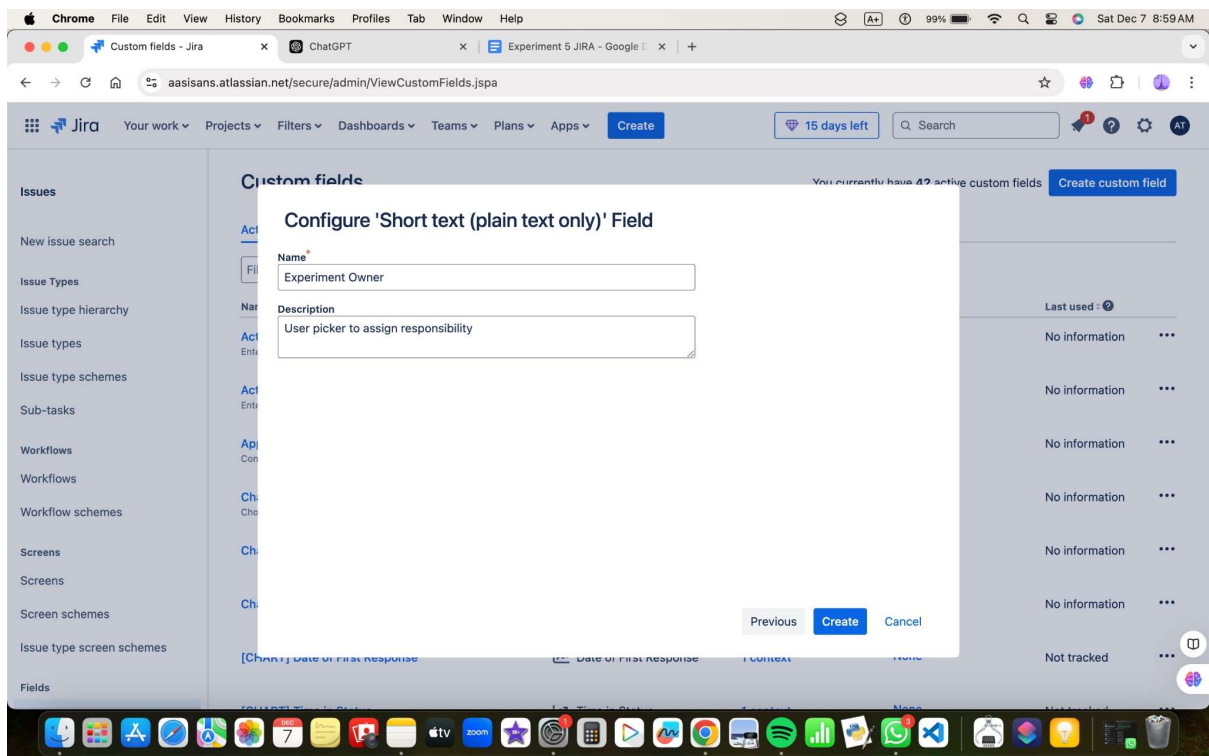
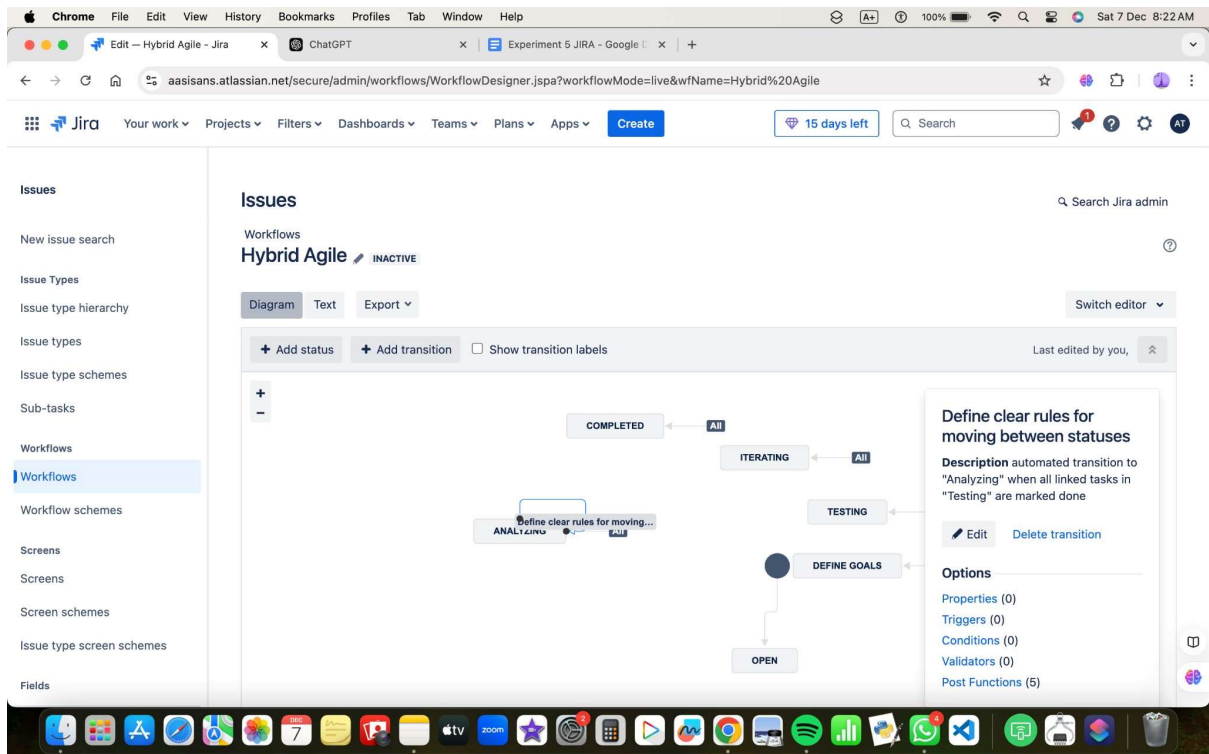
## 4. Analyze and Learn:

- Evaluate the results to validate or invalidate the hypothesis.
- Document findings in the Jira issue.
- **Exit Criteria:** Analysis and learnings documented.

## 5. Iterate or Pivot:

- Based on findings, decide the next steps:
  - **Iterate:** Refine the experiment and retest.
  - **Pivot:** Change the approach or hypothesis.
  - **Implement:** Roll out successful experiments.
  - **Discard:** Stop pursuing the idea.
- **Exit Criteria:** Final decision is documented.





## Example: A/B Test for App Onboarding

### Issue Setup in Jira:

- **Summary:** A/B Test for App Onboarding

- **Experiment Type:** A/B Test
- **Execution Method:** Hybrid (Scrum for development, Kanban for experiment flow).
- **Hypothesis:** "We believe that reducing onboarding steps will increase user retention by 20%."
- **Goals:** Increase user retention by optimizing onboarding. ● **Metrics to Measure:** Retention Rate, Conversion Rate.

## Workflow in Jira:

### 1. Define Hypothesis and Goals:

- Document hypothesis and goals in the issue.
- Assign tasks to team members for preparation.

### 2. Plan and Execute:

- Use **Scrum** to plan development tasks:
  - Story 1: Design onboarding variants (short and long versions).
  - Story 2: Implement A/B testing logic.
  - Story 3: Deploy to staging for QA.
- Use **Kanban** to track the experiment:
  - Task 1: Launch Variant A.
  - Task 2: Launch Variant B.

### 3. Testing:

- Run the experiment for a week.
- Collect data on retention and conversion rates for both variants.

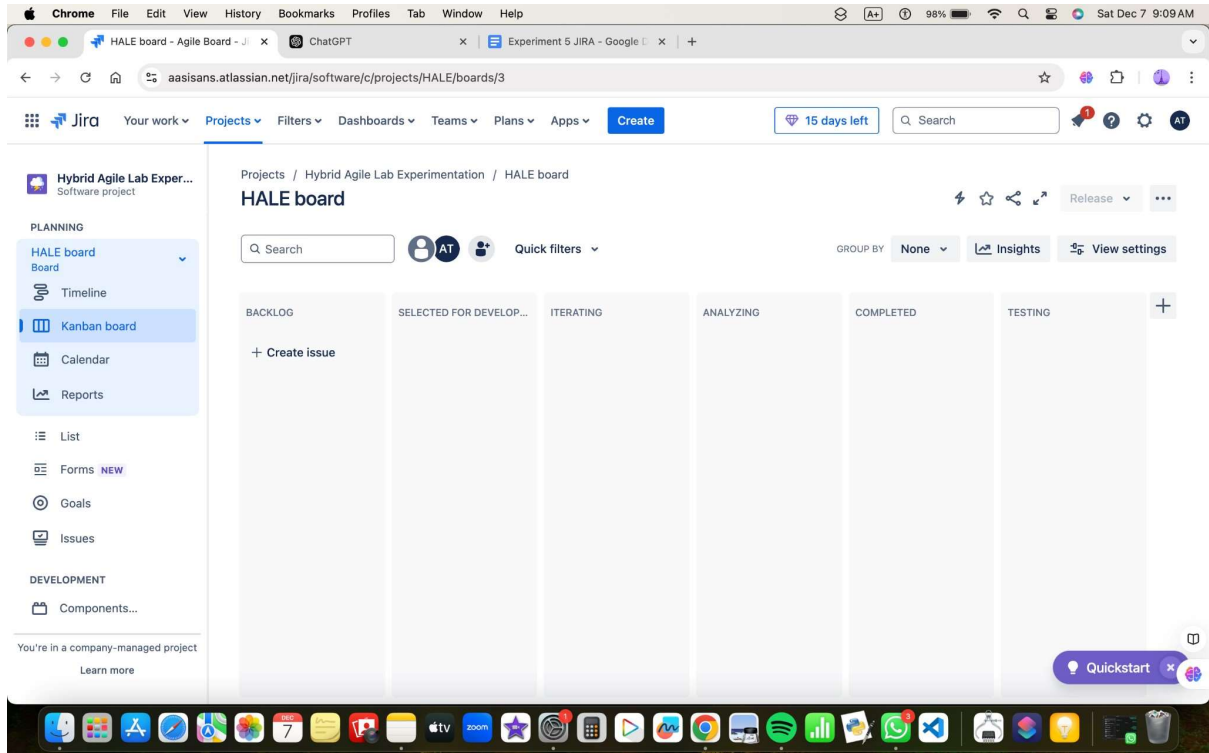
### 4. Analyze and Learn:

- Variant A shows a 25% increase in retention compared to Variant B. ○ Document findings in the **Findings** field.

### 5. Decide:

- Decision: Implement Variant A as the new onboarding flow.

- Mark the Jira issue as **Completed**.



## Key Features for Jira Integration

### 1. Custom Dashboards:

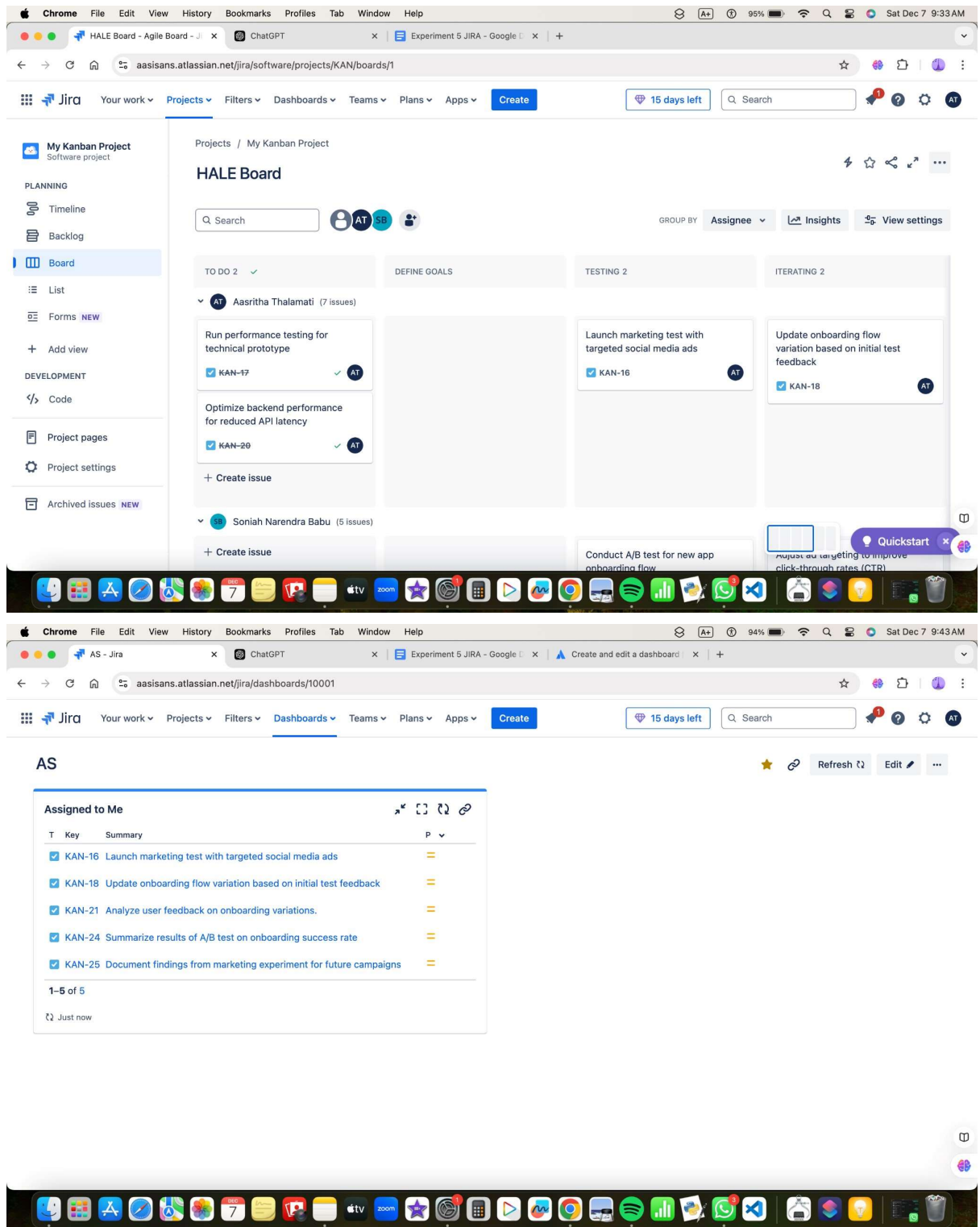
- Use Jira dashboards to track metrics like:
  - Status of experiments.
  - Key metrics over time (retention, feedback).

### 2. Automation:

- Set up Jira automation rules to:
  - Notify stakeholders when experiments move to the "Analyze and Learn" stage.
  - Automatically update the status based on task completion.

### 3. Reporting:

- Generate reports to summarize findings and decisions for completed experiments.



## Benefits of This Hybrid Agile Approach

1. **Flexibility:** Adapts to different experiment types and team workflows.
2. **Focus on Learning:** Ensures quick validation of ideas to minimize waste.
3. **Transparency:** All stakeholders can track experiments through Jira.

4. **Continuous Improvement:** Enables iterative refinement of ideas.