



SWAMI VIVEKANAND COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING INDORE

CLASS WORK
SESSIONAL WORK

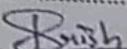
ASSINGMENT No. 3
EXPERIMENT

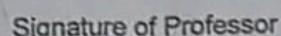
SUBMITTED ON MARKS OR GRADE OBTAINED

NAME KRISH SONTI ROLL NO. 0822CS291109

CLASS 1st Year One SEM DEPARTMENT CS-IT

SUBJECT LLS CODE No. BT-206


Signature of Student


Signature of Professor

Activity No. :- 034

DATE :-

A debate is a formal discussion or argument on a particular topics where opposing viewpoint are presented. It usually involves two sides : one supporting the topic (pro) and the other opposing it (con). Each side provides logical arguments, examples, and evidence to support their views.

For Example:-

- (1) online Education vs offline Education
- (2) Government Job vs Private Job
- (3) Junk food vs Home-Made Simple food.

TOPIC - I online Education vs offline Education

	Activity
	<p>Online Education :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flexible schedule and learning pace. • Accessible from anywhere. • variety of courses available. • often more affordable.
	<p>Offline Education :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • face-to-face interaction with teachers and peers. • Better discipline and routine. • Hands-on experience and practicals. • Better communication and social skills development.
2.	Government Job vs Private Job
	<p>Government Job :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job security and stability • Fixed working hours and better work-life balance. • Retirement benefits and Pension. • Respect in Society.



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→ Private Job :-

- Faster growth and promotion opportunities.
- Higher Salary in many cases.
- Exposure to new skills and technologies.
- Dynamic work environment.

3) Junk food vs Home-Made simple food

→ Junk food :-

- Tasty and easily available.
- Time-saving
- Variety of flavors and choices.

→ Home-made simple food :-

- Healthy and hygienic.
- less risk of diseases.
- Controlled ingredients (less oil, Sugar, salt).
- Emotionally satisfying and nutritious.



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CLASS WORK
SESSIONAL WORK

ASSINGMENT No. 4
EXPERIMENT

SUBMITTED ON MARKS OR GRADE OBTAINED

NAME KRISHNA DONTI ROLL NO. 0822CS291109

CLASS 2nd SEM., 1st Year DEPARTMENT CS-II

SUBJECT LLS CODE No. BT-206

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Signature of Student

Signature of Professor

: Activity No.-4:

BOOK REVIEW

What is Book review?

A Book review is a written analysis, and assessment of a book, typically including a summary of the plot, character analysis, evaluation of writing style, and a recommendation for potential readers. It's way to share opinions and help others decide if they should read the book.

Example :-

Name of the Book :- Wings of fire

Author :- Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam

Publisher :- Universities Press

Publication year :- 1 January, 1999

Genre :- Autobiography, Biography

Language :- English

About the Author:- Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam was the 11th President of India (2002-2007) renowned scientist and a national hero.

He was a visionary leader who played a pivotal role in India's scientific advancements and missile programs

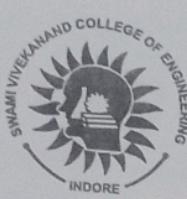
About the Book:- Wings of fire chronicles Dr. Kalam's remarkable journey from a humble background in Rameswaram to the highest office in India. It is a deeply personal account of his struggles, triumphs and the values that shaped him. The book delves into his childhood experiences, his passion for science, his inspiring mentors and his dedication to nation building. His unique blend of scientific mind and spiritual outlook resonated with millions of readers, making wings of fire a bestseller.



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Recommendation :- This book is an essential read for anyone seeking inspiration, guidance and a glimpse into the life of an extra ordinary individual. It offers valuable lessons on perseverance, hard work, leadership and the pursuit of dreams whether you are a student, a young professional or anyone looking for a motivational boost, wings of fire will leave you feeling empowered and ready to take on your own challenges.

Rating :- My rating for the book is 4.5 out of 5 stars.



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ASSINGMENT EXPERIMENT	No. 5
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SUBMITTED ON MARKS OR GRADE OBTAINED

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CLASS 2nd SEM, 1st Year DEPARTMENT CS-II

SUBJECT LLS CODE No. BT-206

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Activity 05 :-

Describing object, situation giving direction

Example :-

TOPICS :-

- (1) Aeroplane
- (2) Missile
- (3) Generator
- (4) Bike
- (5) I.C. Engine.

I - AEROPLANE

Aeroplane : An aeroplane is a powered flying vehicles with fixed wings and a body designed to carry Passengers or Cargo through the air.

It uses engines for thrust and wings for lift, enabling it to travel long distance quickly.

Aeroplanes are essential for global transportation, connecting countries and continents. They operate based on principles of aerodynamics and require skilled pilots to navigate safely through various weather conditions and altitudes.

Inventor of the Aeroplane

- Name: Wright Brothers
 - Orville Wright
 - Wilbur Wright
- Place: Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, USA
- Date: December 17, 1903
- Invention: first successful powered and controlled flying machine - the Wright Flyer.



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TOPIC - Missile :-

A missile is a guided weapon system designed to deliver a warhead with high accuracy over long distances. Missiles can be launched from land, sea, air, or submarines and are used mainly for military purposes. They are equipped with guidance systems, propulsion units, and explosive warheads.

There are several types of missiles:-

- Ballistic Missiles : (Follow a curved trajectory, like a thrown ball)
- Cruise Missiles : (fly like an aircraft at low altitudes)
- Surface-to-Air Missiles : (used to target aircraft)
- Air-to-Air Missiles : (launched from one aircraft to hit another)
- Anti-tank Missiles : (used to destroy armored vehicles)

Modern missiles are capable of carrying conventional or nuclear warheads and are crucial in both offensive and defensive military operations.

Inventor of the Missile

Name : Wernher von Braun

Place : Germany

Time/Day : Early 1940s (World War II era)

Von Braun developed the V-2 rocket, the world's first long-range guided ballistic missile, in Nazi Germany. The V-2 became the foundation for future missile and space technology.



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TOPIC - GENERATOR

A generator is a device that converts mechanical energy into electrical energy. It works on the principle of electromagnetic induction, discovered by Michael Faraday. When a coil rotates within a magnetic field, it induces an electric current - this is the basic working of a generator.

Types of Generators:-

- (1) AC Generator (Alternator) - Produces alternating current.
- (2) DC Generator - Produces direct current.
- (3) Portable Generator - Used for temporary power supply.
- (4) Industrial Generator - Used for large-scale electricity generation in power plants.

USES:-

- Power backup during electricity failure
- Electricity supply in remote areas
- Powering tools and machinery in industries

Inventor of the Generator:-

- Name: Michael Faraday
- Place: London, United Kingdom
- Year: 1831
- Invention: first electromagnetic generator (Faraday's disk)



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CLASS WORK
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ASSINGMENT EXPERIMENT	No. 7
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SUBMITTED ON 01/05/2015

MARKS OR GRADE OBTAINED

NAME Krish Soni

ROLL NO. 0822CS241109

CLASS (II SEM), 1ST Year

DEPARTMENT CS-II

SUBJECT Language Lab & Seminar

CODE No. BT-2006

Signature of Student

RHM 01/05/2015
Signature of Professor

ACTIVITY No. 7

→ Write some social rules/norms, which we follow in our daily life

2 → Here are some social rules or norms which we follow in our day-to-day activity:

① Shaking hands, when greeting someone.

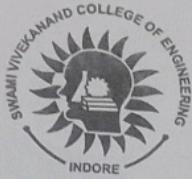
② Saying "Please" and "Thank you".

③ Apologizing when one makes a mistake

④ Standing up when a respected or famous people enters the room

- ⑤ Making eye contact during a conversation.
- ⑥ Listening when someone is speaking
- ⑦ Offering help when someone is struggling.
- ⑧ Standing at a comfortable distance (personal space). Stand close, when we are familiar with the person.
- ⑨ Avoiding sensitive topics in casual conversation like politics, religion, or money unless you are close to the person.
- ⑩ Lowering your voice in public places.
- ⑪ Removing shoes before entering someone's home.
- ⑫ Covering your mouth when yawning.

1/10/25



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CLASS WORK
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ASSINGMENT EXPERIMENT	No. 8
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SUBMITTED ON 07/05/25 MARKS OR GRADE OBTAINED

NAME KRISH SONT ROLL NO. QB22CS241109

CLASS 2nd (SEM) 1st Year DEPARTMENT CS-II

SUBJECT LPS CODE No. BT-20G

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Signature of Student

Signature of Professor

Activity No. 8

TELEPHONIC ETIQUETTE

Telephonic Etiquette are the polite and professional manners you should follow while talking on the phone.

→ Here are some tips for telephonic Etiquette

① Always identify yourself at the beginning of all calls.

(A) When in the office, always answer a telephone by saying: "Hello / Good Morning. Accounting Department, Syndi Seid Speaking."

- (B) from a cell phone, either simply say Hellow, or state your name, Hellow, Syndi Seid here. Do not answer by using words such as "yeah" or "yes"
- (C) when placing a call, always state your name along with the name of the person you are calling. Example: "Hellow. my name is Rohan Gupta, from XYZ Corporation. May I please speak with Ms. Jane Smith?"
- (2) Be sensitive to the tone of your voice. Do not sound overly anxious, aggressive or pushy. It is important your tone conveys authority and confidence. Don't lean back in your chair when speaking on the telephone.
Tip: Sit up in your chair or stand during the conversation. When at home use a personal tape recorder to privately record your own conversations. You will then hear how you sound to others.



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3. Think through exactly what you plan to say and discuss before you place a call.

Tip: Jot down the items you want to discuss and questions you want answered. In other words anticipate and expect you will be placed into a voicemail system. Plan your message to be as direct and specific as possible asking the person to respond to specific alternatives or questions.

4. Do not allow interruptions to occur during conversations:

Do not carry on side conversations with other people around you. The person on the telephonic takes precedence over someone who happens to walk in your office or passes by while you are on the phone.

5. Build the habit of always turning off your cell phone ringer when entering a meeting, restaurant, theater, training class, or other place.

where the purpose of your visit would be interrupted or others would be disturbed by hearing your cell phone ring.

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