Sonali Joshi - Assignment 5

Exploratory Analysis

The Counts data and Phenotype data were loaded into R for analysis with Bioconductor. Rows with very low counts were filtered out to reduce the size of the counts data.

```
CountsData<-read.delim('FeatureCountsData.txt', header = TRUE)
CountsData = CountsData[rowMeans(CountsData[,2:7])>5,]
head(CountsData,5)
##
             Genes SRR1554537 SRR1554538 SRR1554541 SRR1554535 SRR1554536
## 2
            WASH7P
                          1711
                                       950
                                                  1230
                                                              849
                                                                          257
## 6
         L0C729737
                            25
                                       280
                                                    62
                                                               134
                                                                            2
                                                                           22
## 9
      L0C100133331
                           454
                                       602
                                                   283
                                                               137
## 13 LOC100288069
                                                                            4
                           127
                                       277
                                                   144
                                                                27
##
   14
         LINC00115
                           261
                                       459
                                                   212
                                                                94
                                                                           12
##
      SRR1554539
## 2
             486
## 6
              181
## 9
              135
              52
## 13
PhenoData <- read.delim('Sample_phenotypes.txt', header=TRUE)
sample_data <- DataFrame(PhenoData)</pre>
head(PhenoData)
##
        Biosample
                         SRA
                                     Run
                                            Sex
                                                     Age Race Tissue Disease RIN
## 1 SAMNO2999520 SRS686965 SRR1554537 Female -0.3836
                                                           AΑ
                                                               DLPFC Control 9.6
## 2 SAMNO2999521 SRS686966 SRR1554538 Female -0.4027
                                                               DLPFC Control 6.4
## 3 SAMN02999524 SRS686969 SRR1554541
                                           Male -0.3836
                                                           AA
                                                               DLPFC Control 5.7
## 4 SAMN02999518 SRS686963 SRR1554535
                                           Male 41.5800
                                                               DLPFC Control 8.7
## 5 SAMNO2999519 SRS686964 SRR1554536 Female 44.1700
                                                               DLPFC Control 5.3
                                                           AA
   6 SAMN02999522 SRS686967 SRR1554539 Female 36.5000
                                                               DLPFC Control 9.0
##
     ExpDesign
## 1
         Fetal
## 2
         Fetal
## 3
         Fetal
## 4
         Adult
## 5
         Adult
## 6
         Adult
```

Create DESeqDataSet object

The package DESeq2 was used for further analysis. A column called ExpDesign was added to the Phenotype table to label the fetal and adult samples. This is used by DESeq2 package to specify the experimental design for analysis. Construct the DESeqDataSet object from the Counts data and the phenotype data

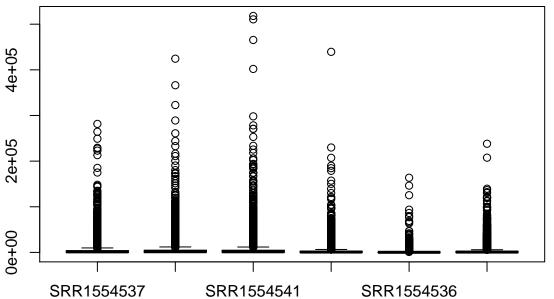
```
data_dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(CountsData[,2:7], PhenoData, ~ExpDesign)
```

The DESeq2 package recommends the use of raw data without normalizing for sequencing depth as it accounts for library size differences internally.

Visualize data

The boxplot on raw data indicates that data transformation is needed before PCA.

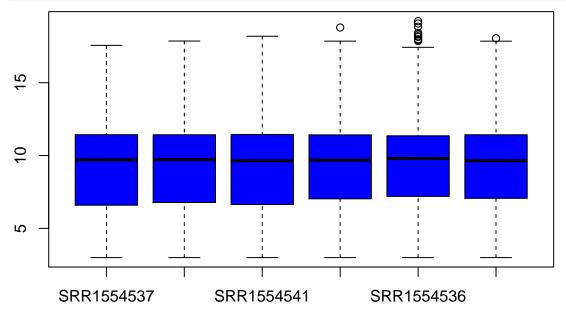
boxplot(counts(data_dds))



Transformation DESeq2 offers two transformations for count data to stabilize variance. Transform the data using the VST - Variance Stabilizing Transformation and plot the data.

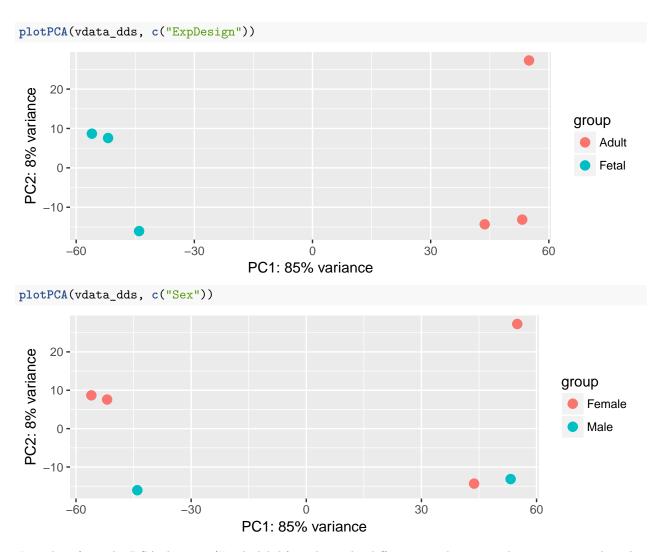
Data

```
vdata_dds <- vst(data_dds, blind = FALSE)
boxplot(vst(counts(data_dds)), col="blue")</pre>
```



PCA

Explore the data further by doing PCA on the data, to check if the age (fetal, adults) or sex have correlations with the principal components.



It is clear from the PCA that age (Fetal, Adult) explains the difference in the counts data as compared to the sex.