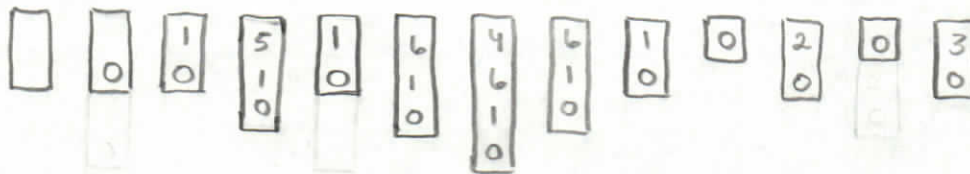


1) - Screen shot at the end.

2) Topological Sort: (DFS)



$\frac{1}{5} \frac{2}{4} \frac{3}{6} \frac{4}{1} \frac{5}{2} \frac{6}{3} \frac{7}{0} = 0156423$ DFS Traversal
Pop order ☺

3) - Screen Shot at the end.

4)

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
20	-1	2	5	30	10	-4	11	40	50
(s)	(i)								
	(s)	(i)							
		(s)	(i)						
			(s)	(i)	(i)				
				(s)					
20	-1	2	5	10	30	-4	11	40	50
				(s)	(i)				
20	-1	2	5	10	-4		11	40	50
						(s)	(i)		
20	-1	2	5	10	-4	11	30	40	50
							(s)	(i)	
20	-1	2	5	10	-4	11	30	40	50
(s)	(i)								
-1	20	2	5	10	-4	11	30	40	50
	(s)	(i)							
-1	2	5	20	10	-4	11	30	40	50
			(s)	(i)					
-1	2	5	10	20	-4	11	30	40	50

Lomuto Partition
 $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{p=1}^n (p-1) = (\frac{n}{2} - \frac{1}{2})$
 $\Theta(n^2)$

← Reset

20 -1 2 5 30 10 -4 11 40 50

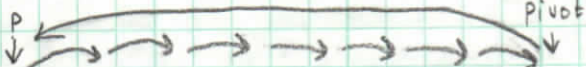
Pivot



Pivot



20 -1 2 5 30 10 -4 11 40 50



20 -1 2 5 30 10 -4 11 40 50



11 -1 2 5 30 10 -4 20 40 50

Pivot



-4 -1 2 5 30 10 11 20 40 50

Pivot

-4 -1 2 5 11 10 30 20 40 50



-4 -1 2 5 10 11 30 20 40 50

```
50 /* Adds an edge to a directed graph, from src node to dest node.
51 The new edge is added at the end of the A-list.*/
52 void addEdge(struct Graph* graph, int src, int dest) {
53     struct Node* pNewNode = createNewNode(dest);
54     if (graph->pArray[src].next == NULL) //A-list is empty
55         graph->pArray[src].next = pNewNode; //new node is first in list
56     else{ //A-list is not empty
57         struct Node* pCrawl = graph->pArray[src].next; //ptr to head of list
58         while (pCrawl->next != NULL) //traverse to tail of list
59             pCrawl = pCrawl->next;
60         //pNode now points to the tail of the list
61         pCrawl->next = pNewNode; //add new node to tail of list
62     }
63 }
64
65 // Utility function to print all the A-lists in the graph
66 void printGraph(struct Graph* graph) {
67     for (int v = 0; v < graph->V; v++) {
68         struct Node* pCrawl = graph->pArray[v].next;
69         printf("Vertex %d has mark %d; ", v, graph->pArray[v].mark);
70         printf("a-list:");
71         while (pCrawl) { //exits when pointer is NULL at end of list
72             printf("-> %d", pCrawl->vertNum);
73             pCrawl = pCrawl->next; //advance to the next list element
74         }
75         printf("\n");
76     }
77 }
78
79 int main() {
80     int V = 7;
81     struct Graph* pGraph = createGraph(V);
82     addEdge(pGraph, 0, 1);
83     addEdge(pGraph, 0, 2);
84     addEdge(pGraph, 0, 3);
85     addEdge(pGraph, 1, 5);
86     addEdge(pGraph, 1, 6);
87     addEdge(pGraph, 2, 4);
88     addEdge(pGraph, 3, 2);
89     addEdge(pGraph, 3, 4);
90     addEdge(pGraph, 4, 1);
91     addEdge(pGraph, 6, 4);
92
93     printGraph(pGraph);
94 }
```

```
$gcc -o main *.c -lm
```

```
$main
```

```
Vertex 0 has mark 0; a-list:-> 1-> 2-> 3
Vertex 1 has mark 0; a-list:-> 5-> 6
Vertex 2 has mark 0; a-list:-> 4
Vertex 3 has mark 0; a-list:-> 2-> 4
Vertex 4 has mark 0; a-list:-> 1
Vertex 5 has mark 0; a-list:
Vertex 6 has mark 0; a-list:-> 4
```

```

61     pCrawl->next = pNewNode;    //add new node to tail of list
62 }
63 }
64
65 // Utility function to print all the A-lists in the graph
66 void printGraph(struct Graph* graph) {
67     for (int v = 0; v < graph->V; v++) {
68         struct Node* pCrawl = graph->pArray[v].next;
69         printf("Vertex %d has mark %d; ", v, graph->pArray[v].mark);
70         printf("a-list:");
71         while (pCrawl) { //exits when pointer is NULL at end of list
72             printf("-> %d", pCrawl->vertNum);
73             pCrawl = pCrawl->next; //advance to the next list element
74         }
75         printf("\n");
76     }
77 }
78
79 void dfs(struct Graph *graph, int v){
80     static int counter=0;
81     counter++;
82     graph->pArray[v].mark=counter;
83     printf("Vertex %d has mark %d; \n", v, graph->pArray[v].mark);
84
85     struct Node* pCrawl = graph->pArray[v].next;
86     while (pCrawl) { //exits when pointer is NULL at end of list
87         int childNum =pCrawl->vertNum;
88         int childMark =graph->pArray[childNum].mark;
89         if(childMark==0)
90             dfs(graph, childNum);
91         pCrawl = pCrawl->next; //advance to the next list element
92     }
93     //printf("\n");
94 }
95
96 int main() {
97     int V = 7;
98     struct Graph* pGraph = createGraph(V);
99     addEdge(pGraph, 0, 1);
100    addEdge(pGraph, 0, 2);
101    addEdge(pGraph, 0, 3);
102    addEdge(pGraph, 1, 5);
103    addEdge(pGraph, 1, 6);
104    addEdge(pGraph, 2, 4);
105    addEdge(pGraph, 3, 2);
106    addEdge(pGraph, 3, 4);
107    addEdge(pGraph, 4, 1);
108    addEdge(pGraph, 6, 4);
109
110    dfs(pGraph, 0);
111 }
112

```

```
$gcc -o main *.c -lm
```

```
$main
```

```

Vertex 0 has mark 1;
Vertex 1 has mark 2;
Vertex 5 has mark 3;
Vertex 6 has mark 4;
Vertex 4 has mark 5;
Vertex 2 has mark 6;
Vertex 3 has mark 7;

```