TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2080 Baishakh

Exam.	100	Back	
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCT,BEX	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	III / I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Computer Graphics (Ex 603)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt <u>All</u> questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.

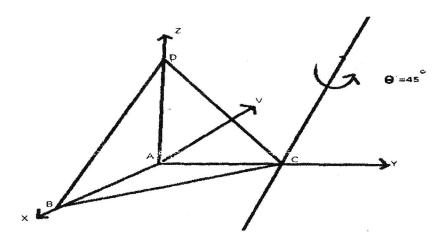


[3+3]

[8]

- 1. Define the terms pixel, resolution and pixel density. How much time is spent scanning each row of pixels during screen refresh on a raster system with resolution of 640×480 whose refresh is 24 frames per second? Also calculate the access time per pixel.
- 2. Derive an expression for drawing on ellipse.
- 3. Explain 2-D viewing pipeline. Obtain window to viewport transformation matrix with necessary steps and figures. Give example.

 [10]
- 4. The pyramid defined by the coordinate A(0,0,0), B(1,0,0), C(0,1,0) and D(0,0,1) is rotated 45° about line L that has direction V = J + K and passing through the point C(0,1,0). Find the coordinate of the rotated figure.



- 5. What is Bezier Curve? Find the coordinates of Bezier curve at u = 0.25, 0.5 and 0.75 with respect to the control points (10,15), (15,25), (20,35), (25,15) using Bezier Function. [2+6]
- 6. How do you represent an object in 3D? Explain the steps to find surface normal vector of a surface represented by Ax +By +Cz + D = 0. [4+4]
- 7. What is the limitation of Z- buffer method? How does A-buffer method overcome it? Explain. [2+6]
- 8. What is illumination model? How light intensity of a point can be calculated? Also, discuss about the type of light source in intensity calculation. [2+6]
- 9. What is Phong Shading Model? Write down the algorithm for this shading model. Can we use this method to reduce Mach-Band effect? [2+4+2]
- 10. Write the importance of OpenGL in computer graphics. Write OpenGL syntax to draw a rectangle and polygon considering your own vertices. [6]