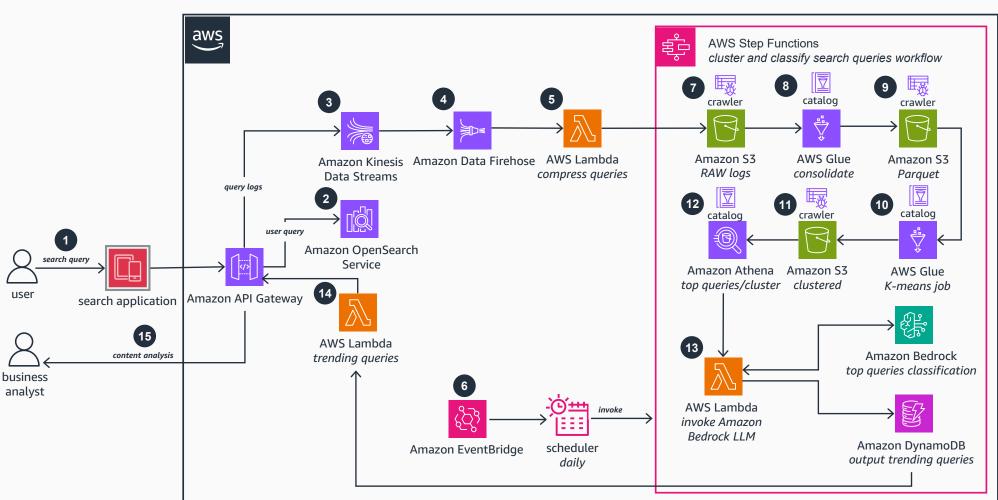
Amazon OpenSearch Trending Queries with AWS Glue and Amazon Bedrock

This reference architecture diagram demonstrates how to leverage AWS services like AWS Glue, Amazon Bedrock, Amazon OpenSearch Service, vector embedding, K-means clustering, and LLMs to identify top trending search queries for optimizing content strategy, improving user experience, and potentially increasing revenue.



- 1 End users search articles on the search page.
- Queries are sent to Amazon OpenSearch for results retrieval.
- 3 Search query logs are streamed through Amazon Kinesis Data Streams using an Amazon API Gateway proxy.
- 4 Amazon Kinesis Firehose consolidates search query logs every 15 minutes (the maximum buffer limit).
- An **AWS Lambda** function compresses search query logs for **Amazon Simple Storage Service** (Amazon S3) storage optimization.
- 6 Amazon EventBridge's daily scheduler triggers AWS Step Functions for trending query identification.
- 7 An AWS Glue crawler creates catalogue tables for search query logs stored in Amazon S3.
- An **AWS Glue** job consolidates and transforms query logs to Parquet files to boost query performance.
- 9 An **AWS Glue c**rawler creates catalogue table for Parquet files stored in **Amazon S3**.
- An AWS Glue job (K-means clustering) processes data, creates search query clusters based and stores it in Amazon S3.
- An AWS Glue crawler creates catalogue table for search queries clusters stored in Amazon S3.
- **12** Amazon Athena queries the top *n* queries per cluster and passes a CSV file as input to an AWS Lambda function.
- 13 Lambda processes the CSV file in a loop, invokes Amazon Bedrock to identify the most relevant search query per cluster, and stores it in Amazon DynamoDB.
- When the user opens the search page, application logic uses Amazon API Gateway to retrieve top trending queries using AWS Lambda and the Amazon DynamoDB table to display them on the search page.
- Business analysts use a trending query API to analyze trending search queries to define content strategy.

