**ABSTRACT**

The explosive growth in popularity of social networking leads to the problematic usage. An increasing number of social network mental disorders (SNMDs), such as Cyber-Relationship Addiction, Information Overload, and Net Compulsion, have been recently noted. Symptoms of these mental disorders are usually observed passively today, resulting in delayed clinical intervention. Argue that mining online social behavior provides an opportunity to actively identify SNMDs at an early stage. It is challenging to detect SNMDs because the mental status cannot be directly observed from online social activity logs. Provide an early alert for potential patients. Parents can detect their children’s mental health. Teachers can also use it for children’s mental health. In the current world identification of potential mental disorders often falls on the shoulders of supervisors. SNMD data from different OSNS may be incomplete due to heterogeneity. Patients would only seek clinical interventions when their condition becomes very severe. propose a machine learning framework, namely, *Social Network Mental Disorder Detection (SNMDD)*, that exploits features extracted from social network data to accurately identify potential cases of SNMDs. The paper also exploits multi-source learning in SNMDD and propose a new SNMD-based Tensor Model (STM) to improve the accuracy. propose a novel tensor-based approach to address the issues of using heterogeneous data and incorporate domain knowledge in SNMD detection.

Modules:

1. **Admin**

* View
* Create report based on abnormalities(prediction using dataminig)

1. **User**

* Registration
* Post
* Comment
* Follow