

MATH 102: MIDTERM

GOOD LUCK!

There are five questions. Make sure you justify all your work for complete credit.

Rules

- You have 90 minutes to complete your work..
- Closed books.
- No use of internet, textbooks, computer algebra systems, calculators.
- No collaboration.
- 1 person per bathroom break. When you go to the bathroom, turn in your cellphone and exam until return.

Questions

1. (a) [10 points.] Use the truth table to show that

$$P \implies Q \equiv (\neg P) \vee Q.$$

- (b) [10 points.] Find an equivalent expression of

$$\neg(P \implies Q)$$

and use the truth table to check it.

2. The symmetric difference of two sets A and B is defined as follows

$$A \triangle B = (A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A).$$

- (a) *[10 points.]* Use the Venn diagram to represent $A \triangle B$.
(b) *[10 points.]* Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$ and $B = \{2, 4, 6\}$. What is $A \triangle B$?

3. *[20 points.]* For any sets A and B , prove that

$$A \Delta B \subseteq A \cup B.$$

Hint: Start with “Let $x \dots$ ” and use definitions of the operations.

4. [20 points.] Analyze the logical forms of the following statements. The universe of discourse is \mathbb{R} . What are the free variables in each statement?
- (a) Every number that is larger than x is larger than y .
 - (b) For every number a , the equation $ax^2 + 4x - 2 = 0$ has at least one solution if $a \geq -2$.
 - (c) All solutions of the inequality $x^3 - 3x < 3$ are smaller than 10.
 - (d) If there is a number x such that $x^2 + 5x = w$ and there is a number y such that $4 - y^2 = w$, then w is between -10 and 10 .

5. (a) [10 points.] Translate the following statement into a logical formula with predicates and quantifiers.

“If all humans are heroes all the time then no humans are heroes anytime.”

Hint: Define X to be set of humans and T set of time. Suggested variables: x for humans, t for time. Suggested predicate: $P(x, t) = “x$ is a hero in time $t”$.

- (b) [5 points.] A logical formula is said to be simplest if the negation signs (if there is any) are right in front of the predicate and NOT in front of quantifiers. For example, “ $\neg(\forall x \in X, P(x))$ ” is NOT simplest, but “ $\exists x \in X, \neg P(x)$ ” is simplest.

Find the simplest logical formulae to express the negation of the statement in (a).

Hint: Use Question 1 recall $\neg(\forall x \in X, P(x)) \equiv \exists x \in X, \neg P(x)$ and $\neg(\exists x \in X, P(x)) \equiv \forall x \in X, \neg P(x)$.

- (c) [5 points.] Translate the resulting formula in (b) back into English.