

MATH 102: IDEAS OF MATH

WORKSHEET 5

Definition 0.1. A *set* is a collection of objects.

Set of objects x satisfying some property $P(x)$ is denoted by

$$(0.1) \quad \{x \mid P(x)\}.$$

Denote

- (1) The set of all integers to be \mathbb{Z}
- (2) The set of all natural numbers to be \mathbb{N}
- (3) the set of all rational numbers to be \mathbb{Q}

Problem 0.1. From high school knowledge, try to describe \mathbb{Q} in terms of \mathbb{Z} using set notation (0.1).

Problem 0.2. What's the difference between a logical formula and a propositional formula?

Problem 0.3. We short hand the phrase “ x belongs to set X ” by $x \in X$.

Problem 0.4. Represent the following sentences in logical formula form. Some sentences need to be rephrased so that things are clear to identify variables and predicates.

- (1) $x - y$ is rational.
- (2) Every even natural number $n \geq 2$ is divisible by k .
- (3) There is an integer that is divisible by every integer.
- (4) There is no greatest odd integer.
- (5) Between any two distinct rational numbers is a third distinct rational number.
- (6) If any integer has a rational square root, then that root is an integer.

Problem 0.5. Translate the following into English.

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{R}, (a \geq 0 \implies \exists b \in \mathbb{R}, a = b^2).$$