## MATH 104: WORKSHEET 2

## 1. Concepts

- (1) Length
- (2) Dot products

**Definition 1.1.** The length of a vector  $\vec{v}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is

$$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{v_1^2 + \dots + v_n^2} .$$

**Definition 1.2.** The dot product between two vectors  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  is

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} = v_1 w_1 + \dots + v_n w_n .$$

Theorem 1.3 (Law of cosine).

$$\vec{v} \cdot \vec{w} = |\vec{v}| |\vec{w}| \cos \theta$$

where  $\theta$  is the angle between the two vectors.

## 2. Discussions

Question 1. Given two points  $A(x_1, y_1, z_1)$  and  $B(x_2, y_2, z_2)$ . How do you construct a vector  $\overrightarrow{AB}$  with the beginning at A and the end at B?

Question 2. Prove the law of cosine.

Question 3. Interret the equation of a plane going through the origin in  $R^3$ : ax + by + cz = 0 .

Question 4. What is the value of c so that the planes  $2cx - y + c^2 = 15$  and x + 5cy - 3z = 4 are orthogonal?

Question 5. What is the angle between the planes x-2y+3z=6 and 2x+3y-z=11?