

формулы

$(c)' = 0, c = \text{const}$		$(Cu)' = Cu'$	
$(x^n)' = nx^{n-1}$		$(uv)' = u'v + uv'$	
$(a^x)' = a^x \cdot \ln a$		$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$	
$(e^x)' = e^x$		$(C)' = 0$	
$(\log_a x)' = \frac{1}{x \ln a}$		$(u \pm v)' = u' \pm v'$	
$(\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}$	Π	$\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2}$	
$(\sin x)' = \cos x$	P	$y' = y(\ln y)'$	
$(\cos x)' = -\sin x$	O	$(u^v)' = vu^{v-1}u' + u^v v' \ln u$	
$(\sqrt{x})' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$	Π		
$(\text{tg} x)' = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$	3		
$(\text{ctg} x)' = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$	B		
$(\arcsin x)' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	O		
$(\arccos x)' = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$	$\Delta,$		
$(\text{arctg} x)' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$	H		
$(\text{arcctg} x)' = -\frac{1}{1+x^2}$	bl		
$(\text{sh} x)' = \text{ch} x$	X		
$(\text{ch} x)' = \text{sh} x$			
$(\text{th} x)' = \frac{1}{\text{ch}^2 x}$			
$(\text{cth} x)' = -\frac{1}{\text{sh}^2 x}$			

ПОНЯТИЕ ПРОИЗВОДНОЙ

$$f'(x_0) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}.$$

ТЕОРЕМА КОШИ

$$\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{g(b) - g(a)} = \frac{f'(c)}{g'(c)}.$$

ТЕОРЕМА ЛАГРАНЖА

$$f(b) - f(a) = f'(c)(b - a).$$

ЛОГАРИФМИЧЕСКАЯ ПРОИЗВОДНАЯ

$$(u^v)' = u^v \cdot v' \cdot \ln u + u^{v-1} \cdot u' \cdot v.$$

$$(\ln y)' = \frac{y'}{y}.$$

ФОРМУЛА МАКЛОРЕНА

$$f(x) = f(0) + \frac{f'(0)}{1!}x + \frac{f''(0)}{2!}x^2 + \dots + \frac{f^{(n)}(0)}{n!}x^n + o(x^n), \quad x \rightarrow 0$$

ФОРМУЛА ТЕЙЛОРА

$$f(x) = f(x_0) + \frac{f'(x_0)}{1!}(x - x_0) + \frac{f''(x_0)}{2!}(x - x_0)^2 + \dots \\ \dots + \frac{f^{(n)}(x_0)}{n!}(x - x_0)^n + o((x - x_0)^n) \text{ при } x \rightarrow x_0.$$

ПРОИЗВОДНАЯ СЛОЖНОЙ И НЕЯВНОЙ ФУНКЦИИ

$$z' = \frac{dz}{dt} = \frac{d\varphi}{dt} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}.$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial u} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} \quad \text{и} \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} + \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial v}.$$

$$y' = \frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{F'_x(x; y)}{F'_y(x; y)}. \quad y'(x_0) = -\frac{F'_x(x_0; y_0)}{F'_y(x_0; y_0)}.$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = -\frac{F'_x(x; y; z)}{F'_z(x; y; z)}, \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = -\frac{F'_y(x; y; z)}{F'_z(x; y; z)}.$$