

* Проверка * Интегрирование. Часть 4.

15.06.

$$8.4.2. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} dx}{\sqrt[3]{x^2} - \sqrt{x}} = \left[\begin{array}{l} n=3 \\ q=2 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow k = \text{НОК}(3; 2) = 6 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} x = t^6 &\Rightarrow dx = 6t^5 dt \Rightarrow \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{t^6} \cdot 6t^5 dt}{\sqrt[3]{(t^6)^2} - \sqrt{t^6}} = \int \frac{t^2 \cdot 6t^5 dt}{t^4 - t^3} = \\ &= \int \frac{6t^7 dt}{t^3(t-1)} = 6 \int \frac{t^4 dt}{t-1} = 6 \int \frac{t^4 - 1 + 1}{t-1} dt = \\ &= 6 \int \frac{t^4 - 1}{t-1} dt + 6 \int \frac{dt}{t-1} = 6 \left(\int \frac{(t-1)(t+1)(t^2+1)}{(t-1)} dt + \right. \\ &\left. + \int \frac{dt}{t-1} \right) = 6 \left(\int (t+1)(t^2+1) dt + \int \frac{dt}{t-1} \right) = \frac{6t^4}{4} + \frac{6t^3}{3} + \\ &+ \frac{6t^2}{2} + 6t + 6 \ln |t-1| + C = \frac{3(\sqrt[3]{x})^4}{2} + 2(\sqrt[3]{x})^3 + 3(\sqrt[3]{x})^2 + \\ &+ 6\sqrt[3]{x} + 6 \ln |\sqrt[3]{x} - 1| + C = \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2\sqrt{x} + 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 6\sqrt[3]{x} + 6 \ln |\sqrt[3]{x} - 1| + C \end{aligned}$$

$$8.4.3. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt{x}} = \left[\begin{array}{l} n=2 \\ q=4 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow k = \text{НОК}(2, 4) = 4 \Rightarrow x = t^4 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} dx = 4t^3 dt &\Rightarrow \int \frac{4t^3 dt}{\sqrt{t^4} + 4\sqrt{t^4}} = 4 \int \frac{t^3 dt}{t^2 + t} = 4 \int \frac{t^3 dt}{t(t+1)} = \\ &= 4 \int \frac{t^2 dt}{t+1} = 4 \int \frac{t^2 - 1 + 1}{t+1} dt = 4 \int \frac{(t-1)(t+1)}{t+1} dt + 4 \int \frac{dt}{t+1} = \\ &= 4 \int (t-1) dt + 4 \int \frac{dt}{t+1} = \frac{4t^2}{2} - 4t + 4 \ln |t+1| + C = \\ &= 2t^2 - 4t + 4 \ln |t+1| + C = 2(\sqrt[4]{x})^2 - 4\sqrt[4]{x} + 4 \ln |\sqrt[4]{x} + 1| + C = \\ &= 2\sqrt{x} - 4\sqrt[4]{x} + 4 \ln |\sqrt[4]{x} + 1| + C \end{aligned}$$

$$8.4.5. \int \frac{dx}{3(2x+1)^{5/3} - \sqrt{2x+1}} = \left[\frac{n=3}{2=2} \right], K=HOK(2,3)=6 = \int \frac{(t^2-1)^3}{t^6-1} dt$$

$$\therefore 2x+1 = t^6 \Rightarrow dx = 3t^5 dt \Rightarrow \int \frac{t^5 dt}{t^6-1}$$

$$= 3 \int \frac{t^5 dt}{t^6-1} = 3 \int \frac{t^2 dt}{t^2-1} = 3 \int \frac{t^2-1+1}{t^2-1} dt =$$

$$= 3 \int (t+1) dt + 3 \int \frac{dt}{t^2-1} = 3 \int dt + 3 \int t dt + 3 \int \frac{dt}{t^2-1}$$

$$= \frac{3t^2}{2} + 3t + 3 \ln|t-1| + C = \frac{3}{2} (2x+1)^{1/3} + 3(2x+1)^{1/6} + 3 \ln|(2x+1)^{1/6}-1| + C$$

$$8.4.6. \int \frac{dx}{1+\sqrt[3]{x+1}} = [x+1=t^3 \Rightarrow dx=3t^2 dt] =$$

$$= 3 \int \frac{t^2 dt}{1+t} = 3 \int \frac{t^2-1+1}{t+1} dt = 3 \int (t-1) dt + 3 \int \frac{dt}{t+1}$$

$$= 3 \int t dt - 3 \int 1 dt + 3 \int \frac{dt}{t+1} = \frac{3t^2}{2} - 3t + 3 \ln|t+1| + C =$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} (x+1)^{2/3} - 3 \sqrt[3]{x+1} + 3 \ln|\sqrt[3]{x+1}+1| + C$$

$$8.4.7. \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^2 \cdot \sqrt{x-1}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x-1}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{x}{x-1}} dx$$

$$= \left[\frac{x}{x-1} = t^2 \Rightarrow x = (x-1)t^2 = xt^2 - t^2; \Rightarrow x = \frac{t^2}{t^2-1} \right]$$

$$dx = d\left(\frac{t^2}{t^2-1}\right) = \left(\frac{t^2}{t^2-1}\right)' dt = \frac{2t(t^2-1) - t^2 \cdot 2t}{(t^2-1)^2} dt =$$

$$= \frac{2t^3 - 2t - 2t^3}{(t^2-1)^2} dt = \frac{-2t}{(t^2-1)^2} dt =$$

$$= \int \frac{(t^2-1)'}{6} \cdot t \left(-\frac{2t}{(t^2-1)^2} \right) dt = -2 \int \frac{dt}{t^3} = -2 \left(-\frac{1}{t} \right) + C = \frac{2}{t} + C = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{x-1}}} + C = 2 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{\sqrt{x}} + C = 2\sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} + C$$

$$8.4.10 \int \sqrt{x} (1+3\sqrt{x})^4 dx = \int x^{\frac{1}{2}} (1+x^{\frac{1}{3}})^4 dx =$$

$$[m = \frac{1}{2}, n = \frac{1}{3}, p = 4 \Rightarrow \& 1) p \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow x = t^k;$$

$$K = \text{HOK}(2,3) = 6 \Rightarrow x = t^6 \Rightarrow dx = 6t^5 dt] =$$

$$= \int (t^6)^{\frac{1}{2}} (1 + (t^6)^{\frac{1}{3}})^4 6 \cdot t^5 dt = 6 \int t^3 (1+t^2)^4 \cdot t^5 dt =$$

$$= 6 \int t^8 (1+t^2)^4 dt = [(1+t^2)^4 = (1+t^2)^2 (1+t^2)^2 =$$

$$= (1+2t^2+t^4)(1+2t^2+t^4) = 1+2t^2+t^4+2t^2+4t^4+2t^6+2t^4+4t^6+t^8 = 1+4t^2+6t^4+4t^6+t^8]$$

$$= 6 \int t^8 dt + 24 \int t^{10} dt + 36 \int t^{12} dt + 24 \int t^{14} dt + 6 \int t^{16} dt =$$

$$= \frac{6t^9}{9} + \frac{24t^{11}}{11} + \frac{36t^{13}}{13} + \frac{24t^{15}}{15} + \frac{6t^{17}}{17} + C = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{9}{11} + \frac{24}{13} t^{\frac{1}{3}} +$$

$$+ \frac{36}{13} t^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{8}{5} t^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{6}{17} t^{\frac{1}{3}} + C = \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{x} + \frac{24}{11} \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{36}{13} x^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x} +$$

$$+ \frac{8}{5} x^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x} + \frac{6}{17} x^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + C$$

$$8.4.11 \int \frac{dx}{x^4 \sqrt{x^2+1}} = \int x^{-4} \cdot (x^2+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx = [m = -4, n = 2, p = \frac{1}{2};$$

$$\& 1) p \in \mathbb{Z} \& 2) \frac{m+1}{n} = \frac{-4-1}{2} = -\frac{5}{2} \& \mathbb{Z} \& 3) \frac{m+1}{n} + p = -\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = -2 \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2+1 = t^2; \quad x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2-1}} \Rightarrow dx = \frac{-t dt}{(t^2-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} =$$

$$= \int ((t^2-1)^{-\frac{1}{2}})^{-4} ((t^2-1)^{\frac{1}{2}})^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \left(\frac{-t dt}{(t^2-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)^2$$

$$= - \int (t^2-1)^2 ((t^2-1)^{-1} + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{t dt}{(t^2-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} =$$

$$= - \int (t^2-1)^2 \sqrt{\frac{t^2-1+1}{t^2-1}} \cdot \frac{t dt}{(t^2-1)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = - \int \frac{(t^2-1)^2 \cdot 1}{\sqrt{t^2-1}}$$

$$\cdot \frac{t dt}{(t^2-1)\sqrt{t^2-1}} = - \int t dt = - \frac{t^2}{2} + C = - \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{x^2-1})^2 + C$$

$$= - \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\frac{1-x^2}{x^2}} \right)^2 + C = \frac{(x^2-1)\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x^2} + C$$