8.2.7. | sinxdx = [t = cost +1 => dt =d(ecsx+1) = (eax+1) = (eax+ $= \int \frac{-dt}{\cos x + 1} = \frac{-\int dt}{t} = -\ln|t| + c = -\ln|\cos x + 1| + c$ $= \int \frac{-dt}{\cos x + 1} = \frac{-\int dt}{t} = -\ln|t| + c = -\ln|\cos x + 1| + c$ $828. \int \frac{x^2 dx}{x^3+1} = \int \frac{1}{x^3} = \frac{x^3+1}{x^3+1} = 3 \frac{1}{x^3} = \frac{x^3+1}{x^3+1} = \frac{x^3+1}{x$ = 15 dt = 3 lu 1+1+6 = 3 lu 1 x3+11+C 8.24 | aretg x dx = [t = arety x = > dt = (arety x) ids. $= \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{1}{x^2+1} = \int t dt = \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{1}{x^2+1} dx = \frac{1}{x^2+1} = \frac{1}{$ $= \frac{t^2}{2} + C = \frac{axcty^2}{2} + C$ Мекция 7° Продолжение лекции:)

о Несобственнае интеграпа Ірода назавиюти 11.05. сходащиния, ест сущ-ют конечине предени, стоящие в правих частях. Если не предеши не сущ - пот ми reckoneran, to necoserbenna unierpan kusonbaeren packo Dayuwuw. o Apasnam coodmination à passodiment à poda: 1. Eau na rpomeryree [a; + 20] neupepabure pynkyun f(x) u φ(x) yoobn. youbus o≤f(x) ≤q(x), το

exodumecte anterpara Jack emplet crommon unterparue I f(x) dx, a us pacxodumocru unterparue Jet (x) dx ambyer pacxodumoca unscripana Ja(x) dx Eau npu x e [a;+00), f(x)>0, q(x)>0 u cycy kou. $\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{f(x)}{\varphi(x)} = 11 \neq 0$, to uni. $\int_{\alpha}^{\infty} f(x) dx$ July) de crosser une packosater oproponenno 3. Eau crodurce unterpeu s/fle)/de, 70 exodute u unterpace] f(x) dx, no voprie l'atom emprae masorbaern atanatus exodaujums. 9.2.1 $\int dx/x^2 = \lim_{k \to \infty} \int dx/x^2 = \lim_{k \to \infty} \int_{x}^{2} x^2 dx =$ = lim $\left(\frac{x^{-2+1}}{8}\right) = lim \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right) = lim \left(-\frac{1}{8}\right) + \frac{1}{8}$ $-\frac{1}{6-2+2}$ = 0 -1 = -1 (exoDurca) Пришечание: интеграц J dx / x d cxoDutce при d >1 ч pacrodura upa de1. 9.2.6.] x cos x dx = lim | x cos x dx = [sul dx - surdx]= = [u = x => u' = x' = 1, U' = eosx => v = Svidx = Scosxdx = sinx]= = lim (x sinx = 1 sinx dx) = lim (x sinx |a + cosx |a) = = 0 - lim a sina + 1 - lim losa. Cyuy => [pacxodurces] pacxodurces о Ингеграна от неограничениях функция Прода 1 Eun y=f(x) renpepulou 6 [a; 8) 4 aucer pasport I pada upu x=8, 40 mecos es benuns aurerpan or morpanuvenuos cpyunsun Ipoda onp. $\int f(x) dx = \lim_{x \to \infty} \int f(x) dx$ V Eau npeden crosusui l'apaboti vacia equiperbyer, 70 micoser bennant ans. Il poda - chodshuguing

unare - pachodshuguing.

V Ecum y = y(x) repoint be chouse un to paspold

toure x = a, 70 mountains: $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \lim_{a \to a} \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$ Ecun y=f(x) repart pasport II poda 60 Buyspeuves toyre c & [a; b], 70 recoscileums aurenteur Il poda out edensiéer au-ujame obje: $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx + \int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx$ 1 B Januou eny voe unterpan nazabaet a exoDanjumer, eum oба necoser benner unterpara CXODATUS.

немогороге признами сходишьсти и расходишьсти Проди Here the report [a; b) f(x) = g(x) rempeparbun me separat pasport II poou u o e f(x) e u (x), to us exodurous stands, a us parxodumenta Stx)dx => Sy(x)dx Parte f(x) uu(x) runpeperbur na [a; b) ubx= e reprise 3. Eau pyuryus f(x) 3Haronepeurennas hu orpezke [a; b], umeet pasporbo le touke x=l e necoset bennen s' l d(x) dx cxo Dutes, to
cxo Dutes u utite pau f f(x) dx. р-yau масто берут функцию q(x) = 1(1-x) Manna nokazaro, 410 necoser lennat unrespan. po dx (d>0) | cxoDurer upu d<1 Fro me othocutes n & dx (x-a) d

3.2.8. 5 dx/(1+x2) = [-]/x)dx = lim & f(x)dx + + lim s f(x) dx, a - 40000, 40000 e +0] =

- lim s dx/(1+x2) + lim s dx/(1+x2) =

- a->---= lim (arctyx 1a) + lim (arctyx 10) = = lim (arelyo - arelya) + lin (arety 6 - arely 6). = lim (0 - arctya) + lin (-0 + acctyb) = = lim (-azclya) + lim (azclyb) = $= -\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = \pi \quad \left(\text{cxodurce}\right)$ 9.2.10 | x+2 dx = [7. K [1;+~) 70 pasporba].

Hea Dannon unt. Hei (D=0)]. $= \left[\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x+2}{x^{2/3}} dx = \sum_{\chi^{2/3}} \frac{x+2}{\chi^{2/3}} f(x), 1 \cdot K + 2 > x^{2/3} = \sum_{\chi^{2/3}} \frac{1-1}{\chi^{2/3}} q(x) \right] =$ $= \int_{1}^{2} \frac{dx}{x^{2}/3} = \lim_{k \to \infty} 3x^{1/3} \Big|_{1}^{k} = 3 \lim_{k \to \infty} 8^{1/3} - 3 = \infty$ $= \frac{1}{1} \left[x+2 > \frac{x+2}{x^{1/5}} \right] = \int (x+2) dx = \lim_{\substack{k \to +\infty \\ 1}} \left(\int x dx + \int 2 dx \right) =$ = $\lim_{\theta \to +\infty} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{\theta} + 0 \right) = \lim_{\theta \to +\infty} \left(\frac{\theta^2}{2} - \frac{1^2}{2} \right) =$ = $\lim_{\theta \to +\infty} \frac{\theta^2}{2} - 0.5 = \infty$ (pacxodutes)