# Holier Than Thou: Partisan Gap in Consumption of Pornography Online\*

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#### Abstract

Consumption of pornography has been blamed for a variety of societal ills, including the rise in misogyny, sex crimes, and the coarsening of culture. Using passively collected browsing data from YouGov, we investigate how much pornography Americans consume online. We find that there is a sharp positive skew in the consumption of pornography, with a small number of users consuming lots of pornography and most consuming small amounts. The median American Internet user today spends X minutes per month consuming pornography, visiting Y sites per month; the 95th percentile is X and Y respectively. Lastly, we find that, unlike previous research (MacInnis and Hodson, 2015; Edelman, 2009), which relied on ecological inference, Democrats consume slightly more pornography than Republicans.

<sup>\*</sup>You can download the replication materials from https://github.com/soodoku/adult

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Consumption of pornography is associated with a variety of disturbing attitudes, beliefs, emotions, and behaviors. Consuming pornography is associated with support for violence against women (Hald, Malamuth and Yuen, 2010; Malamuth, Hald and Koss, 2012; Donnerstein, 1984), belief in rape myths (Foubert, Brosi and Bannon, 2011), increased gender role conflict, lesser sexual satisfaction (Szymanski and Stewart-Richardson, 2014; Stewart and Szymanski, 2012), poorer relationship quality (Szymanski and Stewart-Richardson, 2014; Szymanski, Feltman and Dunn, 2015), and sexually risky behaviors such as engaging in paid sex, and having extramarital sex (Wright and Randall, 2012). A lot of popular pornography also contains a healthy dose of violence. An analysis of popular pornography revealed that 88.2% of the scenes contained physical aggression, and 48.7% verbal aggression (Bridges et al., 2010). For all these reasons, there are serious concerns about consumption of pornography.

In this paper, using passive browsing data from YouGov, we investigate how much pornography Americans consume online. We find that there is a sharp skew in the consumption of pornography, with a small set of users consuming a large chunk of pornography. The median American Internet user spends X minutes per month (Y% of their time online) consuming pornography, visiting Y unique sites; the 95th percentile for time spent consuming pornography online is YY minutes.

We also use the data to shed light on an age-old debate — whether Democrats consume more pornography than Republicans or vice versa. Both parties claim the higher moral ground. And in surveys both parties think consumption of pornography is abhorrent, plausibly for different reasons. Unlike previous research, which relied on ecological inference, we find that Democrats consume slightly more pornography online than Republicans (MacInnis and Hodson, 2015; Edelman, 2009). Adjusting for background covariates like age, gender etc., further mutes the differences.

#### Data

We use passively observed browsing data from a YouGov survey to measure the consumption of adult content. YouGov maintains a large online panel recruited through a variety of methods. It uses matched sampling to survey respondents: The provider first draws a random sample from a large synthetic representative sampling frame, finds respondents that match the sampled individuals from its panel, and invites them to take a survey. For details and validation, see Rivers and Bailey (2009). For this particular sample, panelists also provided de-identified access to their web browsing activity via passive metering software installed voluntarily on their computers. The software, called RealityMine, can be uninstalled at any point and captures visited web URLs independent of the type of browser or browser-specific privacy settings.<sup>1</sup> At the time this data was made available in June, 2022, YouGov had recruited 1,200 individuals to the web tracking panel, which is currently marketed as YouGov Pulse. The passive metering component of this particular opt-in panel adds a layer of selectivity to the sampling process.

## Measuring Consumption of Adult Content

For YouGov, we only observe data from a single machine per person. Our analyses should hold if people exhibit similar consumption patterns across devices. If that is too implausible an assumption, then we must decide on the direction of error and how it affects our analyses. We think it is likely that people would be less likely to search for pornography on machines on which they have installed passive monitoring software (though the data are de-identified). If that is so, our estimates are a lower bound of net consumption of pornography per machine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>RealityMine does not save passwords or financial transactions, and personally identifying information is screened out by the survey provider.

As the number of devices per person is increasing, all these numbers need to be adjusted. Next, is measurement error correlated with ideology? We have little reason to expect that, but we have no capacity to check if it is true. Thus, for current purposes, we assume that it is so.

We code pornographic content at the domain level. Our main analysis depends on the domain classifications that come with YouGov data (see Figure SI 1.1 and Figure SI 1.2 for the most visited domains). In the Appendix, we use a keyword classifier and a machine learning classifier. As you will see, all of these methods consistently show the same thing. All of this ignores pornography available via more conventional channels. For instance, some pornography is consumed on sites like Tumblr.

## Results

Our primary dependent variables of interest are: total time spent on pornographic sites and the proportion of time spent on pornographic sites. (In the appendix, we show similar analysis for visits.)

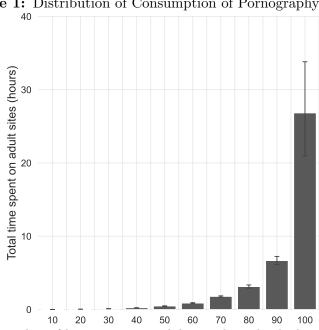


Figure 1: Distribution of Consumption of Pornography Online

Notes: Figure shows the number of hours spent on adult sites by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. Individuals are split into deciles with each bin containing approximately the same number of individuals. Height of bars indicate mean of each bin. Capped vertical bars are 95% confidence intervals. See Table SI 0.2 for the more tabulated values.

To formally test for these differences, we ran quantile regression, regressing the duration on party.

These minor differences (or lack of differences) could be because of the demographic differences we see across the party. Next, we control for immutable characteristics like age and gender to see if that adjustment changes the picture much. Given how concentrated pornographic consumption is in our data, it is unlikely to make much of a difference and that is indeed what we find.

## Discussion

Consumption of pornography is also problematic from a religious perspective. Christian theologians believe that consumption of pornography leads people away from purity and

**Table 1:** The effect of ideology on four separate dependent variables measuring pornography consumption.

	Number of visits	Pct. visits	Total time (seconds)	Pct. time
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Ideology: Conservative	$-0.60^{*}$	0.001	-929.60	0.001
	(0.33)	(0.004)	(759.29)	(0.004)
Ideology: Don't know	$-1.02^{**}$	$-0.005^{'}$	$-862.56^{'}$	0.001
	(0.44)	(0.01)	(1,068.65)	(0.01)
Ideology: Liberal	-0.64**	-0.004	-1,228.61	-0.003
	(0.30)	(0.004)	(771.12)	(0.004)
Ideology: Very conservative	-0.93**	-0.004	-1,265.14	-0.002
	(0.39)	(0.004)	(805.47)	(0.004)
Ideology: Very liberal	-0.04	$0.01^{*}$	1,723.00**	0.01***
	(0.28)	(0.004)	(856.46)	(0.004)
Age: 25-44	-0.55**	-0.004	-2,024.46**	-0.01***
	(0.27)	(0.004)	(885.57)	(0.004)
Age: 45-64	-1.69***	$-0.01^*$	-3,347.91***	$-0.01^{***}$
	(0.35)	(0.004)	(907.86)	(0.004)
Age: 65+	$-1.69^{***}$	-0.01**	-2,415.55**	$-0.01^{***}$
	(0.41)	(0.005)	(1,035.71)	(0.005)
Gender: Male	2.39***	0.02***	3,448.81***	0.02***
	(0.31)	(0.002)	(515.79)	(0.002)
Married	-1.31***	-0.01***	-2,120.98***	-0.01***
	(0.28)	(0.003)	(546.76)	(0.003)
Constant	4.54***	0.01***	4,429.11***	0.02***
	(0.37)	(0.004)	(894.76)	(0.004)
N	1,367	1,367	1,367	1,367
Adjusted $R^2$		0.07	0.06	0.07

<sup>\*</sup>p < .1; \*\*p < .05; \*\*\*p < .01

Model 1: Quasi-Poisson; Models 2-4: OLS. Standard errors in parentheses.

The base category for ideological self-placement is "independent."

All models use weights raked to population by age, gender, race, party ID, and region.

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Figure 2: Percentage of Time Spent on Pornographic Sites

Notes: Figure shows the proportion of time spent on adult sites by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. Individuals are split into deciles with each bin containing approximately the same number of individuals. Height of bars indicate mean of each bin. Capped vertical bars are 95% confidence intervals. See Table SI 0.3 for the more tabulated values.

hence should be avoided.<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>2</sup>https://www.churchofjesuschrist.org/study/manual/

help-for-pornography-users/effect-of-pornography

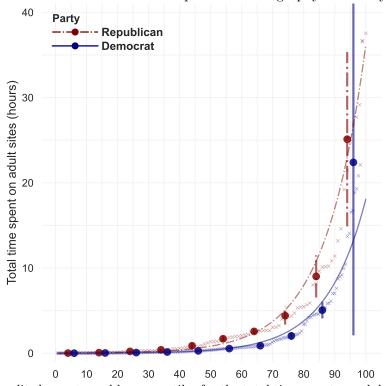


Figure 3: Distribution of Consumption of Pornography Online by Party

Notes: Figure shows splits by party and by percentiles for the total time spent on adult sites for panelists in the sample who consumed pornography in the sample period. Round markers and the corresponding vertical lines indicate the mean and 95% confidence intervals for each bin. The x symbols indicate actual panelists based on their percentiles. See Table SI 0.4 for the more tabulated values.

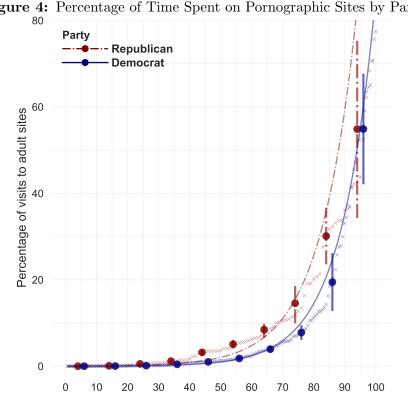
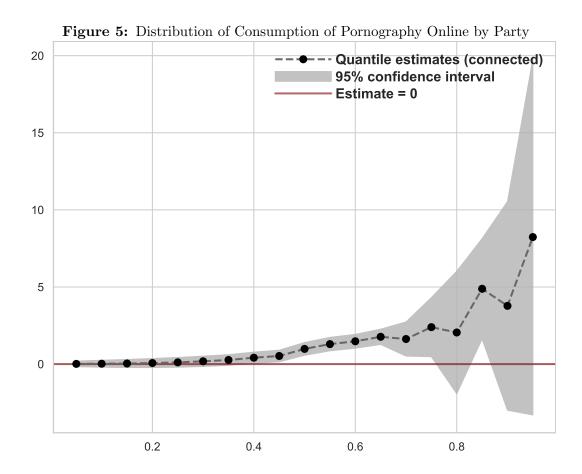


Figure 4: Percentage of Time Spent on Pornographic Sites by Party

Notes: Figure shows splits by party and by percentiles for the proportion of time spent on adult sites for panelists in the sample who consumed pornography in the sample period. Round markers and the corresponding vertical lines indicate the mean and 95% confidence intervals for each bin. The x symbols indicate actual panelists based on their percentiles. See Table SI 0.5 for the more tabulated values.



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## Supporting Information

Table SI 0.2: Distribution of Consumption of Pornography Online

Percentile	Hours
0.00	0.00
0.10	0.02
0.20	0.07
0.30	0.16
0.40	0.33
0.50	0.64
0.60	1.30
0.70	2.20
0.80	4.49
0.90	10.15
0.95	19.50
0.96	21.93
0.97	27.31
0.98	32.22
0.99	46.47
1.00	93.96

*Notes:* Table shows key percentiles (each of the ten deciles plus quantiles at the right tail) and their corresponding values for the duration (hours) spent by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. See Figure 1 for the plot.

Table SI 0.3: Percentage of Time Spent on Pornographic Sites

Percentile	Hours
0.00	0.0
0.10	0.0
0.20	0.1
0.30	0.5
0.40	1.0
0.50	2.4
0.60	4.3
0.70	7.9
0.80	13.5
0.90	34.3
0.95	55.6
0.96	62.8
0.97	64.3
0.98	68.9
0.99	73.9
1.00	87.5

*Notes:* Table shows key percentiles (each of the ten deciles plus quantiles at the right tail) and their corresponding values for the duration (hours) spent by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. See Figure 2 for the plot.

Table SI 0.4: Distribution of Consumption of Pornography Online by Party

Percentile	Republicans	Democrats
0.00	0.00	0.00
0.10	0.04	0.02
0.20	0.12	0.05
0.30	0.29	0.11
0.40	0.58	0.18
0.50	1.36	0.38
0.60	2.11	0.69
0.70	3.04	1.37
0.80	5.51	3.41
0.90	11.57	7.15
0.95	24.91	15.57
0.96	26.91	17.33
0.97	27.74	19.28
0.98	29.30	21.65
0.99	36.59	43.01
1.00	37.54	90.48

*Notes:* Table shows splits by party and by key percentiles (each of the ten deciles plus quantiles at the right tail) for the duration (hours) spent by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. See Figure 3 for the plot.

Table SI 0.5: Percentage of Time Spent on Pornographic Sites by Party

Percentile	Republicans	Democrats
0.00	0.0	0.0
0.10	0.0	0.0
0.20	0.3	0.1
0.30	0.8	0.2
0.40	2.0	0.8
0.50	3.8	1.3
0.60	6.4	2.6
0.70	10.6	5.6
0.80	20.3	11.4
0.90	36.3	33.3
0.95	44.2	54.1
0.96	52.9	56.6
0.97	62.3	63.4
0.98	68.4	64.9
0.99	71.0	72.1
1.00	87.5	77.4

Notes: Table shows splits by party and by key percentiles (each of the ten deciles plus quantiles at the right tail) for the duration (hours) spent by individuals who consumed pornography in the sample period. See Figure 4 for the plot.

## SI 1 Top 25 Adult Domains

Figure SI 1.1: Top 25 Adult Domains

Site	Category (via YouGov)	Hours	Visits					
xvideos.com	Adult	311	9,368					•
pornhub.com	Adult	184	7,811		1		•	
xnxx.com	Adult	207	6,540		I		•	
onlyfans.com	Adult, Business	53	5,805			•		
rule34.xxx	Adult	35	5,797		i	•		
9gag.com	Adult, Messageboards and Forums	87	4,845		1	•		
fetlife.com	Adult, Business	10	3,577		•			
xhamster.com	Adult	104	3,465		•			
chaturbate.com	Adult	23	2,798		1 •			
motherless.com	Adult	29	2,507		•			
literotica.com	Adult	47	2,305		•			
myfreecams.com	Adult, Streaming Media	20	2,142		•			
hentaifox.com	Adult, Entertainment	5	1,468	•	1			
sniffies.com	Adult	18	1,388	•	1			
f95zone.to	Adult, Messageboards and Forums	16	1,288	•				
imagefap.com	Adult	8	1,235	•	I			
gelbooru.com	Adult	3	1,020	•	1			
spankbang.com	Adult	9	935	•	99th p	ercentile		
youporn.com	Adult	32	926	•	i			
stripchat.com	Adult	9	904	•	1			
livejasmin.com	Adult	3	851	•	1			
4chan.org	Adult, Entertainment, Messageboards and Forums	7	837	•				
porzo.com	Adult	1	719	•	I			
pornone.com	Adult	9	678	•	T			
pornpics.com	Adult	2	667	•				
				)	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,0

Notes: Table shows the top 25 adult sites that panelists visit in the sample period. Adult sites are categorized by YouGov. The Hours column are the total number of hours that panelists in the sample spent on the site. The Visits column is total number of visits by panelists in the sample to the site. Sites to the right of the vertical dashed are the top 1 percent.

Figure SI 1.2: Top 25 (Non-Adult) Domains

Site	Category (via YouGov)	Hours	Visits						
google.com	Search Engines and Portals	4,135	628,361	i i				•	
facebook.com	Business, Social Networking	5,701	443,263	ı			•		
google.com	Chat and Instant Messaging	2,664	278,233	I		•			
bing.com	News and Media, Search Engines and Portals	1,471	231,155			•			
youtube.com	Entertainment, Streaming Media	4,449	227,981	i		•			
yahoo.com	Chat and Instant Messaging	1,661	174,977	I	•				
twitter.com	Social Networking	1,112	111,320	1	•				
amazon.com	Shopping	1,401	103,487		•				
decipherinc.com	Business	250	84,099	I	•				
live.com	Chat and Instant Messaging	1,014	75,495		•				
reddit.com	Messageboards and Forums, News and Media	736	59,141	•					
instagram.com	Media Sharing, Social Networking	359	48,440	•					
google.com	Translation Sites	83	40,400						
msn.com	News and Media, Streaming Media	287	39,085	•					
yahoo.com	Entertainment, News and Media	506	39,042	•					
aol.com	Chat and Instant Messaging	327	38,964	•					
clarity.ms	Business, Information Technology	91	34,935						
microsoftonline.com	Information Technology	195	34,335	99th	percentil	е			
ebay.com	Shopping	333	28,497	•					
wikipedia.org	Education	377	26,998	•					
walmart.com	Shopping	324	26,489	•					
samplicio.us	Business	84	26,155	•					
privatelink.de	Business	33	26,006	•					
sentry.io	Business, Information Technology	61	24,969	•					
capitaloneshopping.com	Shopping	110	23,353	•					
				0	150,000	300,000	450,000	600,000	750,0

Notes: Table shows the top 25 non-adult sites that panelists visit in the sample period. The *Hours* column are the total number of hours that panelists in the sample spent on the site. The *Visits* column is total number of visits by panelists in the sample to the site. Sites to the right of the vertical dashed are the top 1 percent.

## SI 2 Consequence of Using Alternate Ways of Measuring Pornography

### SI 2.1 Keyword Classifier

Our first classifier is based on just the domain name and domain suffix. In particular, we use a calibrated keyword classifier. The features of the model are whether any of the following keywords are present in the domain name:

cumshot, dildo, anal, adult, porn, mature, sex, xx, bbw, slut, whore, tits, titty,

titties, pussy, sperm, gay, cheat, booty, ebony, asian, brazilian, fuck, cock, cunt, lesbian, shemale, boob, naughty, fatty, bitch, granny, jizz, faggot, horny, bukakke, bdsm, vagina, smut, x-rated, lusty, erotic, cunnilingus, blowjob, panty, hentai, latex, fetisch, fetish, erotik, bondage, naked, strip, teen, stocking, coitus, deprav, tube, perverse

## SI 2.2 Machine Learning Classifier

## SI 3 Analysis of Visits

