

OOP Fundamentals

- Everything is an object
- An object is an abstract data type with the addition of polymorphism and inheritance
- Encapsulation is for reducing complexity of a system

Everything Is An Object

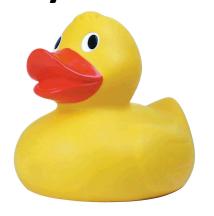
- 42 is an object of type Integer
- "Hello world" is an object of type String
- Generally, %TypeName% is an object of type Type
 - But this is rarely used
- Need own type just define it!

Abstract Data Type

Mathematical model for type from domain with similar behavior

Polymorphism

- From Greek πολύς, polys, "many, much" and μορφή, morphē, "form, shape"
- Provision of a single interface to entities of different types
- "If it looks like a duck, swims like a duck, and quacks like a duck, then it probably is a duck."



Inheritance

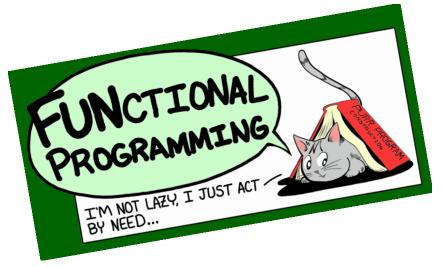
- Class is based on another class
- Inheritance is not a subtyping
 - Subtyping establishes is-a relationship
 - Inheritance reuses implementation

Encapsulation

- Encapsulation is the packing of data and functions into a single component
- It [single component] could be
 - Class
 - Module
 - Package
 - Method
 - i.e. **any** single component

Olympiad Oriented Programming

- Just a joke
- OOP requires a lot of code
 - A lot of time
 - A lot of testing
- FP is a silver bullet?
 - Write less and get more
 - Can be more efficient
 - Lazy evaluation
 - Optimized for recursion



No, It Isn't

- No support for FP
 - ACM ¼, Python experiment
- FP requires strong problem description
- OOP sometimes requires less code

