

# Abstract Parsing for Two-staged Languages with Concatenation

Soonho Kong

Wontae Choi

Kwangkeun Yi

Programming Research Lab.  
Seoul National University

{soon,wtchoi,kwang}@ropas.snu.ac.kr

2009/07/10

 ROSAEC center 2nd Workshop

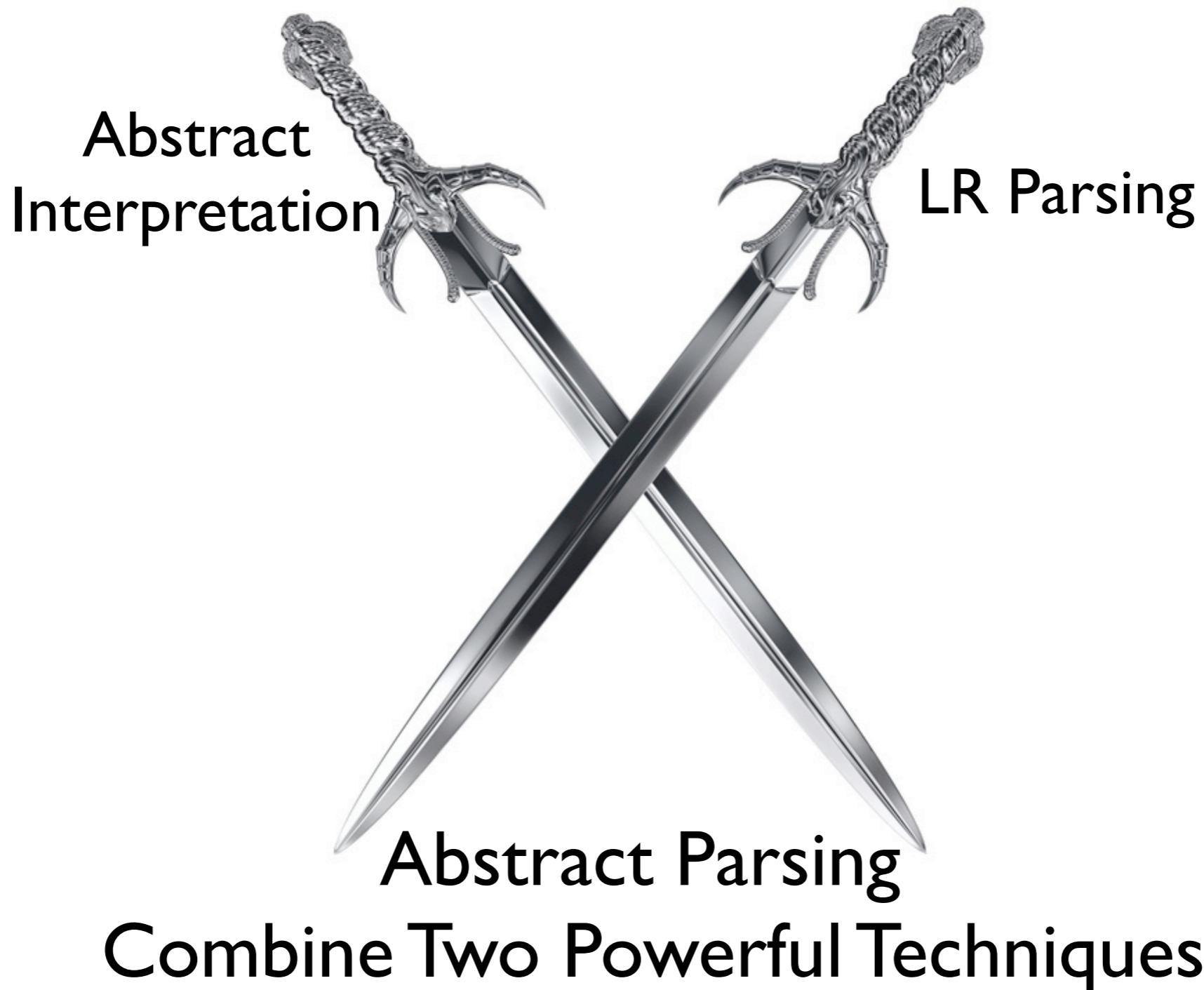
# Why?

## Why should I Listen to You?

# Why?

Abstract Parsing is  
a powerful static analysis technique  
which has many applications.

# Why Powerful?



# Why Powerful?

## Many Applications

- Syntax Check of Generated Programs in Two-Staged Languages
- Shape Analysis using Abstract Parsing
- Proof Carrying Code Framework for Program Generators



# Why Powerful?

## Many Applications

- Syntax Check of Generated Programs in Two-Staged Languages
- Shape Analysis using Abstract Parsing
- Proof Carrying Code Framework for Program Generators



# Motivation

- Two-staged languages with Concatenation:  
Program generates programs
- Want to check:  
Syntax of generated programs

# Language: Syntax & Semantics

## Syntax

$$e \in Exp ::= x \mid \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \mid \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \mid \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3 \mid 'f$$

$$f \in Frag ::= x \mid \text{let} \mid \text{or} \mid \text{re} \mid ( \mid ) \mid f_1.f_2 \mid ,e$$

## Semantics

$\boxed{\sigma \vdash^0 e \Rightarrow v}$	$\sigma \vdash^0 x \Rightarrow \sigma(x)$	(variable)	$\boxed{\sigma \vdash^1 f \Rightarrow v}$	$\sigma \vdash^1 x \Rightarrow x$	$\sigma \vdash^1 \text{let} \Rightarrow \text{let}$	(token)
$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_1 \Rightarrow v \quad \sigma[x \mapsto v] \vdash^0 e_2 \Rightarrow v'}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \Rightarrow v'}$		(let binding)	$\frac{}{\sigma \vdash^1 \text{or} \Rightarrow \text{or}}$	$\frac{}{\sigma \vdash^1 \text{re} \Rightarrow \text{re}}$		
$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_1 \Rightarrow v}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \Rightarrow v}$	$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_2 \Rightarrow v}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \Rightarrow v}$	(branch)	$\frac{}{\sigma \vdash^1 ( \Rightarrow (}$	$\frac{}{\sigma \vdash^1 ) \Rightarrow )}$		
$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_1 \Rightarrow v \quad \sigma[x \mapsto v] \vdash^0 \text{loop } x \ e_2 \ e_3 \Rightarrow v'}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3 \Rightarrow v'}$		(loop)	$\frac{\sigma \vdash^1 f_1 \Rightarrow v_1 \quad \sigma \vdash^1 f_2 \Rightarrow v_2}{\sigma \vdash^1 f_1.f_2 \Rightarrow v_1v_2}$			(concatenation)
$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_2 \Rightarrow v \quad \sigma[x \mapsto v] \vdash^0 \text{loop } x \ e_2 \ e_3 \Rightarrow v'}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{loop } x \ e_2 \ e_3 \Rightarrow v'}$	$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e_3 \Rightarrow v}{\sigma \vdash^0 \text{loop } x \ e_2 \ e_3 \Rightarrow v}$		$\frac{\sigma \vdash^0 e \Rightarrow v}{\sigma \vdash^1 ,e \Rightarrow v}$			(comma)
	$\frac{\sigma \vdash^1 f \Rightarrow v}{\sigma \vdash^0 'f \Rightarrow v}$	(back quote)				

# Language: Example

```
let x `a  
let y `b  
or x y  
  
=> a  
| b
```

```
let x = `a  
let y = `b  
`x.y.,y  
  
=> x y b
```

```
re x `a `b x  
  
=> a  
| b
```

```
re x `a (`b.,x) x  
  
=> a  
| b a  
| b b a  
| b b b a  
| ...
```

```
re x `a (`or . ,x) (`,x . b)  
  
=> a b  
| or a b  
| or or a b  
| or or or a b  
| ...
```

# Language: Collecting Semantics

$Code = Token\ sequence$

$\sigma \in Env = Var \rightarrow Code$

$\llbracket e \rrbracket^0 \in 2^{Env} \rightarrow 2^{Code}$

$\llbracket f \rrbracket^1 \in 2^{Env} \rightarrow 2^{Code}$

$\llbracket x \rrbracket^0 \Sigma = \{\sigma(x) \mid \sigma \in \Sigma\}$

$\llbracket \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket^0 \Sigma = \bigcup_{\sigma \in \Sigma} \bigcup_{c \in \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket^0 \{\sigma\}} \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket^0 \{\sigma[x \mapsto c]\}$

$\llbracket \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket^0 \Sigma = \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket^0 \Sigma \cup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket^0 \Sigma$

$\llbracket \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3 \rrbracket^0 \Sigma = \bigcup_{\sigma \in \Sigma} \llbracket e_3 \rrbracket^0 \{\sigma[x \mapsto c] \mid c \in fix \lambda C. \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket^0 \{\sigma\} \cup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket^0 \{\sigma[x \mapsto c'] \mid c' \in C\}\}$

$\llbracket 'f \rrbracket^0 \Sigma = \llbracket f \rrbracket^1 \Sigma$

$\llbracket x \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{x\}$

$\llbracket \text{let} \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{\text{let}\}$

$\llbracket \text{or} \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{\text{or}\}$

$\llbracket \text{re} \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{\text{re}\}$

$\llbracket () \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{()\}$

$\llbracket ) \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \{)\}$

$\llbracket f_1.f_2 \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \bigcup_{\sigma \in \Sigma} \{xy \mid x \in \llbracket f_1 \rrbracket^1 \{\sigma\} \wedge y \in \llbracket f_2 \rrbracket^1 \{\sigma\}\}$

$\llbracket ,e \rrbracket^1 \Sigma = \llbracket e \rrbracket^0 \Sigma$

# Language: Collecting Semantics

- Example

```
re x `a (`or . ,x) (`,x . b)
```

```
=> a b
```

```
| or a b
```

```
| or or a b
```

```
| or or or a b
```

```
| ...
```

$$[\![\text{re } x \text{ `a } (\text{'or} . ,x) (\text{'},x . b)]\!]^0 \{\sigma_0\}$$

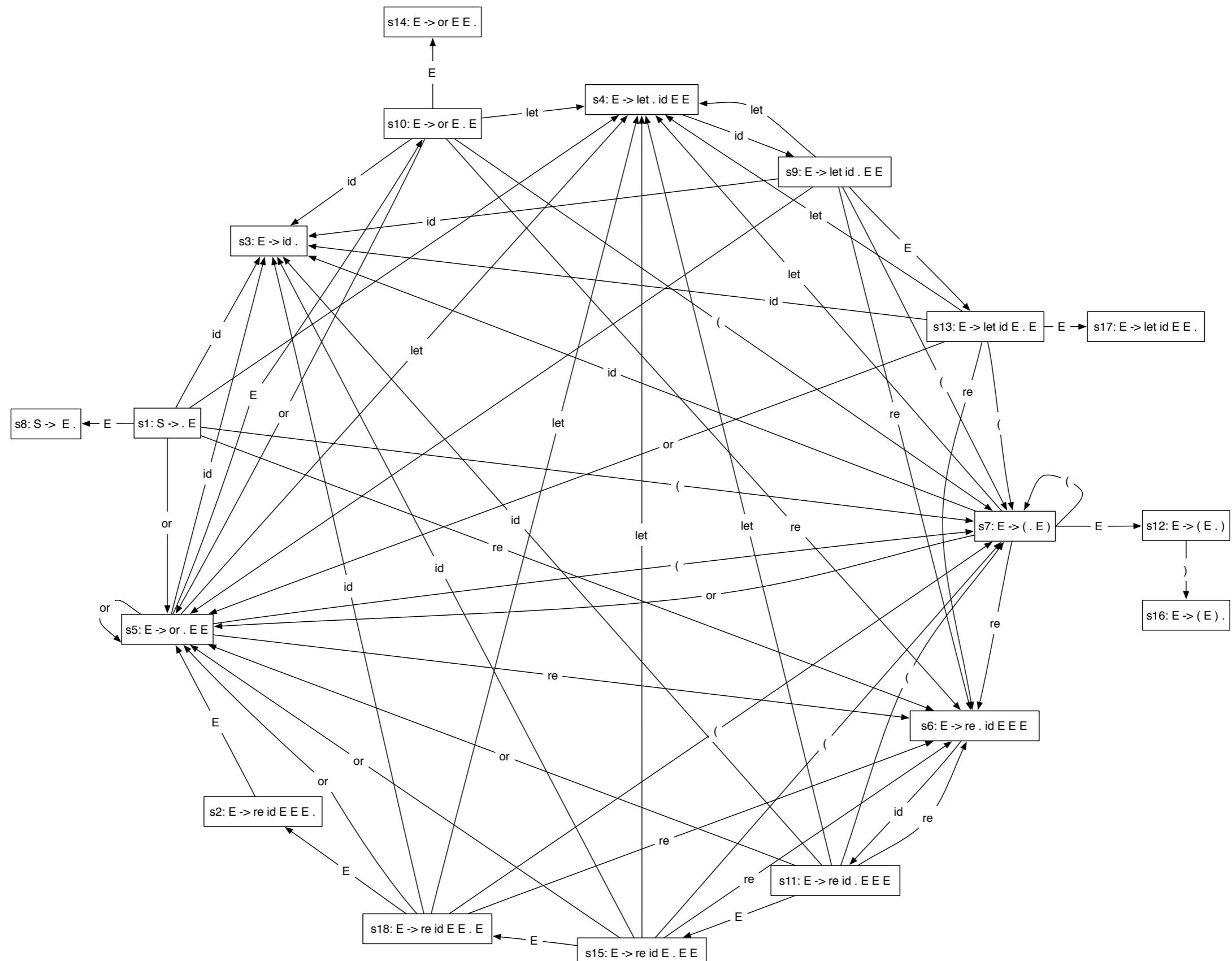
$$= \{ \text{a b, or a b, or or a b, or or or a b, ... } \}$$

# LR Parsing

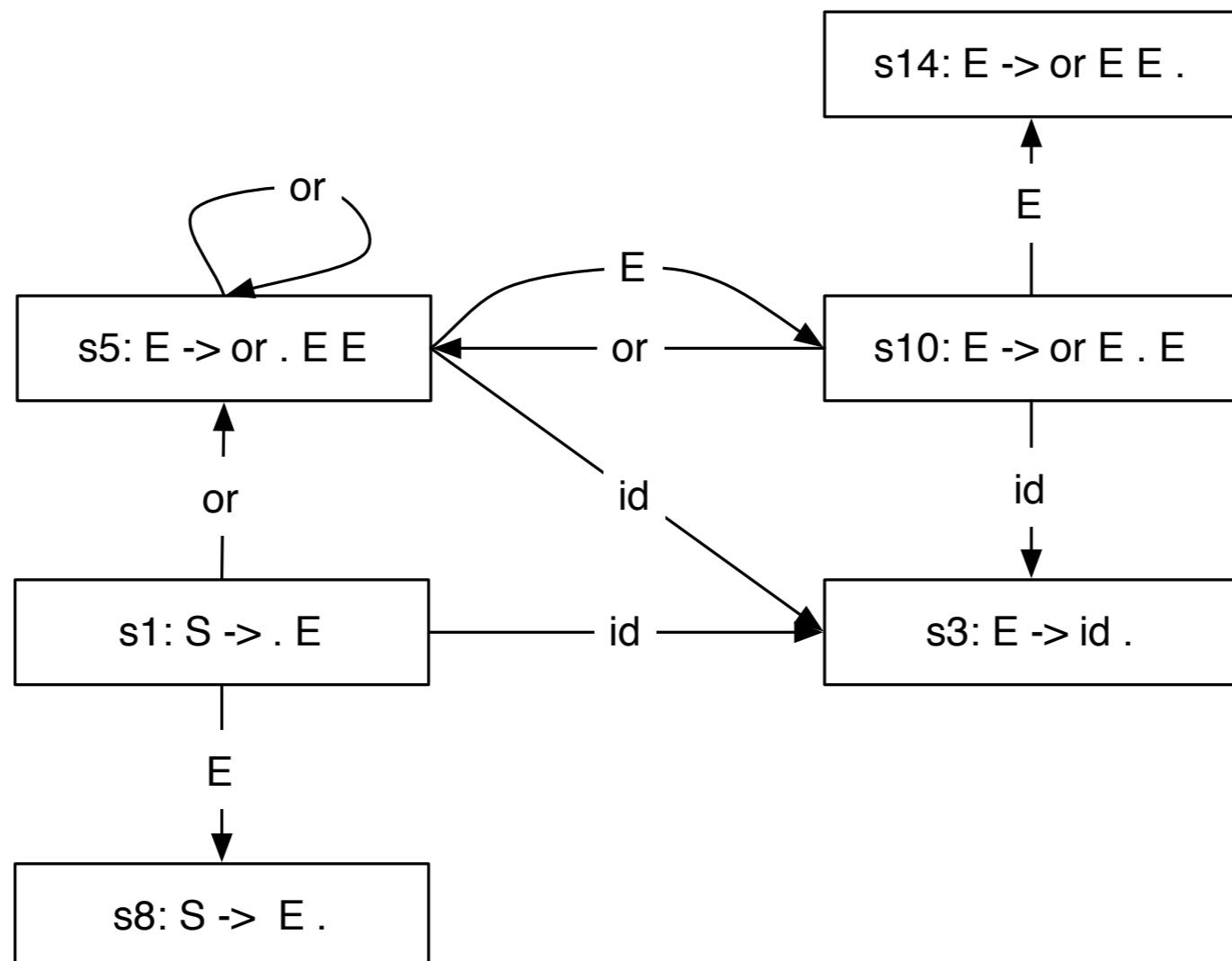
- Determine whether input string S conforms to the grammar G
- In our case, the reference grammar is

$$e \in Exp ::= x \mid \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \mid \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \mid \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3$$

- LR parser generator builds a state machine for the given grammar.



# LR Parsing



Part of goto controller of the LR(0) parser for the reference grammar

# LR Parsing

- Atomic function :  $\text{parse\_action} : \text{Token} \rightarrow P \rightarrow P$

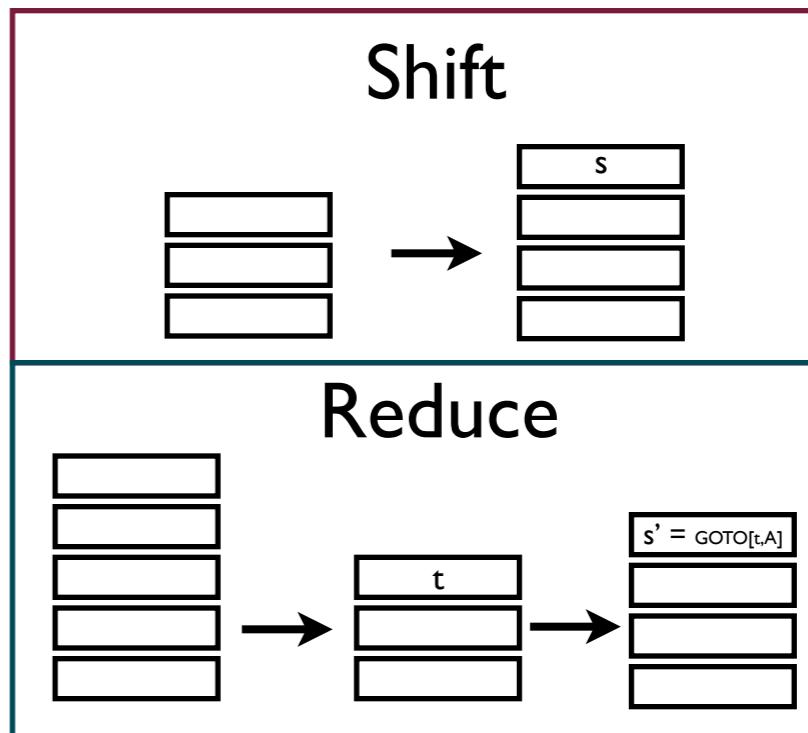
---

**Algorithm 1**  $\text{parse\_action}$  algorithm

---

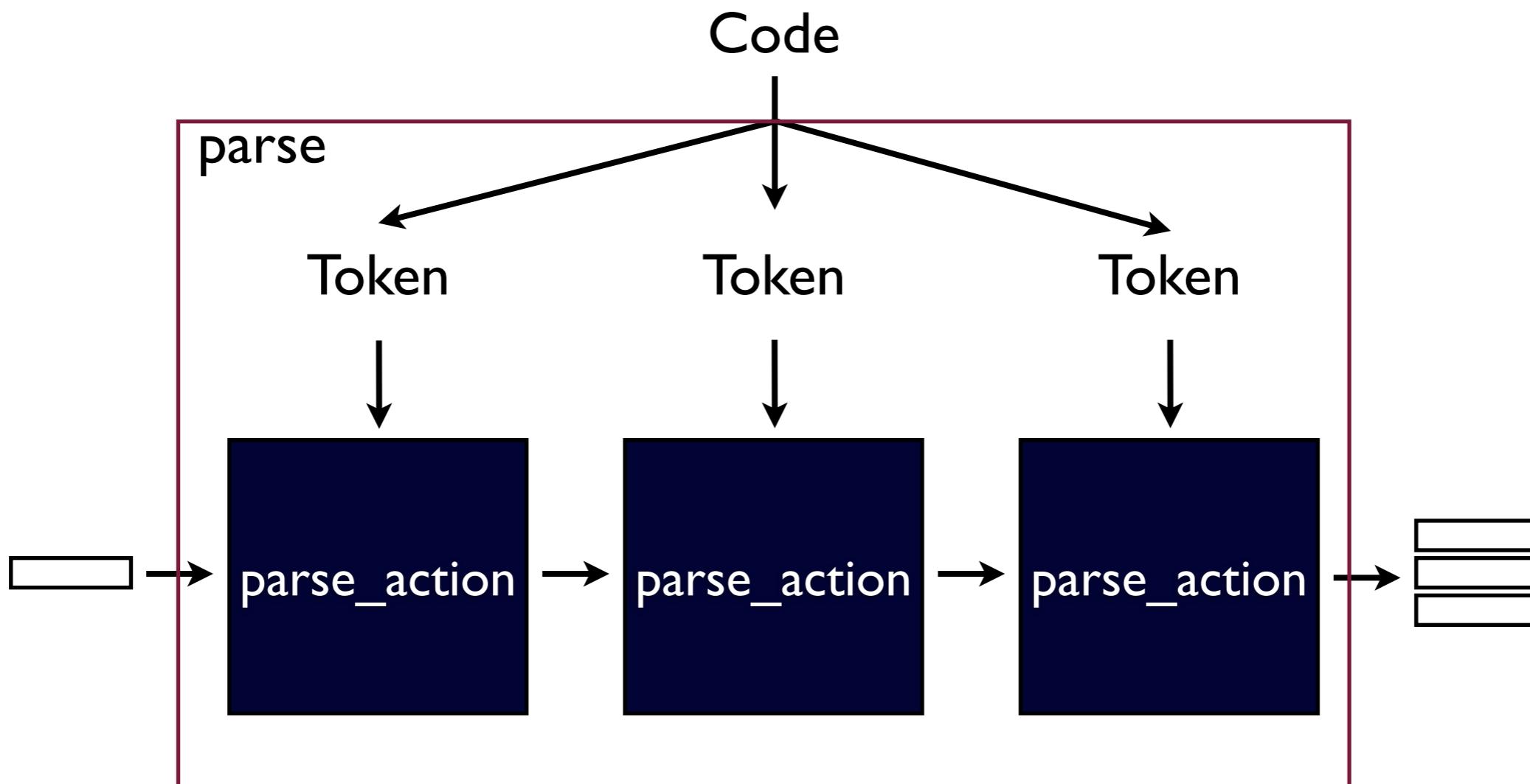
```
1: procedure  $\text{parse\_action}(p, t)$ 
2:    $s_{top} \leftarrow$  the state on top of stack  $p$ 
3:   if  $\text{ACTION}[s_{top}, t] = \text{shift } s$  then
4:     push  $s$  onto the stack  $p$ 
5:     return  $p$ 
6:   else if  $\text{ACTION}[s_{top}, t] = \text{reduce } A \rightarrow \beta$  then
7:     pop  $|\beta|$  symbol off the stack  $p$ 
8:      $s_{top} \leftarrow$  the state on top of stack  $p$ 
9:     push  $\text{GOTO}[s_{top}, A]$  onto the stack  $p$ 
10:    return  $\text{parse\_action}(p, t)$ 
11:   end if
12: end procedure
```

---



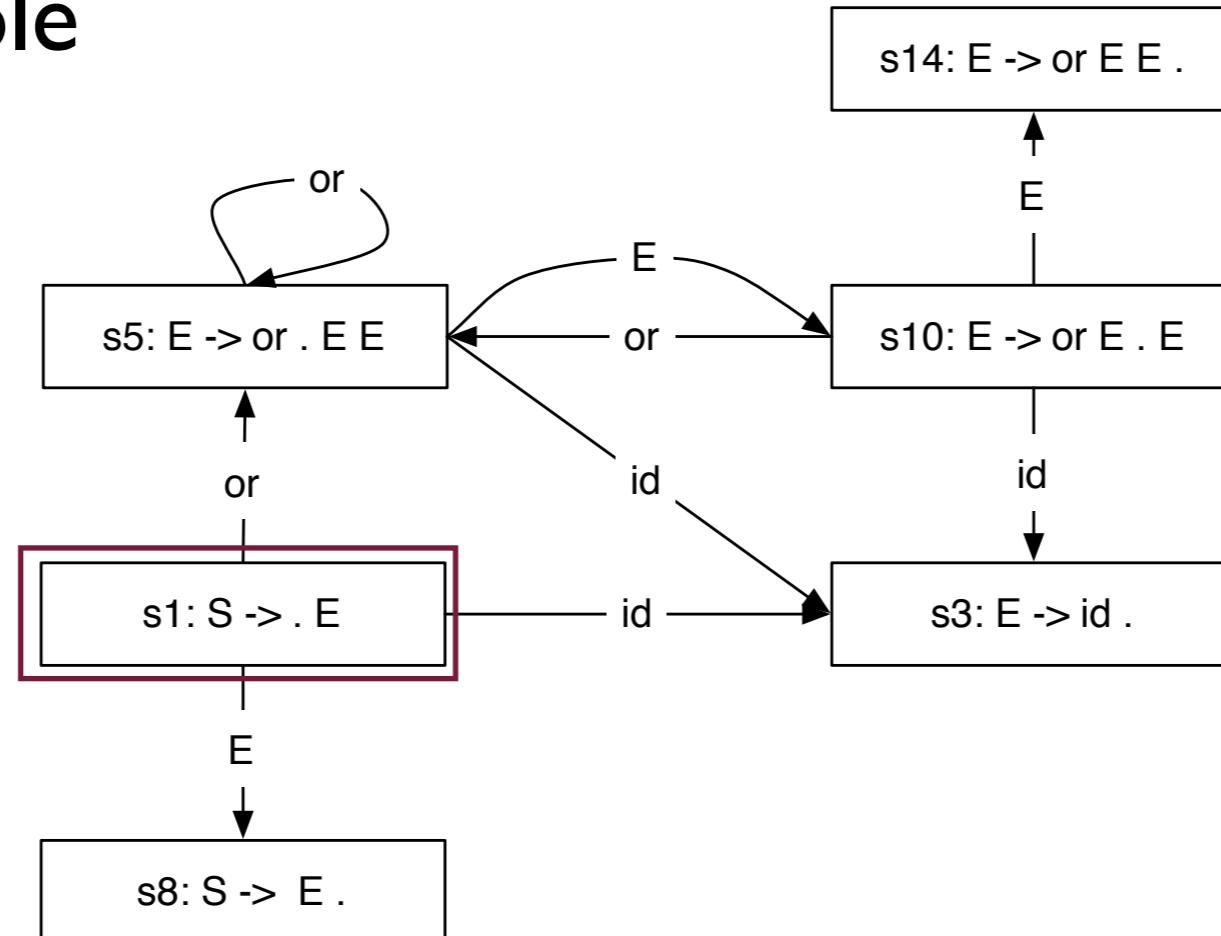
# LR Parsing

- Parsing is composition of `parse_action`


$$parse : Code \rightarrow P \rightarrow P$$

# LR Parsing

- Example

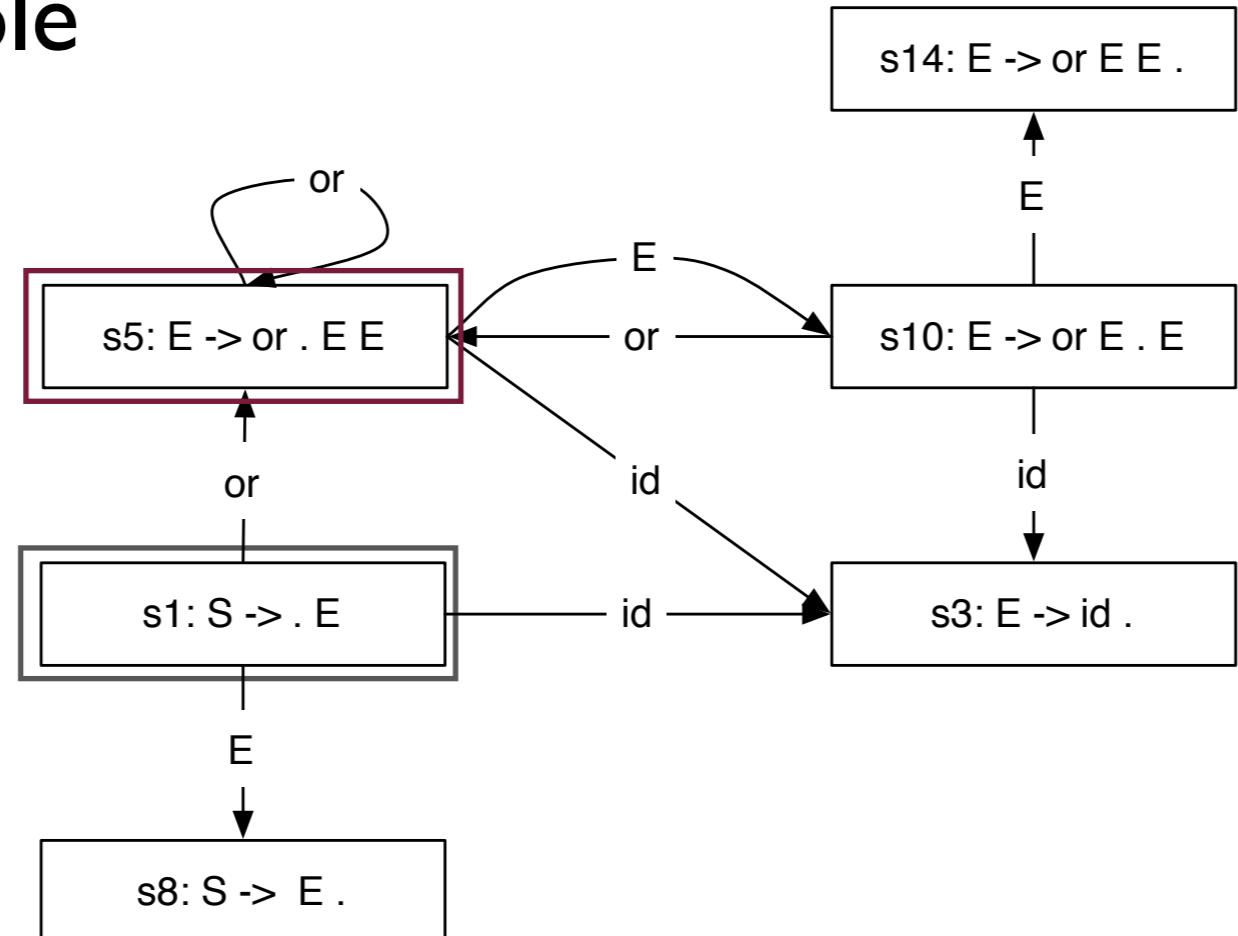


. or a b

$s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

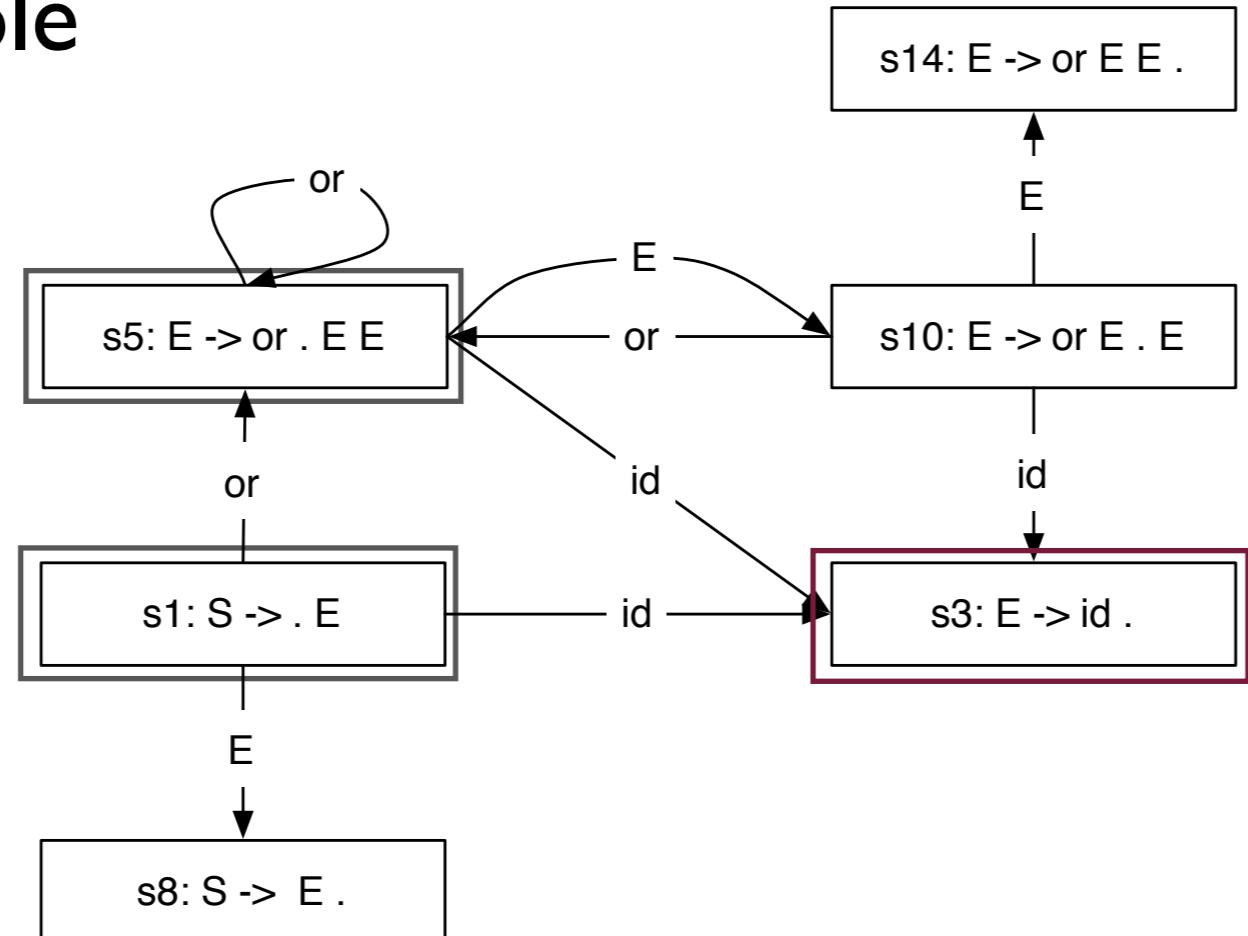


or . a b

**$s_5 s_1$**

# LR Parsing

- Example

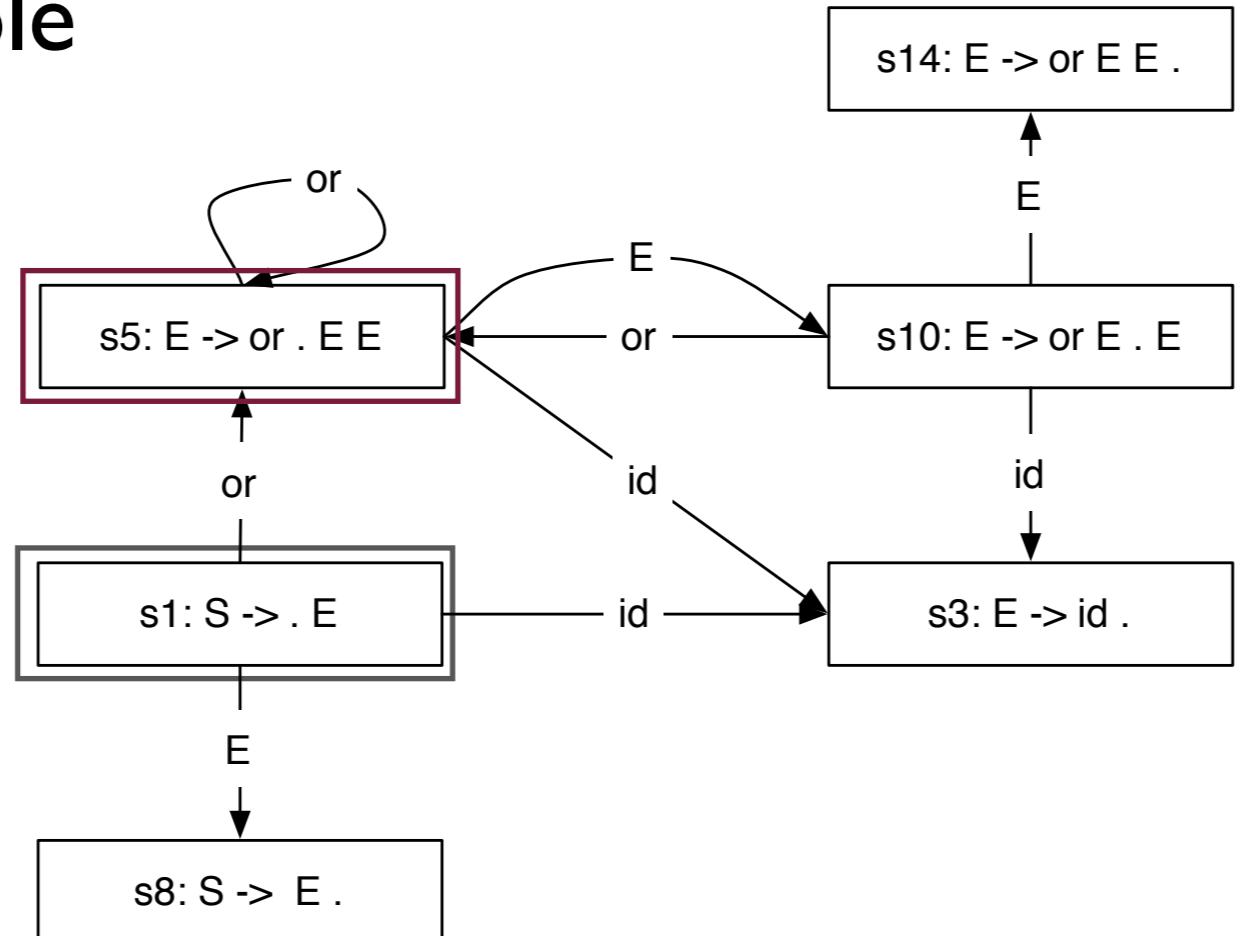


or a . b

$s_3 s_5 s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

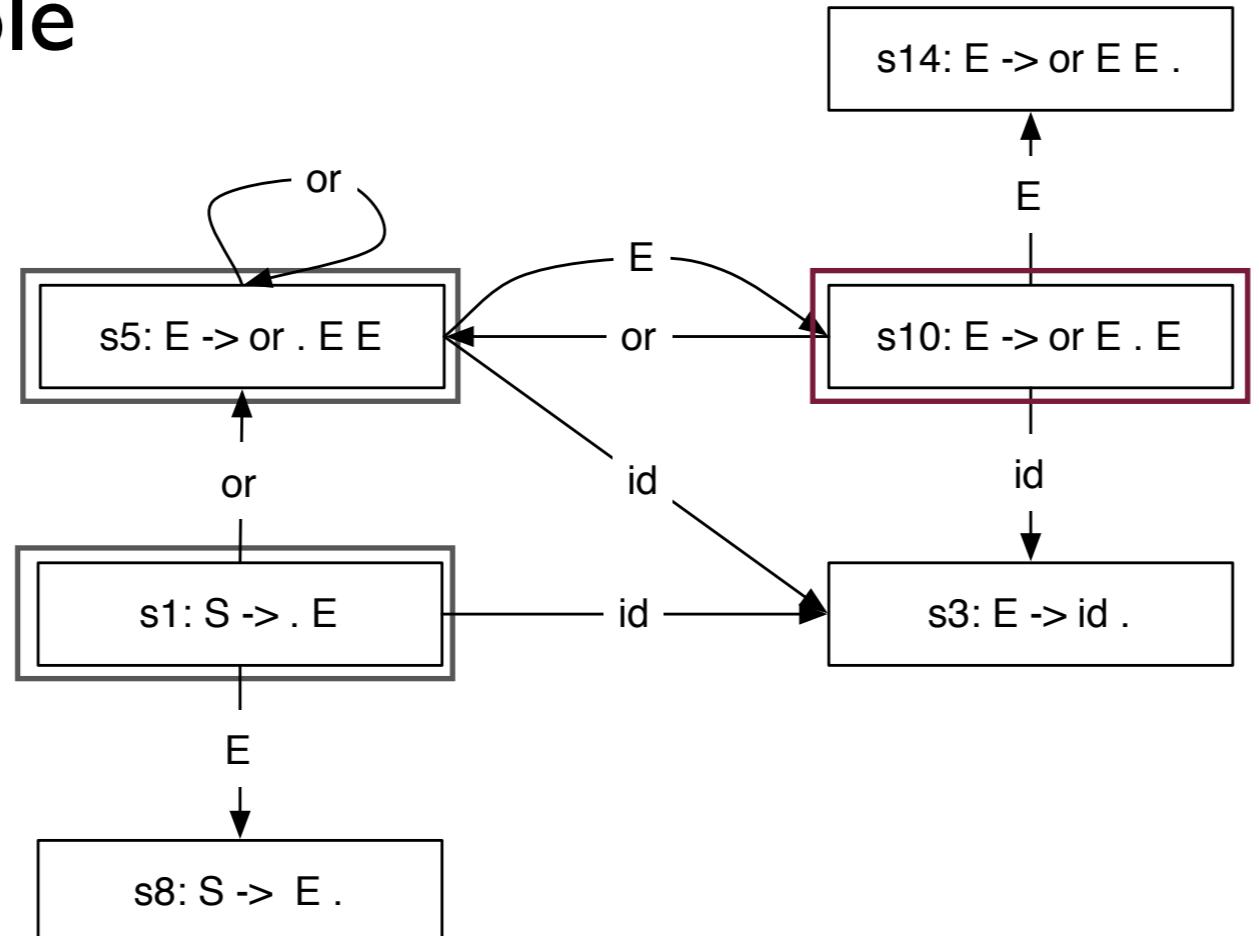


or a . b

$s_5 s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

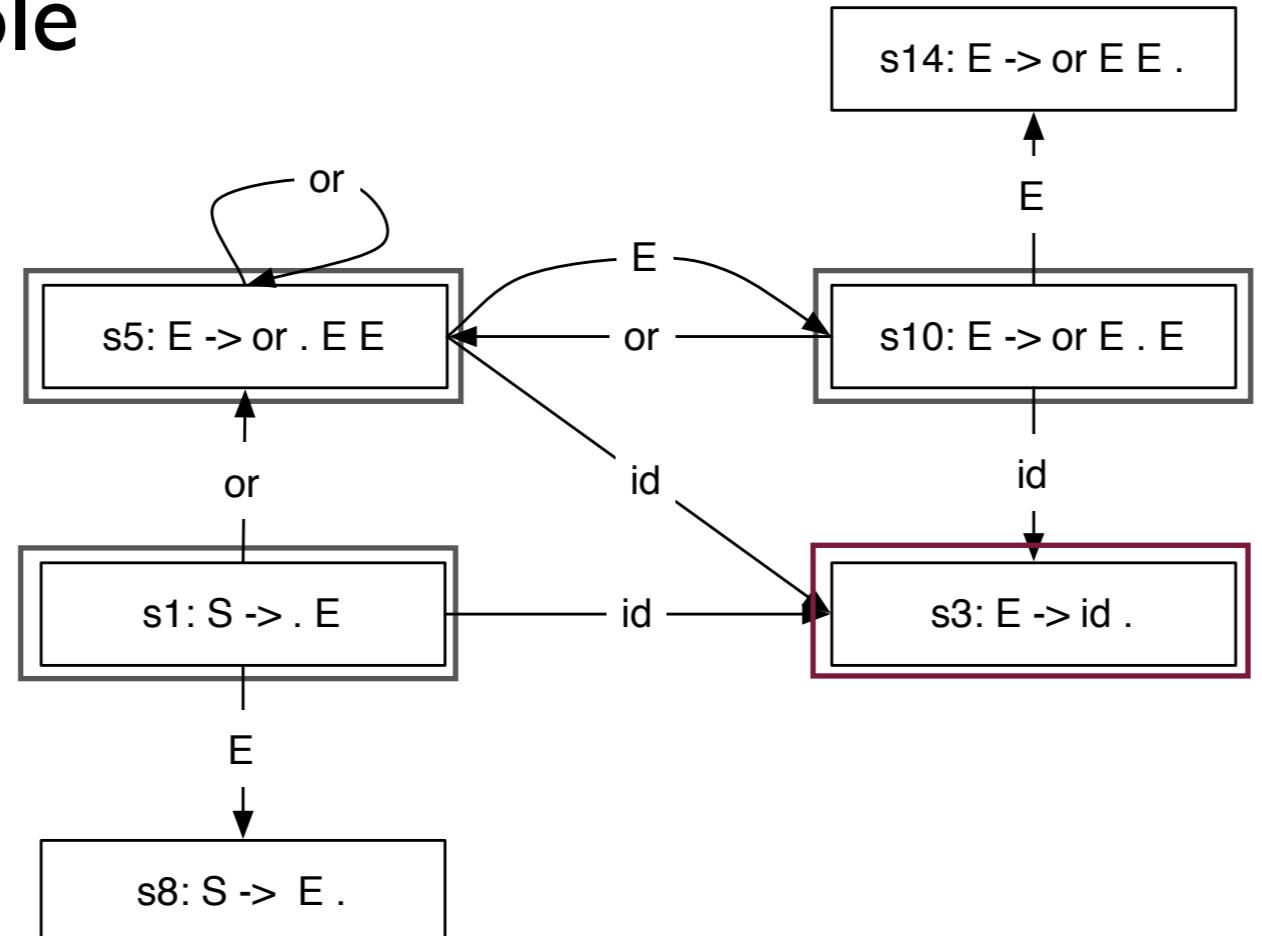


or a . b

$s_{10}s_5s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

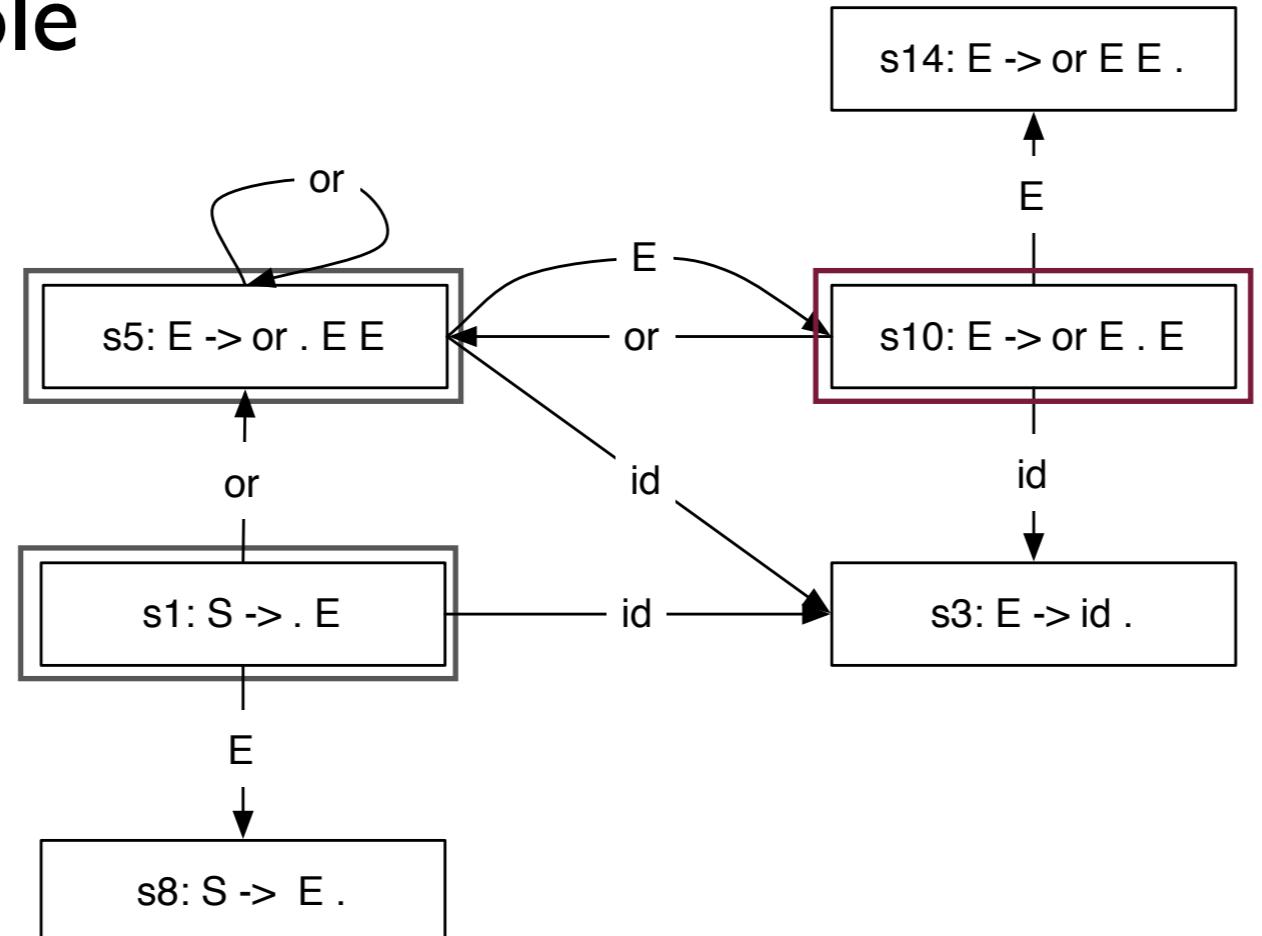


or a b .

$s_3 s_{10} s_5 s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

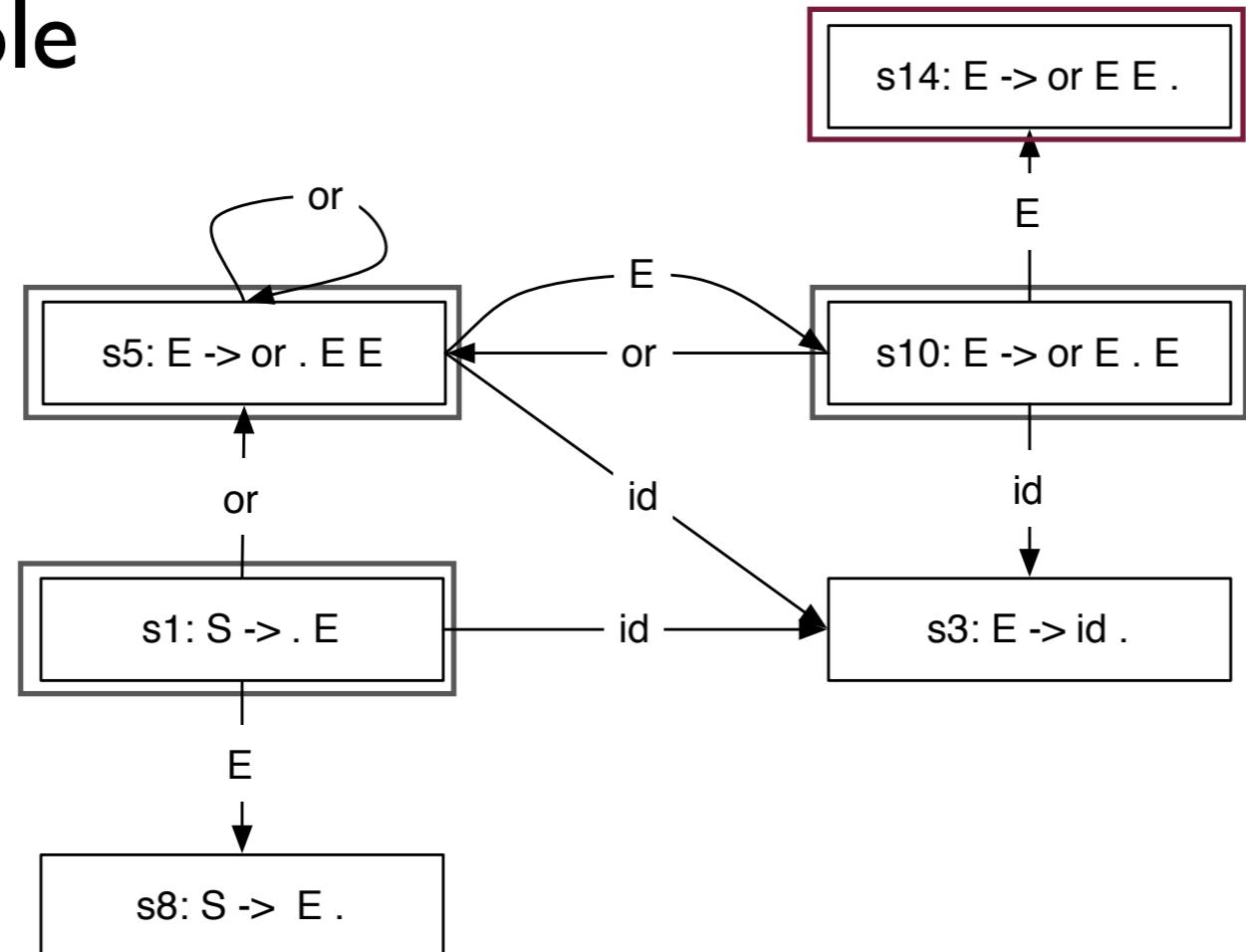


or a b .

$s_{10}s_5s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

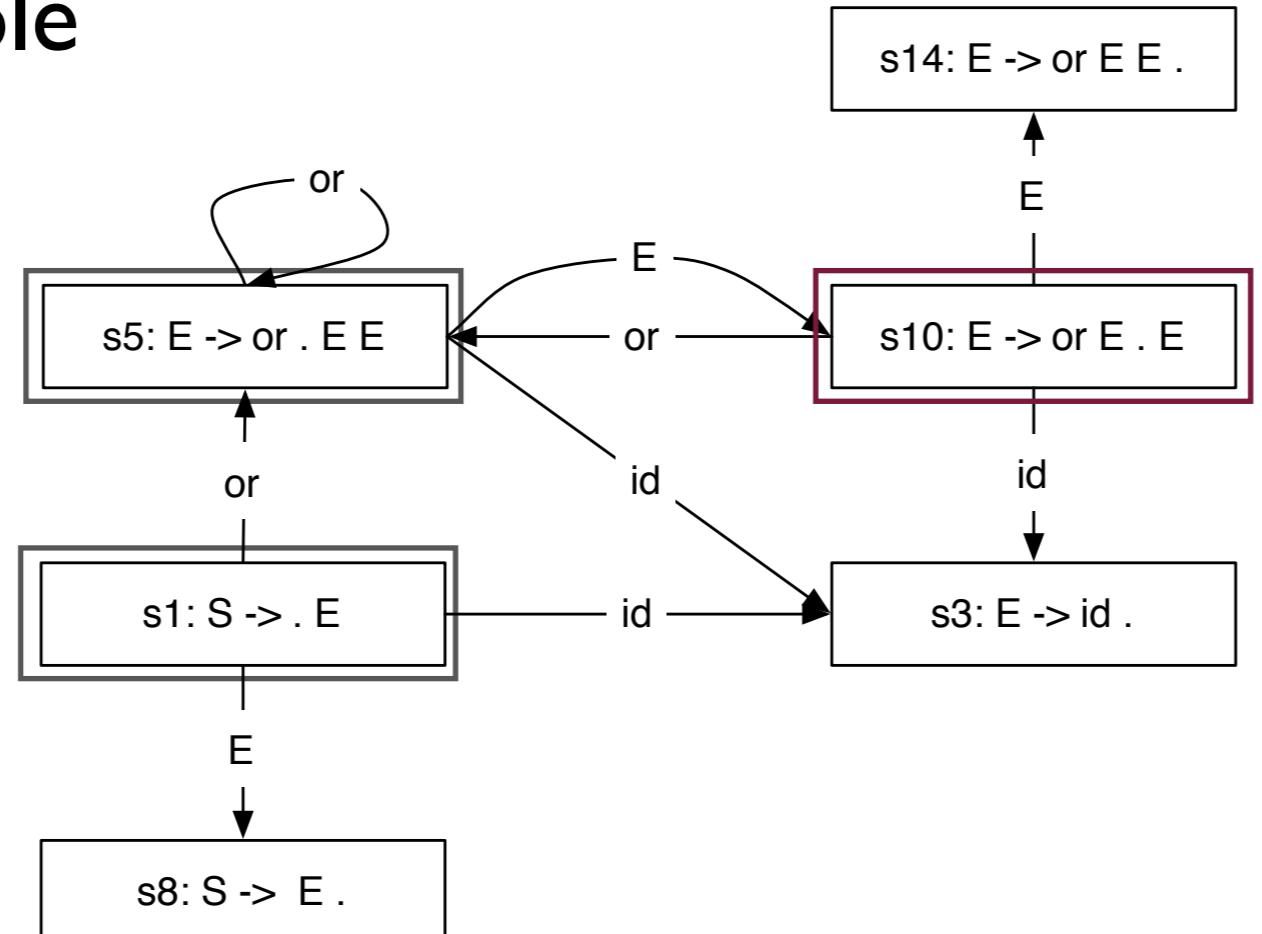


or a b .

$s_{14}s_{10}s_5s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

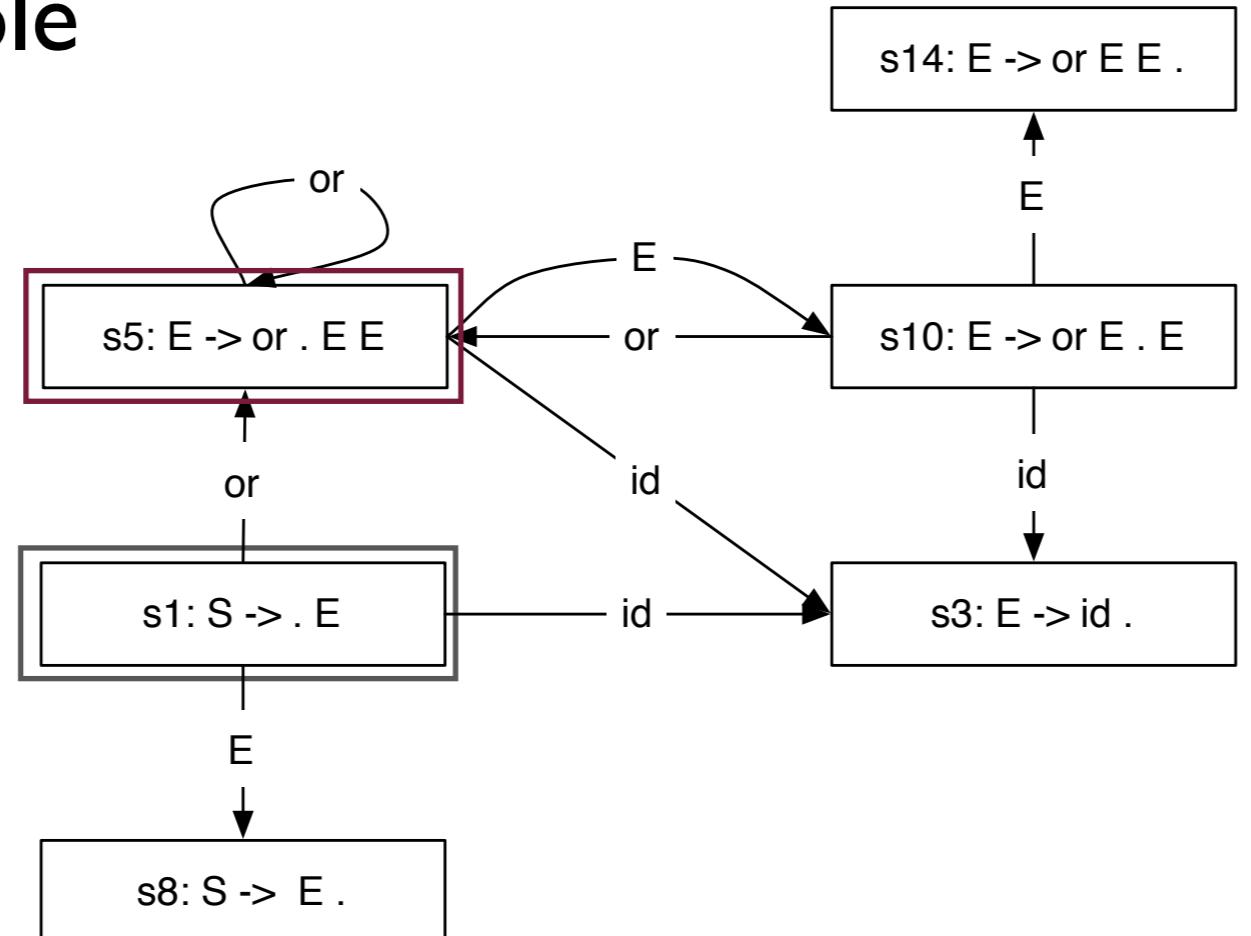


or a b .

$s_{10}s_5s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

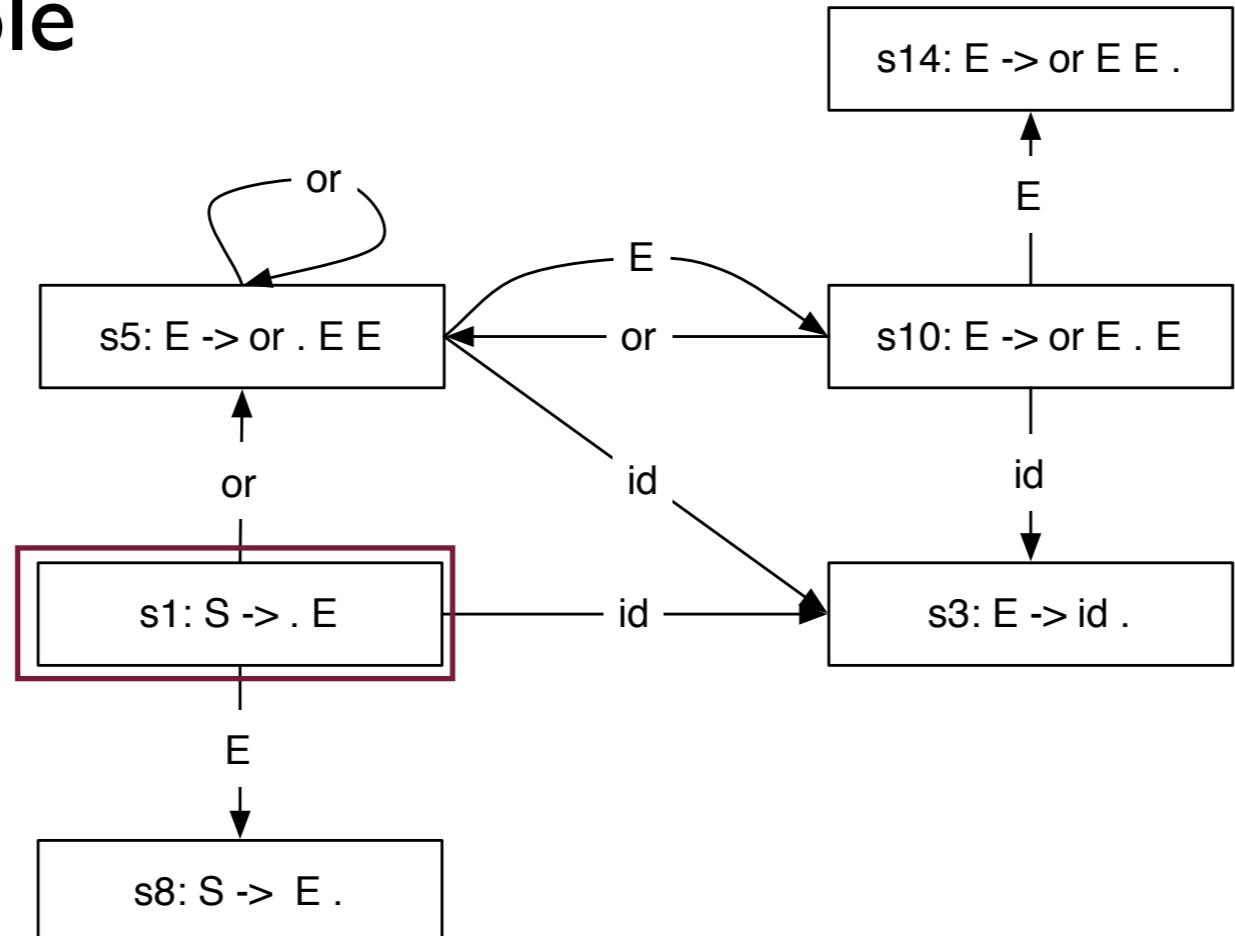


or a b .

$s_5 s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

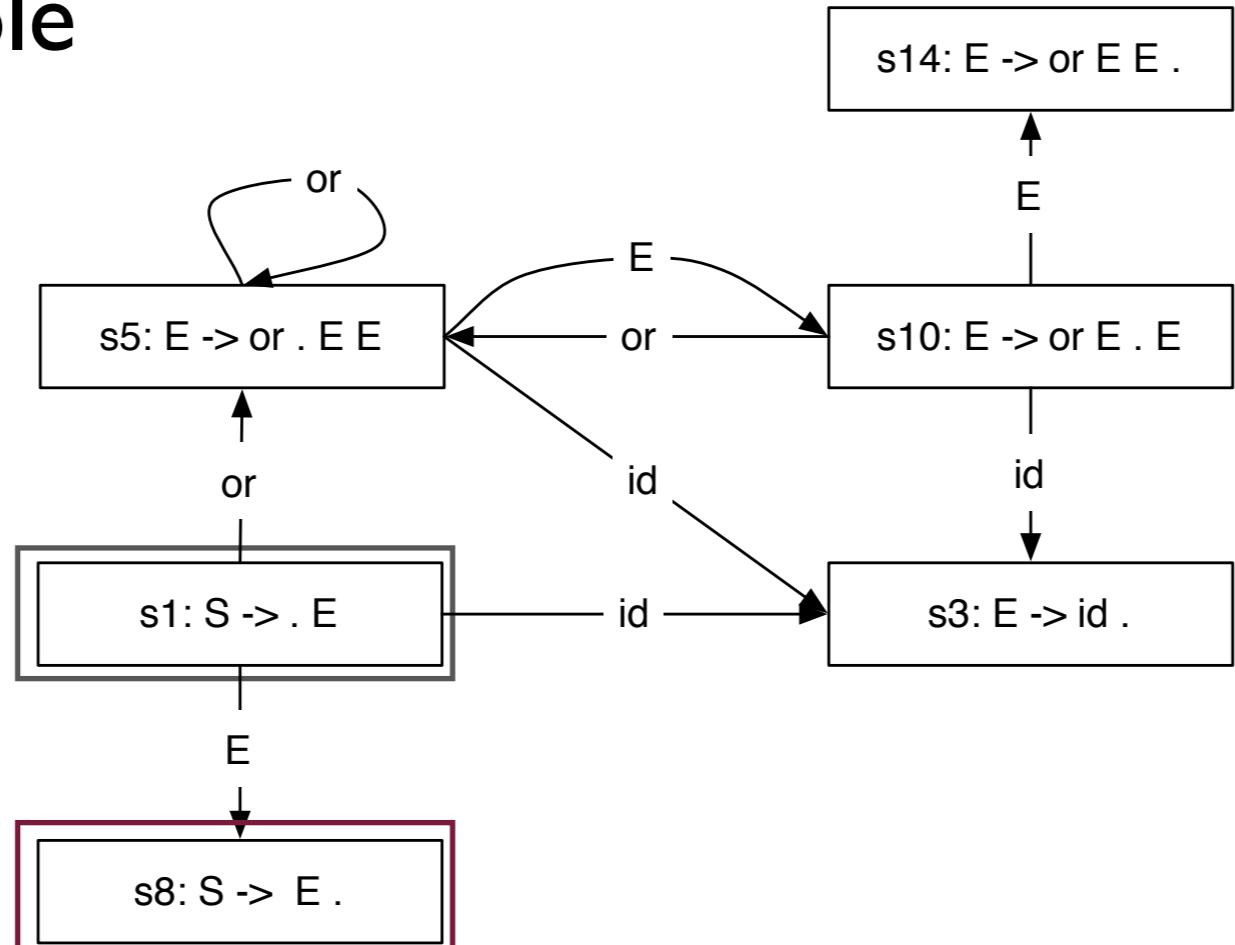


or a b .

$s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example

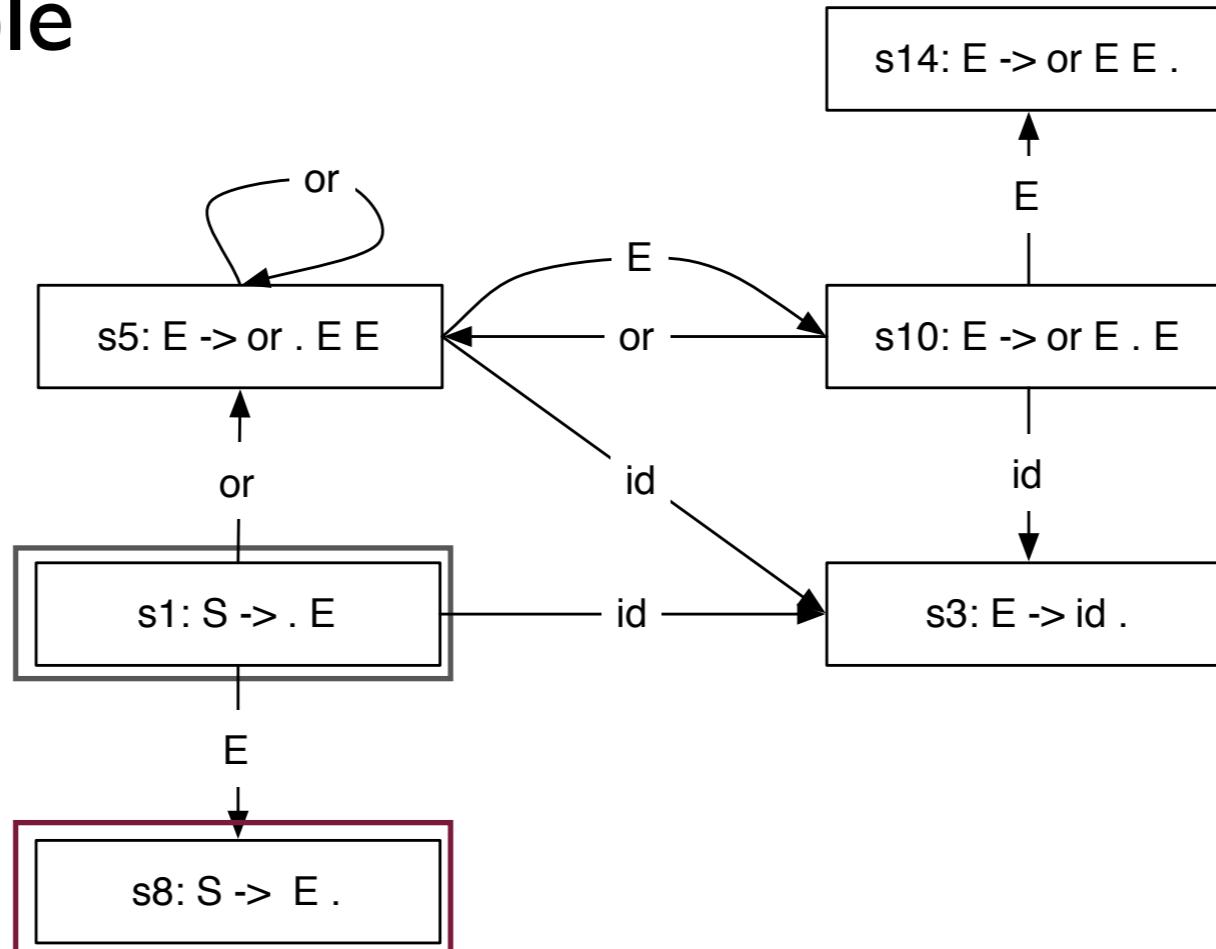


or a b .

$s_8 s_1$

# LR Parsing

- Example



or a b .

$s_8 s_1$

Accept!

# Abstract Parsing: Idea

- Instead of executing the program and parsing the result,

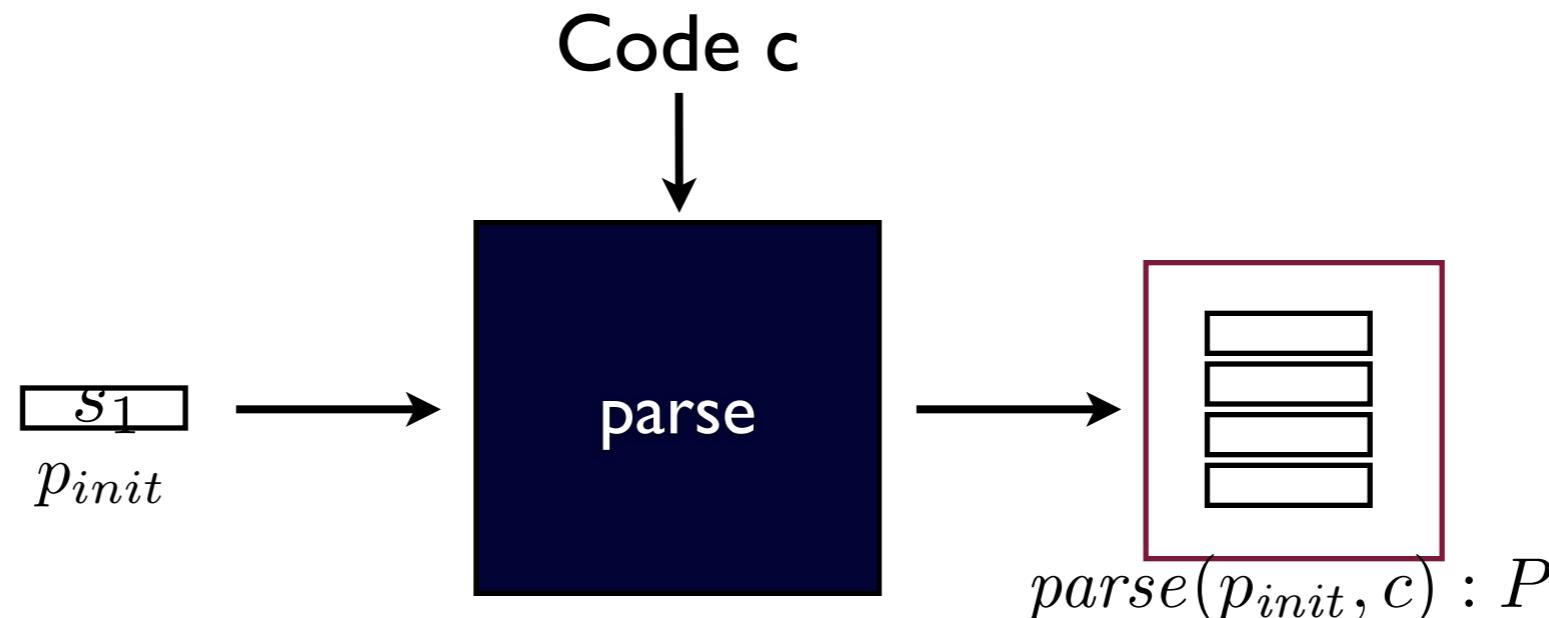
$$[\![e]\!]^0 \Sigma = \{c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n\} \quad \text{parse}(c_i) = O/X$$

- Define abstract semantics using parse stack and execute the program on it.

$$\hat{[\![e]\!]}^0 \Sigma \{p_{init}\} = \{p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n\}$$

# Code as Parse Stack Transition Function

- Q: What should be the abstract value for Code c?
- A: Parse Stack:  $\text{parse}(p_{\text{init}}, c) : P$

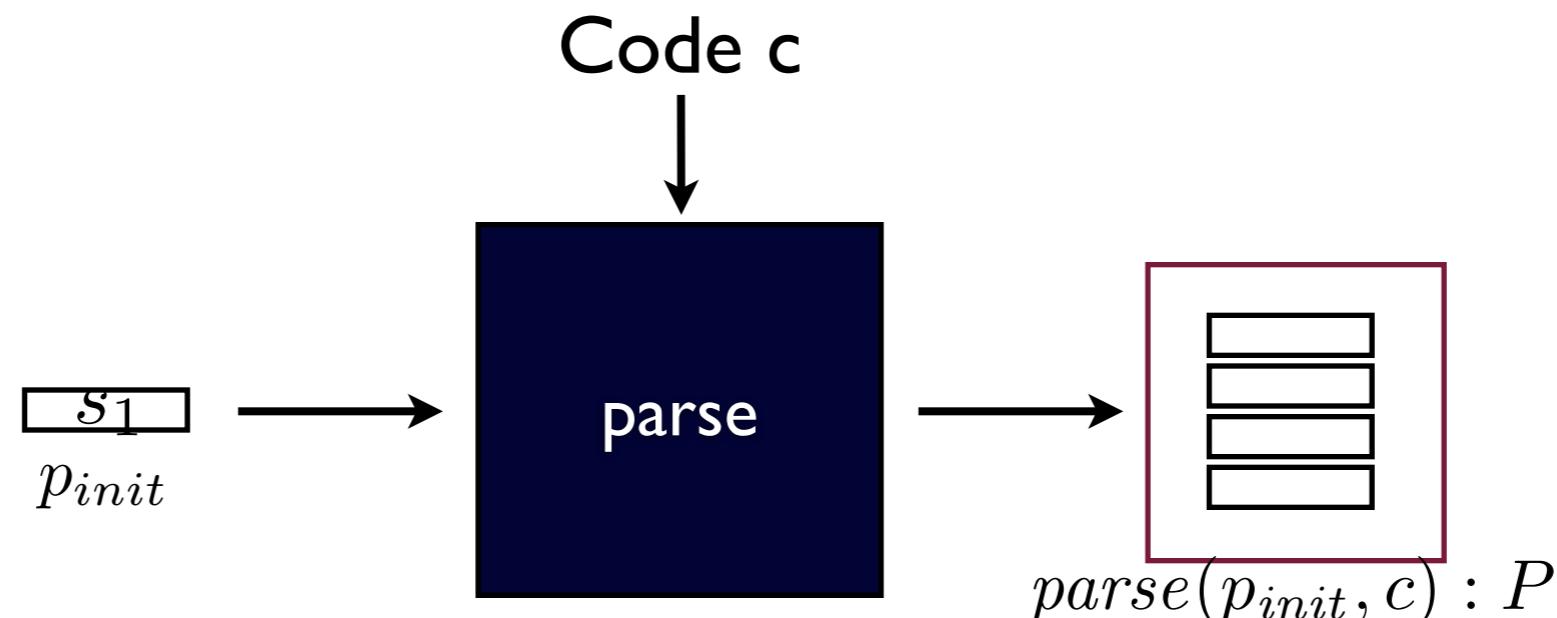


- Example

or  $\rightarrow s_1 s_5$   
a  $\rightarrow s_1 s_8$

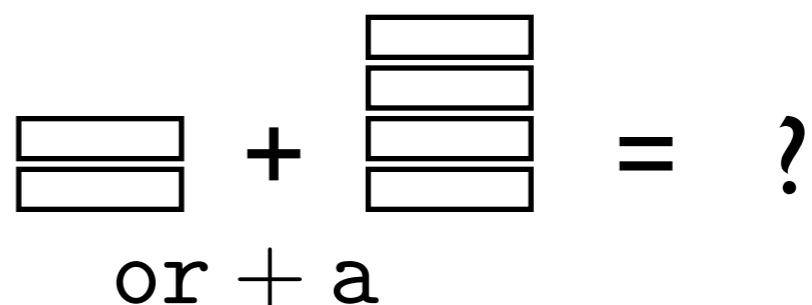
# Code as Parse Stack Transition Function

- Q: What should be the abstract value for Code c?
- A: Parse Stack:  $\text{parse}(p_{init}, c) : P$



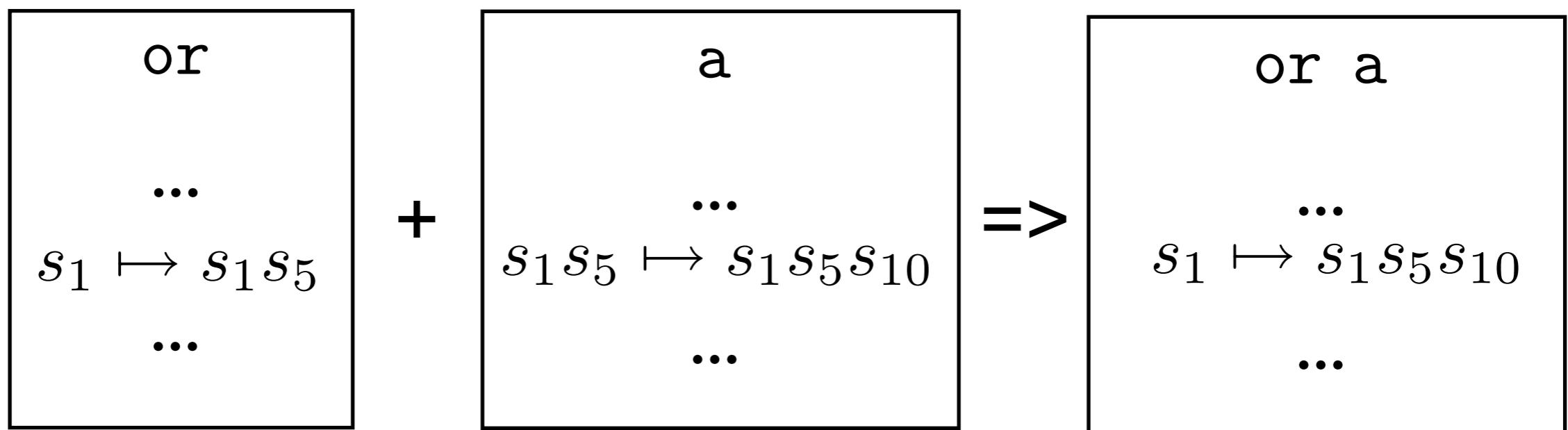
- Problem: Parse Stack Concatenation

or  $\rightarrow s_1 s_5$   
a  $\rightarrow s_1 s_8$



# Code as Parse Stack Transition Function

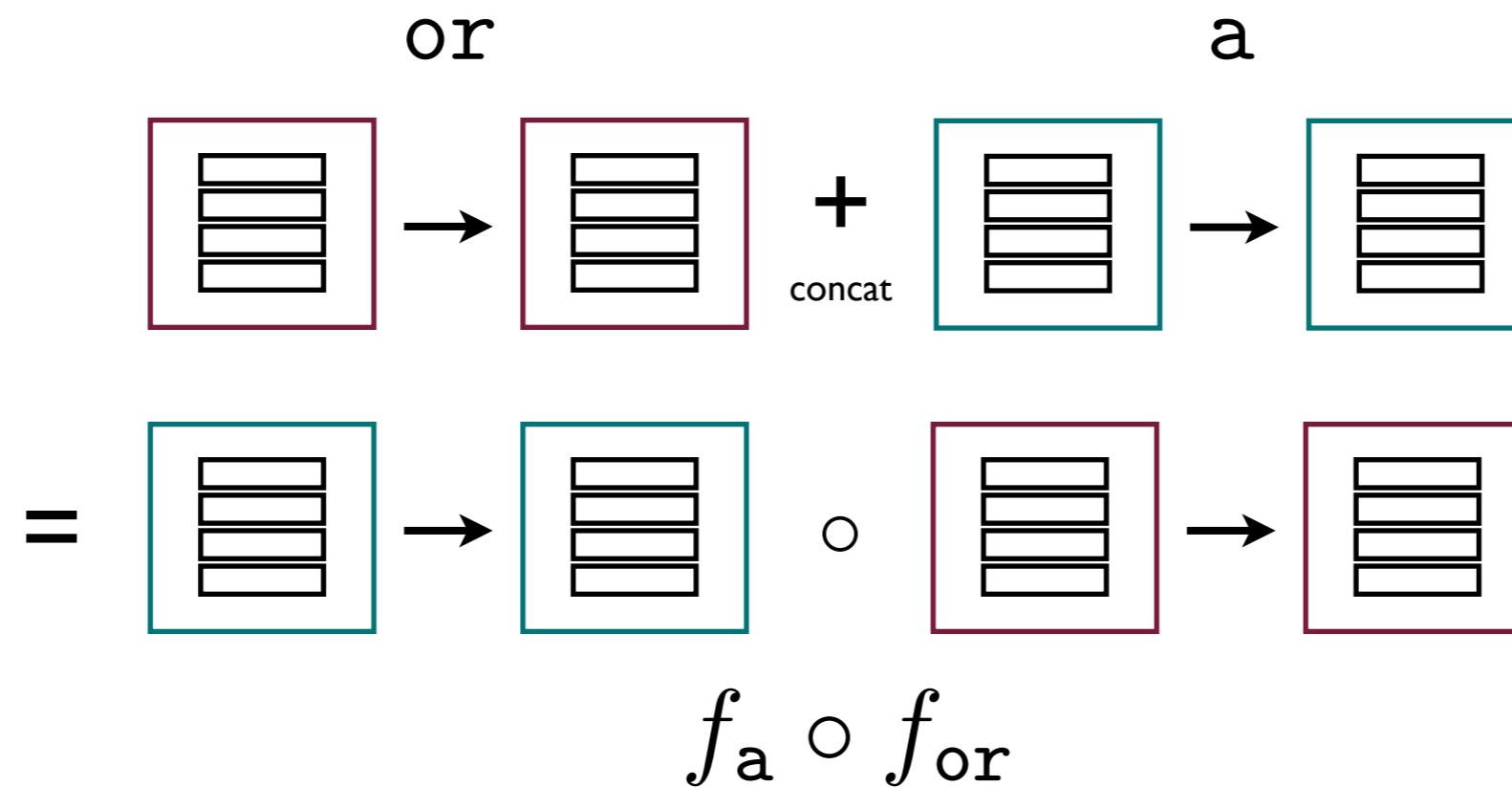
- Q: What should be the abstract value for Code c?
- A2: Parse Stack Transition Function :  $\lambda p. parse(p, c) : P \rightarrow P$



Code concatenation => Function Composition

# Code as Parse Stack Transition Function

- Q: What should be the abstract value for Code c?
- A2: Parse Stack Transition Function :  $\lambda p. parse(p, c) : P \rightarrow P$



Code concatenation => Function Composition

# Concrete Parsing Semantics

- Using the abstraction from Code to  $P \rightarrow P$  establish a Galois connection  $2^{Code} \xrightleftharpoons[\alpha]{\gamma} V_P = 2^{P \rightarrow P}$
- Derive concrete parsing semantics

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma \in Env_P &= Var \rightarrow V_P \\ \llbracket e \rrbracket_P^0 &\in Env_P \rightarrow V_P \\ \llbracket f \rrbracket_P^1 &\in Env_P \rightarrow V_P\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\llbracket x \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma &= \sigma(x) \\ \llbracket \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma &= \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_P^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma]) \\ \llbracket \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma &= \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma \cup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma \\ \llbracket \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma &= \llbracket e_3 \rrbracket_P^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto \\ &\quad fix \lambda k. \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma \cup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_P^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto k])])\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\llbracket 'f \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma &= \llbracket f \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma \\ \llbracket t \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma &= \boxed{\{\lambda p. parse\_action(p, t)\}} \\ \llbracket f_1.f_2 \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma &= \boxed{\{p_2 \circ p_1 \mid p_1 \in \llbracket f_1 \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma \wedge p_2 \in \llbracket f_2 \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma\}} \\ \llbracket ,e \rrbracket_P^1 \sigma &= \llbracket e \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma\end{aligned}$$

# First Abstraction

- First, we abstract  $2^{P \rightarrow P}$  to  $2^P \rightarrow 2^P$  by,

$$\alpha_{2^{P \rightarrow P} \rightarrow (2^P \rightarrow 2^P)} = \lambda F \lambda P. \{f(p) \mid f \in F \wedge p \in P\}$$

- Semantics:

$$\sigma \in Env_{\hat{P}} = Var \rightarrow V_{\hat{P}}$$

$$[e]_{\hat{P}}^0 \in Env_{\hat{P}} \rightarrow V_{\hat{P}}$$

$$[f]_{\hat{P}}^1 \in Env_{\hat{P}} \rightarrow V_{\hat{P}}$$

$$[x]_{\hat{P}}^0 = \sigma(x)$$

$$[\text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma = [e_2]_{\hat{P}}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto [e_1]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma])$$

$$[\text{or } e_1 \ e_2]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma = \lambda P. [e_1]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma P \cup [e_2]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma P$$

$$[\text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma = [e_3]_{\hat{P}}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto \\ fix \ \lambda k. \lambda P. [e_1]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma P \cup [e_2]_{\hat{P}}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto k]) P])$$

$$[\cdot f]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma = [f]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma$$

$$[t]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma = \boxed{\lambda P. Parse\_action(P, t)}$$

$$[f_1.f_2]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma = \boxed{[f_2]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma \circ [f_1]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma}$$

$$[,]e]_{\hat{P}}^1 \sigma = [e]_{\hat{P}}^0 \sigma$$

# Need More Abstraction

- Since  $P$  is infinite, computing  $f : 2^P \rightarrow 2^P$  may not terminate.
- Example:

```
re x (`or . , x) (`,x . b)
```

```
=> a b
```

```
or a b
```

```
or or a b
```

```
...
```

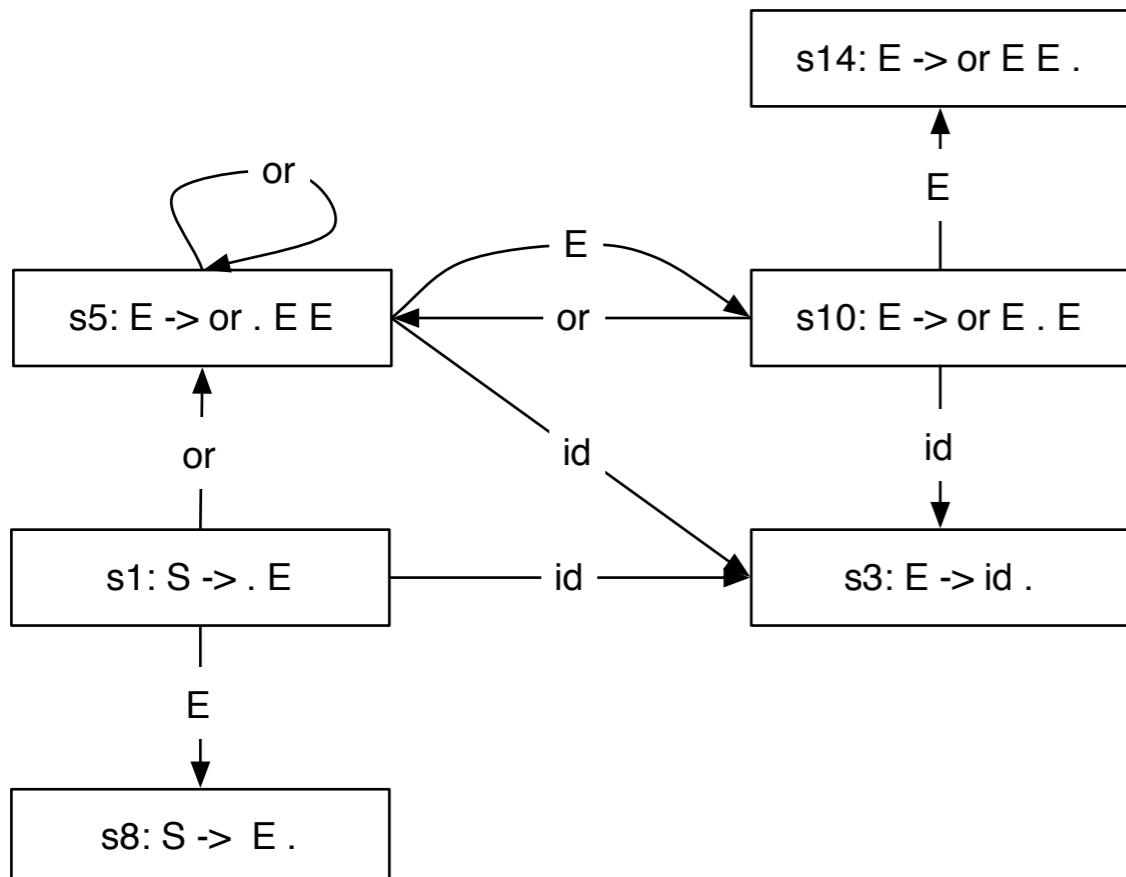
$$\begin{aligned} & [[\mathbf{re} \ x \ `a \ (\`{\mathbf{or}} \ . \ , x) \ (\`{\mathbf{,}} \ x \ . \ b)]^0_{\hat{P}} \sigma_0 \{s_1\}] \\ & = (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ (fix \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \ (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})$

$$\begin{aligned} & [\![\text{re } x \ (\text{'a} (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})]\!]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. PA(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix} \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

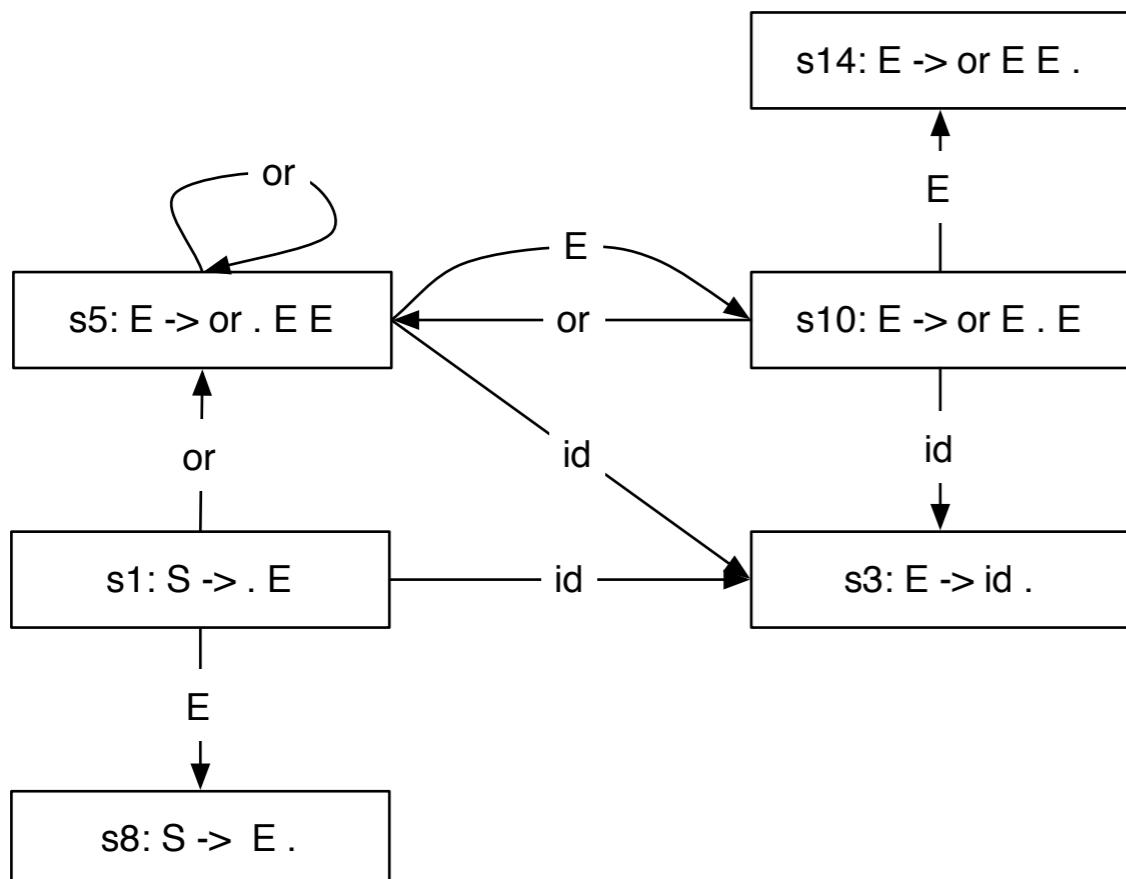


# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$$

$$\begin{aligned} & [[\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}] \\ & = (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ \underline{(\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or))))} \{s_1\}) \end{aligned}$$

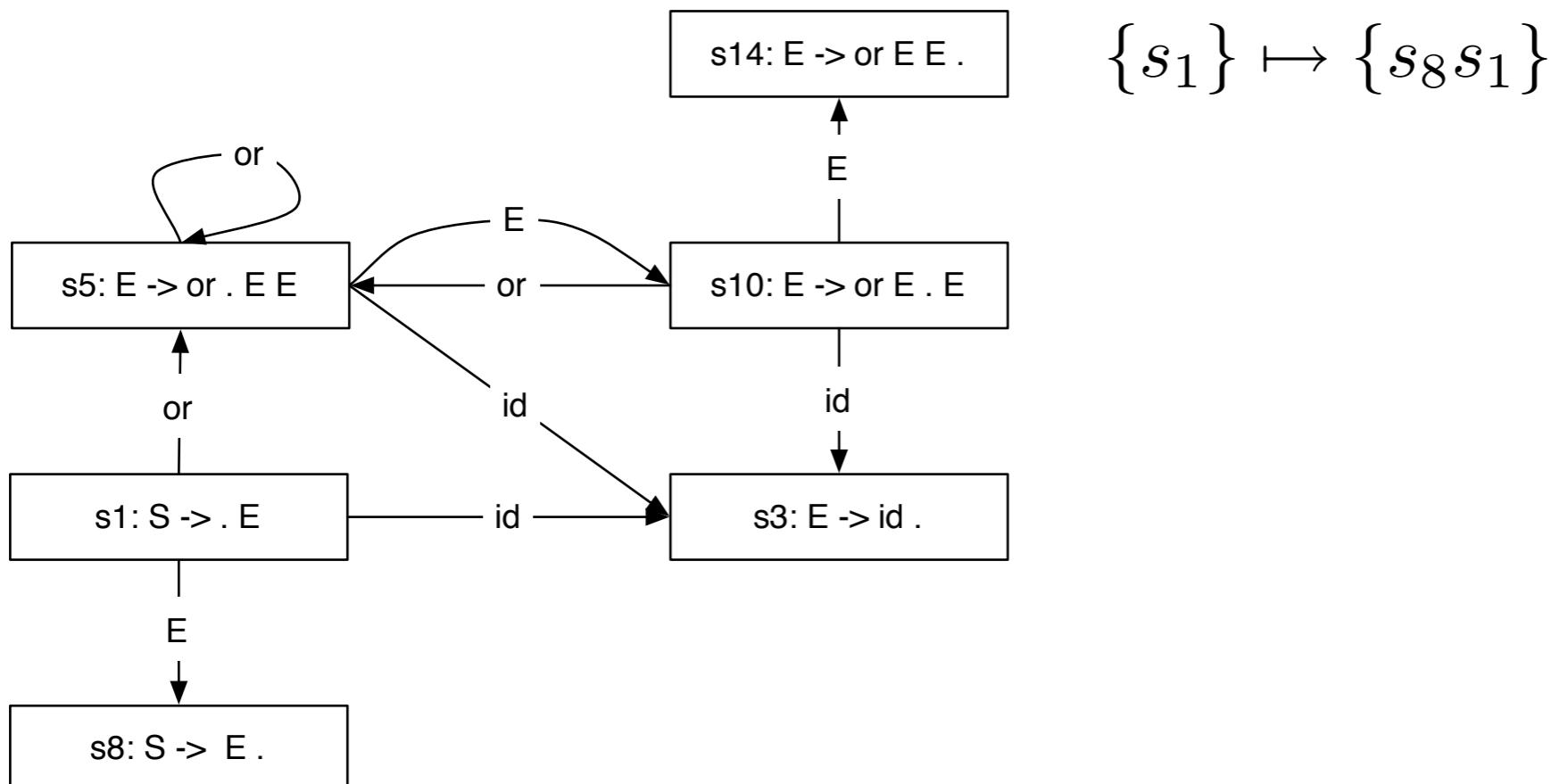


# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$$\text{re } x \ (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{re } x \ (\text{'a} (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})) \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. PA(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix} \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

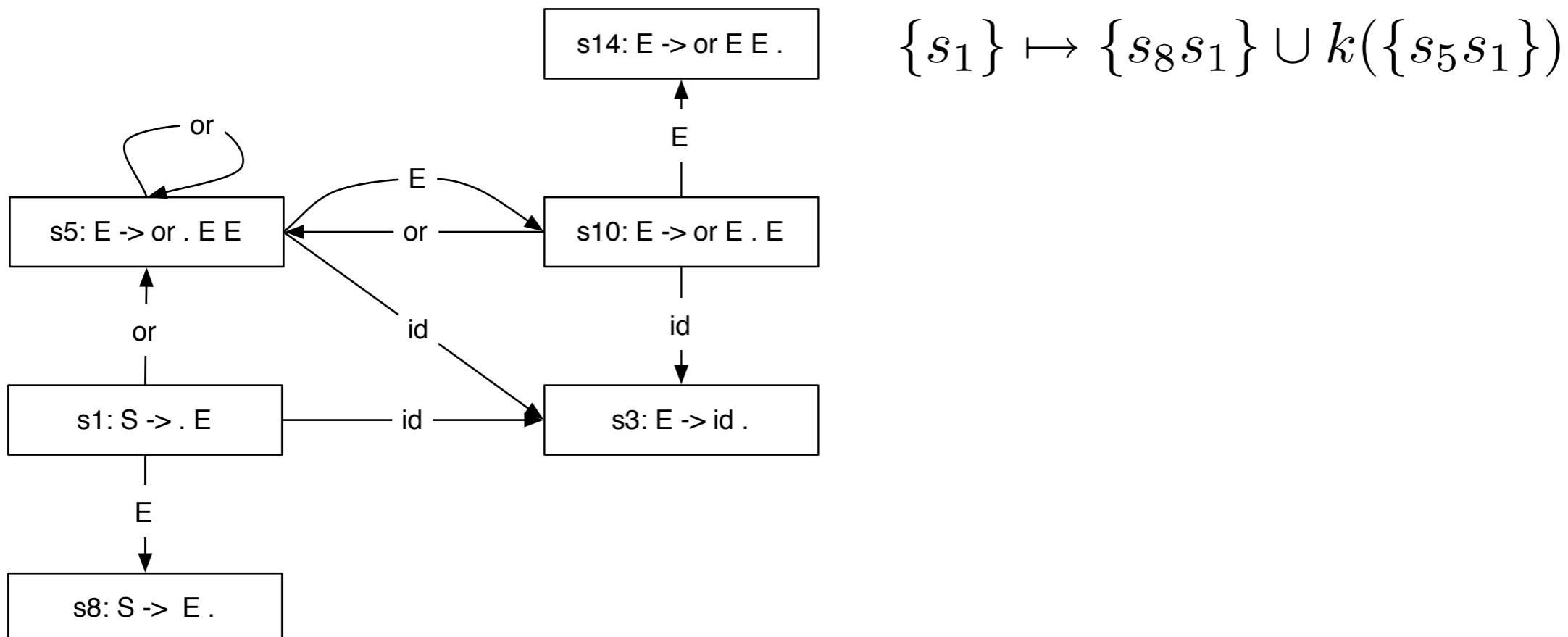


# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \ (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{re } x \ (\text{'a} (\text{'or} . , x) (\text{'}, x . \text{b})) \rrbracket_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. PA(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix} \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$



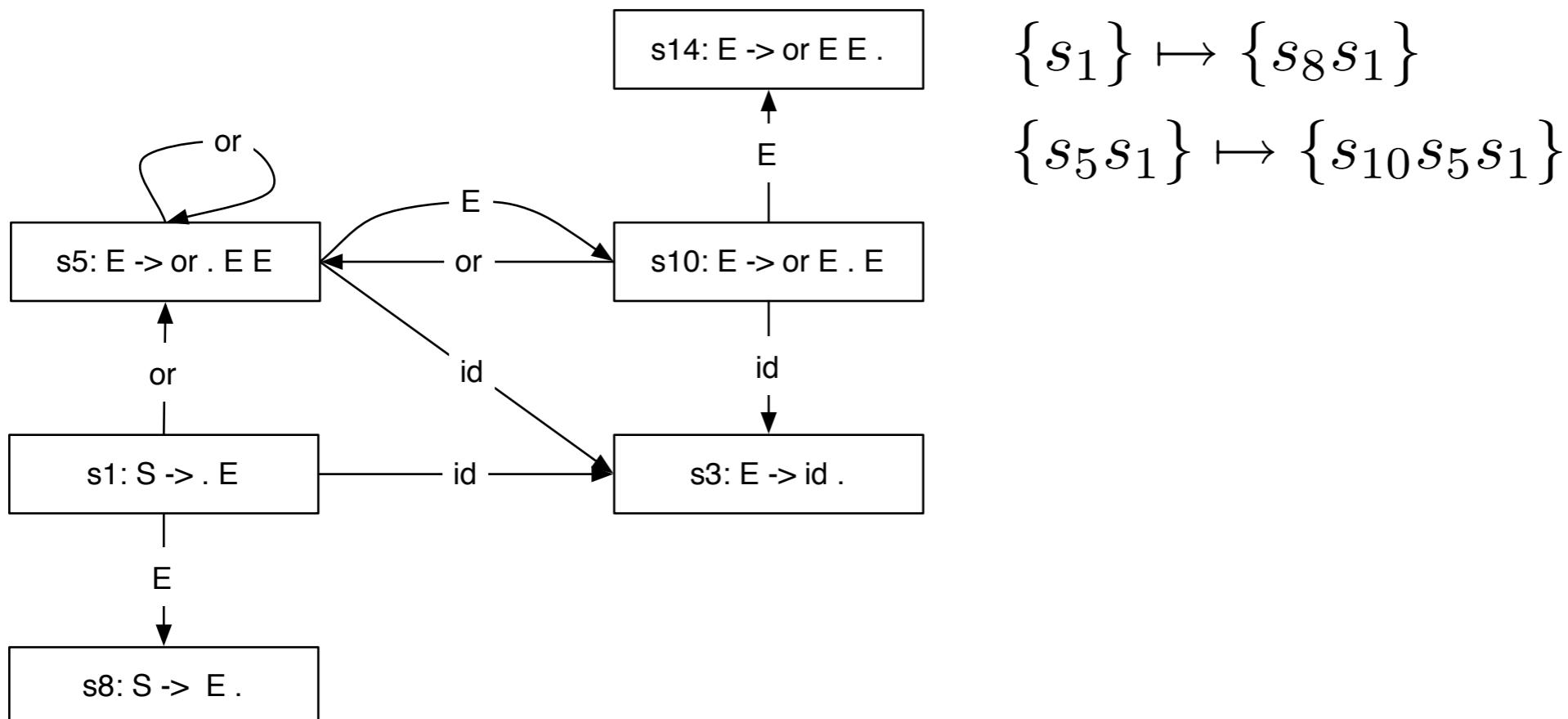
# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$

$$[\![\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]\!]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}$$

$$= (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\}$$



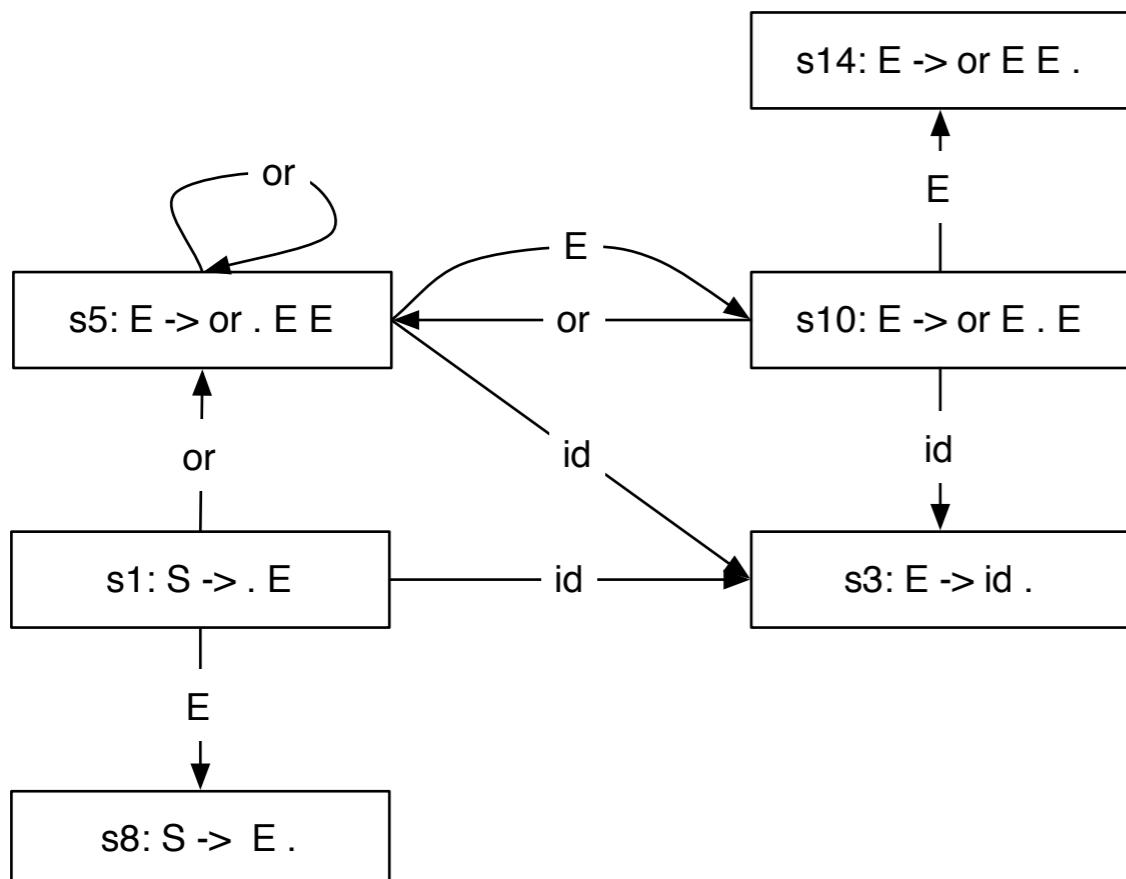
# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$

$$[\![\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]\!]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}$$

$$= (\lambda P.PA(P, b) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\}$$



$$\{s_1\} \mapsto \{s_8 s_1\}$$

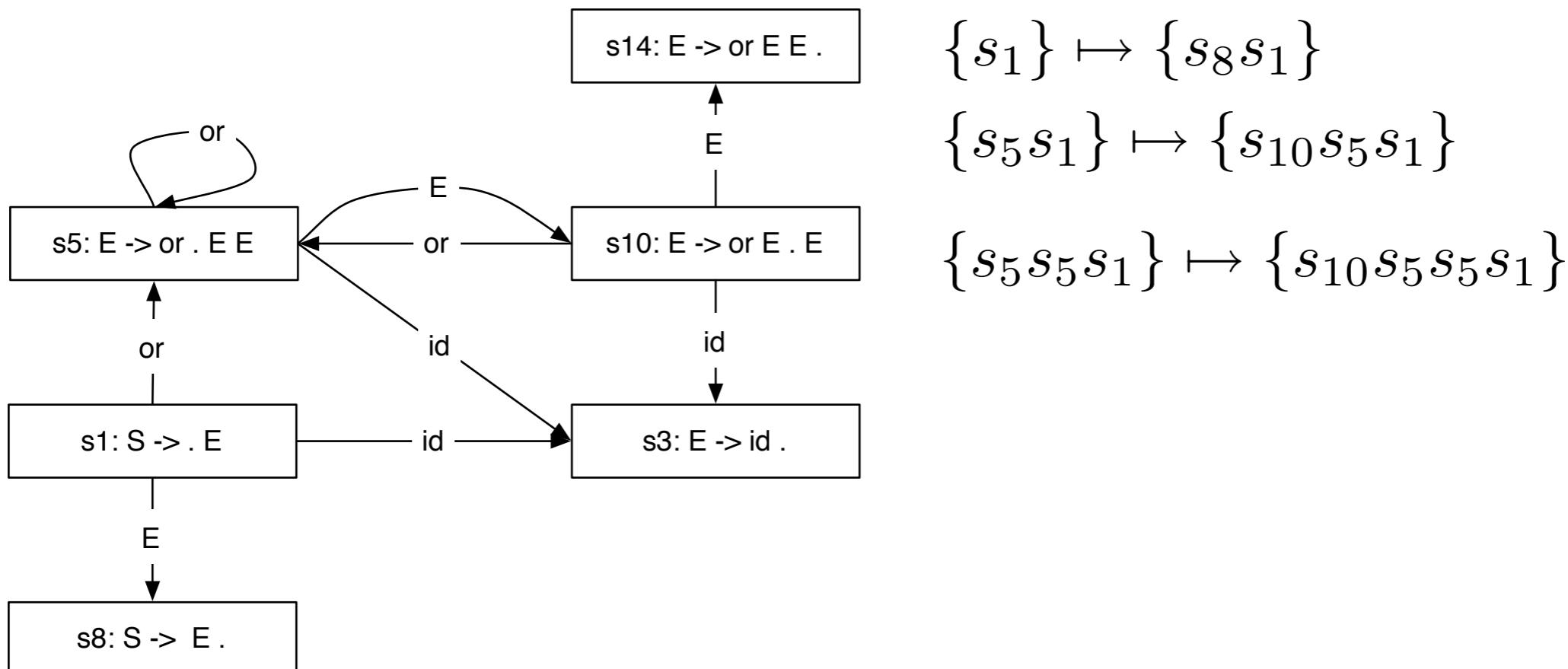
$$\{s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_1\} \cup k(\{s_5 s_5 s_1\})$$

# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$

$$\begin{aligned} & [[\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}] \\ & = (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$



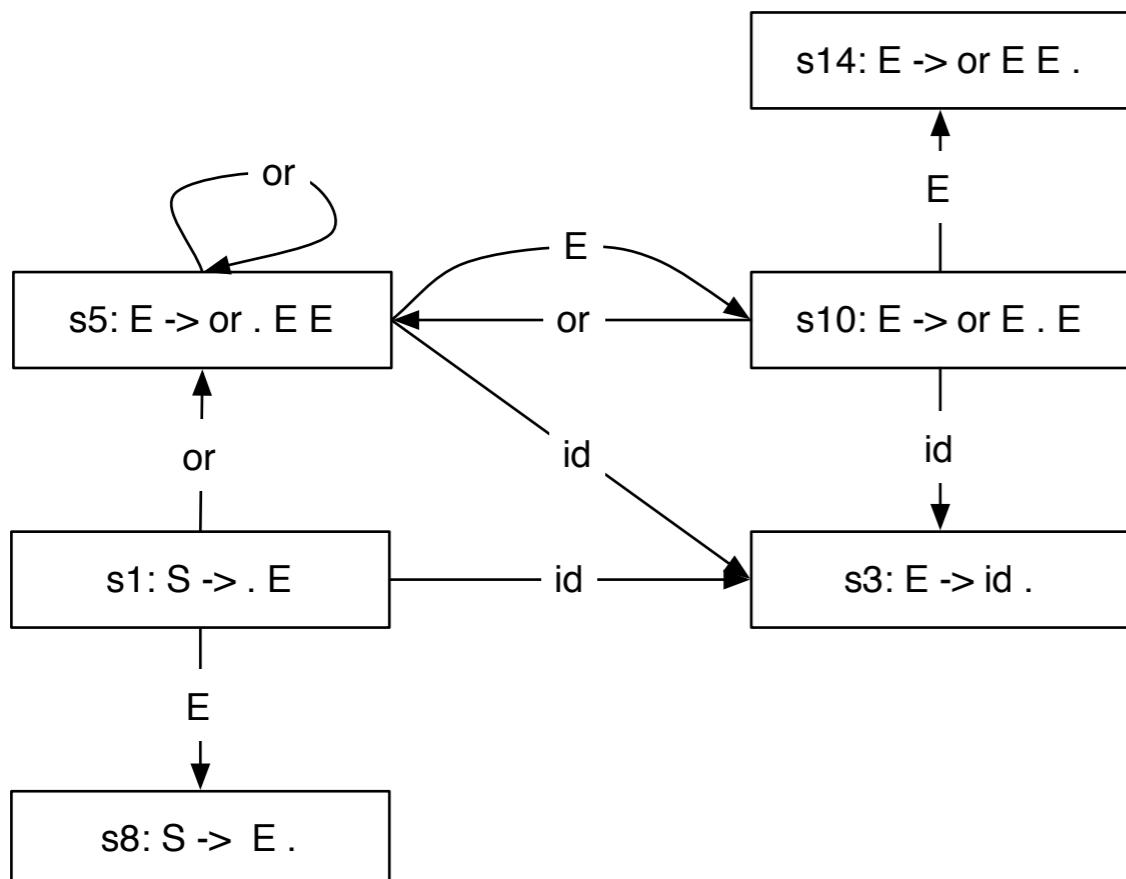
# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$

$$[\![\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]\!]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}$$

$$= (\lambda P.PA(P, b) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\}$$



$$\{s_1\} \mapsto \{s_8 s_1\}$$

$$\{s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_1\}$$

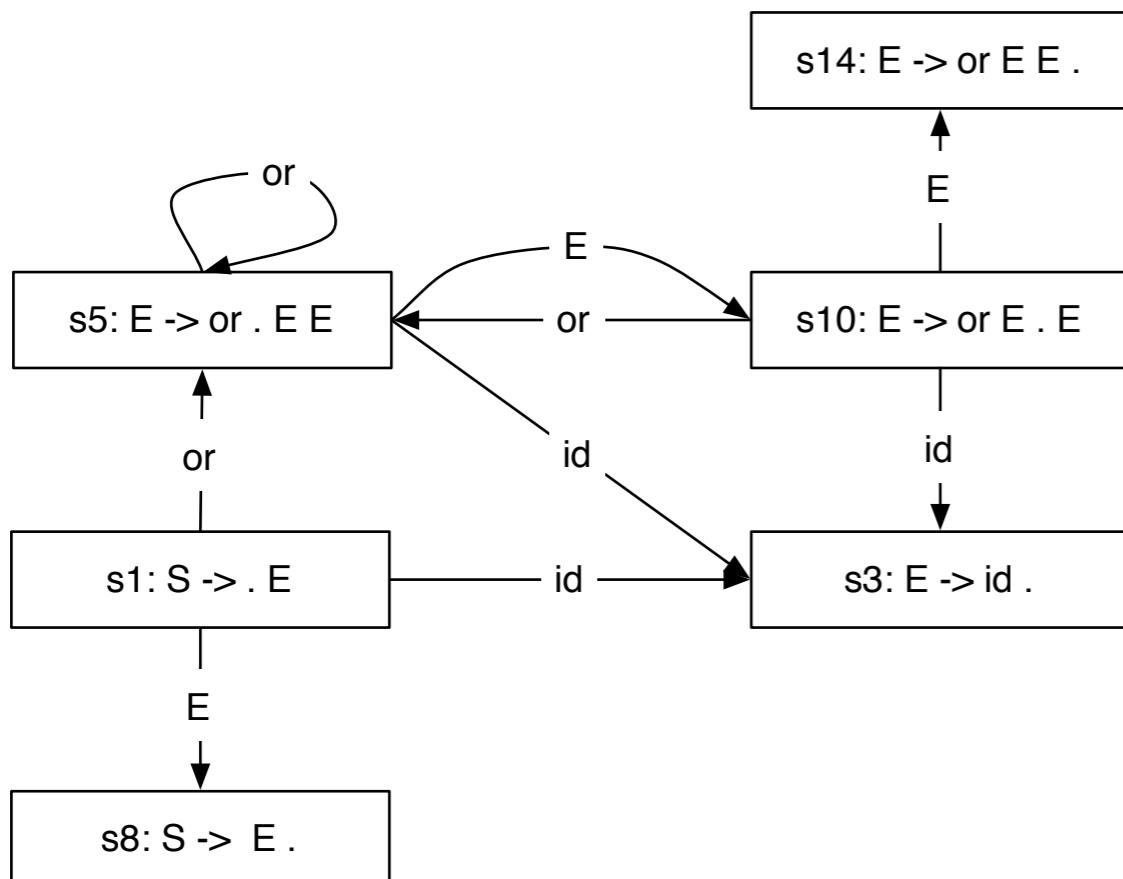
$$\{s_5 s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_5 s_1\} \cup k(\{s_5 s_5 s_5 s_1\})$$

# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$\text{re } x \text{ } 'a \text{ } (' \text{or} \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' \text{, } x \text{ } . \text{ } b)$

$$\begin{aligned} & [\![\text{re } x \text{ } 'a \text{ } (' \text{or} \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' \text{, } x \text{ } . \text{ } b)]\!]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (\underline{PA(P, a)} \sqcup k \circ PA(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$



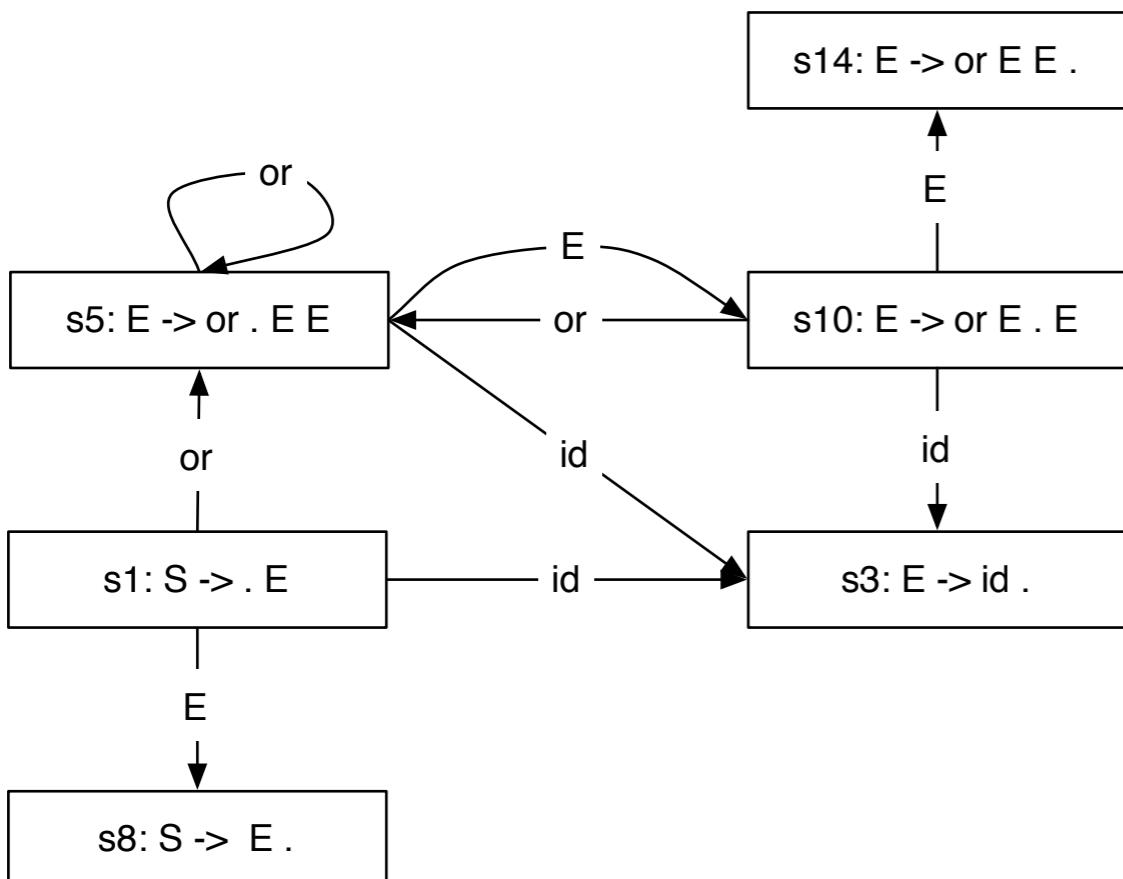
$\{s_1\} \mapsto \{s_8 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_5 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_5 s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \dots$

# Need More Abstraction

- Example:

$$\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))$$

$$\begin{aligned} & [[\text{re } x \text{ } ('a \text{ } ('or \text{ } . \text{ }, x) \text{ } (' , x \text{ } . \text{ } b))]_P^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}] \\ & = (\lambda P. PA(P, b) \circ (fix \lambda k. \lambda P. (PA(P, a) \sqcup k \circ PA(P, or)))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

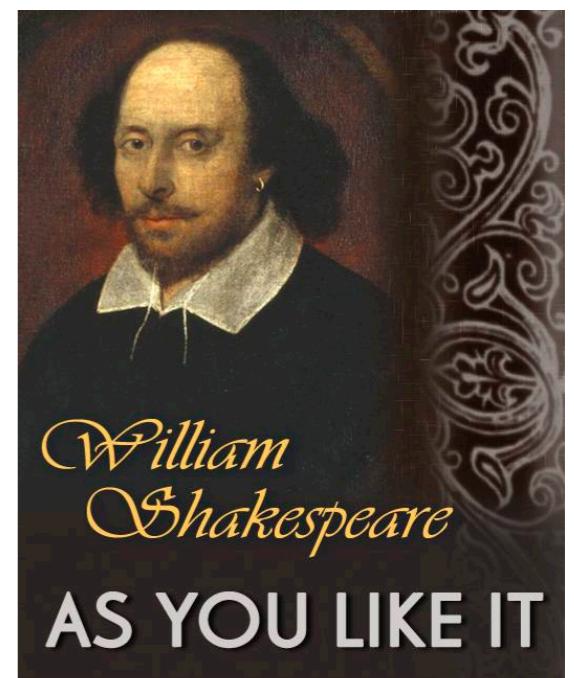


$\{s_1\} \mapsto \{s_8 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10} s_5 s_5 s_1\}$   
 $\{s_5 s_5 s_5 s_1\} \mapsto \dots$   
...

Not Terminated.

# Parameterized Framework

Instead of providing *particular abstract domain for  $2^P$* ,  
*Parameterize an abstract domain with the conditions it*  
*should satisfy.*



# Parameterized Framework

We can abstract  $2^P \rightarrow 2^P$  to  $D^\sharp \rightarrow D^\sharp$

if  $D^\sharp$  satisfies the following conditions.

1.  $(D^\sharp, \sqsubseteq, \sqcup, \perp_{D^\sharp})$  is CPO
2.  $2^P$  and  $D^\sharp$  are Galois connected via  $\alpha_{2^P \rightarrow D^\sharp}$  and  $\gamma_{D^\sharp \rightarrow 2^P}$
3.  $\text{parse\_action}^\sharp : \text{Token} \rightarrow D^\sharp \rightarrow D^\sharp$  is a sound abstraction of  
 $\text{parse\_action} : \text{Token} \rightarrow 2^P \rightarrow 2^P$ . That is,

$\forall a \in \text{Token}. \forall P \in 2^P.$

$$\alpha_{2^P \rightarrow D^\sharp}(\{\text{parse\_action } a p \mid p \in P\}) \sqsubseteq \text{parse\_action}^\sharp a \alpha_{2^P \rightarrow D^\sharp}(P)$$

# Parameterized Framework

We define abstract semantics function  $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}$

$$\sigma \in Env_{D^\sharp} = Var \rightarrow V^\sharp$$

$$\llbracket e \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \in Env_{D^\sharp} \rightarrow V^\sharp$$

$$\llbracket f \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \in Env_{D^\sharp} \rightarrow V^\sharp$$

$$\llbracket x \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma = \sigma(x)$$

$$\llbracket \text{let } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma = \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma])$$

$$\llbracket \text{or } e_1 \ e_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma = \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma \sqcup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma$$

$$\begin{aligned} \llbracket \text{re } x \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma = & \llbracket e_3 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto \\ & fix \lambda k. \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma \sqcup \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 (\sigma[x \mapsto k]))]) \end{aligned}$$

$$\llbracket 'f \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma = \llbracket f \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma$$

$$\llbracket t \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma = \lambda D. Parse\_action^\sharp(D, t)$$

$$\llbracket f_1.f_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma = \llbracket f_2 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma \circ \llbracket f_1 \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma$$

$$\llbracket ,e \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^1 \sigma = \llbracket e \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}^0 \sigma$$

Then  $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}$  is a sound approximation of  $\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket_{\hat{P}}$ .

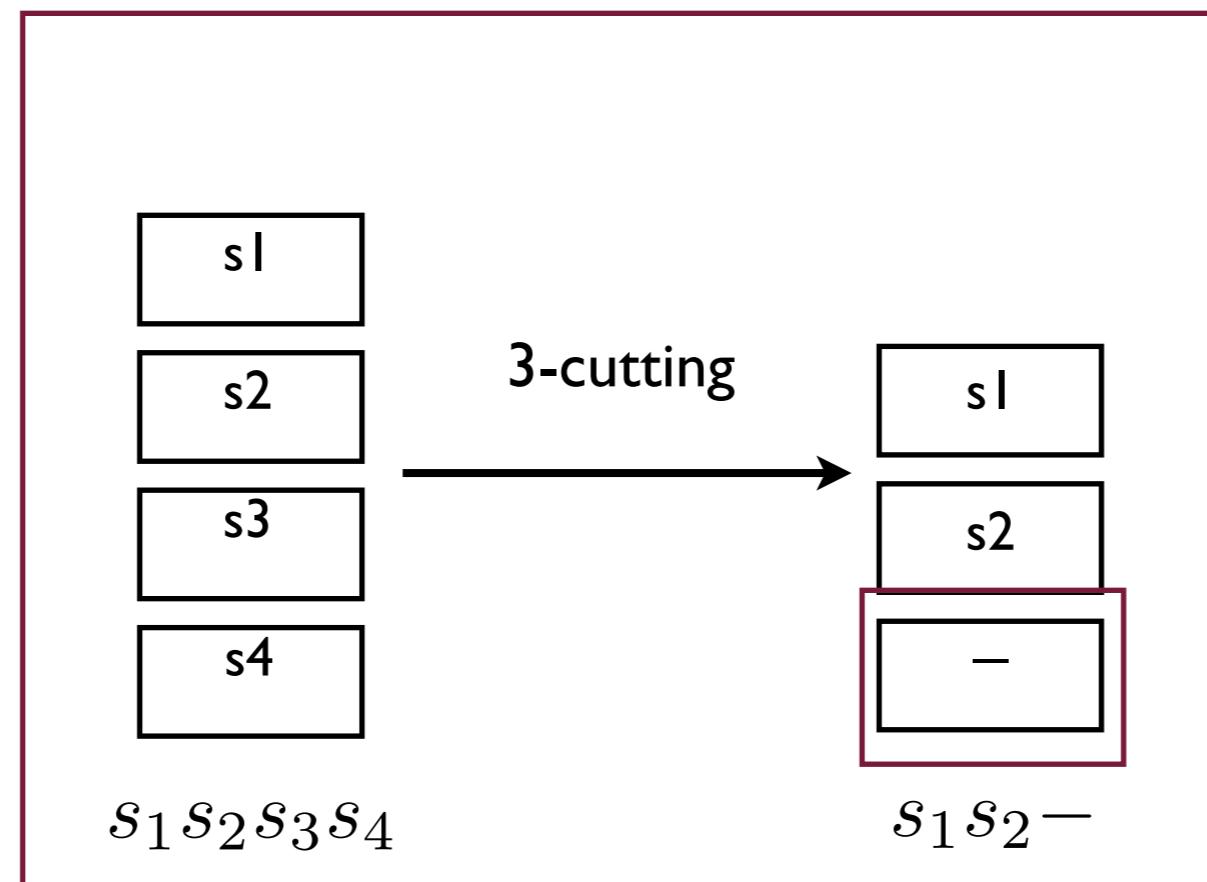
$$\forall e \in Exp. \forall \sigma \in Env_{\hat{P}}.$$

$$\alpha_{V_{\hat{P}} \rightarrow V^\sharp}(\llbracket e \rrbracket_{\hat{P}} \sigma) \sqsubseteq \llbracket e \rrbracket_{D^\sharp}(\alpha_{Env_{\hat{P}} \rightarrow Env_{D^\sharp}}(\sigma))$$

# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

IDEA : limit the length of parsing stack with k



# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

### I. Define Abstract Parse Stack

$$\bar{P} = \{p \cdot - \mid p \in \Sigma^*\}$$

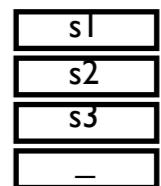
$$\hat{P} = P \cup \bar{P}$$

$\rho_1 \sqsubseteq_{\hat{P}} \rho_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{prefix}(\rho_1) \text{ starts with } \text{prefix}(\rho_2)$

$$\text{prefix}(\rho) = \begin{cases} \rho & \text{if } \rho \in P \\ s_1 \dots s_n & \text{if } \rho = s_1 \dots s_n - \\ \epsilon \text{ (empty string)} & \rho = - \end{cases}$$

#### Example

$$s_1 s_2 s_3 - =$$



$$s_4 s_5 s_6 \sqsubseteq s_4 -$$

# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\hat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

### 2. Define Abstract Domain $\hat{D}$

$$\hat{D} = \{norm(\hat{d}) \mid \hat{d} \in 2^{\hat{P}}\}$$

$$\hat{d}_1 \sqsubseteq \hat{d}_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \forall \rho_1 \in \hat{d}_1. \exists \rho_2 \in \hat{d}_2. \rho_1 \sqsubseteq_{\hat{P}} \rho_2$$

$$\hat{d}_1 \sqcup \hat{d}_2 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} norm(\hat{d}_1 \cup \hat{d}_2)$$

$$norm(\hat{d}) = \{\rho \in \hat{d} \mid \forall \rho' \in \hat{d}. \rho \not\sqsubseteq_{\hat{P}} \rho'\}$$

### Example

$$norm\{s_1-, s_1s_2, s_1s_3s_4\} = \{s_1\}$$

# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

3. Galois Connection  $2^P \xleftrightarrow[\alpha]{\gamma} \widehat{D}$

$$\alpha = id$$

$$\gamma = \lambda \widehat{d}. Expand(\widehat{d})$$

$$expand(\rho) = \begin{cases} \{\rho\} & \text{if } \rho \in P \\ \{prefix(\rho) \cdot p \mid p \in P\} & \text{if } \rho \in \bar{P} \end{cases} \quad Expand(\widehat{d}) = \bigcup_{\rho \in \widehat{d}} expand(\rho)$$

### Example

$$\gamma\{s_1 -\} = \{s_1 s_2, s_1 s_3, \dots, s_1 s_2 s_3 \dots\}$$

# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

### 4. $\widehat{\text{parse\_action}}$

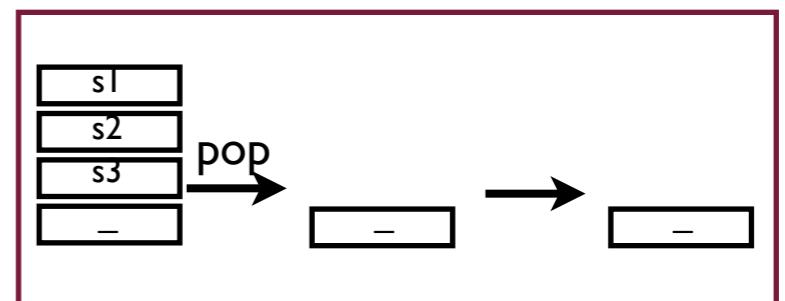
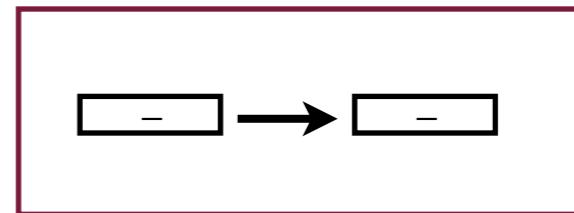
---

#### Algorithm 2 $\widehat{\text{parse\_action}}$ algorithm

---

```
1: procedure  $\widehat{\text{parse\_action}}(\rho, t)$ 
2:   if  $\rho = -$  then
3:     return  $\rho$ 
4:   end if
5:    $s_{top} \leftarrow$  the state on top of stack  $\rho$ 
6:   if  $ACTION[s_{top}, t] = \text{shift } s$  then
7:     push  $s$  onto the stack  $\rho$ 
8:     return  $\rho$ 
9:   else if  $ACTION[s_{top}, t] = \text{reduce } A \rightarrow \beta$  then
10:    pop  $|\beta|$  symbol off the stack  $\rho$ 
11:     $s_{top} \leftarrow$  the state on top of stack  $\rho$ 
12:    if  $s_{top} = -$  then
13:      return  $\rho$ 
14:    end if
15:    push  $GOTO[s_{top}, A]$  onto the stack  $\rho$ 
16:    return  $\widehat{\text{parse\_action}}(\rho, t)$ 
17:  end if
18: end procedure
```

---



# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

### 5.Widening

A. Define widening on  $\widehat{D}$

$$A \nabla_{\widehat{D}} B = \{ \text{norm}(\text{cut}_k(\rho)) \mid \rho \in A \cup B \}$$
$$\text{cut}_k(\rho) = \begin{cases} \rho & \text{if } |\rho| \leq k \\ s_1 \dots s_{k-1} - & \text{if } \rho = s_1 \dots s_{k-1} s_k \dots s_n. \end{cases}$$

#### Example

$$\{s_1 s_2 s_3\} \nabla_{\widehat{D}} \{s_4 s_1 s_2 s_3\} = \{s_1 s_2 s_3, s_4 s_1 -\}$$

B. Define widening on  $\widehat{V} = \widehat{D} \rightarrow \widehat{D}$

$$f \nabla_{\widehat{V}} g = \lambda \widehat{d}. \begin{cases} f(\widehat{d}) \nabla_{\widehat{D}} g(\widehat{d}) & \text{if } \forall \rho \in \widehat{d}. |\rho| \leq l \\ \{-\} & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

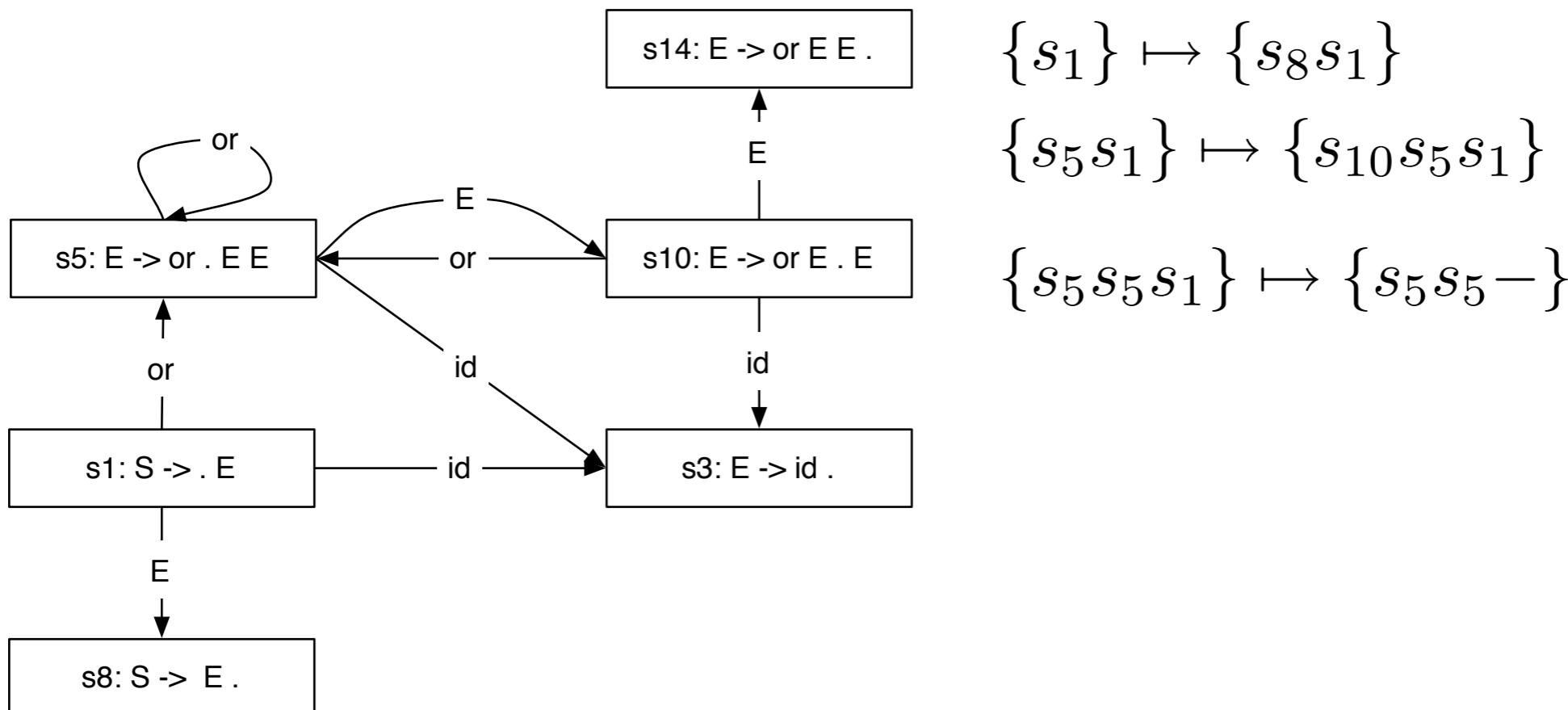
# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

- Example: re x (`or . ,x) (` ,x . b)  $k = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{re } x \text{ `a } (\text{'or . }, x) (\text{' ,x . b}) \rrbracket_{\widehat{D}}^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. \widehat{PA}(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (\widehat{PA}(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ \widehat{PA}(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

1st iteration



# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

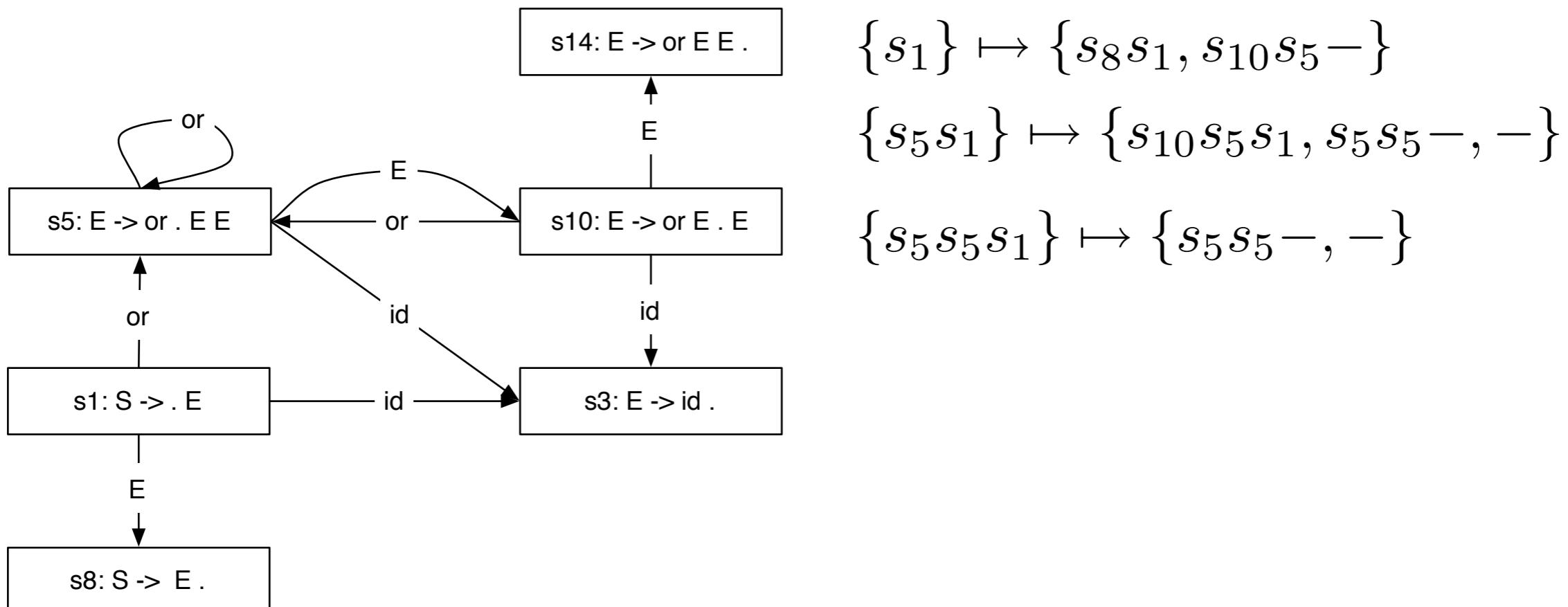
## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

- Example: re x (`or . ,x) (` ,x . b)  $k = 3$

$\llbracket \text{re } x \text{ `a } (\text{'or} . ,x) (\text{'},x . \text{b}) \rrbracket_{\widehat{D}}^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\}$

$$= (\lambda P. \widehat{PA}(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix} \lambda k. \lambda P. (\widehat{PA}(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ \widehat{PA}(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\}$$

2nd iteration



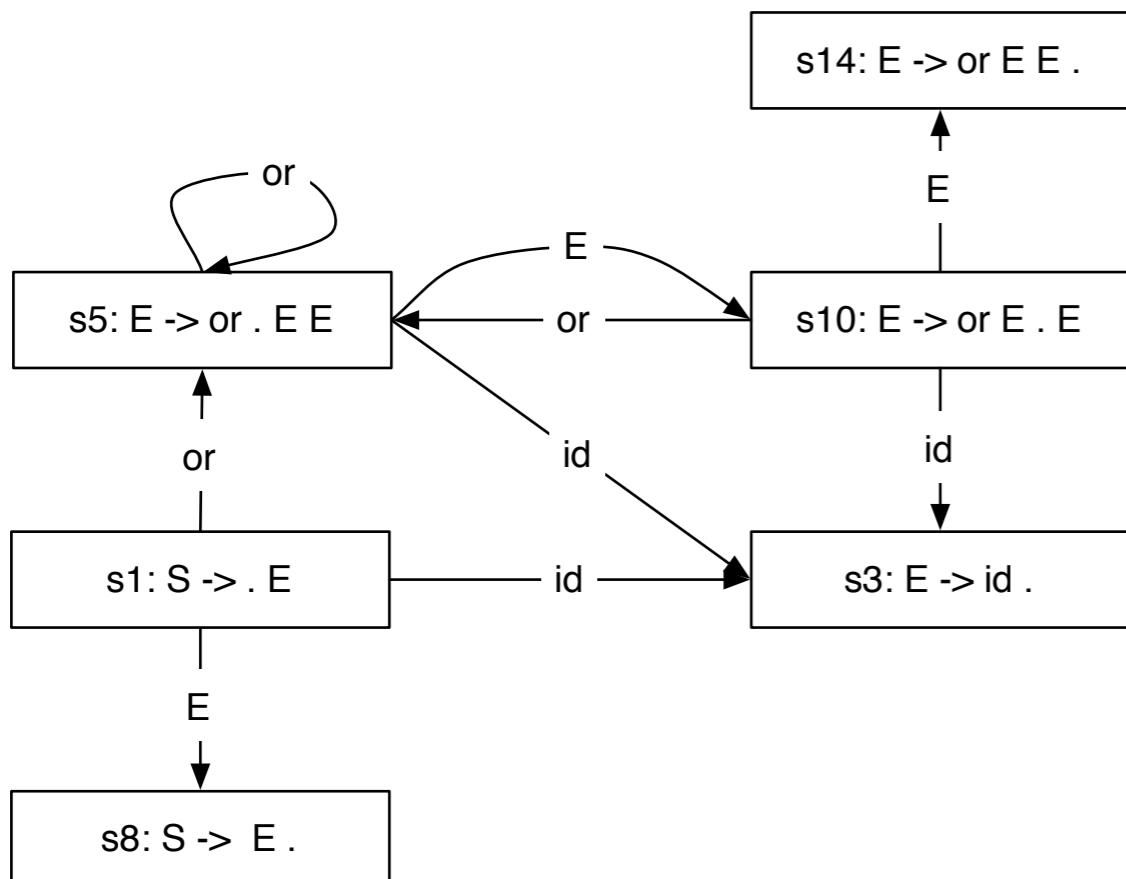
# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

- Example: re x (`or . ,x) (` ,x . b)  $k = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{re } x \text{ `a } (\text{'or . ,x}) (\text{' ,x . b}) \rrbracket_{\widehat{D}}^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. \widehat{PA}(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (\widehat{PA}(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ \widehat{PA}(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

3rd iteration



$$\begin{aligned} \{s_1\} &\mapsto \{s_8s_1, s_{10}s_5s_1, s_5s_5-, -, -\} \\ \{s_5s_1\} &\mapsto \{s_{10}s_5s_1, s_5s_5-, -, -\} \\ \{s_5s_5s_1\} &\mapsto \{s_5s_5-, -, -\} \end{aligned}$$

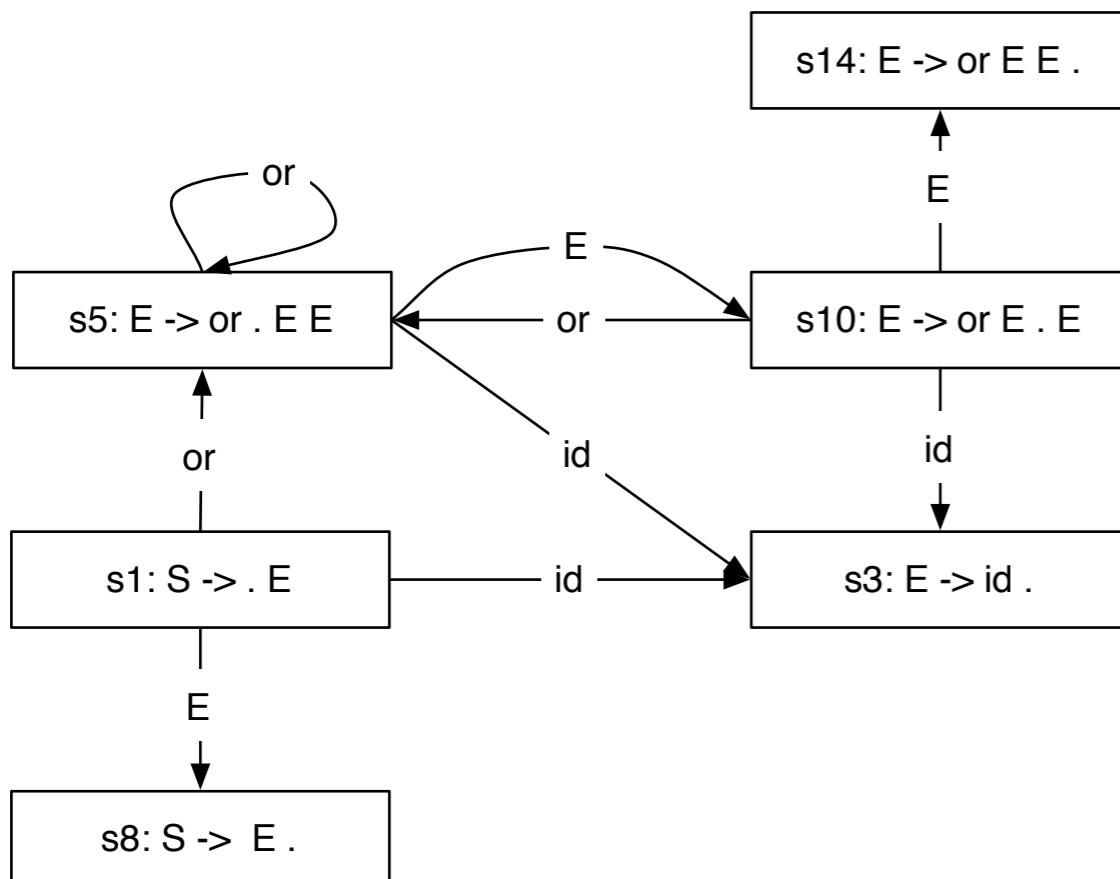
# Instantiation of $D^\sharp$

## $\widehat{D}$ :Abstract Parsing Stack with k-cutting

- Example: re x (`or . ,x) (` ,x . b)  $k = 3$

$$\begin{aligned} & \llbracket \text{re } x \text{ `a } (\text{'or . }, x) (\text{' ,x . b}) \rrbracket_{\widehat{D}}^0 \sigma_0 \{s_1\} \\ &= (\lambda P. \widehat{PA}(P, \text{b}) \circ (\text{fix } \lambda k. \lambda P. (\widehat{PA}(P, \text{a}) \sqcup k \circ \widehat{PA}(P, \text{or})))) \{s_1\} \end{aligned}$$

4th iteration



$$\{s_1\} \mapsto \{s_8s_1, s_{10}s_5s_1, s_5s_5-, -\}$$

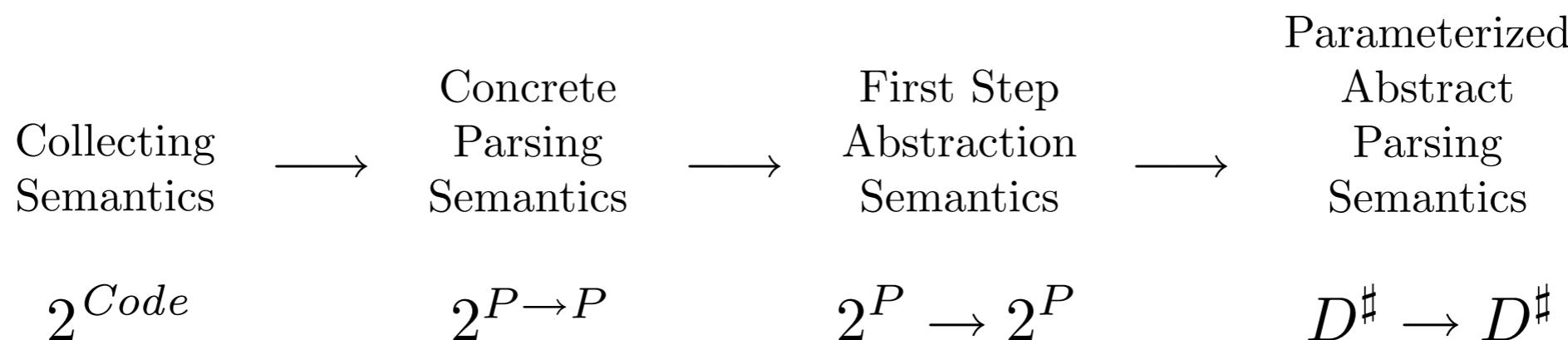
$$\{s_5s_1\} \mapsto \{s_{10}s_5s_1, s_5s_5-, -\}$$

$$\{s_5s_5s_1\} \mapsto \{s_5s_5-, -\}$$

Fixed Point!

# Conclusion

- We formalize and generalize abstract parsing in the abstract interpretation framework.



Abstraction Steps for the Value Domain

- Apply abstract parsing to the two-staged languages.

# Thank you