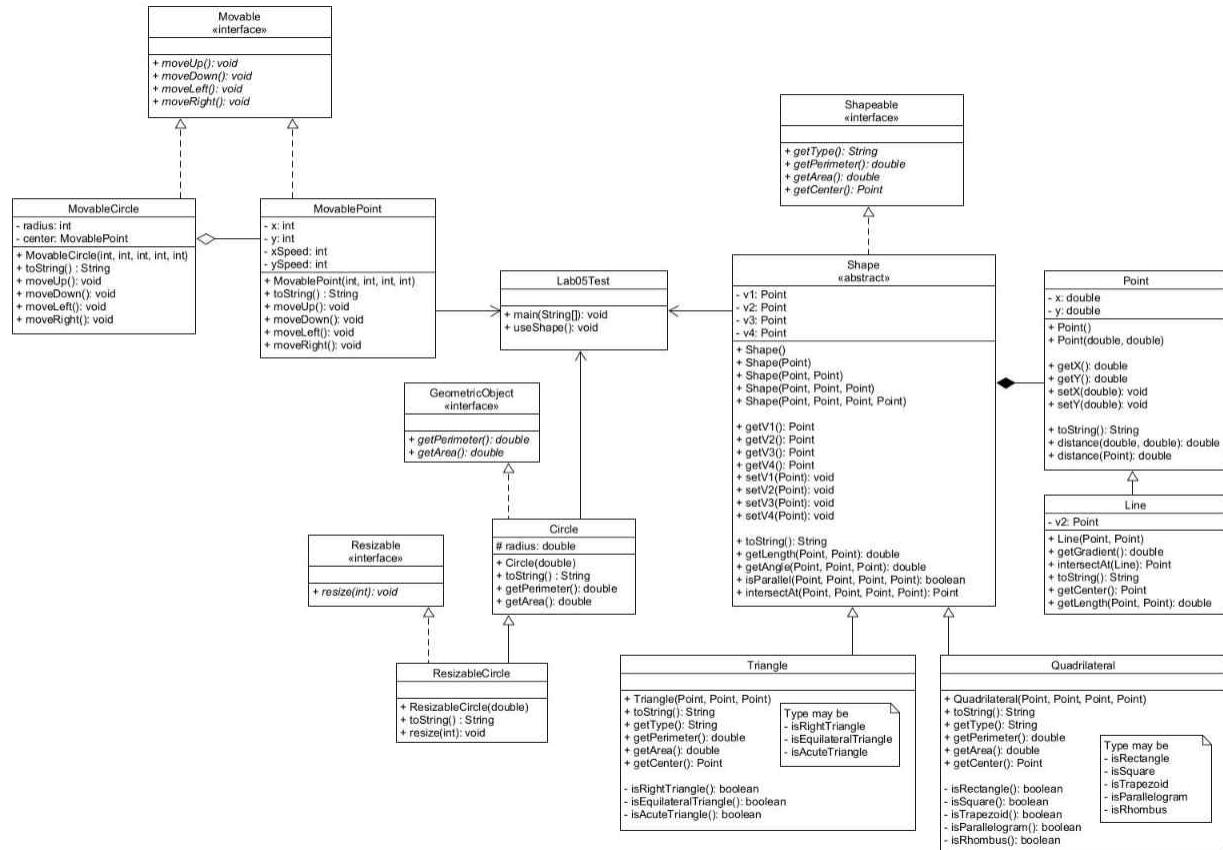


Java Programming (CSE220)

Lab 05

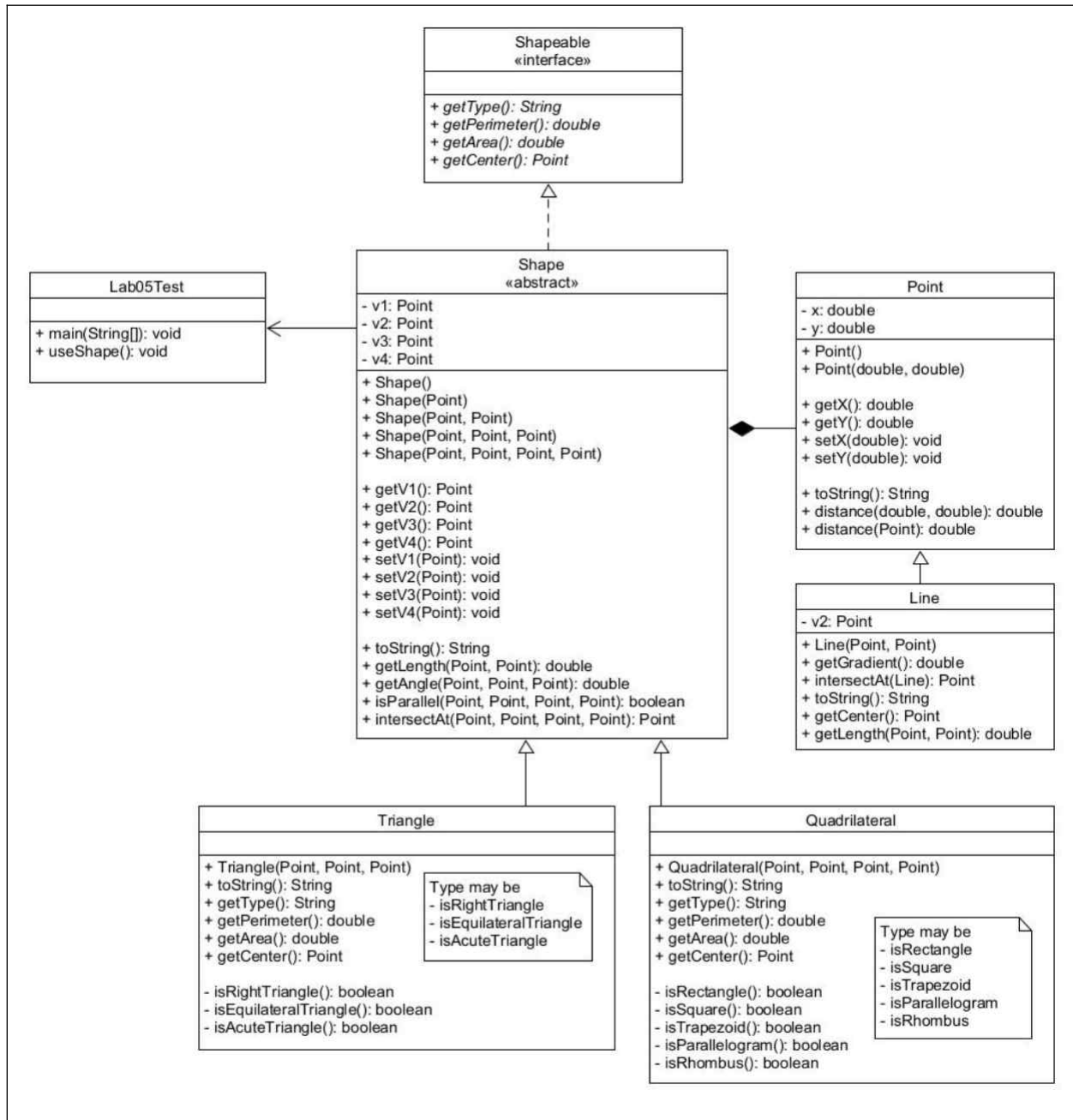
ID: 2020136129 Name: 최수연

Class diagram



task-1: Consider the inheritance-based design for (Lab04 Task-1). Modify the design using **Polymorphism and Interfaces** and modify Java code accordingly.

Your diagram here



Code with Explanation

Lab05Test class

```
public class Lab05Test {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        useShape();
    }

    public static void useShape() {
        // The four points
        Point v1 = new Point(0, 0);
        Point v2 = new Point(1, 1);
        Point v3 = new Point(2, 0);
        Point v4 = new Point(1, -1);

        // Line
        System.out.println("[Line]");
        Line l1 = new Line(v1, v2);
        System.out.println("1. " + l1);
        System.out.println("Gradient: " + l1.getGradient());
        System.out.println("Center: " + l1.getCenter());
        System.out.println();

        Line l2 = new Line(new Point(3, 3), new Point(1, 5));
        Point intersection1 = l1.intersectAt(l2);
        System.out.println("2. " + l2);

        if (intersection1 != null)
            System.out.println("Intersection between Line 1 and Line 2: " +
intersection1);
        else
            System.out.println("Line 1 and Line 2 are parallel.");
        System.out.println();

        Line l3 = new Line(new Point(3, 3), new Point(4, 4));
        Point intersection2 = l1.intersectAt(l3);
        System.out.println("3. " + l3);

        if (intersection2 != null)
            System.out.println("Intersection between Line 1 and Line 3: " +
intersection2);
        else
            System.out.println("Line 1 and Line 3 are parallel.");
        System.out.println();

        // Triangle
        System.out.println("[Triangle]");
        Triangle t1 = new Triangle(v1, v2, v3);
        System.out.println(t1);
        System.out.println("Type: " + t1.getType());
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + t1.getPerimeter());
        System.out.println("Area: " + t1.getArea());
        System.out.println("Center: " + t1.getCenter());
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println();

        // Quadrilateral
        System.out.println("[Quadrilateral]");
        Quadrilateral q1 = new Quadrilateral(v1, v2, v3, v4);
        System.out.println(q1);
        System.out.println("Type: " + q1.getType());
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + q1.getPerimeter());
        System.out.println("Area: " + q1.getArea());
        System.out.println("Center: " + q1.getCenter());
        System.out.println();

        // Distance between two points
        System.out.println("[Distance between two points]");
        System.out.println("v1 and v2 = " + v1.distance(v2));
        System.out.println("Line 1's v2 and Line 2's v2 = " +
l1.distance(l2));
    }
}

```

Shapeable interface

```

public interface Shapeable { // Define abstract methods
    String getType();
    double getPerimeter();
    double getArea();
    Point getCenter();
}

```

Point class

```

public class Point {
    private double x, y;

    public Point() {
        this.x = 0.0;
        this.y = 0.0;
    }

    public Point(double x, double y) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    }

    public double getX() {
        return x;
    }

    public void setX(double x) {
        this.x = x;
    }

    public double getY() {
        return y;
    }
}

```

```

    public void setY(double y) {
        this.y = y;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "(" + x + ", " + y + ")";
    }

    public double distance(double x, double y) {
        // The distance between the current point and the point received by
the factor
        return Math.sqrt(Math.pow((this.x - x), 2) + Math.pow((this.y - y),
2));
    }

    public double distance(Point p) {
        // The distance between the current point and the point received by
the factor
        return Math.sqrt(Math.pow((this.x - p.x), 2) + Math.pow((this.y -
p.y), 2));
    }
}

```

Shape class

```

abstract public class Shape implements Shapeable {
    /**
     * Mark as Abstract class because methods of Shapeable interface are not
implemented
     */
    private Point v1, v2, v3, v4;

    // Definition Shape constructors
    public Shape() {
        this.v1 = new Point();
        this.v2 = new Point();
        this.v3 = new Point();
        this.v4 = new Point();
    }

    public Shape(Point v1) {
        this.v1 = v1;
        this.v2 = new Point();
        this.v3 = new Point();
        this.v4 = new Point();
    }

    public Shape(Point v1, Point v2) {
        this.v1 = v1;
        this.v2 = v2;
        this.v3 = new Point();
        this.v4 = new Point();
    }

    public Shape(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3) {

```

```

        this.v1 = v1;
        this.v2 = v2;
        this.v3 = v3;
        this.v4 = new Point();
    }

    public Shape(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3, Point v4) {
        this.v1 = v1;
        this.v2 = v2;
        this.v3 = v3;
        this.v4 = v4;
    }

    public Point getV1() {
        return v1;
    }

    public void setV1(Point v1) {
        this.v1 = v1;
    }

    public Point getV2() {
        return v2;
    }

    public void setV2(Point v2) {
        this.v2 = v2;
    }

    public Point getV3() {
        return v3;
    }

    public void setV3(Point v3) {
        this.v3 = v3;
    }

    public Point getV4() {
        return v4;
    }

    public void setV4(Point v4) {
        this.v4 = v4;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Shape [v1 = " + v1 + ", v2 = " + v2 + ", v3 = " + v3 + ", v4 = " + v4 + "]";
    }

    public double getLength(Point v1, Point v2) {
        // distance between two points
        return Math.sqrt(Math.pow((v2.getX() - v1.getX()), 2) +
Math.pow((v2.getY() - v1.getY()), 2));
    }

```

```

    }

    public double getAngle(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3) {
        // compute angle between two lines
        double m1 = (v2.getY() - v1.getY()) / (v2.getX() - v1.getX());
        double m2 = (v3.getY() - v2.getY()) / (v3.getX() - v2.getX());
        return Math.atan(Math.abs((m2 - m1) / (1 + m1 * m2))); // find Point
v2's angle
    }

    public boolean isParallel(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3, Point v4) {
        // whether the two lines are parallel
        // Same slope and different y-intercept
        double x1 = v1.getX(), y1 = v1.getY();
        double x2 = v2.getX(), y2 = v2.getY();
        double x3 = v3.getX(), y3 = v3.getY();
        double x4 = v4.getX(), y4 = v4.getY();

        double m12 = (y2 - y1) / (x2 - x1);
        double m34 = (y4 - y3) / (x4 - x3);

        double y12 = y1 - (m12 * x1);
        double y34 = y3 - (m34 * x3);

        double p = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);

        if (m12 == m34 && y12 != y34 && p == 0)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }

    public Point intersectAt(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3, Point v4) {
        // calculate intersection
        double x1 = v1.getX(), y1 = v1.getY();
        double x2 = v2.getX(), y2 = v2.getY();
        double x3 = v3.getX(), y3 = v3.getY();
        double x4 = v4.getX(), y4 = v4.getY();

        double p = (x1 - x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 - x4);
        double px = ((x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (x3 - x4) - (x1 - x2) * (x3 * y4 -
y3 * x4)) / p;
        double py = ((x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (y3 - y4) - (y1 - y2) * (x3 * y4 -
y3 * x4)) / p;

        if (p == 0) {
            System.out.println("parallel");
            return null;
        } else
            return new Point(px, py);
    }
}

```

Line class

```

public class Line extends Point { // Change Superclass from Shape to Point

```

```

    private Point v2; // Variable for point v2 is declared internally because
multiple inheritances are not possible

    public Line(Point v1, Point v2) {
        super(v1.getX(), v1.getY()); // Only values for point v1 are defined
as super classes
        this.v2 = v2;
    }

    public double getGradient() {
        // calculate the gradient : y2 - y1 / x2 - x1
        return (v2.getY() - this.getY()) / (v2.getX() - this.getX());
    }

    public Point intersectAt(Line l1) {
        // calculate intersection
        double x1 = this.getX(), y1 = this.getY();
        double x2 = v2.getX(), y2 = v2.getY();
        double lx1 = l1.getX(), ly1 = l1.getY();
        double lx2 = l1.v2.getX(), ly2 = l1.v2.getY();

        double p = (x1 - x2) * (ly1 - ly2) - (y1 - y2) * (lx1 - lx2);
        double px = ((x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (lx1 - lx2) - (x1 - x2) * (lx1 *
ly2 - ly1 * lx2)) / p;
        double py = ((x1 * y2 - y1 * x2) * (ly1 - ly2) - (y1 - y2) * (lx1 *
ly2 - ly1 * lx2)) / p;
        if (p == 0)
            return null;
        else
            return new Point(px, py);
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Line [v1 = (" + this.getX() + ", " + this.getY() + ") , v2 =
(" + v2.getX() + ", " + v2.getY() + ")]";
    }

    public Point getCenter() {
        // get the center of a line
        double centerX = (this.getX() + v2.getX()) / 2;
        double centerY = (this.getY() + v2.getY()) / 2;
        return new Point(centerX, centerY);
    }

    public double getLength() { // Get this method from Shape class because this
class does not inherit Shape class
        // distance between two points
        return Math.sqrt(Math.pow((v2.getX() - this.getX()), 2) +
Math.pow((v2.getY() - this.getY()), 2));
    }
}

```

Triangle class

```

public class Triangle extends Shape {

```



```

    public Triangle(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3) {
        super(v1, v2, v3);
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Triangle [v1 = " + this.getV1() + ", v2 = " + this.getV2() +
", v3 = " + this.getV3() + "]";
    }
    @Override
    public String getType() {
        // output the type of a triangle
        if (isRightTriangle())
            return "It is a right-angled triangle.";
        else if (isEquilateralTriangle())
            return "It is a equilateral triangle.";
        else if (isAcuteTriangle())
            return "It is a acute-angled triangle.";
        else
            return "Nothing.";
    }
    @Override
    public double getPerimeter() {
        // get the perimeter of a triangle
        double a = getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2());
        double b = getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3());
        double c = getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV1());
        return a + b + c;
    }
    @Override
    public double getArea() {
        double a = getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2());
        double b = getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3());
        double c = getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV1());
        // Triangle by Heron's formula
        double s = (a + b + c) / 2.0;
        return Math.sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c));
    }
    @Override
    public Point getCenter() {
        // get the center of a triangle
        double centerX = (this.getV1().getX() + this.getV2().getX() +
this.getV3().getX()) / 3;
        double centerY = (this.getV1().getY() + this.getV2().getY() +
this.getV3().getY()) / 3;
        return new Point(centerX, centerY);
    }

    private boolean isRightTriangle() {
        // one angle of 90 degrees
        if ((getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3()) == 90)
            || (getAngle(this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV1())
== 90)
            || (getAngle(this.getV3(), this.getV1(), this.getV2())

```

```

== 90))
        return true;
    else
        return false;
    }

    private boolean isEquilateralTriangle() {
        // 3 equal sides & 3 equal angles
        if ((getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3()) == 60)
            && (getAngle(this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV1())
== 60)
            && (getAngle(this.getV3(), this.getV1(), this.getV2())
== 60)
            && (getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2()) ==
getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()))
            && (getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()) ==
getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV1()))
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }

    private boolean isAcuteTriangle() {
        // 3 angles all less than 90 degrees
        if ((getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3()) < 90)
            && (getAngle(this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV1()) <
90)
            && (getAngle(this.getV3(), this.getV1(), this.getV2()) <
90))
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
}

```

Quadrilateral class

```

public class Quadrilateral extends Shape {

    public Quadrilateral(Point v1, Point v2, Point v3, Point v4) {
        super(v1, v2, v3, v4);
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Quadrilateral [v1 = " + this.getV1() + ", v2 = " +
this.getV2() + ", v3 = " + this.getV3() + ", v4 = "
            + this.getV4() + "]";
    }

    @Override
    public String getType() {
        // output the type of a quadrilateral
        if (isRectangle())
            return "It is a rectangle.";
        else if (isSquare())
            return "It is a square.";
    }
}

```

```

        else if (isRhombus())
            return "It is a rhombus.";
        else if (isTrapezoid())
            return "It is a trapezium.";
        else if (isParallelogram())
            return "It is a parallelogram.";
        else
            return "Nothing.";
    }
    @Override
    public double getPerimeter() {
        // get the perimeter of a quadrilateral
        double a = getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2());
        double b = getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3());
        double c = getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4());
        double d = getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1());
        return a + b + c + d;
    }
    @Override
    public double getArea() {
        double a = getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2());
        double b = getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3());
        double c = getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4());
        double d = getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1());
        // Bretschneider's formula
        double s = (a + b + c + d) / 2.0;
        double theta = getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3())
            + getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV4(), this.getV3());
        return Math.sqrt((s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c) * (s - d) - ((a * b * c *
d) * Math.pow(Math.cos(theta / 2), 2)));
    }
    @Override
    public Point getCenter() {
        // get the center of a quadrilateral
        double centerX = (this.getV1().getX() + this.getV2().getX() +
this.getV3().getX() + this.getV4().getX()) / 4;
        double centerY = (this.getV1().getY() + this.getV2().getY() +
this.getV3().getY() + this.getV4().getY()) / 4;
        return new Point(centerX, centerY);
    }

    private boolean isRectangle() {
        // opposite sides equal and parallel, 4 right angles
        if (isParallel(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV4())
== true
            && isParallel(this.getV1(), this.getV4(), this.getV3(),
this.getV2()) == true
            && (getAngle(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3())
== 90)
            && (getAngle(this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV4())
== 90)
            && (getAngle(this.getV3(), this.getV4(), this.getV1())
== 90)
            && (getAngle(this.getV4(), this.getV1(), this.getV2())
== 90)
    }

```

```

        && (getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2()) ==
getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4()))
        && (getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()) ==
getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1()))
        return true;
    else
        return false;
}

    private boolean isSquare() {
        // 4 equal sides, 4 right angles, opposite sides parallel
        if (isRectangle() == true && (getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2()) ==
getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()))
        && (getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4()) ==
getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1()))
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }

    private boolean isTrapezoid() {
        // one pair of parallel sides
        if (isParallel(this.getV1(), this.getV2(), this.getV3(), this.getV4())
== true
            || isParallel(this.getV1(), this.getV4(), this.getV3(),
this.getV2()) == true)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }

    private boolean isParallelogram() {
        // opposite sides equal and parallel, opposite angles equal
        if (isTrapezoid() == true
            && (getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2()) ==
getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4()))
            && (getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()) ==
getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1()))
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }

    private boolean isRhombus() {
        // 4 equal sides, opposite sides parallel, opposite angles equal
        if (isParallelogram() == true
            && (getLength(this.getV1(), this.getV2()) ==
getLength(this.getV2(), this.getV3()))
            && (getLength(this.getV3(), this.getV4()) ==
getLength(this.getV4(), this.getV1()))
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
}

```

Results/Output

```
[Line]
1. Line [v1 = (0.0, 0.0) , v2 = (1.0, 1.0)]
Gradient: 1.0
Center: (0.5, 0.5)

2. Line [v1 = (3.0, 3.0) , v2 = (1.0, 5.0)]
Intersection between Line 1 and Line 2: (3.0, 3.0)

3. Line [v1 = (3.0, 3.0) , v2 = (4.0, 4.0)]
Line 1 and Line 3 are parallel.

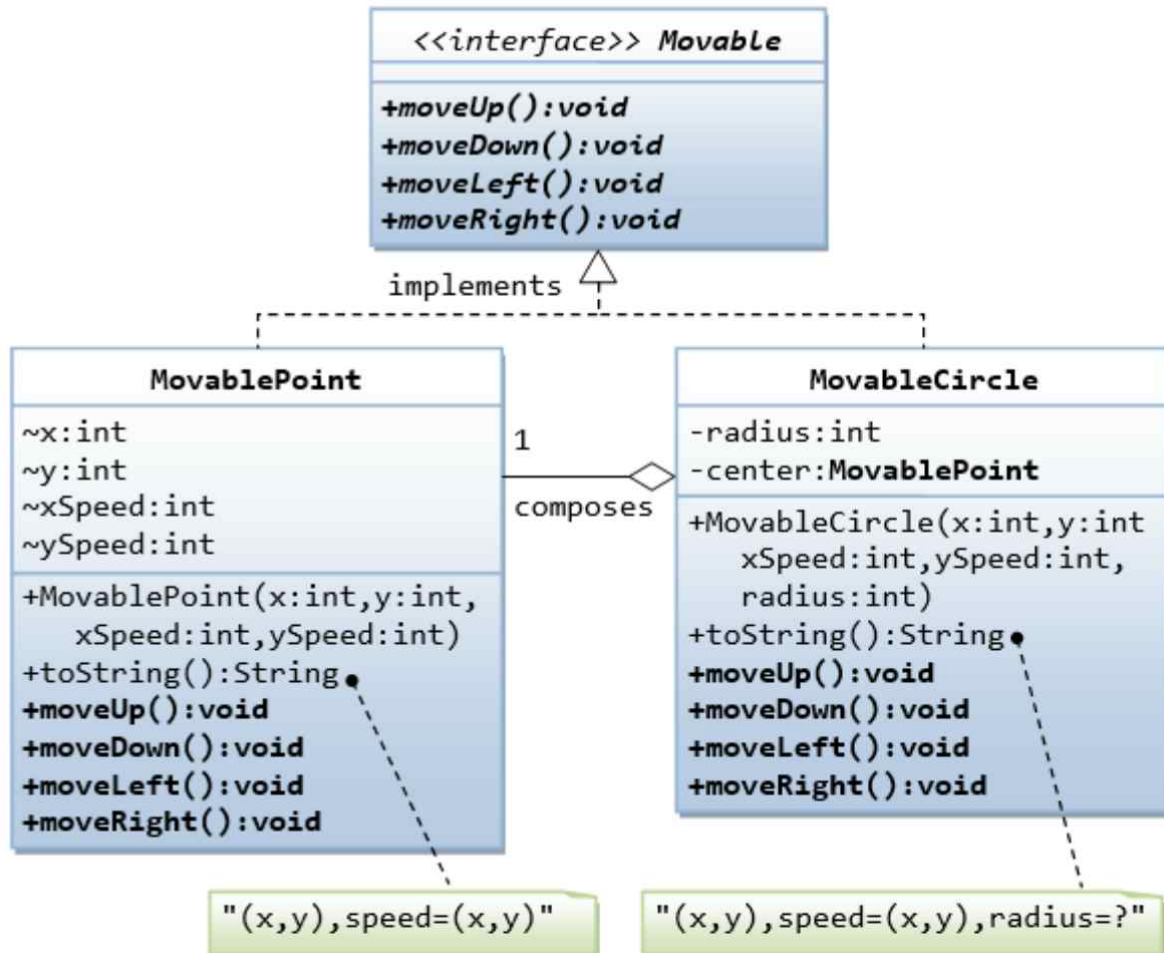
[Triangle]
Triangle [v1 = (0.0, 0.0), v2 = (1.0, 1.0), v3 = (2.0, 0.0)]
Type: It is a acute-angled triangle.
Perimeter: 4.82842712474619
Area: 0.9999999999999996
Center: (1.0, 0.3333333333333333)

[Quadrilateral]
Quadrilateral [v1 = (0.0, 0.0), v2 = (1.0, 1.0), v3 = (2.0, 0.0), v4 = (1.0, -1.0)]
Type: It is a rhombus.
Perimeter: 5.656854249492381
Area: 2.0
Center: (1.0, 0.0)

[Distance between two points]
v1 and v2 = 1.4142135623730951
Line 1's v2 and Line 2's v2 = 4.242640687119285
```

Task 2: Consider the following design:

Write an interface called **Movable**, which contains abstract methods **moveUp()**, **moveDown()**, **moveLeft()** and **moveRight()**, as shown in the class diagram. Also write the implementation classes called **MovablePoint** and **MovableCircle**. Mark all the overridden methods with annotation **@Override**.



Code with Explanation

Lab05Test class

```
public class Lab05Test {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        useMovable();
    }

    public static void useMovable() {
        MovablePoint p1 = new MovablePoint(1, 2, 1, 1);
        System.out.println(p1);
    }
}
```

```

        p1.moveDown();
        System.out.println(p1);
        p1.moveRight();
        System.out.println(p1);
        System.out.println("=====");

        // Test Polymorphism
        Movable p2 = new MovablePoint(3, 4, 1, 1); // upcast
        System.out.println(p2);
        p2.moveUp();
        System.out.println(p2);
        MovablePoint p3 = (MovablePoint) p2; // downcast
        System.out.println("downcast!");
        System.out.println(p3);
        System.out.println("=====");

        Movable m2 = new MovableCircle(1, 2, 3, 4, 20); // upcast
        System.out.println(m2);
        m2.moveRight();
        System.out.println(m2);
        m2.moveUp();
        System.out.println(m2);
    }
}

```

Movable interface

```

public interface Movable { // use keyword "interface" (instead of "class") to
    define an interface
    // An interface defines a list of public abstract methods to be implemented by
    the subclasses
    public void moveUp(); // "public" and "abstract" optional
    public void moveDown();
    public void moveLeft();
    public void moveRight();
}

```

MovablePoint class

```

/**
 * The subclass MovablePoint needs to implement all the abstract methods defined
 * in the interface Movable
 */
public class MovablePoint implements Movable {
    // Private member variables
    private int x, y, xSpeed, ySpeed; // x, y, xSpeed, ySpeed

    /** Constructs a MovablePoint instance at the given x and y */
    public MovablePoint(int x, int y, int xSpeed, int ySpeed) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
        this.xSpeed = xSpeed;
        this.ySpeed = ySpeed;
    }

    /** Returns a self-descriptive string */

```

```

@Override
public String toString() {
    return "point=(" + x + "," + y + "), speed=(" + this.xSpeed + "," +
this.ySpeed + ")";
}

// Need to implement all the abstract methods defined in the interface
Movable
@Override
public void moveUp() {
    y += ySpeed; // y-axis pointing up for 2D graphics
    System.out.println("up y-axis!");
}

@Override
public void moveDown() {
    y -= ySpeed; // y-axis pointing down for 2D graphics
    System.out.println("down y-axis!");
}

@Override
public void moveLeft() {
    x -= xSpeed; // x-axis pointing left for 2D graphics
    System.out.println("left x-axis!");
}

@Override
public void moveRight() {
    x += xSpeed; // x-axis pointing right for 2D graphics
    System.out.println("right x-axis!");
}
}

```

MovableCircle class

```

/**
 * The subclass MovableCircle needs to implement all the abstract methods
 * defined in the interface Movable
 */
public class MovableCircle implements Movable {
    private int radius;
    private MovablePoint center; // Use the instance of the existing class

    public MovableCircle(int x, int y, int xSpeed, int ySpeed, int radius) {
        // Create a new object of type 'MovablePoint'
        this.center = new MovablePoint(x, y, xSpeed, ySpeed);
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    /** Returns a self-descriptive string */
    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return center + ", radius=" + this.radius;
    }
}

```



```

    // Need to implement all the abstract methods defined in the interface
    Movable
    @Override
    public void moveUp() {
        center.moveUp();
    }

    @Override
    public void moveDown() {
        center.moveDown();
    }

    @Override
    public void moveLeft() {
        center.moveLeft();
    }

    @Override
    public void moveRight() {
        center.moveRight();
    }
}

```

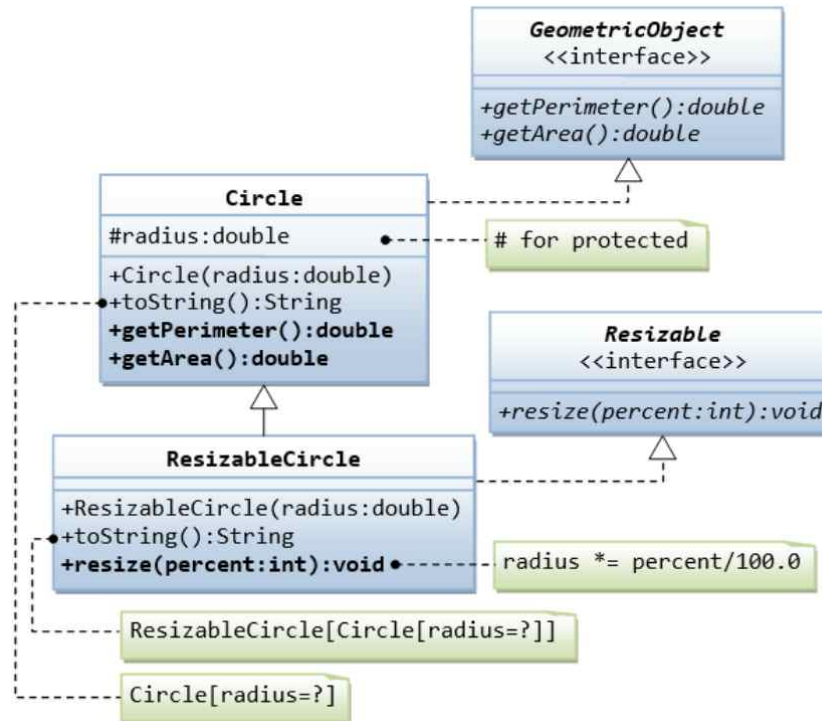
Results/Output

```

point=(1,2), speed=(1,1)
down y-axis!
point=(1,1), speed=(1,1)
right x-axis!
point=(2,1), speed=(1,1)
=====
point=(3,4), speed=(1,1)
up y-axis!
point=(3,5), speed=(1,1)
downcast!
point=(3,5), speed=(1,1)
=====
point=(1,2), speed=(3,4), radius=20
right x-axis!
point=(4,2), speed=(3,4), radius=20
up y-axis!
point=(4,6), speed=(3,4), radius=20

```

Task 3: Consider the following design



1. Write the interface called `GeometricObject`, which declares two abstract methods: `getParameter()` and `getArea()`, as specified in the class diagram.
2. Write the implementation class `Circle`, with a protected variable `radius`, which implements the interface `GeometricObject`.
3. The class `ResizableCircle` is defined as a subclass of the class `Circle`, which also implements an interface called `Resizable`, as shown in class diagram.
4. Write a test program to test `Circle` and `ResizableCircle` classes.

Code with Explanation

Lab05Test class

```

public class Lab05Test {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        useCircle();
    }

    public static void useCircle() {
        Circle c1 = new Circle(4);
        System.out.println(c1);
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + c1.getPerimeter());
        System.out.println("Area: " + c1.getArea());
        System.out.println();

        Circle c2 = new ResizableCircle(8); // upcast
    }
}
    
```

```

        System.out.println(c2);
        System.out.println("Perimeter: " + c2.getPerimeter());
        System.out.println("Area: " + c2.getArea());
        System.out.println();

        System.out.println("downcast!");
        ResizableCircle c3 = (ResizableCircle) c2; // downcast
        System.out.println(c3);
        System.out.println("Resize!");
        c3.resize(40);
        System.out.println(c3);
        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

GeometricObject interface

```

public interface GeometricObject {
    double getPerimeter();
    double getArea();
}

```

Resizable interface

```

public interface Resizable {
    void resize(int percent);
}

```

Circle class

```

public class Circle implements GeometricObject {
    protected double radius;

    public Circle(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "Circle[radius=" + this.radius + "]";
    }

    // Implement methods defined in the interface GeometricObject
    @Override
    public double getPerimeter() {
        return 2 * Math.PI * radius;
    }

    @Override
    public double getArea() {
        return Math.PI * radius * radius;
    }
}

```

ResizableCircle class

```

public class ResizableCircle extends Circle implements Resizable {
    public ResizableCircle(double radius) {
        super(radius);
    }
}

```

```

    }

    public String toString() {
        return "ResizableCircle[Circle[radius=" + this.radius + "]]";
    }

    // Implement method defined in the interface Resizable
    @Override
    public void resize(int percent) { // resize radius
        this.radius *= percent / 100.0;
    }
}

```

Results/Output

```

Circle[radius=4.0]
Perimeter: 25.132741228718345
Area: 50.26548245743669

ResizableCircle[Circle[radius=8.0]]
Perimeter: 50.26548245743669
Area: 201.06192982974676

downcast!
ResizableCircle[Circle[radius=8.0]]
Resize!
ResizableCircle[Circle[radius=3.2]]

```

Conclusion

다형성과 인터페이스에 대한 수업 내용을 실습을 해보면서 복습할 수 있어서 이를 이해하는 데 도움이 많이 되었다. 원래는 자바가 계속 어려운 언어라는 생각에 사로잡혀 제대로 학습하려고 노력하지 않았던 것 같은데, 이번 수업과 강의자료를 통해 학습해보면서 쉽게 이해할 수 있었던 것 같았다.

It was helpful to understand this because I could review the contents of classes on polymorphism and interfaces while practicing. Originally, I didn't seem to have tried to learn properly because I was obsessed with the idea that Java was a difficult language, but it seemed that I could understand it easily while learning through this class and lecture materials.