# Hello "Datetime"

### datetime Library

hello\_datetime.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
from datetime import datetime
now = datetime.now()
print('The dateformat: {}'.format(now))
print ('The year is = {}'.format(now.year))
print ('The month is = {}'.format(now.month))
print ('The day is = {} '.format(now.day))
           datetime(year, month, day[, hour[, minute[, second[, microsecond[,tzinfo]]]]])
#
                      Y M d h m s
that_day = datetime(2017, 3, 1, 17, 9, 21, 832092)
print('The dateformat: {}'.format(that_day))
print ('The year is = {}'.format(that_day.year))
print ('The month is = {}'.format( that_day.month))
print ('The day is = {} '.format(that_day.day))
var = 25
print ("This is ......{}".format(var))
```

### datetime - Library (Cont ...)

#### hello\_datetime.py

#### Difference - datetime

```
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# more delta.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
from datetime import datetime
           datetime(year, month, day[, hour[, minute[, second[, microsecond[,tzinfo]]]]])
                  Y M d h m s ms
delta = datetime(2017, 3, 25, 18, 21, 1, 123000) - datetime (2016, 1, 1, 18, 51, 51, 123000)
print(delta)
print (delta.days)
print (delta.seconds)
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# ./delta.py
448 days, 23:29:10
448
84550
```

### timedelta

```
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# more timedelta.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
start = datetime(2017, 4, 1)
print (start)
new s = start + timedelta (12)
print (new_s)
prev s = start - 2 * timedelta(12)
print (prev_s)
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# ./timedelta.py
2017-04-01 00:00:00
2017-04-13 00:00:00
2017-03-08 00:00:00
```

## strings and datetime

```
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# more str_1.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
from datetime import datetime
d_stamp = datetime(2017, 3, 31)
print(d stamp)
print (str(d_stamp))
print ("----\n")
# Use of strftime - datetime to string
print (d_stamp.strftime('%Y/%m/%d'))
print (d_stamp.strftime('%Y-%m-%d'))
print (d_stamp.strftime('%Y, %d %m'))
print ("----\n")
# Use of strptime - strings to datetime
d = '2017-03-31'
print (datetime.strptime(d, '%Y-%m-%d'))
print ("----\n")
datestrs = ['01/Jan/2017', '01/Feb/2017', '01/Mar/2017', '01/Apr/2017']
print ([datetime.strptime(x, '%d/%b/%Y') for x in datestrs])
print ("----\n")
```

### strings and datetime (cont...)

### dateutil

```
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# more pars_util.py
#!/usr/bin/python3
from dateutil.parser import parse
d1 = parse('2017-01-25')
print (type(d1))
print (d1)
print ("----\n")
d2 = parse('Jan 01, 2017 10:30 AM')
print (type(d2))
print (d2)
print ("----\n")
d3 = parse('01/01/2017', dayfirst=True)
print (type(d3))
print (d3)
print ("----\n")
root@6879840ae648:/datascience/sessions/eleven# ./pars_util.py
<class 'datetime.datetime'>
2017-01-25 00:00:00
<class 'datetime.datetime'>
2017-01-01 10:30:00
<class 'datetime.datetime'>
2017-01-01 00:00:00
```

### **Thank You**