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# Multimedia Manual User manual

发行版本 (HEAD detached at 9f3e22c)

SOPHGO

2024 年 07 月 25 日

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# CHAPTER 1

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## Disclaimer

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### **Legal Disclaimer**

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# CHAPTER 2

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## Release note

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Version	Date of Release	Descriptions
V0.1.0	2023.08.31	First edition adds OpenCV private API and FFMPEG API
V0.2.0	2024.05.08	Second edition adds GStreamer API

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### Install sophon-media

---

sophon-media offers different types of installation on different Linux distributions. Please select the corresponding according to your system way, do not mix multiple installation methods on one machine. “1.0.0” is used as an example in the following description, which is currently in practice The installation version is subject to change.

**The following \$arch \$system is configured according to the actual architecture:**

- The host is x86 CPU, \$arch is AMD64, and \$system is x86\_64
- The host is ARM64 or Flying CPU, the \$arch is ARM64 and the \$system is ARC64

**If you use a Debian/Ubuntu system: The sophon-media installation package consists of six files:**

- sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb

**Thereinto:**

sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg/sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv/sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer contains ffmpeg/opencv/gstreamer runtime environments (library files, tools, etc.); sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev/sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev/sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev contains the development environment (header files, pkgconfig, cmake, etc.). If you are only installing on a

deployment environment, you do not need to install `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev/sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev/sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev`.

`sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg` depends on the `sophon-libsophon` package, while `sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv` depends on `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg`, Therefore it is necessary in the installation sequence Install `libsophon` first, then `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg`, and finally install `sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv`. The package `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg` only depends on the `sophon-libsophon` package, and there is no dependency relationship between `sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv` and `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg`.

The installation steps are as follows: INSTALLING LIBSOPHON DEPENDENCIES (SEE LIBSOPHON USER MANUAL) `[sudo dpkg -i sophon-soc-libsophon_0.4.9_arm64.deb]`

Install plugin dependencies:

```
sudo apt install libgstreamer1.0-dev gstreamer1.0-plugins-base libgstreamer-
plugins-base1.0-dev gstreamer1.0-plugins-bad libgstreamer-plugins-bad1.0-dev
gstreamer1.0-gl gstreamer1.0-tools gstreamer1.0-plugins-good
```

Install `sophon-media`

If you use a **Debian/Ubuntu** system:

```
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
```

Run the following command in the terminal, or logout and then log in the current user to use the installed tool:

```
source /etc/profile
```

Note: When in SOC mode, the system is already pre-installed:

```
sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg
sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv
```

Just follow the steps above to install:

```
sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0_arm64.deb
sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev_1.0.0_arm64.deb
```

The installation location is:

```

/opt/sophon/
├── libsophon-0.4.9
├── libsophon-current -> /opt/sophon/libsophon-0.4.9
├── sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0
│   ├── bin
│   ├── data
│   ├── include
│   ├── lib
│   │   ├── cmake
│   │   └── pkgconfig
│   └── share
├── sophon-ffmpeg-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0
├── sophon-opencv_1.0.0
│   ├── bin
│   ├── data
│   ├── include
│   ├── lib
│   │   ├── cmake
│   │   ├── opencv4
│   │   └── pkgconfig
│   ├── opencv-python
│   ├── share
│   └── test
├── sophon-opencv-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv_1.0.0
├── sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0
│   ├── data
│   ├── include
│   └── lib
└── sophon-gstreamer-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0

```

The deb package installation method does not allow you to install multiple different versions of the same package, but you may use other methods to place several different versions



under `/opt/sophon`. When installing using the deb package, `/opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest`, `/opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest`, and `/opt/sophon/sophon-gstreamer-latest` point to the last version installed. After uninstalling, it will point to the remaining latest version, if any.

The directories include, `lib/cmake`, `lib/pkgconfig`, and `include` are respectively created by the installation of the `sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev`, `sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev`, and `sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev` packages.

### Uninstall method:

**If you use a Debian/Ubuntu system:**

```
sudo apt remove sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv
sudo apt remove sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg
sudo apt remove sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer
or
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv-dev
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-opencv
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg-dev
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-ffmpeg
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer-dev
sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-gstreamer
```

**If you are using a different Linux system: The installation package consists of one file:**

- `sophon-media-soc_1.0.0_aarch64.tar.gz`

**You can install it by following these steps:**

INSTALL THE LIBSOPHON PACKAGE ACCORDING TO THE LIBSOPHON  
USER MANUAL, AND THEN

```
tar -xzf sophon-media-soc_1.0.0_aarch64.tar.gz
sudo cp -r sophon-media_1.0.0_$system/* /
sudo ln -s /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0 /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest
sudo ln -s /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv_1.0.0 /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest
sudo ln -s /opt/sophon/sophon-sample_1.0.0 /opt/sophon/sophon-sample-latest
sudo sed -i "s/usr/local/opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest/g" /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest/lib/pkgconfig/*.pc
sudo      sed      -i      "s/^prefix=.*$/prefix=/opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest/g"
/opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest/lib/pkgconfig/opencv4.pc
```

Finally, install the `bz2` `libc6` `libgcc` dependency library (this part needs to choose the corresponding installation package according to different operating systems, which is not introduced here) Then some configuration work:

To add the library and executable path:  

```
sudo cp /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest/data/01_sophon-ffmpeg.conf /etc/ld.so.conf.d/
```

(续下页)

(接上页)

```
sudo cp /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest/data/02_sophon-opencv.conf /etc/ld.so.conf.d/  
sudo ldconfig  
sudo cp /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest/data/sophon-ffmpeg-autoconf.sh /etc/profile.d/  
sudo cp /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest/data/sophon-opencv-autoconf.sh /etc/profile.d/  
sudo cp /opt/sophon/sophon-sample-latest/data/sophon-sample-autoconf.sh /etc/profile.d/  
source /etc/profile
```

Uninstall method:

```
sudo rm -f /etc/ld.so.conf.d/01_sophon-ffmpeg.conf  
sudo rm -f /etc/ld.so.conf.d/02_sophon-opencv.conf  
sudo ldconfig  
sudo rm -f /etc/profile.d/sophon-ffmpeg-autoconf.sh  
sudo rm -f /etc/profile.d/sophon-opencv-autoconf.sh  
sudo rm -f /etc/profile.d/sophon-sample-autoconf.sh  
sudo rm -f /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest  
sudo rm -f /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest  
sudo rm -f /opt/sophon/sophon-sample-latest  
sudo rm -rf /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0  
sudo rm -rf /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv_1.0.0  
sudo rm -rf /opt/sophon/sophon-sample_1.0.0  
sudo rm -rf /opt/sophon/opencv-bmcpu_1.0.0
```

### Precautions

- If you need to use the python interface of sophon-opencv, manually set the environment variables:  
export PYTHONPATH=\$PYTHONPATH:/opt/sophon/sophon-media\_1.0.0/opencv-python

---

### Use sophon-sample

---

sophon-sample offers different types of installation on different Linux distributions. Please select the pair according to your system. How should it be, do not mix multiple installation methods on one machine. The “1.0.0” in the following description is an example only, subject to current reality. The installation version is subject to change.

**The following \$arch \$system is configured according to the actual architecture:**

- The host is x86 CPU, \$arch is AMD64, and \$system is x86\_64
- The host is ARM64 or Flying CPU, the \$arch is ARM64 and the \$system is ARC64

**If you use a Debian/Ubuntu system:**

**The sophon-sample installation package consists of the following files:**

- sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample\_1.0.0\_arm64.deb

**Thereinto:**

- sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample includes several applications for testing sophon-ffmpeg/sophon-opencv;
- sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample relies on the sophon-ffmpeg/sophon-opencv package from the previous chapter.

The installation steps are as follows:

INSTALLING LIBSOPHON DEPENDENCIES (SEE LIBSOPON USER MANUAL)  
Installation sophon-media (refer to the previous section)  
Install sophon-sample

**If you use a Debian/Ubuntu system:**

- `sudo dpkg -i sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample_1.0.0_arm64.deb`

The installation location is:

```

/opt/sophon/
├── libsophon-0.4.9
├── libsophon-current -> /opt/sophon/libsophon-0.4.9
├── sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0
├── sophon-ffmpeg-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg_1.0.0
├── sophon-opencv_1.0.0
├── sophon-opencv-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv_1.0.0
├── sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0
├── sophon-gstreamer-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-gstreamer_1.0.0
├── sophon-sample_1.0.0
│   ├── bin
│   │   ├── test_bm_restart
│   │   ├── test_ff_bmcv_transcode
│   │   ├── test_ff_scale_transcode
│   │   ├── test_ff_video_encode
│   │   ├── test_ff_video_xcode
│   │   ├── test_ff_hw_bmcv_transcode
│   │   ├── test_ff_resize_transcode
│   │   ├── test_ff_bmjpeg
│   │   ├── test_ff_bmjpeg_dec_recycle
│   │   ├── test_ff_hw_bmcv_transcode
│   │   ├── test_ocv_jpubasic
│   │   ├── test_ocv_jpumulti
│   │   ├── test_ocv_vidbasic
│   │   ├── test_ocv_video_xcode
│   │   ├── test_ocv_vidmulti
│   │   ├── test_gst_transcode
│   │   └── test_gst_vcmulti
│   ├── data
│   └── samples
└── sophon-sample-latest -> /opt/sophon/sophon-sample_1.0.0

```

The deb package installation method does not allow you to install multiple different versions of the same package. But you can use other approaches. Several different versions were placed under `/opt/sophon`. When installing using the deb package `/opt/sophon/sophon-sample-latest` will point to the last version installed. After uninstalling, it will point to the remaining latest version, if any.

Note: In SOC mode, the DEB installation package is

`sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample_1.0.0_arm64.deb`

The installation location is the same as above

#### Uninstall method:

**If you use a Debian/Ubuntu system:**

- `sudo apt remove sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample` or
- `sudo dpkg -r sophon-media-soc-sophon-sample_1.0.0_arm64.deb`

### Use case introduction: test\_bm\_restart

This use case is mainly used to test the video decoding function and performance under the ffmpeg module, and supports multiplexing and disconnection reconnection functions. Users can monitor the decoding of video and code streams through use cases.

```
test_bm_restart [api_version] [yuv_format] [pre_allocation_frame] [codec_name]
[sophon_idx] [zero_copy] [input_file/url] [input_file/url]
```

Parameter:

#### **-api\_version**

Specifies the ffmpegAPI version used by the decoding process

0: Use the old version of the decoded avcodec\_decode\_video2 interface

1: Use the new version of the decoding avcodec\_send\_packet interface

2: Use av\_parser\_parse2's API for packet capture

#### **-yuv\_format**

whether to compress data,

0 Indicates that it is not compressed

1 Represents compression

#### **-pre\_allocation\_frame**

The number of cache frames allowed, up to a maximum of 64

#### **-codec\_name**

Specify the decoder, you can select h264\_bm/hevc\_bm, no is not specified

#### **-sophon\_idx**

In SOC mode, this option can be set arbitrarily (not null), and its value will be ignored

#### **-zero\_copy**

SOC mode, 0 means Host memory is enabled, 1 means not enabled

#### **-input\_file\_or\_url**

Enter the file path or bitstream address

e.g

```
test_bm_restart 1 0 1 no 0 0 ./example0.mp4 ./example1.mp4 ./example2.mp4
```

### test\_ff\_bmcv\_transcode

This example is primarily used to test the video transcoding capability and performance under the FFMPEG module. By calling ff\_video\_decode, ff\_video\_encode data types and functions in the use case to implement the transformation of decoding before encoding code process, This ensures the correctness of the decoding and encoding functions. At the same time, this use case can also test the transcoding performance under ffmpeg The program outputs the instant transcoding frame rate for reference.

```
test_ff_bmcv_transcode [platform] [src_filename] [output_filename] [en-
code_pixel_format] [codec_name] [width] [height] [frame_rate] [bitrate] [thread_num]
```

Parameter:

**-platform**

Platform: SoC

**-src\_filename**

Input a file name such as x.mp4 x.ts, and so on

**-output\_filename**

Transcode output file names such as x.mp4, x.ts, etc

**-encode\_pixel\_format**

Encoding formats such as I420.

**-encoder\_name**

Encoding h264\_bmcv,h265\_bmcv.

**-width**

Encoding width (32,4096)

**-height**

Encoding Height (32,4096)

**-frame\_rate**

Encoded frame rate

**-bitrate**

Encoded bit rate encode bitrate 500 < bitrate < 10000

**-thread\_num**

Number of threads

e.g

**soc mode example:**

```
test_ff_bmcv_transcode soc example.mp4 test.ts I420 h264_bmcv 800 400 25
3000 3
```

**test\_ff\_scale\_transcode**

This use case is primarily used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under FFMPEG. This feature is implemented through a process of decoding and then encoding. Now, the data types and functions in ff\_video\_decode, ff\_video\_encode are mainly called.

```
test_ff_scale_transcode [src_filename] [output_filename] [encode_pixel_format] [code-
cer_name] [height] [width] [frame_rate] [bitrate] [thread_num] [zero_copy] [sophon_idx]
```

Parameter:

**-src\_filename**

Input a file name such as x.mp4 x.ts...

**-output\_filename**

Output file names such as x.mp4 x.ts...

**-encode\_pixel\_format**

The encoding format is such as I420

**-codec\_name**

The code name is such as h264\_bm,hevc\_bm,h265\_bm

**-height**

The encoding height

**-width**

Encoding width

**-frame\_rate**

Encoded frame rate

**-bitrate**

Encoded bit rate

**-thread\_num**

The number of threads used

**-zero\_copy**

0: copy host mem,1: nocopy.

**-sophon\_idx**

Device index

e.g

```
test_ff_scale_transcode example.mp4 test.ts I420 h264_bm 800 400 25 3000 3 0
0
```

**test\_ff\_video\_encode**

This use case is primarily used to test the encoding capabilities of a video under the ffmpeg module. The video input is limited to I420 and NV12 formats. By calling this use case, users can get encapsulated video files, which are supported by FFMPEG.

```
test_ff_video_encode <input file> <output file> <encoder> <width> <height>
<roi_enable> <input pixel format> <bitrate(kbps)> <frame rate>
```

Parameter:

**-input\_file**

Input the video path

**-output\_file**

Output video file name

**-encoder**

H264 or H265, default is H264

**-width**

Video width, output and input must be consistent,  $256 \leq \text{width} \leq 8192$

**-height**

Video height, output and input must be consistent,  $128 \leq \text{height} \leq 8192$

**-roi\_enable**

Whether to enable ROI, 0 means no on, 1 means on

**-input\_pixel\_format**

I420(YUV, default), NV12.

**-bitrate**

Output bitrate,  $10 < \text{bitrate} \leq 100000$ , default frame rate x width x height/8

**-framerate**

Output frame rate,  $10 < \text{framerate} \leq 60$ , default is 30

e.g

- test\_ff\_video\_encode <input file> <output file> H264 width height 0 I420 3000 30
- test\_ff\_video\_encode <input file> <output file> H265 width height 0 I420
- test\_ff\_video\_encode <input file> <output file> H265 width height 0 NV12
- test\_ff\_video\_encode <input file> <output file> H265 width height 0

**test\_ff\_video\_xcode**

This use case is primarily used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under FFMPEG. This feature goes through a process of decoding before encoding implementation, which mainly calls data types and functions in ff\_video\_decode, ff\_video\_encode. Transcoded video The resolution is the same as the original video, and the bitrate cannot exceed 10000kbps or less than 500kbps, otherwise it will be set as the default value 3000kbps. If the bitrate of the transcoded video is the same as the original video, the duration should also be the same. Some dropped frames are normal Phenomenon.

test\_ff\_video\_xcode <input file> <output file> encoder framerate bitrate(kbps) isdmabuffer

Parameter:

**-input\_file**

Input file

**-output\_file**

Output file

**-encoder**

Encoder H264 or H265.

**-isdmaabuffer**

Whether the memory is enabled consistently, 1 means not enabled, and 0 means enabled



e.g

- `test_ff_video_xcode ./file_example_MP4_1920_18MG.mp4 tran5.ts H264 30 3000 1`
- `test_ff_video_xcode ./file_example_MP4_1920_18MG.mp4 tran5.ts H264 30 3000 0`

### **test\_ff\_hw\_bmcv\_transcode**

This use case is primarily used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under FFMPEG. This feature goes through a process of decoding before encoding implementation, which mainly calls data types and functions in `ff_video_decode`, `ff_video_encode`.

`test_ff_hw_bmcv_transcode [platform] [src_filename] [output_filename] [codec_name] [width] [height] [frame_rate] [bitrate] [thread_num] [en_bmx264] [zero_copy] [sophon_idx]`

Parameter:

- platform**  
soc
- src\_filename**  
Input file
- output\_filename**  
Output file
- codec\_name**  
Encoder H264 or H265.
- width**  
Encode the video width
- height**  
Encode the video height
- frame\_rate**  
Encoded frame rate
- bitrate**  
Encoded bit rate
- thread\_num**  
thread num
- en\_bmx264**  
soc : 0
- zero\_copy**  
soc : 0
- sophon\_idx**  
soc : 0

e.g

```
· test_ff_hw_bmcv_transcode soc INPUT.264 out.264 h264_bm 1920 1080 25 3000
  0 0 0
```

### **test\_ff\_resize\_transcode**

This use case is primarily used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under FFMPEG. This feature goes through a process of decoding before encoding implementation, which mainly calls data types and functions in ff\_video\_decode,ff\_video\_encode.

```
test_ff_resize_transcode [src_filename] [output_filename] [encode_pixel_format] [decoder_name] [height] [width] [frame_rate] [bitrate] [thread_num] [zero_copy] [sophon_idx]
```

Parameter:

**-platform**

soc

**-src\_filename**

Input file

**-output\_filename**

Output file

**-encode\_pixel\_format**

The encoding format is such as I420

**-decoder\_name**

Encoding names such as h264\_bm, hevc\_bm, h265\_bm

**-width**

Encode the video width

**-height**

Encode the video height

**-frame\_rate**

Encoded frame rate

**-bitrate**

Encoded bit rate

**-thread\_num**

The number of threads

**-zero\_copy**

0: copy host mem,1: nocopy

**-sophon\_idx**

Device index

e.g

```
test_ff_resize_transcode example.mp4 test.ts I420 h264_bm 800 400 25 3000 3
0 0
```

### **test\_gst\_transcode**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under gstreamer. This feature goes through the process of decoding and then encoding. Yes, support H.264, H.265, JPEG and other format inputs.

```
test_gst_transcode [video_path] [output_path] [dec_type] [enc_type] [bps] [gop]
[gop_preset] [cqp] [qp_min] [qp_max] [q_factor]
```

Parameter:

- video\_path**  
The path of the video file
- output\_path**  
The path to save output transcode video file
- dec\_type**  
h26x input codec format type 1:h264 2:h265 3:JPEG 4: decode bin chose by gst
- enc\_type**  
h26x the output codec format type 1:h264 2:h265 3:JPEG
- bps**  
Encode target bitrate
- gop**  
h26x encode Group of pictures starting with I frame
- gop\_preset**  
h26x encode a gop structure preset option [1-7]
- cqp**  
h26x encode constant quality mode set >=0 bsp invalid
- qp\_min**  
h26x encode Min Quantization Parameter
- qp\_max**  
h26x encode Max Quantization Parameter
- q\_factor**  
jpeg quality parameter

e.g

```
test_gst_transcode -v 1920x1080.mp4 -d 4 -e 1 -g 50 -b 2000000 -o tc_case24.h264
```

#### **test\_gst\_vcmulti**

This use case is mainly used to test the frame rate, and internally uses videotestsrc to generate 1080p YUV test data, and outputs the frame rate of each channel. No bitstream or yuv will be output.

```
test_gst_vcmulti [video_path] [codec_type] [is_enc] [num_chl] [disp] [trans_type]
```

Parameter:

**-video\_path**

The path of the video file

**-codec\_type**

h26x codec format type 1:h264 2:h265 3:JPEG

**-is\_enc**

0: decode multi test, 1: encode multi test, 2: transcode multi test

**-num\_chl**

The numbers of codec channel

**-disp**

Display every channel fps

**-trans\_type**

When is\_enc is set to 2, the encode type: 1 for h264, 2 for h265, and 3 for JPEG

e.g

```
test_gst_vcmulti -c 1 -e 1 -n 4 -d 1
```

**gst-launch-1.0**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of jpeg encoding under gstreamer.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=640x480_420p.yuv ! rawvideoparse format=i420
width=640 height=480 ! bmjpegenc ! filesink location=case0.jpg
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**

Read data from a file

**rawvideoparse**

Parse the original video data, specify the format as I420 (YUV420p), with a width of 640 and a height of 480

**bmjpegenc**

Encode video data into JPEG format using a BMJPEG encoder

**filesink**

Write the encoded JPEG data into a file

**gst-launch-1.0**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of jpeg decoding under gstreamer, and calls the bmdec plugin to achieve hardware acceleration of video decoding.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=JPEG_1920x1088_yuv420_planar.jpg ! jpegparse
! bmdec ! filesink location=case12.yuv
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**  
Read data from a file

**jpegparse**  
Parse JPEG data

**bmdec**  
Decode JPEG data using BM decoder

**filesink**  
Write the decoded YUV data into a file

#### **gst-launch-1.0**

This test case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of H.265 video encoding under gstreamer.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1080p_nv12.yuv ! rawvideoparse format=nv12
width=1920 height=1080 ! bmh265enc gop=50 ! filesink location=case0.h265
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**  
Read data from a file

**rawvideoparse**  
Parse the original video data, specify the format as NV12, width as 1920, and height as 1080

**bmh265enc**  
Use the BM H.265 encoder to H.265 encode the video and set the GOP to 50

**filesink**  
Write the encoded H.265 video data into a file

#### **gst-launch-1.0**

This test case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of H.264 video decoding under gstreamer.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1920x1080.mp4 ! qtdemux ! h264parse ! bmdec !
video/x-raw,format=NV12 ! filesink location=case1.nv12
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**  
Read data from a file

**qtdemux**  
Decompose the elements of QuickTime format files to extract audio and video streams from them

**h264parse**

Analyze H.264 data

**bmdec**

Decode video data using BM decoder

**video/x-raw,format=NV12**

Convert the decoded video data to NV12 format

**filesink**

Write the converted NV12 video data into a file

**gst-launch-1.0**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of video transcoding under gstreamer, which is achieved through the process of decoding first and then encoding.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 -e filesrc location=1920x1080.mp4 ! qtdemux ! h264parse ! bmdec !
bmh265enc gop=50 bps=1000000 qp-min=24 qp-max=45 gop-preset=5 ! filesink
location=case4.h265
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**

Read data from a file

**qtdemux**

Decompose the elements of QuickTime format files to extract audio and video streams from them

**h264parse**

Analyze H.264 data

**bmdec**

Decode video data using BM decoder

**bmh265enc**

Use the BM H.265 encoder to H.265 encode the video, set GOP to 50, bit rate to 1000000, minimum quantization parameter to 24, and maximum quantization parameter to 45, GOP preset value is 5

**filesink**

Write the encoded H.265 video data into a file

**gst-launch-1.0**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of VPSS color conversion under gstreamer.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1920x1080_yuv420p.bin blocksize=3110400
num-buffers=1 ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)1920,
```

```
height=(int)1080, framerate=(fraction)1/1' ! bmvps ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, framerate=(fraction)1/1' ! filesink location=vpss_case01.bin
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**

Read data from the file, set blocksize (size of read data block) and num buffers (number of read data packets)

```
video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, framerate=(fraction)1/1
```

The input data is in I420 format, specifying width, height, and frame rate

**bmvps**

Use the BMVPSS plugin to process video streams

```
video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, framerate=(fraction)1/1
```

The processed data is in RGB format, with specified width, height, and frame rate

**filesink**

Write the processed RGB format data into a file

**gst-launch-1.0**

This use case is mainly used to test the functionality and performance of VPSS scaling under gstreamer.

e.g

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=2048x2048_rgb.bin blocksize=12582912 num-buffers=1 ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)2048, height=(int)2048, framerate=(fraction)1/1' ! bmvps ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)16, height=(int)16, framerate=(fraction)1/1' ! filesink location=vpss_case15.bin
```

Detailed steps for pipelines:

**filesrc**

Read data from the file, set blocksize (size of read data block) and num buffers (number of read data packets)

```
video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)2048, height=(int)2048, framerate=(fraction)1/1
```

The data is in RGB format, with specified width, height, and frame rate

**bmvps**

Use the BMVPSS plugin to process video streams

```
video/x-raw, format=(string)RGB, width=(int)16, height=(int)16, framerate=(fraction)1/1
```

The processed data is in RGB format, with specified width, height, and frame rate

### **filesink**

Write the processed RGB format data into a file



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### Develop with sophon-media

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After installing sophon-media, users can link sophon-media libraries to their compilers in two ways Middle.

**\*\* If you use the Make compilation system \*\***

It is recommended that users use pkgconfig to find the sophon-media library.

In previous installations, we added Sophion-Media' s pkgconfig path to environmental variation PKG\_CONFIG\_PATH. Therefore, users can add the following statement to the Makefile:

```
CFLAGS = -std=c++11

# add libsophon dependency because sophon-ffmpeg rely on it
CFLAGS += -I/opt/sophon/libsophon-current/include/
LDFLAGS += -L/opt/sophon/libsophon-current/lib -lbmcv -lbmlib -lbmvideo -lbmvpuapi -
↳lbmvpulite -lbmjpuapi -lbmjpulite -lbmion

# add sophon-ffmpeg
CFLAGS += $(shell pkg-config --cflags libavcodec libavformat libavfilter libavutil libswscale)
LDFLAGS += $(shell pkg-config --libs libavcodec libavformat libavfilter libavutil libswscale)

# add sophon-opencv
CFLAGS += $(shell pkg-config --cflags opencv4)
LDFLAGS += $(shell pkg-config --libs opencv4)
```

You can then use the sophon-ffmpeg and sophon-opencv libraries in the makefile.

Note: When the system has another copy of ffmpeg or opencv installed under /usr/lib or /usr/local/lib, Be careful to check that the correct sophon-ffmpeg/sophon-opencv path is

found. If the search is not correct Indeed, you need to explicitly specify the header file location and library file location

**\*\* If you use CMake to compile the system \*\***

Users can add the following statement to CMakeLists.txt:

```
# add libsophon
find_package(libsophon REQUIRED)
include_directories(${LIBSOPHON_INCLUDE_DIRS})
link_directories(${LIBSOPHON_LIB_DIRS})

# add sophon-ffmpeg
set(FFMPEG_DIR /opt/sophon/sophon-ffmpeg-latest/lib/cmake)
find_package(FFMPEG REQUIRED NO_DEFAULT_PATH)
include_directories(${FFMPEG_INCLUDE_DIRS})
link_directories(${FFMPEG_LIB_DIRS})

# add sophon-opencv
set(OpenCV_DIR /opt/sophon/sophon-opencv-latest/lib/cmake/opencv4)
find_package(OpenCV REQUIRED NO_DEFAULT_PATH)
include_directories(${OpenCV_INCLUDE_DIRS})

add_executable(${YOUR_TARGET_NAME} ${YOUR_SOURCE_FILES})

target_link_libraries(${YOUR_TARGET_NAME} ${FFMPEG_LIBS} ${OpenCV_LIBS})
```

The functions in sophon-ffmpeg and sophon-opencv can be called in the user' s code

```
#include <opencv2/opencv.hpp>

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    cv::Mat img = cv::imread(argv[1]);
    return 0;
}
```