Carnegie Mellon University

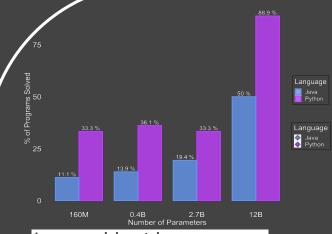
Patch Generation with Language Models: Feasibility and Scaling Behavior

How does scale impact a model's ability to generate patches? We tested whether models ranging from 160M to 12B parameters could patch 40 programs implemented in both Java and Python, (each with a one-line bug).

Method:

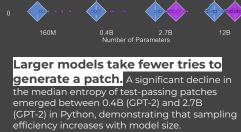
We prompt each model with code up to the buggy line, and then allow it to generate 100 candidate patches. We then check if the new program passes its test cases, and evaluate each model's sampling efficiency as well as the "naturalness" of its patches.





Larger models patch more programs.

A significant leap in performance was observed between 2.7B parameters (GPT-2) and 12B parameters (GPT-3). The largest and most successful model patched 89% of Python programs, and all models patched 2-3 times more programs in Python than Java.







Type
Bug
Patch