

Maths 223 Assignment 1

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1 Prove the Triangle Inequality

$$\|u + v\| \leq \|u\| + \|v\|$$

Proof 1 of Triangle Inequality.

$$\|u + v\|^2 = (u + v)^2 \quad (1)$$

$$= u^2 + 2uv + v^2 \quad (2)$$

$$\leq \|u\|^2 + 2\|u\| \cdot \|v\| + \|v\|^2 \quad \text{Cauchy-Schwarz} \quad (3)$$

$$\leq (\|u\| + \|v\|)^2 \quad (4)$$

□

2 Operations in 3 Dimensional Space

For all $u = (2, -1, 1)$, $v = (1, 3, 3)$, $w = (1, 0, -1)$ find the below¹.

$$2.1. \langle \|u\|, \|v\|, \|w\| \rangle$$

$$\langle \|u\|, \|v\|, \|w\| \rangle = \langle \sqrt{4+1+1}, \sqrt{1+9+9}, \sqrt{1+1} \rangle \quad (5)$$

$$= \langle \sqrt{6}, \sqrt{19}, \sqrt{2} \rangle \quad (6)$$

$$2.2. \langle u \cdot v, v \cdot w, w \cdot u, u \cdot w \rangle = \langle 2, -2, 1, 1 \rangle.$$

$$2.3. \cos(\theta), \text{ where } \theta = \angle uw$$

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{u \cdot w}{\|u\| \|w\|} \quad (7)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \quad (8)$$

$$2.4. u + 2v - 3w = (2, -1, 1) + (2, 6, 6) + (-3, 0, 3) = (1, 5, 10)$$

$$2.5. d(v, w) = \|v - w\| = \|(0, 3, 4)\| = \sqrt{9+16} = 5$$

$$2.6. \text{proj}(u, w) = \frac{u \cdot w}{\|w\|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}.$$

3 Expression Simplification

$$3.1. (3 - 2i)(4 + 5i) = 12 - 8i - 10i^2 + 15i = 10 + 7i + 12 = 22 + 7i$$

$$3.2. (1 + 3i)^2 = 1 + 6i + 9i^2 = -8 + 6i$$

$$3.3. (3 - 4i)^{-1} = \frac{3 + 4i}{(3 - 4i)(3 + 4i)} = \frac{3 + 4i}{25}$$

$$3.4. \frac{2 + 3i}{3 - 5i} = \frac{(2 + 3i)(3 + 5i)}{(3 - 5i)(3 + 5i)} = \frac{-9 + 19i}{34}$$

$$3.5. (1 + i)^3 = -2 + 2i$$

4 More Expression Simplification

$$4.1. 1/(3i) = 3i^{-1} * \frac{-i}{-i} = -\frac{i}{3}$$

¹My answers are provided as tuples for compactness.

$$4.2. \frac{1+2i}{1-2i} = \frac{1+2i}{1-2i} * \frac{1+2i}{1+2i} = \frac{-3+4i}{5}$$

$$4.3. \langle i^5, i^{50}, i^{2014} \rangle = \langle i, -1, -1 \rangle$$

$$4.4. (1/(i-2))^2 = \frac{1}{i-2} * \frac{i+2}{i+2} = \frac{3+4i}{25}$$

5 Operations with Complex Numbers

For all $z = 2 - 3i$ and $w = 1 + 2i$ find the below.

$$5.1. z + w = 2 - 3i + 1 + 2i = 3 - i$$

$$5.2. zw = (2 - 3i)(1 + 2i) = 8 + i$$

$$5.3. z/w = \frac{2-3i}{1+2i} = \frac{-4-7i}{5}$$

$$5.4. z^2 + 2w = (2 - 3i)^2 + 2(1 + 2i) = -3 - 8i$$

$$5.5. \langle \bar{z}, \bar{w} \rangle = \langle 2 + 3i, 1 - 2i \rangle$$

$$5.6. \langle |z|, |w| \rangle = \langle \sqrt{13}, \sqrt{5} \rangle$$

6 Correctness Proofs

Show that for any complex number z :

$$6.1. \operatorname{Re}(z) = \frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z})$$

Proof.

$$z = a + bi \quad (9)$$

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) = a \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z}) = (a + bi + a - bi)/2 \quad (11)$$

$$= a = \operatorname{Re}(z) \quad (12)$$

□

$$6.2. \operatorname{Im}(z) = \frac{1}{2i}(z - \bar{z})$$

Proof.

$$z = a + bi \quad (13)$$

$$\operatorname{Im}(z) = b \quad (14)$$

$$\frac{z - \bar{z}}{2i} = \frac{a + bi - a + bi}{2i} \quad (15)$$

$$= b = \operatorname{Im}(z) \quad (16)$$

□

6.3. $zw = 0$ implies that either $z = 0$ or $w = 0$.

*Proof.*²

$$z = a + bi \quad (17)$$

$$w = c + di \quad (18)$$

$$zw = (a + bi)(c + di) = 0 \quad (19)$$

$$= ac + adi + cbi - bd \quad (20)$$

$$= (ac - bd) + i(ad + cb) = 0 \quad (21)$$

$$ac = bd, ad = -cb \quad (22)$$

$$\langle a, b \rangle = \langle 0, 0 \rangle \vee \langle c, d \rangle = \langle 0, 0 \rangle \quad (23)$$

□

7 Operations in Complex 3 Dimensional Space

Let $u = (1 + 3i, 2 - 3i)$ and $v = (3 - i, 2i)$. Find:

$$7.1. u + v$$

$$u + v = (1 + 3i, 2 - 3i) + (3 - i, 2i) \quad (24)$$

$$= (4 + 2i, 2 - i) \quad (25)$$

$$7.2. (2 + i)u$$

$$(2 + i)u = (2 + i)(1 + 3i, 2 - 3i) \quad (26)$$

$$= (-1 + 7i, 7 - 4i) \quad (27)$$

$$7.3. (1 - i)u + (-1 - 3i)v$$

$$(1 - i)u = (4 + 2i, -1 - 5i) \quad (28)$$

$$(-1 - 3i)v = (-6 - 8i, 6 - 2i) \quad (29)$$

$$(1 - i)u + (-1 - 3i)v = (-2 - 6i, 5 - 7i) \quad (30)$$

$$= (-2 - 6i, 5 - 7i) \quad (31)$$

²The logic that $ac = bd$ and $ad = -cb$ can be further followed to prove the statement following it. This would be done through substitution of $a = -cb/d$, but this is trivial.

7.4. $u \cdot v$

$$u \cdot v = (1 + 3i)(3 - i) + (2 - 3i)(2i) \quad (32)$$

$$= 12 + 12i \quad (33)$$

7.5. $\|u\|$ and $\|v\|$

$$\|u\| = \sqrt{\sqrt{1+9}^2 + \sqrt{4+9}^2} \quad (34)$$

$$= \sqrt{23} \quad (35)$$

$$\|v\| = \sqrt{\sqrt{9+1}^2 + \sqrt{4}^2} \quad (36)$$

$$= \sqrt{14} \quad (37)$$

MISSION ACCOMPLISHED



AND HOPEFULLY EVERYTHING WAS DONE CORRECTLY