

There are N boxes in a row. Each box has one or more oranges in it. Consider these boxes as an array of integers $\{b_1, b_2, b_3, \dots, b_N\}$, where b_i is the number of oranges in the i -th box.

Mr. X is picking up some oranges. He is currently standing in front of the X -th box where $1 \leq X \leq N$.

Mr. X likes to move only towards one direction, either right or left. So if he chooses to go right, i.e. towards the N -th box, he can pick up all the oranges from X -th, $(X+1)$ -th, $(X+2)$ -th, ... N -th boxes.

And if he chooses to go left, i.e. towards the 1st box, he can pick up all the oranges from X -th, $(X-1)$ -th, $(X-2)$ -th, ... 3rd, 2nd and 1st boxes.

Mr. X is wondering what could be the maximum number of oranges he could collect if he chooses to go left or right optimally.

Input Format

The first line will contain an integer T , representing the number of the test cases. On each of the T followed by three lines. First line of each test case you will take an integer N ($1 \leq N \leq 1000$), representing the number of boxes. The second line contains N space-separated integers b_1, b_2, \dots, b_N ($1 \leq b_i \leq 100$) denoting the number of oranges in the i -th box. The third line contains an integer X ($1 \leq X \leq N$), representing the position Mr. X is currently in front of.

Constraints

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Output Format

For each case, print the maximum number of oranges Mr. X can pick up.

Sample Input 0

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2
5
5 6 9 3 4
3
3
1 2 2
1
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Sample Output 0

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20
5
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