# OS Project 2 Hints

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## Part I

## Hints 1/3

Set CPU affinity

**for** i=1 to 2 Hints: pthread join(i) Use the function sched\_setaffinity() to specify one core that can be used by the scheduler and the two threads

thread function:

main function:

for i=1 to 3

**for** i=1 to 2

busy 0.5 second

setp 1: set CPU affinity

pthread create(i)

step 2: invoke FIFO scheduler

print "Thread # is running"

print "Thread # was created"

 There are several parameters should be initialized before the sched\_setaffinity() function call

## Hints 2/3

Invoke FIFO scheduler

```
thread function:
    for i=1 to 3
        print "Thread # is running"
        busy 0.5 second

main function:
    setp 1: set CPU affinity

step 2: invoke FIFO scheduler

for i=1 to 2
    pthread_create(i)
    print "Thread # was created"

for i=1 to 2
    pthread_join(i)
```

- Use the function sched\_setscheduler() to change the scheduling policy
- There are several parameters should be initialized before the sched\_setscheduler() function call

## Hints 3/3

• Busy waiting

#### Discussion:

• sleep(500)???

```
thread function:
    for i=1 to 3
        print "Thread # is running"
        busy 0.5 second

main function:

setp 1: set CPU affinity

step 2: invoke FIFO scheduler

for i=1 to 2
        pthread_create(i)
        print "Thread # was created"

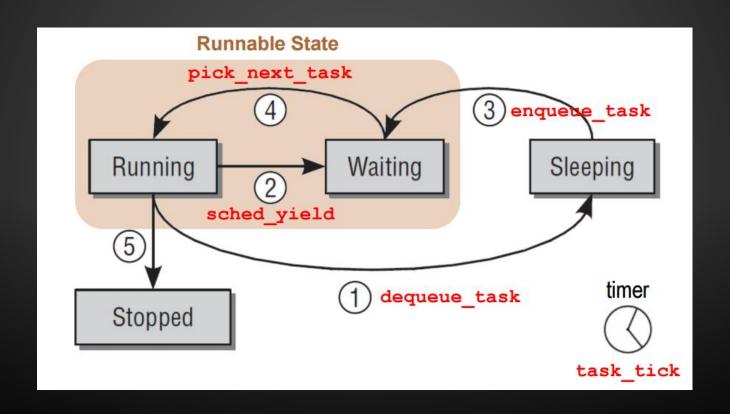
for i=1 to 2
        pthread_join(i)
```

## Part II

#### In linux-2.6.32.60/kernel/sched\_weighted\_rr.c

- Accomplish the five functions of weighted rr scheduler
  - static void enqueue\_task\_weighted\_rrstatic void
     (struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int wakeup, bool b)
  - static void dequeue\_task\_weighted\_rr(struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int sleep)
  - static void yield\_task\_weighted\_rr (struct rq \*rq)
  - static struct task\_struct \*pick\_next\_task\_weighted\_rr (struct rq \*rq)
  - static void task\_tick\_weighted\_rr(struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int queued)

## Relationships between Generics Functions and Process States



## Hints 1/4

- •static void enqueue\_task\_weighted\_rrstatic void (struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int wakeup, bool b)
- static void dequeue\_task\_weighted\_rr
  (struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int sleep)

- •Use functions list\_add\_tail() and list\_del() to enqueue and dequeue task\_struct \*p
- Remember to update the rq->weighted\_rr.nr\_running value after enqueuing/dequeuing

## Hints 2/4

estatic void yield\_task\_weighted\_rr (struct rq \*rq)

#### Hint:

•Use the function list\_move\_tail() to put the current task (rq->curr) to the end of the run list

## Hints 3/4

static void task\_tick\_weighted\_rr
(struct rq \*rq, struct task\_struct \*p, int queued)

- •task\_tick is called by the periodic scheduler each time it is activated
- •First, task\_time\_slice value of the task p minus one
- Once task\_time\_slice value of the task p is zero
  - ① reset task\_time\_slice of the task p
  - ② call the function set\_tsk\_need\_resched(q)
  - 3 yield/requeue the task p

## Hints 3/4 (cont.)

In linux-2.6.32.60/include/linux/sched.h

- •task\_time\_slice:
  - record the consumption of time slice
- weighted\_time\_slice:
  - how much time should be supplied when reset
     task\_time\_slice is according to the weighted\_time\_slice

## Hints 3/4 (cont.)

In linux-2.6.32.60/kernel/sched.c

```
static void sched fork(struct task struct *p)
□ {
     //+ OS Proj2: weighted rr
     INIT LIST HEAD (&p->weighted rr list item);
     p->task time slice = weighted rr time slice;
     p->weighted time slice = weighted rr time slice;
 //+ OS Proj2: weighted rr
 SYSCALL DEFINE1 (sched weighted rr setquantum, unsigned int, quantum)
     weighted rr time slice = quantum;
     return;
```

## Hints 4/4

- •static struct task\_struct \*pick\_next\_task\_weighted\_rr (struct rq \*rq)
- •pick\_next\_task selects the next task that is supposed to run, while put\_prev\_task is called before the currently executing task is replaced with another one

- If weighted\_rr.queue is empty, return NULL (determined by weighted\_rr.nr\_running value)
- Otherwise, use the function list\_first\_entry() to obtain and return the first entry/task in weighted\_rr.queue

## Contact TAs

- If you have any question about the project, please feel free to contact TAs.
- I have questions:

https://goo.gl/forms/39eB4ex4w3EX7I4K2

Video:

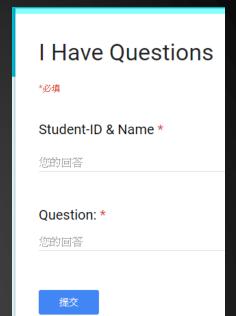
http://newslab.csie.ntu.edu.tw/course/OS2018/PJ2\_Hint.html

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## References

- Reference Book
  - Professional Linux® Kernel Architecture, Wolfgang Mauerer, Wiley Publishing, Inc.

- Process Scheduling
  - <a href="https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~pxk/416/notes/07-scheduling.html">https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~pxk/416/notes/07-scheduling.html</a>