

Scan Report

March 9, 2025

Summary

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone “Coordinated Universal Time”, which is abbreviated “UTC”. The task was “Authenticated”. The scan started at Sat Mar 8 04:14:48 2025 UTC and ended at Sat Mar 8 22:12:40 2025 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive
10.0.0.1	0	2	2	0	0
10.0.0.12	0	0	2	0	0
10.0.0.16	0	0	2	0	0
10.0.0.34	0	0	2	0	0
10.0.0.212	0	0	1	0	0
10.0.0.168	0	0	1	0	0
10.0.0.29	0	0	1	0	0
Total: 7	0	2	11	0	0

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level “Log” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “Debug” are not shown.

Issues with the threat level “False Positive” are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 13 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 219 results.

1.1 Host Authentications

Host	Protocol	Result	Port/User
10.0.0.1	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.12	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.16	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.34	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.212	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.212	SMB	Failure	Protocol SMB, Port 445, User admin
10.0.0.168	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure
10.0.0.29	SSH	Failure	Protocol SSH, Port 22, User admin : Login failure

2 Results per Host

2.1 10.0.0.1

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC
Host scan end Sat Mar 8 12:31:40 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
80/tcp	Medium
443/tcp	Medium
general/icmp	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.1.1 Medium 80/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

Summary

The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in cleartext via HTTP.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following input fields were identified (URL:input name):
http://10.0.0.1/:password

Impact

An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.

Affected Software/OS

Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

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Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

The script is currently checking the following:

- HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth)
- HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password'

Details: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440

Version used: 2023-09-07T05:05:21Z

References

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Session_Management

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure

url: <https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html>

[\[return to 10.0.0.1 \]](#)

2.1.2 Medium 443/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

Vulnerability Insight

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<p>The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.</p>
<p>Vulnerability Detection Method Checks the DHE temporary public key size. Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability. ↪.. OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z</p>
<p>References url: https://weakdh.org/ url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html</p>

[\[return to 10.0.0.1 \]](#)

2.1.3 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)
NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure
<p>Summary The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.</p>
<p>Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%</p>
<p>Vulnerability Detection Result The following response / ICMP packet has been received: - ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0</p>
<p>Impact This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.</p>
<p>Solution: Solution type: Mitigation Various mitigations are possible: - Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely - Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)</p>
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Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190

Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792>

url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780>

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514

cert-bund: CB-K14/0632

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[\[return to 10.0.0.1 \]](#)

2.1.4 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 2257321140

Packet 2: 2257322297

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

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<p>...continued from previous page ...</p> <p>To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime.</p> <p>To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.</p> <p>See the references for more information.</p>
<p>Affected Software/OS</p> <p>TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.</p>
<p>Vulnerability Insight</p> <p>The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.</p>
<p>Vulnerability Detection Method</p> <p>Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.</p> <p>Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure</p> <p>OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091</p> <p>Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z</p>
<p>References</p> <p>url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323</p> <p>url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323</p> <p>url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152</p> <p>url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090</p>

[\[return to 10.0.0.1 \]](#)

2.2 10.0.0.12

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC

Host scan end Sat Mar 8 12:58:19 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low
general/icmp	Low

2.2.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)
NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
Vulnerability Detection Result It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 26189639 Packet 2: 26189914
Impact A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
Solution: Solution type: Mitigation To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
Affected Software/OS TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Insight The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Detection Method Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
References url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323 url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d ... continues on next page ...

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url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[\[return to 10.0.0.12 \]](#)**2.2.2 Low general/icmp**

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%**Vulnerability Detection Result**

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14
- ICMP Code: 0

Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:**Solution type:** Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190

Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z

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References

cve: CVE-1999-0524
 url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792>
 url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780>
 cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632
 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[\[return to 10.0.0.12 \]](#)**2.3 10.0.0.16**

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC
 Host scan end Sat Mar 8 11:51:47 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/icmp	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.3.1 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%**Vulnerability Detection Result**

The following response / ICMP packet has been received:

- ICMP Type: 14
- ICMP Code: 0

Impact

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:**Solution type:** Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely

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- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)
Vulnerability Insight The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.
Vulnerability Detection Method Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received. Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z
References cve: CVE-1999-0524 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780 cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[\[return to 10.0.0.16 \]](#)

2.3.2 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)
NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
Vulnerability Detection Result It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 28848807 Packet 2: 28849102
Impact A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
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Solution:**Solution type:** Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled.

The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091

Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

References

url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323>

url: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323>

url: <https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152>

url: <https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090>

[\[return to 10.0.0.16 \]](#)

2.4 10.0.0.34

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC

Host scan end Sat Mar 8 12:42:19 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/icmp	Low
general/tcp	Low

2.4.1 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)
NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
Vulnerability Detection Result The following response / ICMP packet has been received: - ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0
Impact This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.
Solution: Solution type: Mitigation Various mitigations are possible: - Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely - Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)
Vulnerability Insight The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.
Vulnerability Detection Method Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received. Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z
References cve: CVE-1999-0524 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780 cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[\[return to 10.0.0.34 \]](#)

2.4.2 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)
NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
Vulnerability Detection Result It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 1320376 Packet 2: 1320506
Impact A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
Solution: Solution type: Mitigation To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
Affected Software/OS TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Insight The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Detection Method Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
References url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323 ... continues on next page ...

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url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d
ownload/details.aspx?id=9152
url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090
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[\[return to 10.0.0.34 \]](#)

2.5 10.0.0.212

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC

Host scan end Sat Mar 8 13:35:06 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low

2.5.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%**Vulnerability Detection Result**

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 2057264527

Packet 2: 73625625

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:**Solution type:** Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled'

Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled.

The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

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See the references for more information.
Affected Software/OS TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Insight The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Detection Method Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
References url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323 url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152 url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[[return to 10.0.0.212](#)]

2.6 10.0.0.168

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC
Host scan end Sat Mar 8 13:44:43 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/tcp	Low

2.6.1 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6) NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
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Vulnerability Detection Result It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323. The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between: Packet 1: 3940231826 Packet 2: 1321366230
Impact A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
Solution: Solution type: Mitigation To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl -p' to apply the settings at runtime. To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment. See the references for more information.
Affected Software/OS TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Insight The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.
Vulnerability Detection Method Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported. Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z
References url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323 url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=9152 url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[[return to 10.0.0.168](#)]

2.7 10.0.0.29

Host scan start Sat Mar 8 04:17:51 2025 UTC
Host scan end Sat Mar 8 05:18:51 2025 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
general/icmp	Low

2.7.1 Low general/icmp

Low (CVSS: 2.1)
NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure
Summary The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.
Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%
Vulnerability Detection Result The following response / ICMP packet has been received: - ICMP Type: 14 - ICMP Code: 0
Impact This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.
Solution: Solution type: Mitigation Various mitigations are possible: - Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely - Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)
Vulnerability Insight The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.
Vulnerability Detection Method Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received. Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2025-01-21T05:37:33Z
References cve: CVE-1999-0524 url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
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<code>url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780</code> <code>cert-bund: CB-K15/1514</code> <code>cert-bund: CB-K14/0632</code> <code>dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658</code>
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