

Derivation of formula for transparency converter

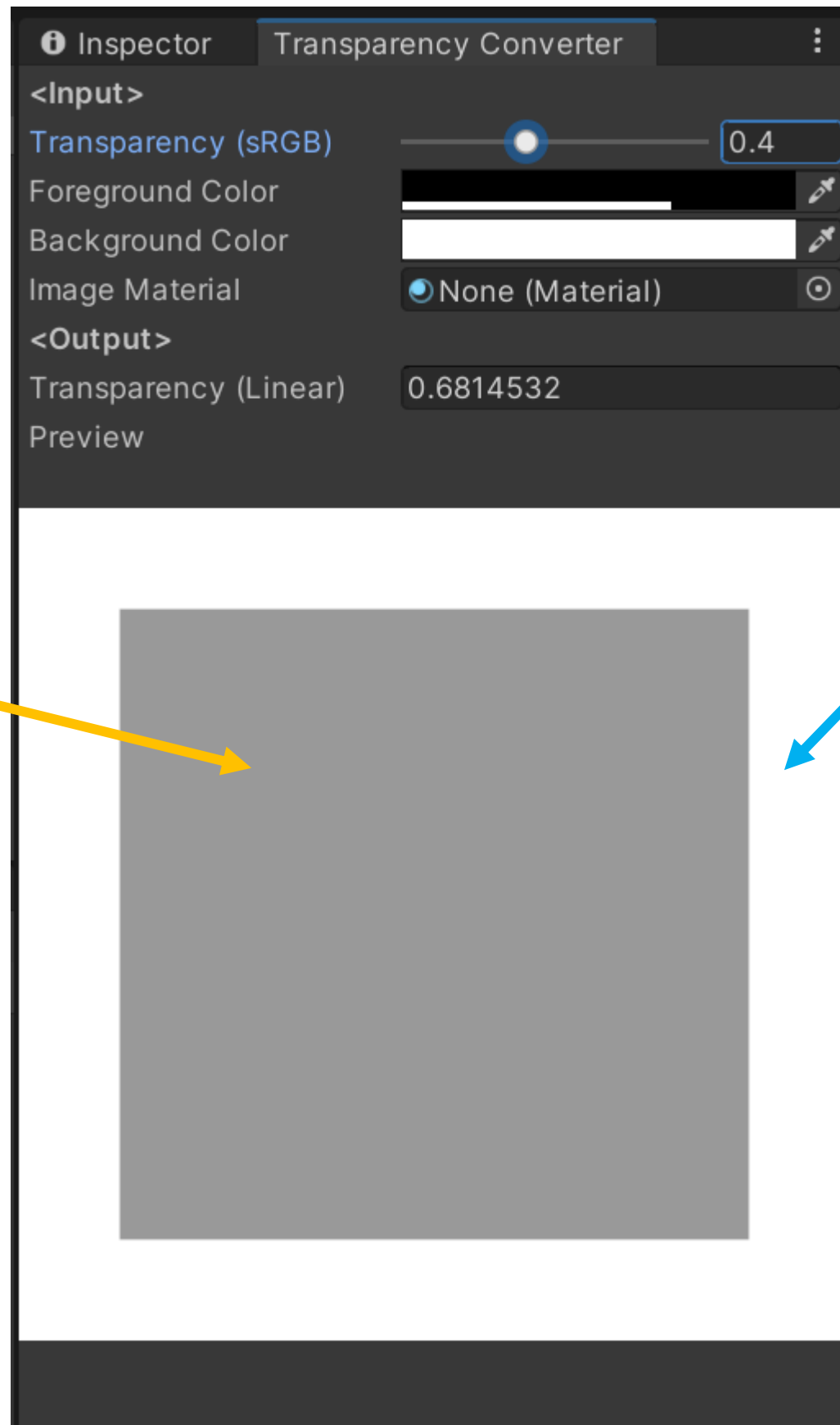
<https://github.com/sotanmochi/TransparencyConverter>

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Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space



Foreground (Transparent)
+
Background (Opaque)

$$\begin{aligned} &(R_F, G_F, B_F, \alpha) \\ &+ \\ &(R_B, G_B, B_B, 1) \end{aligned}$$

Background (Opaque)

$$(R_B, G_B, B_B, 1)$$

Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space

$$C_{output} = C_F \alpha + C_B (1 - \alpha)$$

where $0 \leq c_F \leq 1$, $0 \leq c_B \leq 1$ and $0 \leq \alpha \leq 1$.

$$C_{linear} = C_F \alpha_{linear} + C_B (1 - \alpha_{linear})$$

$$C_{sRGB} = C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B (1 - \alpha_{sRGB})$$

$$C_{linear} = g(C_{sRGB})$$

where $g(x)$ is conversion function from sRGB color space to linear color space.

$$C_F \alpha_{linear} + C_B (1 - \alpha_{linear}) = g(C_{sRGB})$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = \frac{-C_B + g(C_{sRGB})}{C_F - C_B}$$

where $C_F \neq C_B$ and $C_{sRGB} = C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B (1 - \alpha_{sRGB})$.

$$\alpha_{linear} = f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = \frac{-C_B + g(C_{sRGB})}{C_F - C_B}$$

where $C_F \neq C_B$ and $C_{sRGB} = C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})$.

Considering the following constraints.

$$0 \leq \alpha_{linear} \leq 1$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) - f_{MIN}}{f_{MAX} - f_{MIN}}$$

$$f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = \frac{-C_B + g(C_{sRGB})}{C_F - C_B}$$

$$f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = f_{MAX} \rightarrow \alpha_{linear} = 1$$

$$f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = f_{MIN} \rightarrow \alpha_{linear} = 0$$

$$f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) = (f_{MAX} + f_{MIN})/2 \rightarrow \alpha_{linear} = 0.5$$

The conversion function $g(x)$ is monotonically increasing function.

When $C_F > C_B$, the function $g(C_{sRGB}) = g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}))$ is monotonically increasing for α_{sRGB} .

When $C_F < C_B$, the function $g(C_{sRGB}) = g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}))$ is monotonically decreasing for α_{sRGB} .

The function $f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB})$ is monotonically increasing for all α_{sRGB} .

$$f_{MAX} = f(C_F, C_B, 1) = \frac{-C_B + g(C_F)}{C_F - C_B}$$

$$f_{MIN} = f(C_F, C_B, 0) = \frac{-C_B + g(C_B)}{C_F - C_B}$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{f(C_F, C_B, \alpha_{sRGB}) - f_{MIN}}{f_{MAX} - f_{MIN}}$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{\frac{-C_B + g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}))}{C_F - C_B} - \frac{-C_B + g(C_B)}{C_F - C_B}}{\frac{-C_B + g(C_F)}{C_F - C_B} - \frac{-C_B + g(C_B)}{C_F - C_B}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})) - g(C_B)}{C_F - C_B}}{\frac{g(C_F) - g(C_B)}{C_F - C_B}}$$

$$= \frac{g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})) - g(C_B)}{g(C_F) - g(C_B)}$$

Therefore,

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})) - g(C_B)}{g(C_F) - g(C_B)}$$

where $0 \leq c_F \leq 1$, $0 \leq c_B \leq 1$, $0 \leq \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 1$
and $g(x)$ is conversion function from sRGB color space to linear color space.

Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})) - g(C_B)}{g(C_F) - g(C_B)}$$

where $0 \leq c_F \leq 1$, $0 \leq c_B \leq 1$, $0 \leq \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 1$
and $g(x)$ is conversion function from sRGB color space to linear color space.

When $g(x) = x^{2.2}$,

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}))^{2.2} - C_B^{2.2}}{C_F^{2.2} - C_B^{2.2}}$$

Special cases

$$\alpha_{linear} = 1 - (1 - \alpha_{sRGB})^{2.2} \quad \text{when } C_F = 0 \text{ (black), } C_B = 1 \text{ (white)}$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = \alpha_{sRGB}^{2.2} \quad \text{when } C_F = 1 \text{ (white), } C_B = 0 \text{ (black)}$$

Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space

$$\alpha_{linear} = \frac{g(C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})) - g(C_B)}{g(C_F) - g(C_B)}$$

where $0 \leq c_F \leq 1$, $0 \leq c_B \leq 1$, $0 \leq \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 1$
and $g(x)$ is conversion function from sRGB color space to linear color space.

For the following $g(x)$ (Refer to <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SRGB#Transformation>)

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{12.92}, & x \leq 0.04050 \\ \left(\frac{x + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}, & x > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & C_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}) + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}{\left(\frac{C_F + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}, & C_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & C_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}) + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}{\left(\frac{C_F + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}, & C_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

where $C_{sRGB} = C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})$.

Special cases

If $C_F = 0$ (black) and $C_B = 1$ (white),

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & 1 - \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1 - \alpha_{sRGB} + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} \right], & 1 - \alpha_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

If $C_F = 1$ (white) and $C_B = 0$ (black),

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}} \left[\left(\frac{\alpha_{sRGB} + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} \right], & \alpha_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

Transparency conversion from sRGB color space to linear color space

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & C_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{\left(\frac{C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB}) + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}{\left(\frac{C_F + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4} - \left(\frac{C_B + 0.055}{1.055}\right)^{2.4}}, & C_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

where $C_{sRGB} = C_F \alpha_{sRGB} + C_B(1 - \alpha_{sRGB})$.

Special cases

If $C_F = 0$ (black) and $C_B = 1$ (white),

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & 1 - \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{1}{0.9991662} \left[1 - \left(\frac{1 - \alpha_{sRGB} + 0.055}{1.055} \right)^{2.4} \right], & 1 - \alpha_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

If $C_F = 1$ (white) and $C_B = 0$ (black),

$$\alpha_{linear} = \begin{cases} \alpha_{sRGB}, & \alpha_{sRGB} \leq 0.04050 \\ \frac{1}{0.9991662} \left[\left(\frac{\alpha_{sRGB} + 0.055}{1.055} \right)^{2.4} - 0.0008338 \right], & \alpha_{sRGB} > 0.04050 \end{cases}$$

