```
1)
interface Shape {
  double calculateArea();
  double calculatePerimeter();
}
class Circle implements Shape {
  private double radius;
  public Circle(double radius) {
    this.radius = radius;
  }
  @Override
  public double calculateArea() {
    return Math.PI * radius * radius;
  }
  @Override
  public double calculatePerimeter() {
    return 2 * Math.PI * radius;
  }
}
class Triangle implements Shape {
  private double side1, side2, side3;
  public Triangle(double side1, double side2, double side3) {
    this.side1 = side1;
    this.side2 = side2;
    this.side3 = side3;
  }
```

```
@Override
  public double calculateArea() {
    // Using Heron's formula to calculate the area of a triangle
    double s = (side1 + side2 + side3) / 2;
    return Math.sqrt(s * (s - side1) * (s - side2) * (s - side3));
  }
  @Override
  public double calculatePerimeter() {
    return side1 + side2 + side3;
  }
}
public class a1 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Circle circle = new Circle(5);
    Triangle triangle = new Triangle(3, 4, 5);
    System.out.println("Circle:");
    System.out.println("Area: " + circle.calculateArea());
    System.out.println("Perimeter: " + circle.calculatePerimeter());
    System.out.println("\nTriangle:");
    System.out.println("Area: " + triangle.calculateArea());
    System.out.println("Perimeter: " + triangle.calculatePerimeter());
  }
}
2)
class Parent {
  public Parent() {
```

```
System.out.println("Parent class constructor invoked.");
}

class Child extends Parent {
    public Child() {
        super(); // Invoking parent class constructor
        System.out.println("Child class constructor invoked.");
    }
}

public class a2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Child child = new Child(); // Creating Child class object
    }
}
```

## **Key Points about Constructors:**

- 1. Constructors are special methods in a class that are used to initialize objects of that class.
- 2. The name of the constructor is the same as the class name.
- 3. Constructors do not have a return type, not even void.
- 4. Constructors are automatically called when an object of the class is created using the **new** keyword.
- 5. If a class does not define any constructor, a default constructor (with no arguments) is automatically provided by the compiler.
- 6. Constructors can be overloaded, meaning that a class can have multiple constructors with different parameter lists.
- 7. The **super()** keyword is used to invoke the parent class constructor from a child class constructor. It must be the first statement in the child class constructor if used.
- 8. If the parent class does not have a no-argument constructor, the child class constructor must explicitly call one of the parent class constructors using **super()** with appropriate arguments.
- 9. Constructors can have access modifiers (e.g., public, private, protected), which determine the visibility of the constructor.

```
3)
import java.util.Scanner;
public class a3 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter an integer: ");
    int number = scanner.nextInt();
    try {
      if (number < 0) {
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("Negative number not allowed");
      }
      System.out.println("Entered number: " + number);
    } catch (IllegalArgumentException e) {
      System.out.println("Exception: " + e.getMessage());
    }
  }
}
4)
import java.util.Scanner;
class BankAccount {
  private double balance;
  public BankAccount() {
    balance = 0.0;
  }
  public void deposit(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0) {
```

```
balance += amount;
      System.out.println("Deposit successful. Current balance: " + balance);
    } else {
      System.out.println("Invalid amount. Deposit failed.");
    }
  }
  public void withdraw(double amount) {
    if (amount > 0 && amount <= balance) {
      balance -= amount;
      System.out.println("Withdrawal successful. Current balance: " + balance);
    } else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient funds or invalid amount. Withdrawal failed.");
    }
  }
  public double getBalance() {
    return balance;
 }
public class a4 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    BankAccount account = new BankAccount();
    while (true) {
      System.out.println("\nBank Account Menu:");
      System.out.println("1. Deposit");
      System.out.println("2. Withdraw");
      System.out.println("3. Check Balance");
```

```
System.out.println("4. Exit");
      System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
      int choice = scanner.nextInt();
      switch (choice) {
        case 1:
           System.out.print("Enter deposit amount: ");
           double depositAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
           account.deposit(depositAmount);
           break;
        case 2:
           System.out.print("Enter withdrawal amount: ");
           double withdrawalAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
           account.withdraw(withdrawalAmount);
           break;
        case 3:
           System.out.println("Current balance: " + account.getBalance());
           break;
        case 4:
           System.out.println("Exiting program. Thank you!");
           System.exit(0);
        default:
           System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
5)
Abstract class:
abstract class Animal {
  abstract void makeSound();
  void eat() {
    System.out.println("Animal is eating.");
  }
}
class Dog extends Animal {
  @Override
  void makeSound() {
    System.out.println("Dog is barking.");
  }
}
public class a5 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Dog dog = new Dog();
    dog.makeSound();
    dog.eat();
  }
}
Interface:
interface Animal {
  void makeSound();
  void eat();
}
class Dog implements Animal {
  @Override
```

```
public void makeSound() {
    System.out.println("Dog is barking.");
}

@Override
public void eat() {
    System.out.println("Dog is eating.");
}

public class a5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Dog dog = new Dog();
        dog.makeSound();
        dog.eat();
    }

}Key Points:
```

## 1. Abstract Class:

- An abstract class can have both abstract and non-abstract methods.
- Abstract methods are declared without an implementation and must be overridden by the concrete subclasses.
- An abstract class can have instance variables, constructors, and other concrete methods.
- Abstract classes cannot be directly instantiated, but they can be used as a superclass for creating subclasses.
- Subclasses extend a single abstract class.

## 2. Interface:

- An interface defines a contract that classes implementing it must adhere to.
- All methods in an interface are implicitly abstract and public.
- Interfaces cannot have instance variables or constructors, but they can have constants (public static final variables).
- A class can implement multiple interfaces.

• Interfaces provide a way for unrelated classes to achieve polymorphism through a common interface.

```
6)
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class StreamExample {
  public static void a6(String[] args) {
    List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
    for (int i = 1; i \le 1000000; i++) {
       numbers.add(i);
    }
    long sum = numbers.stream()
         .filter(n -> n % 2 == 0) // Filter even numbers
         .mapToLong(n -> n) // Convert to long
         .sum(); // Calculate sum
    System.out.println("Sum of even numbers: " + sum);
  }
}
7)
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class a7 {
  public static int binarySearch(int[] arr, int target) {
    int left = 0;
    int right = arr.length - 1;
    while (left <= right) {
       int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
```

```
if (arr[mid] == target) {
         return mid;
       } else if (arr[mid] < target) {
         left = mid + 1;
       } else {
         right = mid - 1;
      }
    }
    return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20};
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter the target value: ");
    int target = scanner.nextInt();
    int index = binarySearch(arr, target);
    if (index != -1) {
       System.out.println("Target value found at index: " + index);
    } else {
       System.out.println("Target value not found.");
    }
  }
8)
class EvenThread extends Thread {
  @Override
  public void run() {
    for (int i = 2; i \le 10; i += 2) {
       System.out.println("Even Thread: " + i);
```

```
}
  }
}
class OddThread extends Thread {
  @Override
  public void run() {
    for (int i = 1; i <= 9; i += 2) {
      System.out.println("Odd Thread: " + i);
    }
  }
}
public class a8 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    EvenThread evenThread = new EvenThread();
    OddThread oddThread = new OddThread();
    evenThread.start();
    oddThread.start();
  }
}
9)
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.Queue;
import java.util.Random;
class Producer implements Runnable {
  private Queue<Integer> queue;
  private int maxSize;
  private Random random;
```

```
public Producer(Queue<Integer> queue, int maxSize) {
    this.queue = queue;
    this.maxSize = maxSize;
    this.random = new Random();
  }
  @Override
  public void run() {
    while (true) {
      synchronized (queue) {
        while (queue.size() == maxSize) {
          try {
             queue.wait();
          } catch (InterruptedException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
          }
        }
        int number = random.nextInt(100);
        queue.offer(number);
        System.out.println("Producer produced: " + number);
        queue.notify();
      }
    }
  }
class Consumer implements Runnable {
  private Queue<Integer> queue;
```

```
public Consumer(Queue<Integer> queue) {
    this.queue = queue;
  }
  @Override
  public void run() {
    while (true) {
      synchronized (queue) {
        while (queue.isEmpty()) {
           try {
             queue.wait();
           } catch (InterruptedException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
          }
        }
        int number = queue.poll();
        System.out.println("Consumer consumed: " + number);
        queue.notify();
        int sum = 0;
        for (int num : queue) {
           sum += num;
        }
        System.out.println("Sum: " + sum);
      }
    }
  }
public class a9 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
Queue<Integer> queue = new LinkedList<>();
    int maxSize = 5;
    Thread producerThread = new Thread(new Producer(queue, maxSize));
    Thread consumerThread = new Thread(new Consumer(queue));
    producerThread.start();
    consumerThread.start();
  }
}
10)
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class a10 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
    int n = scanner.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the elements:");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
      int number = scanner.nextInt();
      numbers.add(number);
    }
```

```
if (numbers.size() < 2) {</pre>
      System.out.println("Insufficient number of elements.");
    } else {
      int secondSmallest = findSecondSmallest(numbers);
      int secondLargest = findSecondLargest(numbers);
      System.out.println("Second Smallest: " + secondSmallest);
      System.out.println("Second Largest: " + secondLargest);
    }
  }
  public static int findSecondSmallest(List<Integer> numbers) {
    Collections.sort(numbers);
    return numbers.get(1);
  }
  public static int findSecondLargest(List<Integer> numbers) {
    Collections.sort(numbers, Collections.reverseOrder());
    return numbers.get(1);
  }
}
11)
package ineuron;
import java.sql.*;
public class Ineuron
public static void main(String[] args)
{
try
{
```

```
Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost/souji","root","");
String sqlres = "select * from student";
PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(sqlres);
ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
while(rs.next())
{
System.out.println("Student Roll Number : " + rs.getInt(1));
System.out.println("Student Name : " + rs.getString(2));
System.out.println("Student age : " + rs.getInt(3));
System.out.println("Student address : " + rs.getString(4));
System.out.println();
}
}
catch(Exception e)
{
System.out.println(e);
}
}
}
12)
package ineuron;
import java.io.*;
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.*;
public class ineuron12
public static void main(String[] args)
{
try
```

```
{
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter Eno : ");
int a = s.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter Ename : ");
String ss = s.next();
Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost/souji","root","");
Statement st = con.createStatement();
String sqltable = "create table employee (eno int, name varchar(20))";
//st.executeUpdate(sqltable);
String sqlinsert = "insert into employee values(4,'kumar')";
//st.executeUpdate(sqlinsert);
String insertdynamic = "insert into employee values("+a+", ""+ss+"")";
//st.executeUpdate(insertdynamic);
String sqlupdate = "update employee set name='kavya' where eno=4";
//st.executeUpdate(sqlupdate);
String sqldelete = "delete from employee where eno=4";
st.executeUpdate(sqldelete);
ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery("select * from employee");
while(rs.next())
System.out.println(rs.getInt(1) + " " + rs.getString(2));
con.close();
}
catch(Exception e)
{
System.out.println(e);
}
}
}
```

```
13)
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;
public class BatchUpdateExample {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String url = "jdbc:postgresql://localhost/souji";
    String username = "your_username";
    String password = "your_password";
    String filePath = "input_data.txt";
    try (Connection connection = DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password)) {
      connection.setAutoCommit(false);
      String sql = "INSERT INTO your_table (column1, column2, column3) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
      PreparedStatement statement = connection.prepareStatement(sql);
      BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(filePath));
      String line;
      while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
        String[] data = line.split(",");
        String value1 = data[0].trim();
        String value2 = data[1].trim();
        String value3 = data[2].trim();
        statement.setString(1, value1);
        statement.setString(2, value2);
        statement.setString(3, value3);
        statement.addBatch();
      }
```

```
reader.close();
      int[] updateCounts = statement.executeBatch();
      connection.commit();
      System.out.println("Batch update executed successfully.");
      System.out.println("Number of rows affected: " + updateCounts.length);
    } catch (SQLException e) {
      System.out.println("Error executing batch update: " + e.getMessage());
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
    }
  }
}
14)
Index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Welcome Form</title>
</head>
<body>
  <form action="WelcomeServlet" method="GET">
    <label for="name">Name:</label>
    <input type="text" id="name" name="name" required>
    <br><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

```
WelcomeServlet.java
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
public class WelcomeServlet extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws
ServletException, IOException {
    String name = request.getParameter("name");
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    out.println("<html>");
    out.println("<head><title>Welcome</title></head>");
    out.println("<body>");
    out.println("<h1>Welcome, " + name + "!</h1>");
    out.println("</body>");
    out.println("</html>");
  }
}
15)
Index.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Database Table Form</title>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<form action="Servlet1" method="GET">
    <input type="submit" value="Retrieve Data">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Servlet1.java
import javax.servlet.*;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.sql.*;
public class Servlet1 extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws
ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    try {
      Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
      Connection connection =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost/souji","root","");
      String query = "SELECT * FROM student";
      Statement statement = connection.createStatement();
      ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery(query);
      out.println("<html>");
      out.println("<head><title>Student Table</title></head>");
      out.println("<body>");
      out.println("");
```

```
out.println("Column 1Column 2Column 3Column 3
4");
     while (resultSet.next()) {
       int column1 = resultSet.getInt("sid");
       String column2 = resultSet.getString("sname");
       int column3 = resultSet.getInt("sage");
       String column4 = resultSet.getString("saddress");
       out.println("" + column1 + "" + column2 + "" + column3 +
"" + column4 +" ");
     }
     out.println("");
     out.println("</body>");
     out.println("</html>");
     resultSet.close();
     statement.close();
     connection.close();
   } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
     out.println("Error: MySQL JDBC driver not found.");
   } catch (SQLException e) {
     out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
   }
 }
}
21)
import org.springframework.data.repository.CrudRepository;
public interface StudentRepository extends CrudRepository Student, Long>
```

```
@Service
public class StudentService {
private static final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(StudentService.class);
@Autowired
StudentRepository sr;
@PostConstruct
public void postConstruct() {
Student ob= new Student();
ob.setId(1L);
ob.setName("Kumar");
sr.save(ob);
//retreiving
log.info("Student:" + sr.findAll());
}
22)
import org.springframework.data.repository.CrudRepository;
public interface StudentRepository extends CrudRepository Student, Long>
}
public class StudentService {
private static final Logger log = LoggerFactory.getLogger(StudentService.class);
@Autowired
StudentRepository sr;
@PostConstruct
public void postConstruct() {
Student ob= new Student();
ob.getId(1L);
ob.getName("Kumar");
sr.save(ob);
//retreiving
log.info("Student:" + sr.findAll());
```