
Algorithm 1 SeedSubTrees(Γ)

```
1: for  $rootC \in compSet$  do
2:   if ( $Empty(\Gamma_{rootC})$ ) then
3:     continue;
4:   end if
5:    $level = [ ]$ ; {dynamic array of failed components at subTree's current level}
6:    $nFailed = (0, 0, \dots, 0)$ ; {counts failed components of each type}
7:    $BFHist = (( ), ( ), \dots, ( ))$ ; {an array of linked lists that keeps a breadth-first history of subTrees, array is indexed by component type, linked list for each component type stores parents in breadth-first order}
8:   add  $rootC$  to  $level$ ;
9:    $nFailed[rootC] = 1$ ;
10:  add @ to  $BFHist[rootC]$ ; {signifies one component of type rootC has failed}
11:  AddSubTreeLevel( $level, nFailed, BFHist, 1, rootC$ );
12: end for
```

Algorithm 2 AddSubTreeLevel(*level*, *nFailed*, *BFHist*, *subTreeRate*, *rootC*)

```
1:  $nextLevelPossibilities = \prod_{i=1}^{|level|} \mathcal{P}(\Gamma_{level[i]});$   
   {Builds set of all possible nodes in next level as Cartesian product of  
   powersets of  $\Gamma$ 's}  
2: for oneNextLevelPossibility  $\in nextLevelPossibilities$  do  
3:   addedChildFlag = False;  
4:   for parentC  $\in level$  do  
5:     for childC  $\in \Gamma_{parentC}$  do  
6:       if childC  $\in oneNextLevelPossibility$  then  
7:         if nFailed[childC] == Redundancy(childC) then  
8:           goto line 3; {invalid subtree, requires more comps than avail-  
           able in system}  
9:         end if  
10:        addedChildFlag = True;  
11:        nFailed[childC] = nFailed[childC] + 1;  
12:        add @ to BFHist[childC]; {signifies one component of type  
        childC has failed}  
13:        subTreeRate = subTreeRate *  $\phi_{parentC, childC}$ ;  
        {update rate with  $\phi$ }  
14:      else  
15:        add parentC to BFHist[childC]; {signifies one component of  
        type childC has not failed, but was present in  $\Gamma_{parentC}$ }  
16:      end if  
17:    end for  
18:  end for  
19:  
20:  if addedChildFlag then  
21:    AddSubTreeLevel(oneNextLevelPossibility, nFailed, BFHist, sub-  
    TreeRate, rootC);  
    {subTree can be grown further}  
22:  else  
23:    ComputeTreeRates(nFailed, BFHist, subTreeRate, rootC);  
    {current subTree is completed because it cannot be grown further}  
24:  end if  
25: end for
```

Algorithm 3 ComputeTreeRates($nFailed$, $BFHist$, $subTreeRate$, $rootC$)

```

1: for  $x \in Q$  do
2:    $e = \text{Environment}(x)$ ;
3:   Initialize  $y$  as a state with no components failed and environment  $e$ ;
4:   for  $comp \in compSet$  do
5:      $y[comp] = x[comp] + nFailed[comp]$ ;
6:   end for
7:   if  $y$  is not a valid state then
8:     continue;
9:   end if
10:   $rootFailureRate = (\text{Redundancy}(rootC) - x[rootC]) * \lambda_{rootC, e}$ ;
11:   $prodNotFailedProb = 1$ ; {cumulative probability of comps that could
    have failed but did not}
12:  for  $comp \in \{compSet\}$  do
13:     $compsAvailable = \text{Redundancy}(comp) - x[comp]$ ;
14:    for  $parentC \in BFHist[comp]$  do
15:      if  $parentC == @$  then
16:         $compsAvailable = compsAvailable - 1$ ;
17:      else if  $compsAvailable > 0$  then
18:         $prodNotFailedProb = prodNotFailedProb * (1 - \phi_{parentC, comp})$ ;
19:      end if
20:    end for
21:  end for
22:   $Q(x, y) = Q(x, y) + rootFailureRate * subTreeRate * prodNotFailedProb$ ;
23: end for

```
