```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX SIZE 100
void main() {
  int n, i, j, key;
  int a[MAX SIZE];
  printf("Enter the number of elements (max %d): ", MAX SIZE);
  scanf("%d", &n);
  if(n > MAX SIZE) {
    printf("Error: number of elements exceeds the maximum allowed.\n");
    return;
  printf("\nEnter the elements: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &a[i]);
  for (j = 1; j < n; j++)
    key = a[j];
    i = j - 1;
    while (i \ge 0 \&\& a[i] \ge key) {
       a[i + 1] = a[i];
       i = i - 1;
     a[i+1] = key;
  printf("\nThe sorted array is: ");
  for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
    printf("%d ", a[j]);
  printf("\n");
```

Enter the number of elements (max 100): 5

Enter the elements: 8

10

17

33

56

The sorted array is: 8 10 17 33 56

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#define MAX SIZE 100
int main() {
  int n, arr[MAX SIZE];
  int i, j, min, temp;
  clrscr();
  printf("Enter the size of the array (max %d): ", MAX SIZE);
  scanf("%d", &n);
  if(n > MAX SIZE) {
    printf("Size exceeds the maximum limit of %d.\n", MAX SIZE);
    getch();
    return 1;
  }
  printf("\nEnter the elements of the array: ");
  for(i = 0; i < n; i++){
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
```

```
printf("\nArray before sorting: ");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++){
  printf("%d", arr[i]);
}
for(i = 0; i < n - 1; i++){
  min = i;
  for(j = i + 1; j < n; j++){
     if(arr[j] < arr[min]){
        min = j;
  if(min!=i){
     temp = arr[i];
     arr[i] = arr[min];
     arr[min] = temp;
}
printf("\nArray after sorting: ");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++){
  printf("%d", arr[i]);
}
getch();
return 0;
```

}



Enter the size of the array (max 100): 4

Enter the elements of the array: 8

10

17

56

Array before sorting: 8 10 17 56 Array after sorting: 8 10 17 56

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX SIZE 100
void merge sort(int arr[], int p, int r);
void merge(int arr[], int p, int q, int r);
int main()
 int n, p, r, i;
 int arr[MAX SIZE];\
printf("Enter the number of elements (max %d): ", MAX SIZE);
scanf("%d", &n);
if (n > MAX SIZE) {
  printf("Error: Number of elements exceeds the maximum allowed (%d).\n",
MAX SIZE);
  return 1;
printf("Enter the elements of the array: ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
  scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}
printf("\nThe elements of the array before sorting: ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
  printf("%d ", arr[i]);
```

```
}
p = 0;
r = n - 1;
merge sort(arr, p, r);
printf("\nThe elements of the array after sorting: ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
  printf("%d ", arr[i]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
void merge sort(int arr[], int p, int r)
 int q;
 if (p < r)
 q = (p + r) / 2;
 merge_sort(arr, p, q);
 merge sort(arr, q + 1, r);
 merge(arr, p, q, r);
void merge(int arr[], int p, int q, int r)
 int n1, n2;
int left[MAX SIZE], right[MAX SIZE];
```

```
int i, j, k;
n1 = q - p + 1;
n2 = r - q;
for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
   left[i] = arr[p + i];
for (j = 0; j < n2; j++) {
  right[j] = arr[q + 1 + j];
}
i = 0;
j = 0;
k = p;
while (i \le n1 \&\& j \le n2) {
  if (left[i] <= right[j]) {</pre>
     arr[k] = left[i];
     i++;
   } else {
     arr[k] = right[j];
     j++;
   k++;
while (i < n1) {
   arr[k] = left[i];
  i++;
   k++;
```

```
while (j < n2) {
    arr[k] = right[j];
    j++;
    k++;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter the number of elements (max 100): 6
Enter the elements of the array: 8
13
24
98
67
2
The elements of the array before sorting: 8 13 24 98 67 2
The elements of the array after sorting: 2 8 13 24 67 98
```

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void quicksort(int arr[], int p, int r);
int partition(int arr[], int p, int r);
int main() {
  int n, i;
  int arr[100];
  clrscr();
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("\nEnter the elements of the array: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
  printf("\nArray before sorting: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("%d", arr[i]);
  quicksort(arr, 0, n - 1);
```

```
printf("\nArray after sorting: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     printf("%d", arr[i]);
  }
  getch();
  return 0;
}
void quicksort(int arr[], int p, int r) {
  int q;
  if (p < r) {
     q = partition(arr, p, r);
     quicksort(arr, p, q - 1);
     quicksort(arr, q + 1, r);
}
int partition(int arr[], int p, int r) {
  int x = arr[r];
  int i = p - 1;
  int j, temp;
  for (j = p; j < r; j++) {
     if (arr[j] \le x) {
        i++;
        temp = arr[i];
        arr[i] = arr[j];
        arr[i] = temp;
     }
```

```
}
temp = arr[i + 1];
arr[i + 1] = arr[r];
arr[r] = temp;
return i + 1;
}
```

```
Enter the number of elements: 5

Enter the elements of the array: 17
23
33
34
9

Array before sorting: 17 23 33 34 9

Array after sorting: 9 17 23 33 34 ____
```

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
  double value, weight, cost;
} Item;
int compare(const void *a, const void *b) {
  double r1 = ((Item *)a) - cost;
  double r2 = ((Item *)b) - cost;
  return (r2 > r1) - (r1 > r2);
}
double fractionalKnapsack(int W, Item arr[], int n) {
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     arr[i].cost = arr[i].value / arr[i].weight;
  qsort(arr, n, sizeof(Item), compare);
  int i = 0;
  double total = 0.0;
  while (i < n) {
     if (arr[i].weight <= W) {
       W -= arr[i].weight;
       total += arr[i].value;
     } else {
       total += arr[i].value * ((double)W / arr[i].weight);
       break;
```

i++;

```
return total;
int main() {
  int n, W;
  printf("Enter number of items: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  Item arr[n];
  printf("Enter weight and value for each item:\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%lf %lf", &arr[i].weight, &arr[i].value);
  printf("Enter maximum capacity of knapsack: ");
  scanf("%d", &W);
  double maxValue = fractionalKnapsack(W, arr, n);
  printf("Maximum value in knapsack: %.2f\n", maxValue);
  return 0;
}
Output-
Enter number of items: 3
Enter weight and value for each item:
 10 60
20 80
40 120
Enter maximum capacity of knapsack: 50
Maximum value in knapsack: 200.00
```

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>
#define INFINITY 9999
#define MAX 10
void dijkstra(int G[MAX][MAX], int n, int startnode);
int main() { int G[MAX][MAX], i, j, n, u;
clrscr(); /* Clear the screen (Turbo C specific) */
printf("Enter no. of vertices:");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix:\n");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
  for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
    scanf("%d", &G[i][j]);
printf("\nEnter the starting node:");
scanf("%d", &u);
dijkstra(G, n, u);
getch(); /* Wait for key press before exiting (Turbo C specific) */
return 0;
void dijkstra(int G[MAX][MAX], int n, int startnode)
```

```
int cost[MAX][MAX], distance[MAX], pred[MAX];
  int visited[MAX], count, mindistance, nextnode;
int i, j; /* Declarations at the beginning of the function */
/* Create the cost matrix */
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
    if(G[i][j] == 0)
       cost[i][j] = INFINITY;
     else
       cost[i][j] = G[i][j];
/* Initialize pred[], distance[] and visited[] */
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  distance[i] = cost[startnode][i];
  pred[i] = startnode;
  visited[i] = 0;
distance[startnode] = 0;
visited[startnode] = 1;
count = 1;
(count < n - 1) {
  mindistance = INFINITY;
  /* nextnode gives the node at minimum distance */
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if(distance[i] < mindistance &&!visited[i]) {
       mindistance = distance[i];
       nextnode = i;
  }
  /* Check if a better path exists through nextnode */
  visited[nextnode] = 1;
  for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if(!visited[i]) {
       if(mindistance + cost[nextnode][i] < distance[i]) {
          distance[i] = mindistance + cost[nextnode][i];
          pred[i] = nextnode;
  count++;
/* Print the path and distance of each node */
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  if(i != startnode) {
     printf("\nDistance of node %d = %d", i, distance[i]);
     printf("nPath = \%d", i);
     i = i;
     do {
       i = pred[i];
       printf(" <- %d", j);
     } while(j != startnode);
```

```
printf("\n");
}
}
```

```
Enter no. of vertices:3

Enter the adjacency matrix:
0 8 4
8 0 2
4 2 0

Enter the starting node:0

Distance of node 1 = 6
Path = 1 <- 2 <- 0

Distance of node 2 = 4
Path = 2 <- 0
```

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <conio.h>
#define MAX SIZE 101 /* 100 characters max + 1 for extra index */
void LCS Length(char X[], char Y[], int m, int n, int c[][MAX SIZE], char b[][MAX SIZE])
{ int i, j;
for (i = 0; i \le m; i++)
  c[i][0] = 0;
for (j = 0; j \le n; j++)
  c[0][j] = 0;
for (i = 1; i \le m; i++)
  for (i = 1; i \le n; i++)
     if(X[i-1] == Y[j-1]) {
       c[i][j] = c[i-1][j-1] + 1;
        b[i][j] = '\underline{\ }';
     \} else if (c[i-1][j] \ge c[i][j-1]) {
       c[i][j] = c[i - 1][j];
       b[i][j] = '^';
     } else {
       c[i][j] = c[i][j - 1];
       b[i][j] = '<';
```

```
void Print LCS(char b[][MAX SIZE], char X[], int i, int j)
if (i == 0 || j == 0) return;
if (b[i][j] == '\')
Print LCS(b, X, i - 1, j - 1);
 printf("%c", X[i - 1]);
else if (b[i][j] == '^')
Print_LCS(b, X, i - 1, j);
else
Print LCS(b, X, i, j - 1);
}
int main()
 char X[100], Y[100];
 int m, n; int c[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE];
 char b[MAX_SIZE][MAX_SIZE];
clrscr();
printf("Enter the first string: ");
scanf("%s", X);
printf("Enter the second string: ");
scanf("%s", Y);
```

```
m = strlen(X);
n = strlen(Y);

LCS_Length(X, Y, m, n, c, b);

printf("The Longest Common Subsequence (LCS) is: ");
Print_LCS(b, X, m, n);
printf("\n");

getch();
return 0;
}
```

Enter the first string: ADCDADCBADC

Enter the second string: ABCD

The Longest Common Subsequence (LCS) is: ACD

```
Code-
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <math.h>
int a[30], count = 0;
int place(int pos)
  int i; for(i = 1; i < pos; i++)
    if ((a[i] == a[pos]) \parallel (abs(a[i] - a[pos]) == abs(i - pos)))
    return 0;
  return 1;
void print sol(int n)
 int i, j;
 count++;
 printf("\n\nSolution #%d:\n", count);
 for(i = 1; i \le n; i++)
    for(j = 1; j \le n; j++)
    { if(a[i] == j) printf("Q\t");
      else printf("*\t");
 printf("\n");
void queen(int n)
```

(Approved by AICTE & DTE, Maharashtra State & Affiliated to University of Mumbai NAAC Accredited, NBA Accredited (Computer Engineering Department) | DTE Code No.: 3423)

```
int k;
  k = 1;
  a[k] = 0;
  while(k != 0)
    a[k] = a[k] + 1;
    while((a[k] \le n) \&\& !place(k))
       a[k] = a[k] + 1;
     if(a[k] \le n)
        if(k == n) print_sol(n);
      else
       k++; a[k] = 0;
    else
     k--;
void main()
   int n;
   clrscr();
```

```
printf("Enter the number of Queens\n");
scanf("%d", &n);
queen(n);
printf("\nTotal solutions = %d", count);
getch();
}
```

```
Enter the number of Queens
2
Total solutions = 0
```

```
Enter the number of Queens
4

Solution #1:

* Q * * * Q
Q * * * *

* * Q *

Solution #2:

* * Q *

Q * * *

Total solutions = 2
```

```
Code-
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
 char txt[] = "analysisofalgorithm";
 char pat[] = "a";
 int M = strlen(pat);
 int N = strlen(txt);
 int i, j;
 for (i = 0; i \le N - M; i++) {
  for (j = 0; j < M; j++)
     if (txt[i+j] != pat[j]) {
        break;
     }
  }
  if (j == M) \{
     printf("Pattern matches at index %d\n", i);
  }
}
return 0;
}
```

```
Pattern matches at index 0
Pattern matches at index 2
Pattern matches at index 10
```

```
Code-
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define tonum(c) ((c) \geq= 'A' && (c) \leq= 'Z' ? (c) - 'A' : (c) - 'a' + 26)
int mod(int a, int p, int m)
  int sqr;
  if (p == 0) return 1;
    sqr = mod(a, p / 2, m) \% m;
    sqr = (sqr * sqr) \% m;
    if (p & 1) return ((a % m) * sqr) % m;
    else return sqr;
    int RabinKarpMatch(char *T, char *P, int d, int q)
    {
           int i, j, p, t, n, m, h, found;
           n = strlen(T);
           m = strlen(P);
           h = mod(d, m - 1, q);
           p = 0;
           t = 0;
     for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
       p = (d * p + tonum(P[i])) \% q;
       t = (d * t + tonum(T[i])) \% q;
```

```
for (i = 0; i \le n - m; i++)
       if (p == t) {
          found = 1;
          for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if(P[j]!=T[i+j]) {
               found = 0;
               break;
          if (found)
            return i;
       }
       else {
          t = (d * (t - ((tonum(T[i]) * h) % q)) + tonum(T[i + m])) % q;
          if (t < 0)
            t = t + q;
     return -1;
void main() { char str[100], p[100]; int ans, q;
clrscr();
printf("\n Enter String: ");
gets(str);
printf("\n Enter Pattern you want to search in the string: ");
gets(p);
```

```
printf("\n Enter value of q: ");
scanf("%d", &q);
ans = RabinKarpMatch(str, p, 10, q);
if (ans == -1)
    printf("\n Pattern is not found.");
else
    printf("\n Pattern is found at displacement: %d", ans);
getch();
}
```

```
Enter String: Pattern Matching Algorithm

Enter Pattern you want to search in the string: Match

Enter value of q: 101

Pattern is found at displacement: 8
```



