## ITC TUT 5 Govmen 133

show how the pauty matrior for a (7,4) hamming code is generated.
code structure is
D7 06 05 P4 08 P2 P1
Hence P, P2, P3 = 3 is party bits. 0+,06,05,03=4 Dota bits
To find parity bits
$P_1 =_{\mathcal{V}} P_3 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_5 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_7$ $P_2 = D_3 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_6 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_7$ $P_3 = D_5 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_6 \stackrel{\triangle}{\rightarrow} D_7$
The parity matrix for hamming (7,4):
P <sub>1</sub> P <sub>2</sub> P <sub>3</sub> D <sub>3</sub> 1 1 0
05 0
the state of the s

consider a (6,3) linear block rode where generators

Find all rode vertors

D) Find the minimum homming d's (dmin)

C) Check. if the received vertor=[110n17]

contains ower using the synduome method.

The rode vectors are. neusage vector rode vedor (ode name 000000 000 00101 001 010110 12 010 13 011101 011 100101 (4

15 10 10110 16 110 110011 17 111000

19

> b) Find the min hame woight Codo vector 000000 001011 010110 011101 100101 101110 110011 111000 Hove the min weight is @3 · - Dmin= 53 -D U Received vector r= [110111 Po letect - the wor. = [p] In-k = ( } 100 010 LIIOIII [SI] = RAHT

in 100 matches with the 4th row.

The 4th bit of the has everal and

the corrected vertor is