HELP International - Investment plan

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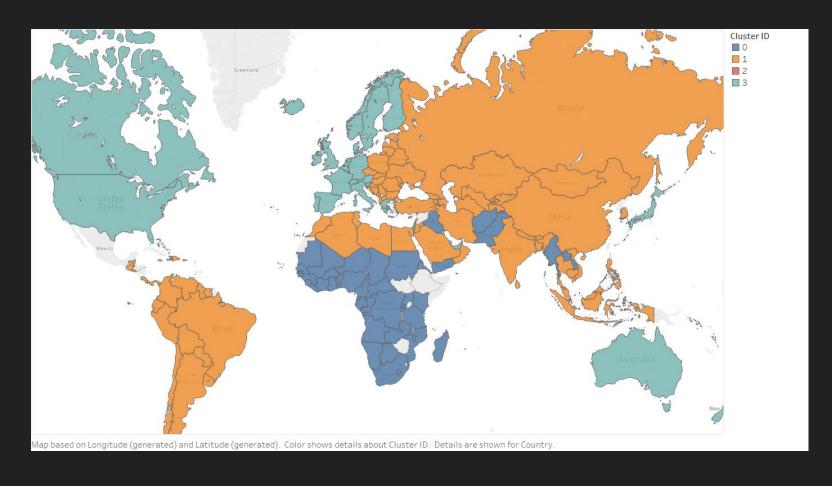
Resources and Available data

- Total available Corpus \$ 10 million
- O Country Related data explaining the following metrics for 167 total countries
 - Child mortality
 - o exports
 - health
 - o imports
 - Income
 - O Inflation
 - Continuo la linea de la lin
 - Total fertility
 - O GDPP

Countries as per the clusters

Colour	Cluster Number
	Cluster – 1
	Cluster – 2
	Cluster – 3
	Cluster – 4

Cluster #	# of Countries
CL - 1	48
CL - 2	87
CL - 3	3
CL - 4	29



Trends in the country dataset

Life expectancy – high

Total fertility – inferior

GDPP - high

Comparative study of all country data – results are in comparison to global average

The countries are classified into 4 sets with the characteristics as explained in the table.

Child mortality - high Child mortality – low Exports – low Exports – comparable Health expenses – comparable or lower Health expenses – comparable or lower Imports – low Imports – comparable or higher Income – inferior Income - low Inflation – moderately high Inflation – comparable or lower Life expectancy – inferior Life expectancy - high Total fertility – high Total fertility – high **GDPP** – inferior **GDPP** -low Child mortality – inferior Child mortality – inferior Exports – high Exports – comparable or higher Health expenses – comparable Health expenses - high Imports – high Imports – low Income - high Income - high Inflation – inferior Inflation – inferior

Life expectancy – high

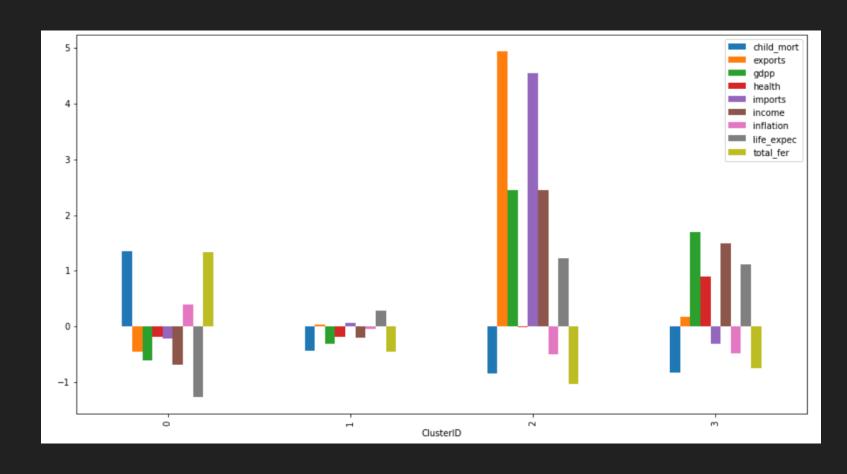
Total fertility – inferior

GDPP - high

Trends in picture

The trends are documented in previous slide.

This image is a pictorial representation of cluster behavior across all parameters in the given dataset.



Technical Discussions – Steps to identification of the Clusters

- O PCA analysis gave 5 components which were able to account for 94% variance in data.
- The PC analysis gave the following trend
 - PC1 45% child mortality/ income/ life expectancy/ total fertility/GDPP
 - O PC2 18% exports/imports
 - O PC3 13% health/inflation

- O Silhouette score gave 4 and 5 as best candidates for number of clusters in K-means approach.
- O 4 clusters were chosen as 5 clusters were having some groups with < 5% of total populations as members.

- Hierarchical Approach was also attempted on the dataset with multiple cut – levels.
- All resultant clusters had at least one group having < 5% of total population as members.
- Reducing the number of clusters, is resulting in loss of insight.

Principal Component Analysis

K- Means Clustering Process

Hierarchical Clustering Process

Recommendations

- Cluster 1 countries are in a comparatively difficult situation and they are showing significant
 - Child Mortality rates
 - O Low life expectancy
 - O Low per capita income and high inflation

The above, along with other factors, are resulting in a very low GDPP for them

- Cluster 2 countries are also lacking in some parameters but have a better GDPP compared to Cluster 1 countries. Areas that can be improved are
 - Per Capita Income
 - Exports (as they are significantly lower than Cluster 3/4 countries)
 - Total fertility rate