Semester: II

Year	I	Course Code: 21BSC2C2ZOO2L	Credits	04	
Sem.	2	Course Title: Biochemistry and Physiology	Hours	56	
Unit N	No.	Course Content	Hours		
Unit I		 Structure and Function of Biomolecules: Structure and Biological importance of carbohydrates (Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates). Lipids (saturated and unsaturated Fatty acids, Triacylglycerols, Phospho lipids, Glycolipids and Steroids) Structure, Classification and General Properties of α-amino acids; Essential and non-essential amino acids, Levels of organization in proteins; Simple and conjugate proteins. Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids Metabolism of Carbohydrates: glycolysis, citricacid cycle, gluconeogenesis, phosphate pentose pathway Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis Lipids- Biosynthesis of palmiticacid; Ketogenesis, β-oxidation and omega -oxidation of saturated fatty acids with even and odd number of carbonatoms 	14		
Unit II		 Metabolism of Carbohydrates and Lipids Metabolism of Carbohydrates: glycolysis, citricacid cycle, gluconeogenesis, phosphate pentose pathway Glycogenolysis and Glycogenesis Lipids- Biosynthesis of palmiticacid; Ketogenesis, β-oxidation and omega -oxidation of saturated fatty acids with even and odd number of carbonatoms Metabolism of Proteins and Nucleotides Catabolism of amino acids: Transamination, Deamination, Ureacycle, Nucleotides and vitamins 	14		
Unit II	II	 Peptide linkages Digestion and Respiration in humans Structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract and associated glands. Mechanical and chemical digestion of food; Absorptions of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, water, minerals and vitamins; Physiology of trachea and Lung. Mechanism of respiration, Pulmonary 	14		

	ventilation; Respiratory volumes and capacities;	
	Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in	
	blood, Respiratory pigments, Dissociation curves	
	and the factors influencing it;	
	Circulation and Excretion in humans	
	 Components of blood and their functions; hemopoiesis 	
	Blood clotting: Blood clotting system, Blood groups:	
	Rh-factor, ABO and MN	
	Structure of mammalian heart	
	Cardiac cycle; Cardiac output and its regulation,	
	Electrocardiogram, Blood pressure and its	
	regulation	
	Structure of kidney and its functional unit; Mechanism of urine formation	
I I '4 IX7		1.4
Unit IV	Nervous System and Endocrinology in humans	14
	• Structure of neuron, resting membrane potential(RMP)	
	 Origin of action potential and its propagation 	
	across the myelinated and unmyelinated	
	nerve fibers. Types of synapse	
	Endocrine glands - pineal, pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid,	
	pancreas and adrenal	
	Muscular System in humans	
	Histology of different types of muscle; Ultra structure of	
	skeletal muscle; Molecular and chemical basis of muscle	
	contraction; Characteristics of muscle twitch; Motor unit,	
	summation and tetanus.	

Suggested Readings

- 1. Nelson & Cox: Leininger's Principles of Biochemistry: McMillan (2000)
- 2. Zubay et al: Principles of Biochemistry: WCB (1995)
- 3. Voet & Voet: Biochemistry Vols 1 & 2: Wiley (2004)
- 4. Murray et al: Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry: McGraw Hill (2003) Elliott and Elliott: Biochemistry and Molecular Biology: Oxford University Press
- 5. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Xl Edition, Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B.Saunders Company. (2006).
- 6. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons (2006).
- 7. Christopher D. Moyes, Patricia M. Schulte. Principles of Animal Physiology. 3rd Edition, Pearson Education (2016).
- 8. Hill, Richard W., et al. Anima l physiology. Vol. 2. Sunderland, MA: Sinauer Associates, (2004).
- 9. Chatterjee CC Human Physiology Volume 1 & 2, 11th edition, CBS Publishers (20 I 6).

Semester II: Zoology Course Lab Content

Course Title/Code: Biochemistry and Physiology	Course Credits: 2
Course Code: 21BSC2C2ZOO2P	L-T-P per week: 0-0-4
Total Contact Hours: 56	Duration of ESA: 4 Hours
Formative AssessmentMarks: 15	Summative AssessmentMarks:35

Course Outcomes (COs):

- At the end of the course the student should be able to understand: Basic structure of biomolecules through model making.
- Develop the skills to identify different types of blood cells.
- Enhance basic laboratory skill like keen observation, analysis and discussion. Learn the functional attributes of biomolecules in animal body.
- Know uniqueness of enzymes in animal body and their importance through enzyme kinetics.

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Outcomes (COs) with Program Outcomes(POs)

Course Outcomes (COs) / Program	CC P2	CC								
I Core competency	X									
II Critical thinking	X									
III Analytical reasoning	X									
IV Research skills	X									
V Team work	X									

Note: Course Articulation Matrix relates course outcomes of course with the corresponding program outcomes whose attainment is attempted in this course.Mark _X' in the intersection cell if a course outcome addresses a particular program outcome.

Course Content

List of labs to be	Hours
1. Preparation of models of nitrogenous bases- nucleosides and nucleotides.	20
2. Preparation of models of amino acids and dipeptides.	
3. Preparation of models of DNA and RNA.	
4. Qualitative analysis of Carbohydrates, Proteins and Lipids.	
5. Qualitative analysis of Nitrogenous wastes – Ammonia, Urea and Uric acid.	
6. Separation of amino acids or proteins by paper chromatography.	
7. Determination of the activity of enzyme (Urease)-Effect of [S] and determination of -Km and Vmax.	15
8. Determination of the activity of enzyme (Urease) - Effect of temperature and time.	
10. Estimation of Hemoglobin in human blood using Sahli'shaemoglobinometer.	15
11. Counting of RBC in blood using Hemocytometer.	
12. Counting of WBC in blood using Hemocytometer.	
13. Differential staining of human blood corpuscles using Leishman stain.	
14. Recording of blood glucose level by using glucometer.	
Virtual Labs (Suggestive sites)	06
https://www.vlab.co.in	
https://zoologysan.blogspot.com	
www.vlab.iitb.ac.in/vlab	
https://vlab.amrita.edu	
https://sites.dartmouth.edu	
www.onlinelabs.in	

Text Books

- 1. Nelson & Cox: Lehininger's Principles of Biochemistry: McMillan (2000)
- 2. Zubay et al: Principles of Biochemistry: WCB (1995)
- 3. Voet&Voet: Biochemistry Vols 1 & 2: Wiley (2004)
- 4. Murray et al: Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry: McGraw Hill (2003) Elliott and Elliott: Biochemistry and Molecular Biology: Oxford University Press
- 5. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Xl Edition, Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B.Saunders Company. (2006).
- 6. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John

- Wiley & sons (2006).
- 7. Christopher D. Moyes, Patricia M. Schulte. Principles of Animal Physiology. 3rd Edition, Pearson Education (2016).
- 8. Hill, Richard W., et al. Anima l physiology. Vol. 2. Sunderland, MA: Sinauer Associates, (2004).
- 9. Chatterjee CC Human Physiology Volume 1 & 2, 11th edition, CBS Publishers (2016).

Web References: Mammalian Physiology– www.biopac.com

Pedagogy: Lectures, Presentations, videos, Virtual Labs, Assignments, Tests, Individual or group Field oriented Project Report on or visit to a research institute.

TOPICS RECOMMENDED FOR SEMINAR/PROJECT REPORT

- 1. Biochemical pathways, their evolutionary background and regulation.
- 2. Blood groups and their importance.
- 3. Vital enzymes for human body.
- 4. Essential and nonessential amino acids.
- 5. Important body lipids.
- 6. Significance of animal proteins.
- 7. Role of carbohydrates in animal body.
- 8. Nature of proteins and nurture of animal body.
- 9. Role of lipids in structural and functional organization of body.

Pedagogy: Practical Examination formet

Question	content	Marks
I	Qualitative test/Separation	09
II	Quantitative test/Differential count	09
III	Estimation/Counting	09
IV	Vivo	03
V	Record Book	05
	Total	35

OPEN-ELECTIVE SYLLABUS:

Year I		Course Code: 21BSC2O2ZOO2	Credi	03
			ts	
		Course Title: Parasitology		
Sem	II		Hours	42
Unit N	lo.	Course Content	Hour	S
		1. General Concepts	14	
		 Introduction, Parasites, parasitoids, host, zoonosis 		
		Origin and evolution of parasites		
		Basic concept of Parasitism, symbiosis, phoresis,		
		commensalisms and mutualism		
		Host-parasite interactions and adaptations		
		Life cycle of human parasites		
		Occurance, mode of infection and prophylaxis		
		2. Parasitic Platyhelminthes		
		Study of morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, prophylaxis		
		and control measures of		
Unit I				
		Fasciolopsisbuski Galiarana		
		Schistosomahaematobium		
		Taeniasolium		
		Hymenolepis nana		
		3. Parasitic Protists		
		Study of morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, prophylaxis		
		and control measures of		
		Entamoeba histolytica		
		Giardia intestinalis		
		 Trypanosomagambiense 		
		Plasmodium vivax		
		4.Parasitic Nematodes	14	
		Study of morphology, life cycle, pathogenicity, prophylaxis and		
		control measures of		
		Ascarislumbricoides		
		Ancylostomaduodenale		
		Wuchereriabancrofti Tricking to the second se		
		Trichinellaspiralis		
		 Nematode plant interaction; Gall formation 5. Parasitic Arthropods 		
		Biology,		
Unit II	[importance and		
		control of		
		Ticks (Soft tick <i>Ornithodoros</i> , Hard tick <i>Ixodes</i>)		
		• Mites (Sarcoptes)		
		• Lice (<i>Pediculus</i>)		
		• Flea (<i>Xenopsylla</i>)		
		• Bug (Cimex)		
		Parasitoid (Beetles)		
		6. Parasitic Vertebrates		
		Cookicutter Shark		
		Hood Mocking bird and		

	Vampire bat and their parasitic behavior and effect on host	
Unit III	 7.Molecular diagnosis & clinical parasitology General concept of molecular diagnosis for parasitic infection Advantages and disadvantages of molecular diagnosis Fundamental techniques used in molecular diagnosis of endoparasites Immunoassay or serological techniques for laboratory diagnosis of endoparasites on the basis of marker molecules like G.intestinalis, B. coli, E. histolytica, L. donovani, Malarial parasite using ELISA, RIA Counter Current Immunoelectrophoresis (CCI) 	14
	Complement Fixation Test (CFT) PCR, DNA, RNA probe	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors.
- 2. E.R. Noble and G.A. Noble (1982) Parasitology: The biology of animal parasites. V Edition, Lea&Febiger.
- 3. Ahmed, N., Dawson, M., Smith, C. and Wood, Ed. (2007) Biology of Disease. Taylor and Francis Group.
- 4. Parija, S. C. Textbook of medical parasitology, protozoology & helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai, Delhi.
- 5 Meyer, Olsen & Schmidt's Essentials of Parasitology, Murray, D. Dailey, W.C. Brown Publishers.
- 5. K. D. Chatterjee (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.
- 6. Gunn, A. and Pitt, S.J. (2012). Parasitology: an Integrated Approach. Wiley Blackwell.
- 7. Noble, E. R. and G.A.Noble (1982) Parasitology: The biology of animal parasites. V th Edition, Lea &Febiger.
- 8. Paniker, C.K.J., Ghosh, S. [Ed] (2013). Paniker's Text Book of Medical Parasitology. Jaypee, New Delhi.
- 9. Parija,S.C. Text book of medical parasitology,protozoology&helminthology (Textand color Atlas),II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai, Delhi.
- Roberts, L.S and Janovy, J. (2009). Smith & Robert's Foundation of Parasitology. 8th. Edn. McGraw Bogitsh, B. J. and Cheng, T. C. (2000). Human Parasitology. 2nd Ed. Academic Press, New York.
- 11. Chandler, A. C. and Read. C. P. (1961). Introduction to Parasitology, 10th ed. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- 12. Cheng, T. C. (1986). General Parasitology. 2nd ed. Academic Press, Inc. Orlando.U.S.A.
- 13. Schmidt, G. D. (1989). Essentials of Parasitology. Wm. C. Brown Publishers (Indian print1990, Universal Book Stall).
- 14. John Hyde (1996) Molecular Parasitology Open University Press.

Pedagogy: Chalk and Talk, PPT, Group discussion, Seminar, Interaction, virtual lab, Lab visit.