

## **SOP – Audio Recording with ESP32 Trigger (3 Tap Detection)**

**Title:** SOP for Audio Recording and Tap Trigger Synchronization using ESP32/ Arduino UNO and Python.

### **Objective**

To record 10 seconds of audio from a PC microphone while synchronizing with an ESP32 device that detects 3 taps and sends a completion signal via serial communication.

### **Hardware Required**

- PC / Laptop
- ESP32/ Arduino UNO board
- USB data cable
- Microphone (**recommended to use wire Microphone**)

### **Software Required**

- CH340 , CP21X USB to TTL driver
- Jupyter Notebook
- Python 3.x
- Required Python libraries:
  - pyserial
  - sounddevice
  - scipy

Install using:

→ pip install pyserial sounddevice scipy

### **Serial Configuration**

Port: COM7 (change if needed)

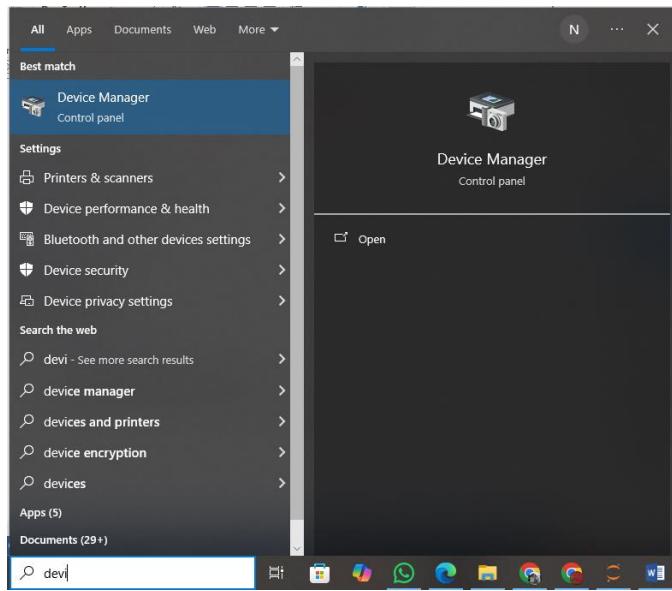
Baud rate: 115200

Timeout: 1 second

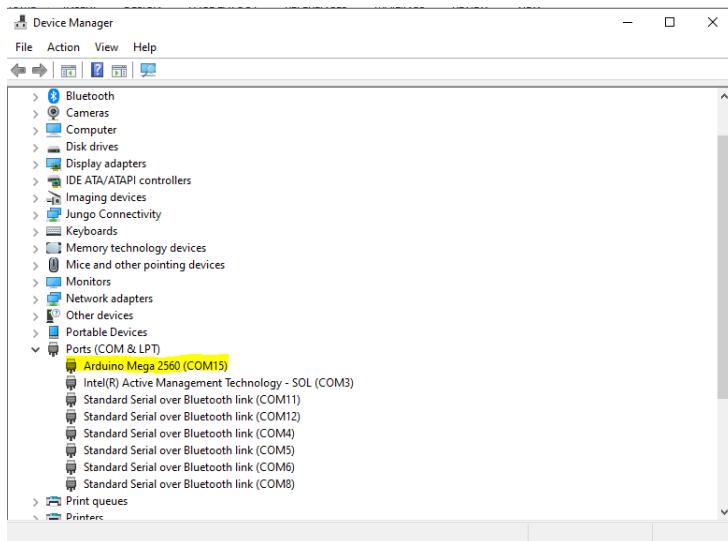
### **Procedure**

#### **Step 1 – Connect Hardware**

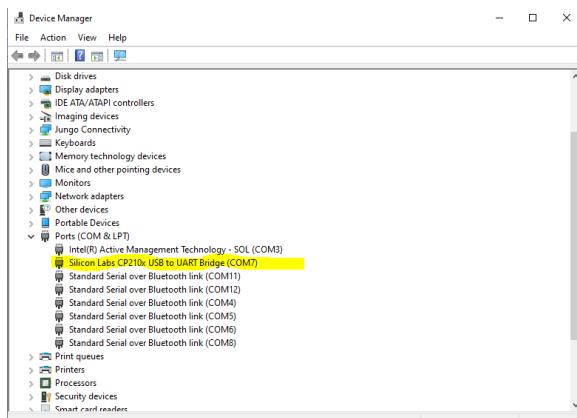
- Connect ESP32 to PC via USB.
- Confirm COM port in Device Manager



## For Arduino



## Esp32



Upload the Program in ESP32 dev OR Arduino

The screenshot shows the Arduino IDE interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** ESP\_32\_recording\_UART | Arduino IDE 2.3.6
- File Menu:** File Edit Sketch Tools Help
- Sketch Menu:** ESP32 Dev Module
- Serial Monitor:** COM7
- Board Manager:** Library Manager shows various options like Heltec WiFi LoRa 32, AIPIc\_Op, and AIPIc\_PM.
- Sketch Editor:** Displays the code for "ing\_UART.ino". The code includes logic for handling "START" and "three\_tap" commands via serial communication.
- Status Bar:** Compiling sketch... (with a CANCEL button) and a progress bar indicating the upload progress.

Servo Connection:

## ESP32 Servo Motor Control Circuit

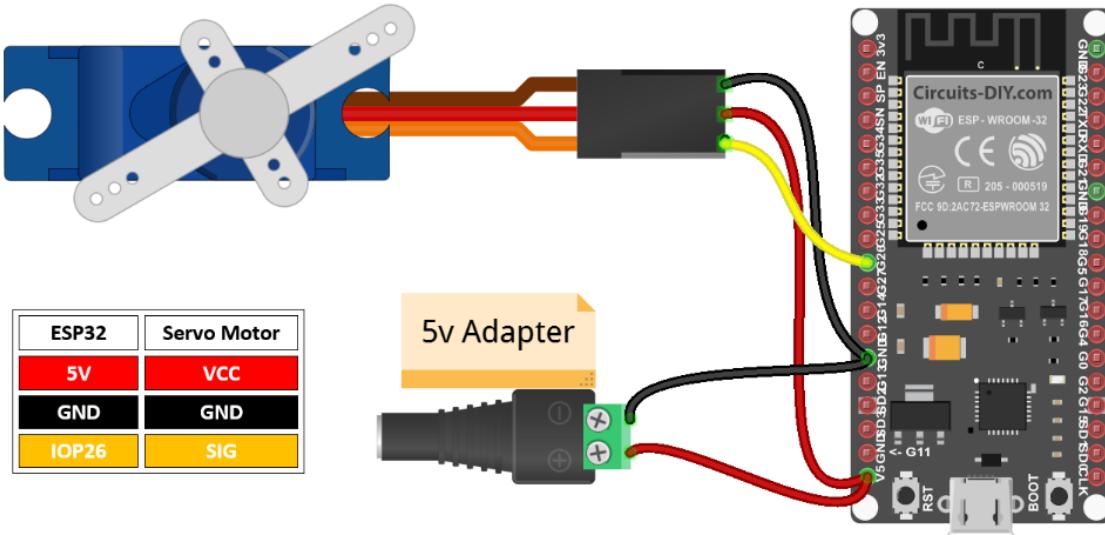


Fig.Esp32 Connection

\*\* library ESP32 SERVO

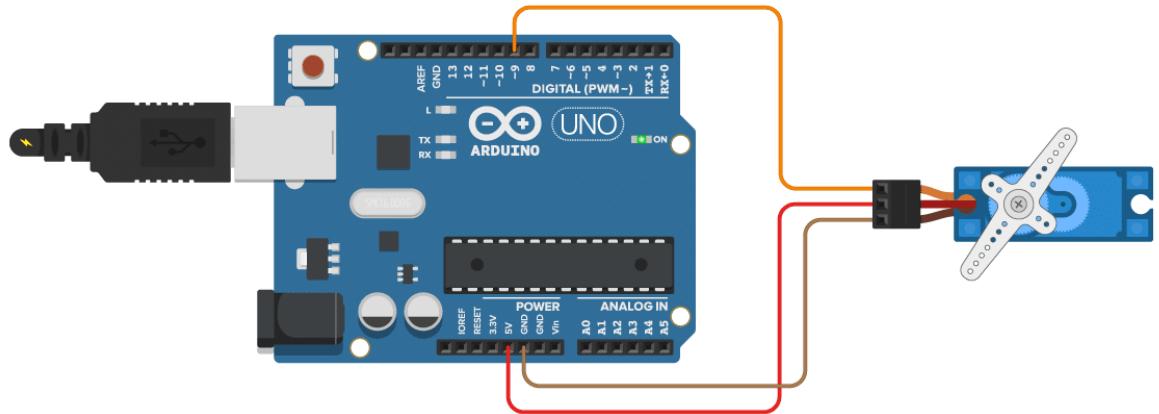
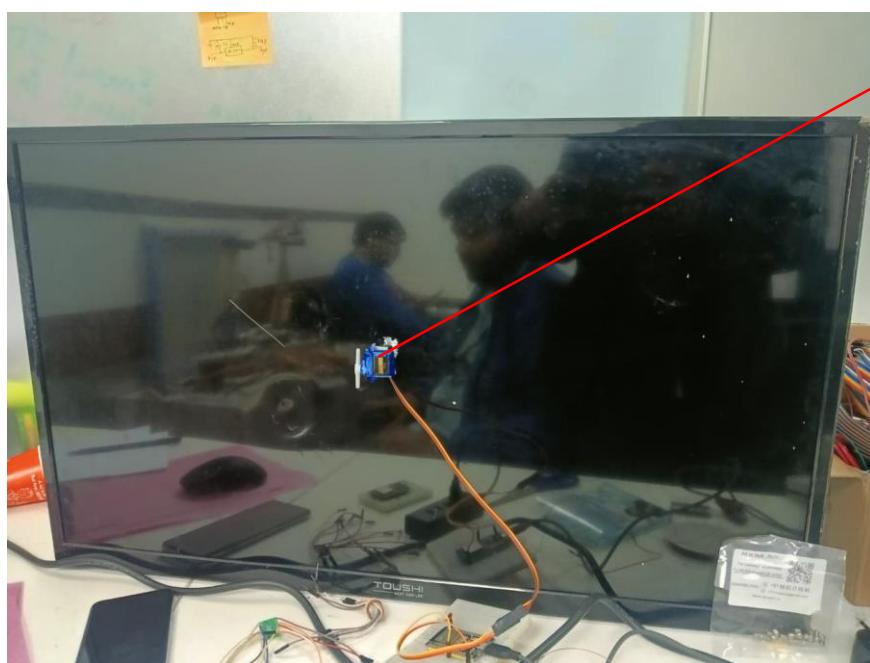


Fig. Arduino Hardware Connection

Library : SERVO

### Step 2- Servo Motor Placement

- Mount the servo motor securely using a bracket or fixture.
- The servo tapping arm must be aligned **exactly at the geometric centre of the TV screen**.
- Ensure:
  - The tapping arm touches the screen perpendicularly.
  - The tapping force is consistent and controlled.
  - The servo is firmly fixed to prevent vibration shifting.



Servo  
Motor

## Fig. Servo Motor Placement

### Microphone Placement

- Place the microphone **directly facing the centre of the TV screen.**
- Recommended distance: **30–50 mm from the screen centre.**
- Ensure:
  - No obstruction between microphone and tapping point.
  - Minimal ambient noise.
  - Microphone is placed at the same horizontal level as the tapping point.
  - Avoid contact with the TV or servo structure to prevent mechanical noise coupling.

### Alignment Requirement

- Both **microphone and servo tapping point must be aligned to the exact center of the TV screen** to ensure consistent acoustic measurement.
- Maintain same placement for all test runs to ensure repeatability.

## Step 3 – Run Python Script

- Script opens serial communication.
- Waits 2 seconds for ESP32 initialization.
- Starts 10-second microphone recording.
- Sends "START" command to ESP32.
- ESP32 performs tap detection.
- ESP32 sends completion message.
- Python waits for serial response.
- Audio recording completes.
- File is saved.

## Step 4 – Output

- A WAV file is saved in project directory.
- File contains 10 seconds of recorded audio during tap event.

## Safety & Precautions

- Do not apply excessive tapping force on TV screen.
- Ensure servo arm tip is padded (rubber or soft material).
- Maintain consistent placement across all tests.
- Avoid background noise during recording.

## Expected Result

- Clear recording of 3 tap sounds.

- No clipping or distortion.
- Repeatable waveform characteristics.
- Unique timestamp-based file for each test run.