# How to do a conditional count after groupby on a Pandas Dataframe?

Asked 2 years, 11 months ago Active 4 months ago Viewed 37k times



I have the following dataframe:

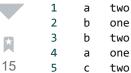
key2

one

25







key1

а



Now, I want to group the dataframe by the key1 and count the column key2 with the value "one" to get this result:

```
key1
      2
      1
```

I just get the usual count with:

```
df.groupby(['key1']).size()
```

But I don't know how to insert the condition.

I tried things like this:

```
df.groupby(['key1']).apply(df[df['key2'] == 'one'])
```

But I can't get any further. How can I do this?

python pandas dataframe pandas-groupby

edited Jul 12 '19 at 23:05



**EloyRD** 

asked Aug 18 '17 at 8:58



## 6 Answers





I think you need add condition first:

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```
(x=='one').sum()).reset_index(name='count')
print (df11)
  key1 count
0 a 2
1 b 1
2 c 0
```



1

Or use  $\underline{\mathsf{categorical}}$  with  $\mathsf{key1}$ , then missing value is added by  $\mathsf{size}$ :

If need all combinations:

```
df2 = df.groupby(['key1', 'key2']).size().reset_index(name='count')
print (df2)
  key1 key2
             count
                 2
        one
     а
1
        two
                 1
                 1
     b
        one
                 1
3
     b
        two
                 1
       two
df3 = df.groupby(['key1', 'key2']).size().unstack(fill value=0)
print (df3)
key2 one two
key1
а
        2
             1
b
        1
             1
        0
             1
c
```

edited Aug 18 '17 at 9:15

answered Aug 18 '17 at 9:00



oh i forgot that. I got that as well. But then the Key1 with value C is not respected − Sethias Aug 18 '17 at 9:01 ✓



You can count the occurrence of 'one' for the groupby dataframe, in the column 'key2' like this: df.groupby('key1')['key2'].apply(lambda x: x[x == 'one'].count())



yield



key1 a 2

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edited Aug 18 '17 at 9:11

answered Aug 18 '17 at 9:05





## Option 1



df.set\_index('key1').key2.eq('one').sum(level=0).astype(int).reset\_index()



```
key1 key2
0 a 2
1 b 1
2 c 0
```



## Option 2

```
df.key2.eq('one').groupby(df.key1).sum().astype(int).reset_index()
  key1 key2
0 a 2
1 b 1
2 c 0
```

## Option 3

```
f, u = df.key1.factorize()
pd.DataFrame(dict(key1=u, key2=np.bincount(f, df.key2.eq('one')).astype(int)))
  key1  key2
0    a     2
1    b     1
2    c     0
```

## Option 4

#### Option 5

```
pd.get_dummies(df.key1).mul(
    df.key2.eq('one'), 0
).sum().rename_axis('key1').reset_index(name='key2')
```

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edited Aug 18 '17 at 9:20

answered Aug 18 '17 at 9:10





You can do this with applying groupby() on both keys and unstack().

2 df = df.groupby(['key1', 'key2']).size().unstack()



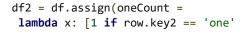






Maybe not the fastest solution, but you can create new data frame with column of ones if key2 is equal to 'one'.

2



lambda x: [1 if row.key2 == 'one' else 0 for index, row in x.iterrows()])





	key1	key2	oneCount
0	a	one	1
1	a	two	0
2	b	one	1
3	b	two	0
4	a	one	1
5	С	two	0

And then aggregate it.

```
df3 = df2.groupby('key1').agg({"oneCount":sum}).reset_index()
key1 oneCount
     а
               2
               1
```

answered Jun 9 '19 at 13:33





I need count 2 columns (lambda with two arguments) as the example:

Pandas dataframe groupby func , in the column key2 like this:

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edited Feb 24 at 13:24

**2,585** 4 11

answered Oct 10 '19 at 3:29

Andre Vieira de Lima

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