

IMPES eqn -

$$-\nabla \left[ \frac{k k_{rw}}{B_w \mu_w} \left( \frac{\partial P_w}{\partial t} \right) \right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \frac{S_w \phi}{B_w} \right) + q_w$$

$$-\nabla \left[ \frac{k k_{ro}}{\mu_o B_o} \nabla (P_o - \gamma_o z) \right] = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \frac{S_o \phi}{B_o} \right) + q_o$$

$$P_{cow} = P_o - P_w$$

$$S_o + S_w = 1$$

Discretizing above eqns & eliminating  $(S_{cn}^{n+1} - S_{wn}^n)$

we get,

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum (B_{on}^{n+1} T_{ol}^{n+1} + T_{wl}^{n+1} B_{wn}^{n+1}) P_{ol}^{n+1} \\ & - \left\{ \sum (B_{on}^{n+1} T_{ol}^{n+1} + T_{wl}^{n+1} B_{wn}^{n+1}) \right. \\ & \quad \left. + B_{on}^{n+1} C_{opn} + B_{wn}^{n+1} C_{wpn} \right\} P_{on}^{n+1} \\ & = \sum (B_{on}^{n+1} T_{ol}^{n+1} \gamma_{ol}^n + B_{wn}^{n+1} T_{wl}^{n+1} \gamma_{wl}^n) \\ & \quad \times (z_e - z_n) \\ & \quad + \sum B_{wn}^{n+1} T_w^{n+1} (P_{cowe}^{n+1} - P_{cown}^{n+1}) \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} (B_{on}^{n+1} C_{opn} + B_{wn}^{n+1} C_{wpn}) \times P_{on}^n$$

$$- (B_{on}^{n+1} Q_o + B_{wn}^{n+1} Q_w)$$

And,

$$S_{wn}^{n+1} = S_{wn}^n + \frac{1}{C_{wnn}} \left\{ \sum T_w^{n+1} \times [ (P_{ol}^{n+1} - P_{on}^{n+1}) - (P_{owl}^{n+1} - P_{own}^{n+1}) - \gamma_w (z_l - z_n) ] + Q_w - C_{wpn} (P_{on}^{n+1} - P_{on}^n) \right\}$$

where,  $C_{opn} = \frac{V_{bn}}{\alpha_c \Delta t} \left\{ (1 - S_{wn}^n) \right.$

$$\times \left[ \phi_n^{n+1} \left( \frac{1}{B_{on}} \right)' + \frac{1}{B_{on}^n} (\phi_n)' \right] \left. \right\}$$

$$C_{own} = \frac{V_{bn}}{\alpha_c \Delta t} \left[ - \left( \frac{\phi}{B_o} \right)_n^{n+1} \right]$$

$$C_{wpr} = \frac{V_b^n}{\alpha_{cst} +} \left\{ S_{wn} \left[ \phi_n^{n+1} \left( \frac{1}{B_{wn}} \right)' + \frac{1}{B_{wn}^n} (\phi_n)' \right] \right\}$$

$$C_{wun} = \frac{V_{bn}}{\alpha_{cst} +} \left[ \left( \frac{\phi}{B_{wn}} \right)^{n+1} \right]$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{B_{on}} \right)' = \left( \frac{1}{B_{on}^{n+1}} - \frac{1}{B_{on}^n} \right) / (P_{on}^{n+1} - P_{on}^n)$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{B_{wn}} \right)' = \left( \frac{1}{B_{wn}^{n+1}} - \frac{1}{B_{wn}^n} \right) / (P_{on}^{n+1} - P_{on}^n)$$

$$(\phi_n)' = \frac{\phi_n^{n+1} - \phi_n^n}{P_{on}^{n+1} - P_{on}^n}$$

Here, subscript  $(n)$  means block  $\times$  'l' means neighbouring blocks.



$$T_x \left[ \text{stb} / (\text{day} \cdot \text{psi}) \right] \quad (\text{Transmissibility})$$

$$= B_c \frac{k_x A_x k_r}{\mu B \Delta x}$$

$B_c = \text{conversion factor} = 0.001127$

$A_x = \text{area} = \text{ft}^2$

$\mu = \text{cp}$

$k_x = \text{md}$

$\Delta x = \text{ft}$

$Q = \text{stb}$

$\alpha_c = 5.615 \quad (\text{conversion factor})$

$z = \text{ft}$

$V_b = \text{volume of block} = \text{ft}^3$

$\gamma = \text{fluid gravity} (\text{psi}/\text{ft})$

$T$  is calculated at block faces & is the harmonic mean.

Fluid properties ( $\mu, B, \rho$ ) are considered average

Relative permeability is found by upwinding;

for bhp control,

$$Q = J (P_{on}^{n+1} - P_{wf})$$

$$J = \frac{2\pi kH k_{rh}}{\mu_o B_o \left[ \ln\left(\frac{r_e}{r_w}\right) + s \right]}$$

$kH$  = geometric mean

$r_e$  = from Pearson's coefficient

In case, well passes through multiple blocks,  $P_{wf}$  is assumed same in all blocks & individual  $Q$  is found iteratively.

Using matrix notation, the same can be written as —

$$\left[ B_o \cdot T_o + B_w \cdot T_w - B_{o1} \cdot C_1 - B_{w1} \cdot C_2 \right] \times P^{n+1}$$

$$= \left[ B_o \cdot T_o \cdot \gamma_o + B_w \cdot T_w \cdot \gamma_w \right] \times Z$$

$$+ B_w \cdot T_w \cdot P_{cow}$$

$$+ \left[ B_{o1} \cdot C_1 + B_{w1} \cdot C_2 \right] \times P^n$$

$$- [B_{01} \cdot Q_0 + B_{w1} \cdot Q_w - B_{w1} \cdot J_{w1} \cdot P_{cw}]$$

$$- [B_{01} \cdot J_{01} + B_{w1} \cdot J_{w1}] X_{pnt+1}$$

————— (i)

$$S_w^{n+1} = S_w^n + C_3^{-1} X [T_w X (P^{n+1} - P_{cw}) - T_w \cdot Y_w \cdot XZ + Q_w - C_2 X (P^{n+1} - P^n)]$$

where,

$$Q_w = Q_w + J_w (P_0 - P_{cw} - P_{wf})$$

Boundary condn,

$$\text{Dirichlet} - P_B = \frac{P_0 + P_1}{2}$$

$$\therefore P_0 = 2P_B - P_1$$

↓  
pressure of block  
neighbour of 1st block



Neumann,

$$q_1 = \frac{2\pi k k_0 A}{\mu B} \left( \frac{p_0 - p_1}{\Delta x} \right)$$

for  $q_1 = 0$ ,  $p_0 = p_1$

$$P^{n+1} = \begin{bmatrix} p_1 \\ p_2 \\ p_3 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} (n \times 1)$$

$$P^n = (n \times 1)$$

$$B_0 = \begin{bmatrix} B_2 & B_2 & B_2 & \dots \\ 0 & B_2 & B_2 & B_2 \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$(n \times n)$  sparse

$$B_w = (n \times n)$$

$$T_0 = \begin{bmatrix} T_1 & (T_2 + T_3 + T_4) & T_3 + \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$(n \times n)$  sparse

$$T_w = (n \times n) \text{ sparse}$$

$$B_{0A} = (n \times n) \text{ identity}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} B_1 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & B_2 & 0 & \dots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B_{w1} = (n \times n) \text{ identity}$$

$$C_1 = C_{opn} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & C_{12} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(n \times n) \text{ identity}$$

$$C_2 = C_{wpn} = (n \times n) \text{ identity}$$

$$\gamma_0 = \begin{bmatrix} \gamma_{01} - x\gamma_{02} & \gamma_{03} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma_{02} & \dots & \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(n \times n) \text{ sparse}$$

$$\gamma_w = (n \times n) \text{ sparse}$$

$$z = (n \times 1) = \begin{bmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$p_{con} = (n \times 1)$$

$$Q_0 = (n \times 1) = \begin{bmatrix} Q_1 \\ Q_2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q_w = (n \times 1) = \begin{bmatrix} -J p_w f \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J_{01} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & J_{12} & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & 0 & J_{13} & 0 & \dots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(n \times n) \text{ sparse}$$



$$J_{w1} = (n \times n) \text{ sparse}$$

only for the block where  
bhp control

$$S_w^{n+1}, \begin{bmatrix} S_{w1} \\ S_{w2} \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} (n \times 1)$$

$$S_w^n = (n \times 1)$$

$$C_3 = \begin{bmatrix} C_{w1} & 0 & 0 & \dots \\ 0 & C_{w2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$(n \times n)$  identity

$B_0, B_w, T_0, T_w, Y_0, Y_w$

— for 1D triangular  
sparse matrix

for 2D pentagonal  
sparse  
matrix

for 3D heptagonal  
sparse  
matrix