Analyzing soccer players

```
In [1]:
```

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

spark = SparkSession \
   .builder \
   .appName("Analyzing soccer players") \
   .getOrCreate()
```

In [2]:

In [3]:

```
players.printSchema()
root
```

```
|-- id: string (nullable = true)
|-- player_api_id: string (nullable = true)
|-- player_name: string (nullable = true)
|-- player_fifa_api_id: string (nullable = true)
|-- birthday: string (nullable = true)
|-- height: string (nullable = true)
|-- weight: string (nullable = true)
```

In [4]:

```
players.show(5)
---+
birthday|height|weigh
tΙ
1 1|
                          218353|1992-02-29 00:00:00|182.88| 18
     505942|Aaron Appindangoye|
7 |
| 2|
      155782| Aaron Cresswell|
                          189615|1989-12-15 00:00:00|170.18|
                                               14
6|
 3|
                           186170|1991-05-13 00:00:00|170.18|
      162549|
             Aaron Doran|
63|
      30572|
            Aaron Galindo|
                          140161|1982-05-08 00:00:00|182.88|
 4 |
98|
      23780|
                           17725|1979-11-08 00:00:00|182.88|
| 5|
            Aaron Hughes|
54|
---+
only showing top 5 rows
```

In [5]:

In [6]:

```
player_attributes.printSchema()
```

```
root.
|-- id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- player fifa api id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- player api id: string (nullable = true)
 |-- date: string (nullable = true)
 |-- overall rating: string (nullable = true)
 |-- potential: string (nullable = true)
 |-- preferred foot: string (nullable = true)
 |-- attacking_work_rate: string (nullable = true)
 |-- defensive_work_rate: string (nullable = true)
 |-- crossing: string (nullable = true)
 |-- finishing: string (nullable = true)
 |-- heading accuracy: string (nullable = true)
 |-- short passing: string (nullable = true)
 |-- volleys: string (nullable = true)
 |-- dribbling: string (nullable = true)
 |-- curve: string (nullable = true)
 |-- free kick accuracy: string (nullable = true)
 |-- long passing: string (nullable = true)
 |-- ball control: string (nullable = true)
 |-- acceleration: string (nullable = true)
 |-- sprint speed: string (nullable = true)
 |-- agility: string (nullable = true)
 |-- reactions: string (nullable = true)
 |-- balance: string (nullable = true)
 |-- shot power: string (nullable = true)
 |-- jumping: string (nullable = true)
 |-- stamina: string (nullable = true)
 |-- strength: string (nullable = true)
 |-- long_shots: string (nullable = true)
 |-- aggression: string (nullable = true)
 |-- interceptions: string (nullable = true)
 |-- positioning: string (nullable = true)
 |-- vision: string (nullable = true)
 |-- penalties: string (nullable = true)
 |-- marking: string (nullable = true)
 |-- standing tackle: string (nullable = true)
 |-- sliding tackle: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gk diving: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gk handling: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gk kicking: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gk positioning: string (nullable = true)
 |-- gk reflexes: string (nullable = true)
```

Player attributes

- Have values across multiple years
- Can be associated with a particular player using the player_api_id column
- Different attributes are valuable for different kinds of players i.e strikers, midfields, goalkeepers

Cleaning Data

```
In [9]:

players = players.drop('id', 'player_fifa_api_id')
players.columns

Out[9]:
['player_api_id', 'player_name', 'birthday', 'height', 'weight']
```

According to our requirement there are certain traits which we are not at all going to use in this entire program So its better to remove those traits to make our dataset less bulky

```
In [10]:

player_attributes = player_attributes.drop(
    'id',
    'player_fifa_api_id',
    'preferred_foot',
    'attacking_work_rate',
    'defensive_work_rate',
    'crossing',
    'jumping',
    'sprint_speed',
    'balance',
    'aggression',
    'short_passing',
    'potential'
)
player attributes.columns
```

```
Out[10]:
['player api id',
 'date',
 'overall rating',
 'finishing',
 'heading accuracy',
 'volleys',
 'dribbling',
 'curve',
 'free_kick_accuracy',
 'long_passing',
 'ball_control',
 'acceleration',
 'agility',
 'reactions'
 'shot power',
 'stamina',
 'strength',
 'long shots',
 'interceptions',
 'positioning',
 'vision',
 'penalties',
 'marking',
 'standing tackle',
 'sliding tackle',
 'gk diving',
 'gk handling',
 'gk_kicking',
 'gk_positioning',
 'gk reflexes']
In [11]:
```

player attributes = player attributes.dropna()

players = players.dropna()

Tn [121:

```
players.count() , player_attributes.count()
Out[12]:
(11060, 181265)
Extract year information into a separate column
In [13]:
from pyspark.sql.functions import udf
In [14]:
year extract udf = udf(lambda date: date.split('-')[0])
player_attributes = player_attributes.withColumn(
    "year",
    year extract udf(player attributes.date)
In [15]:
player attributes = player attributes.drop('date')
In [16]:
player_attributes.columns
Out[16]:
['player api id',
 'overall rating',
 'finishing',
 'heading accuracy',
 'volleys',
 'dribbling',
 'curve',
 'free_kick_accuracy',
 'long_passing',
 'ball_control',
 'acceleration',
 'agility',
 'reactions',
 'shot_power',
 'stamina',
 'strength',
 'long shots',
 'interceptions',
 'positioning',
 'vision',
 'penalties',
 'marking',
 'standing tackle',
 'sliding_tackle',
 'gk_diving',
 'gk_handling',
 'gk_kicking',
 'gk_positioning',
 'gk_reflexes',
 'year']
Filter to get all players who were active in the year 2016
```

pa 2016 = player attributes.filter(player attributes.year == 2016)

In [17]:

Find the best striker in the year 2016

- Consider the scores for finishing, shot_power and acceleration to determine this
- There can be more than one entry for a player in the year (multiple seasons, some teams make entries per quarter)
- Find the average scores across the multiple records

```
In [20]:
```

```
In [21]:
```

```
pa_striker_2016.count()
Out[21]:
```

5586

```
In [22]:
```

```
pa striker 2016.show(5)
+----+
|player_api_id| avg(finishing)|avg(acceleration)|avg(shot_power)|
+----+
    309726|75.4444444444444444174.11111111111111
                                  76.0|
    26112|
               53.0|
                     51.0|
                                  76.0|
    38433|
              68.25|
                         74.0|
                                  74.01
    2950601
               25.01
                         62.01
                                  40.01
               29.01
                         72.01
                                  69.01
+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

```
In [23]:
```

Find an aggregate score to represent how good a particular player is

- Each attribute has a weighing factor
- · Find a total score for each striker

```
In [24]:
weight finishing = 1
weight_shot_power = 2
weight_acceleration = 1
total_weight = weight_finishing + weight_shot_power + weight_acceleration
strikers = pa striker 2016.withColumn("striker grade",
                                  (pa_striker_2016.finishing * weight_finishing + \
                                   pa_striker_2016.shot_power * weight_shot_power+ \
                                   pa_striker_2016.acceleration * weight_acceleratio
n) / total weight)
In [28]:
strikers = strikers.drop('finishing',
                       'acceleration',
                       'shot power'
In [31]:
strikers = strikers.filter(strikers.striker grade > 70) \
                 .sort(strikers.striker_grade.desc())
strikers.show(10)
+----+
|player_api_id| striker_grade|
                89.25|
    20276|
       37412|
                        89.0|
                       88.75|
       38817|
       32118|
                       88.25|
       31921|
                        87.0|
               86.75|
       30834|
       303824|85.10714285714286|
       1299441
                        85.01
       1505651
                        84.751
      158263|
                       84.75|
+-----
only showing top 10 rows
```

Find name and other details of the best strikers

- The information is present in the players dataframe
- Will involve a join operation between players and strikers

```
In [33]:
strikers.count(), players.count()
Out[33]:
(1609, 11060)
```

Joining dataframes

```
In [35]:
striker_details = players.join(strikers, players.player_api_id == strikers.player_api_id)
In [36]:
striker_details_columns
```

```
scriver recarrs.corming
Out[36]:
['player_api_id',
'player_name',
'birthday',
'height',
'weight',
'player api id',
'striker grade']
In [37]:
striker details.count()
Out[37]:
1609
In [38]:
striker details = players.join(strikers, ['player api id'])
In [39]:
striker details.show(5)
+----+
|player_api_id| player_name|
                        birthday|height|weight|striker grade|
+----+
      20276| Hulk|1986-07-25 00:00:00|180.34| 187|
                                                    89.25|
      37412| Sergio Aguero|1988-06-02 00:00:00|172.72| 163|
                                                    89.0|
      38817| Carlos Tevez|1984-02-05 00:00:00|172.72| 157|
                                                    88.75|
      32118|Lukas Podolski|1985-06-04 00:00:00|182.88| 183|
      31921| Gareth Bale|1989-07-16 00:00:00|182.88| 163|
                                                     87.0|
+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

Broadcast & Join

In [41]:

striker details.show(5)

- . Broadcast the smaller dataframe so it is available on all cluster machines
- . The data should be small enough so it is held in memory
- All nodes in the cluster distribute the data as fast as they can so overall computation is faster

```
+-----
                        birthday|height|weight|striker grade|
|player api id| player name|
+----+
     20276|
              Hulk|1986-07-25 00:00:00|180.34| 187|
                                            89.251
     37412| Sergio Aguero|1988-06-02 00:00:00|172.72| 163|
                                            89.01
     38817| Carlos Tevez|1984-02-05 00:00:00|172.72| 157|
                                            88.75|
     32118|Lukas Podolski|1985-06-04 00:00:00|182.88| 183|
                                            88.25|
     31921| Gareth Bale|1989-07-16 00:00:00|182.88| 163|
                                            87.01
+----+
only showing top 5 rows
```

Accumulators

• Shared variables which are updated by processes running across multiple nodes

```
In [42]:
players.count(), player attributes.count()
Out[42]:
(11060, 181265)
In [44]:
players heading acc = player attributes.select('player api id',
                                                 'heading accuracy')\
                                         .join(broadcast(players),
                                               player attributes.player api id == players
.player api id)
In [78]:
players heading acc.columns
Out[78]:
['player api id',
 'heading accuracy',
 'player api id',
 'player name',
 'birthday',
 'height',
 'weight']
Get player counts by height
In [82]:
```

```
short_count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
medium_low_count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
medium_high_count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
tall_count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
```

```
In [83]:
```

```
def count_players_by_height(row):
    height = float(row.height)

if (height <= 175 ):
    short_count.add(1)
elif (height <= 183 and height > 175 ):
    medium_low_count.add(1)
elif (height <= 195 and height > 183 ):
    medium_high_count.add(1)
elif (height > 195) :
    tall_count.add(1)
```

```
In [84]:
players heading acc.foreach(lambda x: count players by height(x))
In [85]:
all players = [short count.value,
               medium low count.value,
                medium high count.value,
                tall count.value]
all players
Out[85]:
[18977, 97399, 61518, 3371]
Find the players who have the best heading accuracy

    Count players who have a heading accuracy above the threshold

    Bucket them by height

In [86]:
short ha count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
medium low ha count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
medium_high_ha_count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
tall ha count = spark.sparkContext.accumulator(0)
In [87]:
def count players by height and heading accuracy (row, threshold score):
    height = float(row.height)
    ha = float(row.heading accuracy)
    if ha <= threshold score:</pre>
        return
    if (height <= 175 ):</pre>
        short ha count.add(1)
    elif (height <= 183 and height > 175):
        medium low ha count.add(1)
    elif (height <= 195 and height > 183):
       medium_high_ha_count.add(1)
    elif (height > 195) :
        tall_ha_count.add(1)
In [88]:
players heading acc.foreach(lambda x: count players by height and heading accuracy(x, 60
) )
In [89]:
all players above threshold = [short ha count.value,
                                medium low ha count.value,
                                medium_high_ha_count.value,
                                 tall ha count.value]
all players above threshold
Out[89]:
[3653, 41448, 40270, 1573]
```

Convert to percentages

% of players above the threshold heading accuracy for each height bucket

```
In [90]:
percentage values = [short ha count.value / short count.value *100,
                     medium low ha count.value / medium low count.value *100,
                     medium high ha count.value / medium high count.value *100,
                     tall ha count.value / tall count.value *100
percentage values
Out[90]:
[19.249617958581442, 42.55485169252251, 65.46051562144413, 46.66271136161376]
Custom accumulator
In [116]:
from pyspark.accumulators import AccumulatorParam
class VectorAccumulatorParam (AccumulatorParam):
    def zero(self, value):
        return [0.0] * len(value)
    def addInPlace(self, v1, v2):
        for i in range(len(v1)):
            v1[i] += v2[i]
        return v1
In [117]:
vector accum = sc.accumulator([10.0, 20.0, 30.0], VectorAccumulatorParam())
vector accum.value
Out[117]:
[10.0, 20.0, 30.0]
In [118]:
vector_accum += [1, 2, 3]
vector accum.value
Out[118]:
[11.0, 22.0, 33.0]
Save data to file
In [96]:
pa 2016.columns
Out[96]:
['player_api_id',
 'overall rating',
 'finishing',
 'heading accuracy',
 'volleys',
 'dribbling',
 'curve',
 'free_kick_accuracy',
 'long_passing',
 'ball control',
```

'acceleration'

```
'reactions',
 'shot power',
 'stamina',
 'strength',
 'long_shots',
 'interceptions',
 'positioning',
 'vision',
 'penalties',
 'marking',
 'standing_tackle',
 'sliding_tackle',
 'gk_diving',
 'gk_handling',
 'gk_kicking',
 'gk_positioning',
 'gk_reflexes',
 'year']
Save the dataframe to a file
In [101]:
pa 2016.select("player api id", "overall rating")\
    .coalesce(1) \setminus
    .write\
    .option("header", "true")\
    .csv("players_overall.csv")
In [102]:
pa 2016.select("player api id", "overall rating")\
    .write\
    .json("players overall.json")
In [ ]:
```

accetetacton ,

'agility',

In []:		