

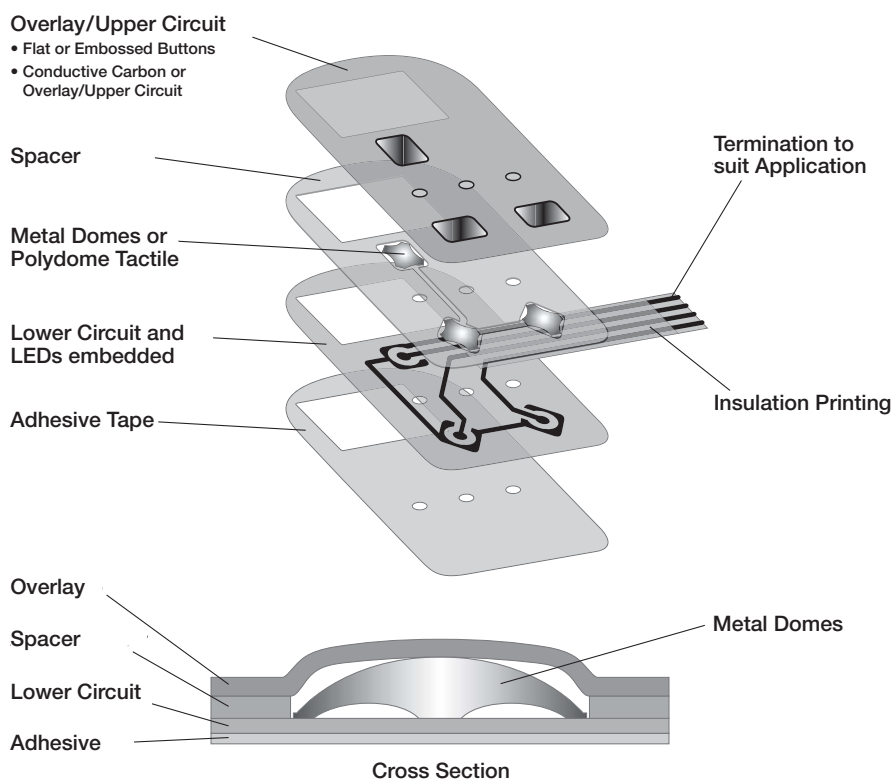
Membrane Keypad Structure

Reference Materials:

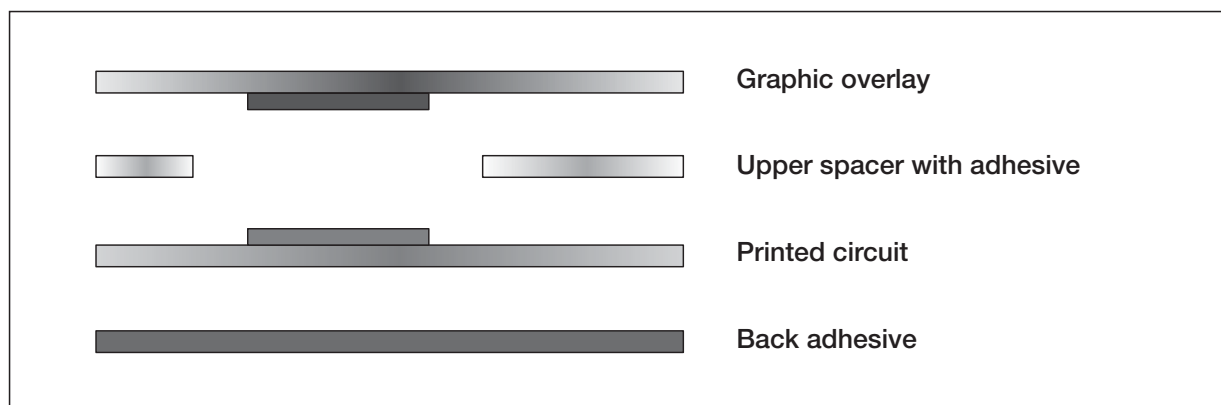
Overlay	Polycarbonate Film (PC) – Matt or Glossy surface Thickness (mm): 0.075, 0.125, 0.175, 0.250, 0.375, 0.500 Polyester Film (PET) with UV-cured texture coating – Matt or Glossy surface Thickness (mm): 0.15, 0.20, 0.25
Circuit Layer:	Polyester Film (PET) – Thickness (mm): 0.075, 0.100, 0.125
Conductive:	Carbon Ink, Conductive Silver Paste or Metal Domes
Spacer:	Polyester Film (PET)
Adhesive:	Adhesive Double Tape

Standard Specification for Membrane Keyboards:

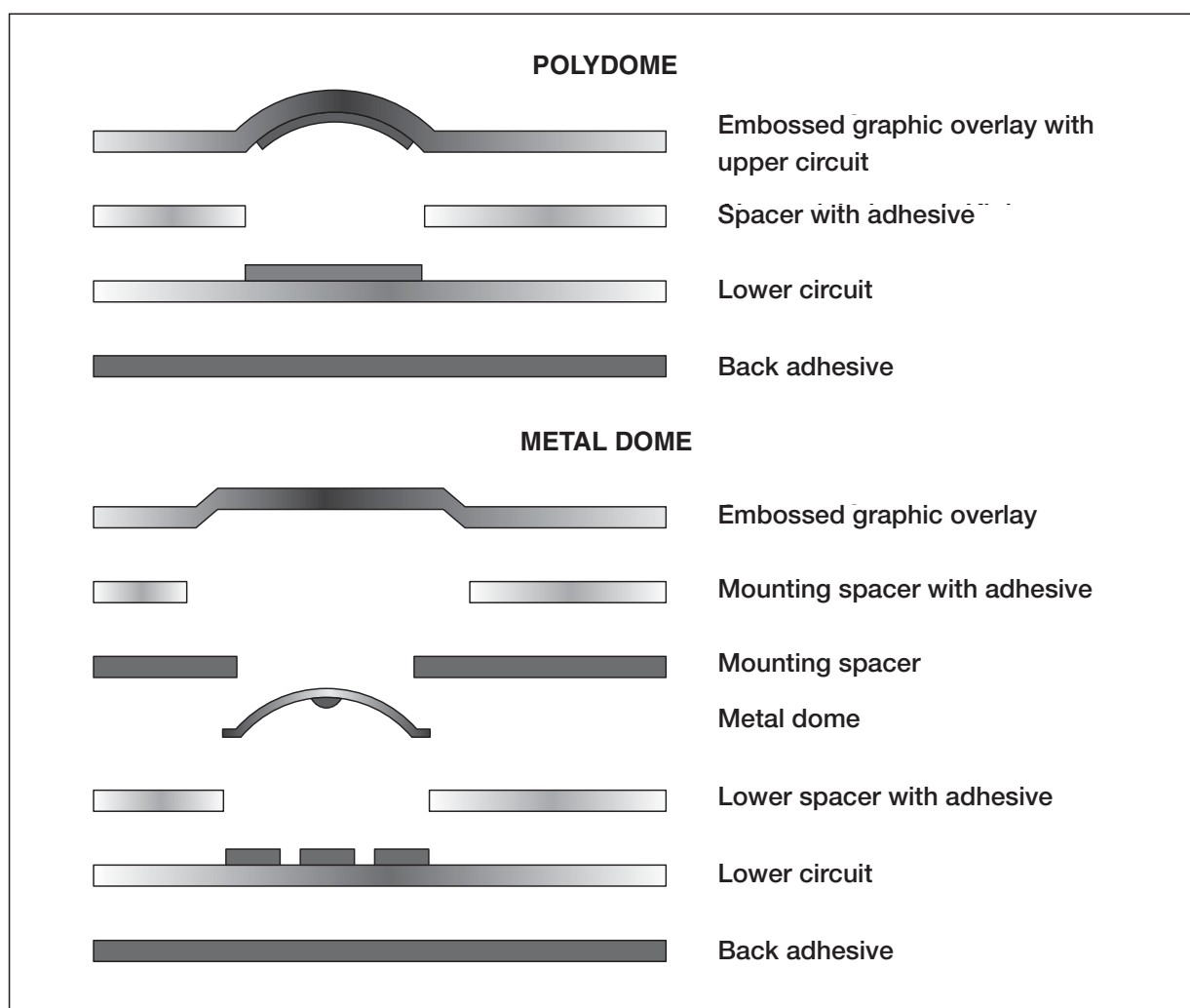
Contact Resistance:	10 to 500 Ω
Operation Voltage:	< 35 V DC
Operation Current:	< 100 mA
Open Circuit Resistance:	> 10 M Ω
Operation Force:	30 g to 500 g
Operation Temperature:	–20°C to +70°C
Storage Temperature:	–20°C to +70°C
Life Expectancy:	5 x 10 ⁵ to 10 x 10 ⁵ cycles
Switch Stroke (travel):	0.1mm to 0.6mm
Contact Bounce:	5 to 30 mSec



Flat Type (Non-Tactile)



Tactile Type



Rubber Keypad Design



Tolerance Requirement of Silicone Rubber Key:

Dimensions:

0 – 9 mm	± 0.10 mm
10 – 19 mm	± 0.15 mm
20 – 29 mm	± 0.20 mm
30 – 39 mm	± 0.25 mm
40 – 49 mm	± 0.30 mm
50 – 59 mm	± 0.35 mm
60 and above	± 0.6 %

Actuation Force:

50 – 60 grams	± 15 grams
61 – 80 grams	± 20 grams
81 – 100 grams	± 25 grams
101 – 120 grams	± 30 grams
121 – 150 grams	± 35 grams
151 – 200 grams	± 40 grams
201 and above	± 25 %

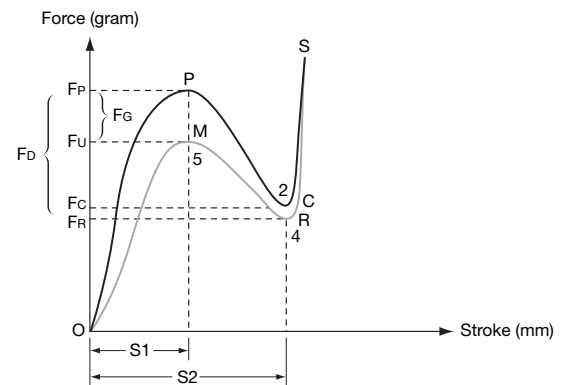
Mechanical and Electrical Properties of Silicone Rubber:

Temperature for use:	–55°C to +250°C
Specific Gravity:	1.15
Tensile Strength:	90 Kg/cm ²
Tear Strength:	13 Kg/cm
Compression Set:	10% (180°C x 22 hrs.)
Elongation at Break:	350%
Volume Resistivity:	8 x 10 ¹⁴ Ω cm
Insulation Breakdown:	24 Kv/mm
Colour:	Colouring possible
Dielectric Constant:	4.2 (50 Hz)
Dielectric Tangent:	13% (50 Hz)

Depending on the size of contacts and keyboard layout.

Non-Conductive Silicone

Force-Stroke Curve of Rubber Keypad



Force

F _P	Peak Force (F _{max})
F _U	Max. Return Force
F _C	Contact Force
F _R	Min. Return Force (F _{min})
F _M	Max. Return Force
F _D	Drop Force (F _D = F _P – F _C)
F _G	Gap Force (F _G = F _P – F _M)

Stroke

S ₁	Peak Stroke
S ₂	Contact Stroke

Location:

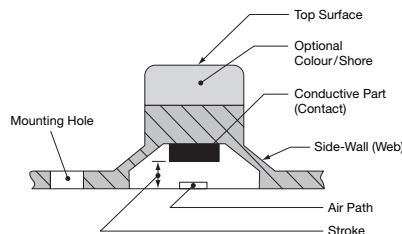
O	Original Point
P	Peak Point
C	Contact Point
R	Return Point
M	Max. Return Point

Travel

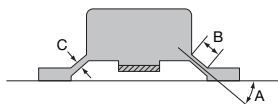
O–P	Peak Force (F _{MAX})
P–C	Contact Force
C–S	Min. Return Force (F _{MIN})
S–R–M–O	Gap Force (F _G = F _P – F _M)

Basic Construction

Illustration:

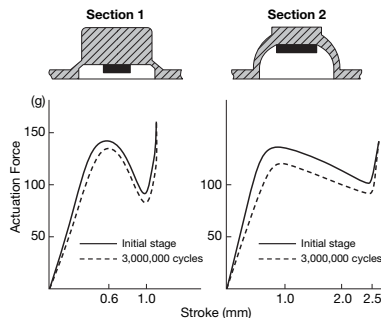


Life Test:



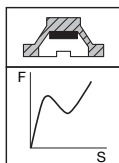
Operating life depends on:

- **Soft Material** ... 50 Shore is preferred.
- **Low Stroke** ... less than 1 mm
- **Angle** (as part A illustrated above) ... 40-degree is recommended.
- **Length of side-wall** ... (as part B illustrated above)
- **Thickness of side-wall** ... (as part C illustrated above) ... determined by key structure. The thicker the web, the higher the operating force.

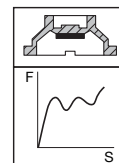


Typical Key Sections and Characteristics:

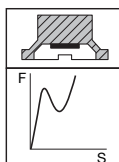
Force Range: 30 ~ 350 grams
Stroke Range: 0.5 ~ 3.0 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 500 ~ 2000
Typical uses: Telephone, Remote Control, Automotive, Radio, Toys, Calculator, etc.



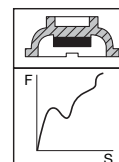
Force Range: 30 ~ 80 grams
Stroke Range: 2.0 ~ 4.0 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 5000 ~ 20000
Typical uses: Computer, Typewriter etc.



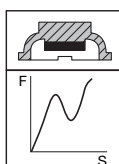
Force Range: 30 ~ 250 grams
Stroke Range: 0.7 ~ 2.5 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 1000 ~ 3000
Typical uses: Telephone, Remote Control, Toys, Games, Calculator, etc.



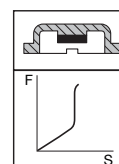
Force Range: 30 ~ 200 grams
Stroke Range: 1.0 ~ 2.5 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 500 ~ 3000
Typical uses: Telephone, Typewriter, Test Instruments, etc.



Force Range: 30 ~ 150 grams
Stroke Range: 0.5 ~ 3.0 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 1000 ~ 3000
Typical uses: Telephone, Remote Control, Toys, Measuring Instruments, Office Machine

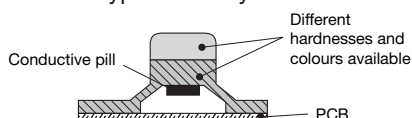


Force Range: 20 ~ 80 grams
Stroke Range: 0.2 ~ 1.0 mm
Cycle Life ($\times 10^3$): 500 ~ 10000
Typical uses: Typewriter, Household Appliances, Computer, etc.

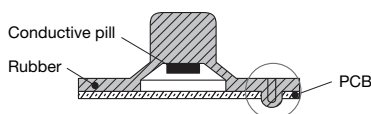


Some Special Design Illustrations:

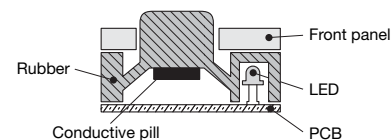
1. Different shorehardnesses in the basic keypad and key



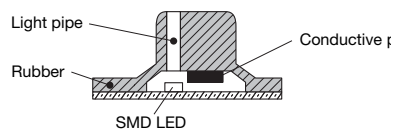
2. Push or pull thru to anchor keypad to PCB



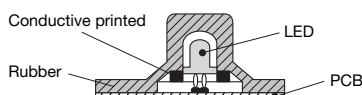
3. Back lighting – option 1



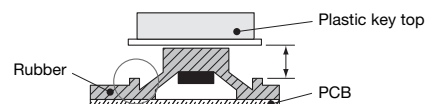
4. Squared key top design with LED light pipe



5. Back lighting – option 2

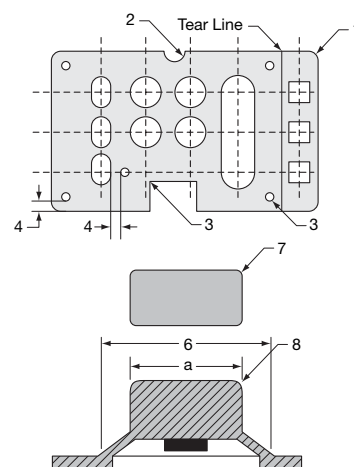


6. Control of travel distance



Special Design for Construction Ideas:

1. Typical outside radius is 1.0 to 1.5 mm.
2. Minimum radius is 0.3 mm.
3. Minimum inside radius is 0.2 mm.
4. Spacing between the edges of a rubber dome and a guide hole is 1.0 mm or more.
5. Guide holes are min. 1.0 mm in diameter.
6. The width of a rubber dome base is typically 2.0 mm more than a.
7. The minimum radius for the side edges of key top is 0.25 mm.
8. The minimum radius for the top edges of key top is 0.2 mm.

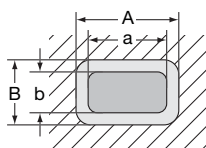


Rubber Keypad Design

Guideline for Assembly Design:

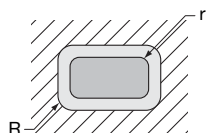
A & B: dimensions of plastic
a & b: dimensions rubber

$A - a \geq 0.5 \text{ mm}$, $B - b > 0.5 \text{ mm}$



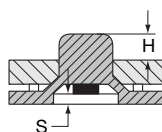
R: the corner radius of plastic
r: the corner radius of rubber

$1 \text{ mm} \leq R \leq 1.25 \text{ mm}$, $0.75 \text{ mm} \leq r \leq 1 \text{ mm}$ is better

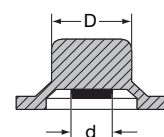


H: the dimension of key tops & plastic
S: the stroke of key pad

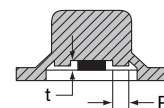
$H - S \leq 1.5 \text{ mm}$



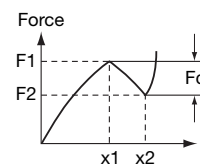
$D - d = 1.5 \text{ to } 2.0 \text{ mm}$



P: diameter of post
t: the gap between post & conductive pill
 $P = 1.0 \text{ mm}$ is better
 $t = 0.1 \sim 0.15 \text{ mm}$ is better

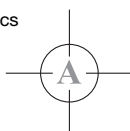


Fc: click force
F1: $F1 - F2 > 25 \text{ g}$ is better



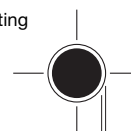
Guideline for Printing Artwork Design:

Button Graphics



Graphics Off Centre $\pm 0.3 \text{ mm}$

Full Surface Printing



$\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
 0.5 mm

Patterns of Conductive Designs:

Items:

Circle:

Square/Ellipse:

Conductive Pill Resistance:

Mechanical Life:

Print type Resistance:

Mechanical Life:

Standard Sizes of Conductive Pill

1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10

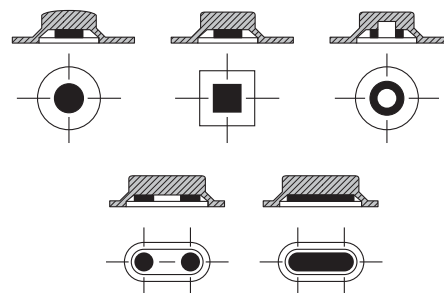
Recommended size of conductive ink printing contact is flexible.

Less than 150 ohms, with 125 grams loading

minimum 10 million operations

Less than 500 ohms, with 125 grams loading

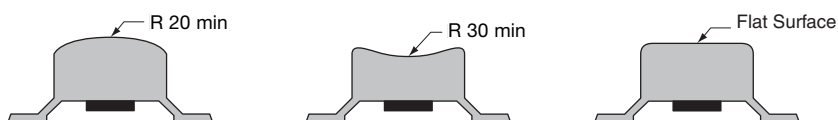
1×10^6 max. operations



Colour/Printing:

Suitable Key Surface for Legend Printing:

The commonly used colour for the underlay is medium-grey. Customers should provide us with the Pantone code or a colour specimen for both the key button and the legend.



Keypads Inquiry Form

Company	
Department	
Attention	
Address	
Postcode	
Phone	Fax
Email	Web

Membrane Requirements

Graphic Layer

Overall size
What finish is required (matt, gloss or selective texture)
Are windows required
Size
Position
Do they need to be tinted
Is embossing required
Pillow or rim
Number of colours

LEDs

Are embedded LEDs required
Number and colour
Will a separate tail be required

Tail position and length

Position of tail – exit from side and rear
Type of connector (if required)
If ZIF connector being used, get type for ref.

Switches

Number
Tactile or non-tactile
If tactile: polydome or metal dome
<i>Metal means higher unit cost, lower tool cost. Polydome means lower unit cost, higher tool cost.</i>
Detail of switch matrix

Any special features required

Insert legends
Luminescent inks
Other
Estimated project volume

Please complete this questionnaire and return to us with your sketch overleaf
(See back page for address details)

