

Online Shopping Application (Sprint 2)

1) Docker compose:

Steps to create a Docker file:

- The first line has to start with the **FROM** keyword. It tells docker, from which base image you want to base your image from. In our case, we are creating an image from the **openjdk:16**.
- The **EXPOSE** instruction informs Docker that the container listens on the specified network ports at runtime.
- The **ADD** instruction copies new files, directories or remote file URLs from source and adds them to the file system of the image at the path destination.
- The **ENTRYPOINT** instruction makes your container run as an executable. The executable command for java is: ["java", "-jar", "jar-filename.jar"].

```
1 FROM openjdk:16-alpine3.13
2 LABEL maintainer="pranaysingireddy24@gmail.com"
3 EXPOSE 8080
4 ADD target/Online-Shopping.jar app.jar
5 ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/app.jar"]
```

Installation steps for docker:

- Download Docker:
<https://docs.docker.com/desktop/windows/install/>
- Double –click Install Docker.
- Follow the install wizard: accept the license, authorize the installer, and proceed with the installation.
- Click finish to launch Docker.
- Docker starts automatically.

Steps to create a docker image:

- Open a terminal and go to the directory with the Docker file.
- Now build the container image using the **docker build** command:

```
$ docker build -t <image-name> .
```

```
C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingAppilcationSprintOne>docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
online-shopping	latest	98d4261141f6	44 hours ago	362MB
pranaysingireddy1/online-shopping	latest	98d4261141f6	44 hours ago	362MB
employee-service-postgres	latest	b1fef619f0a6	2 days ago	366MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service-postgres	0.0.2	b1fef619f0a6	2 days ago	366MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service	0.0.2	cda44d03e482	2 days ago	366MB
employee-service	latest	f0621f3fbb05	3 days ago	366MB
employee-service-h2	latest	0a08eb75a4fa	4 days ago	365MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service-h2	latest	0a08eb75a4fa	4 days ago	365MB
ecommerce-rest-api	latest	699fa6fcf410	10 days ago	903MB

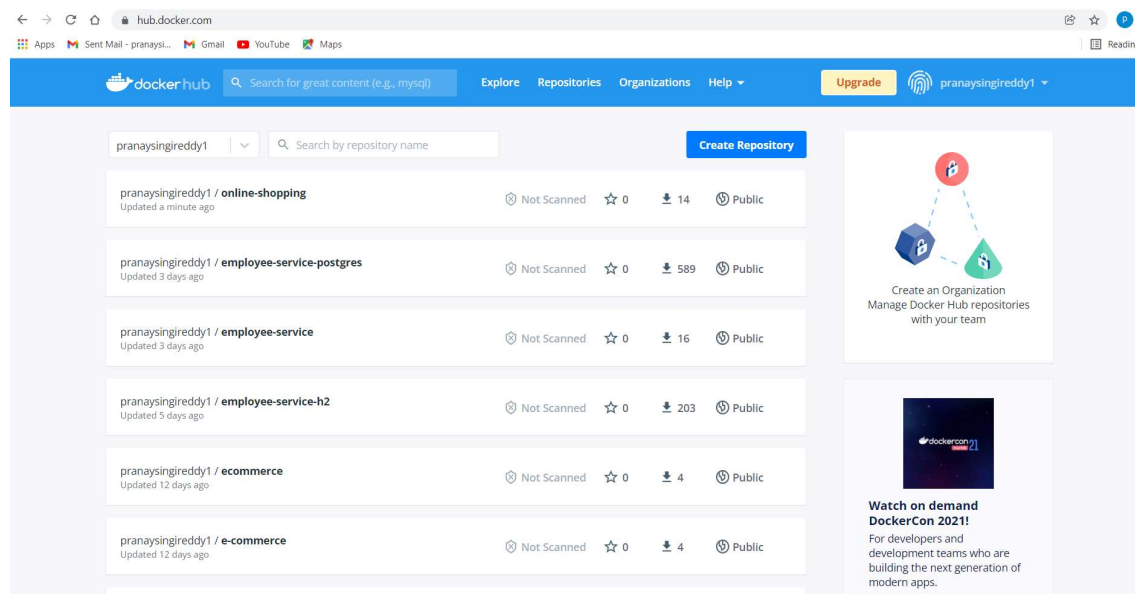
Steps to push the image onto the docker hub:

- Login to the docker hub with the username.
- Tag the image using the **docker tag** command:

```
$ docker tag <image-name> username/image-name
```

- Push the image into the docker hub using the **docker push** command:

```
$ docker push username/image-name
```



Steps to create docker-compose file:

- At the root of the app project, create a file named **docker-compose.yml**.

- In the compose file, we'll start off by defining the schema version.

```
version: "3.7"
```

- Next, we'll define the list of services (or containers) we want to run as part of our application.

```
version: "3.7"

services:
```

And now, we'll start migrating a service at a time into the compose file.

This Compose file defines two services: app and postgresql

- First, let's define the service entry and the image for the container.
- Migrate the -p 8080:8080 part of the command by defining the ports for the service.
- We will first define the new service and name it postgresql.
- Finally, we only need to specify the environment variables.

```
1 version: '3.7'
2 services:
3   app:
4     container_name: online-shopping
5     image: online-shopping
6     ports:
7       - 8080:8080
8     depends_on:
9       - postgresql
10    links:
11      - postgresql:postgres
12 postgresql:
13   image: "postgres:latest"
14   ports:
15     - 5432:5432
16   environment:
17     POSTGRES_USER: postgres
18     POSTGRES_PASSWORD: postgres
```

Application Properties:

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://postgresqlb:5432/postgres
spring.datasource.username=postgres
spring.datasource.password=postgres
spring.jpa.database-platform=org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQLDialect
spring.datasource.driverClassName=org.postgresql.Driver
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
spring.jpa.generate-ddl=true
```

- Start up the application stack using the **docker-compose up** command.

```
$ docker-compose up
```

```

C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication>OnlineShoppingApplicationSpringOne Docker-compose up
+ Running 2/0
+ Container onlineshoppingapplicationspringone_postgresqldb_1 Created 0.0s
+ Container online-shopping Created 0.0s
Attaching to postgresqldb_1, online-shopping
postgresqldb_1 PostgreSQL Database directory appears to contain a database; Skipping initialization
postgresqldb_1
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.856 UTC [1] LOG: starting PostgreSQL 14.1 (Debian 14.1-1.pgd11n1) on x86_64-pc-linux-gnu, compiled by gcc (Debian 10.2.1-6) 10.2.1 20210110, 64-bit
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.886 UTC [1] LOG: listening on IPv4 address "::", port 5432
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.856 UTC [1] LOG: listening on IPv6 address "::", port 5432
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.861 UTC [1] LOG: listening on Unix socket "/var/run/postgresql/.s.PGSQL.5432"
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.865 UTC [27] LOG: database system was shut down at 2021-12-18 11:43:24 UTC
postgresqldb_1 2021-12-28 03:39:55.870 UTC [1] LOG: database system is ready to accept connections
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping
:: Spring Boot :: (v2.6.0)
online-shopping
online-shopping
online-shopping App.jar started by root in /)
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:39:59.689 INFO 1 --- [
main] c.c.springboot.MyProjectDemoApplication : Starting MyProjectDemoApplication v0.0.1-SNAPSHOT using Java 16-ea on 0773e30fffa with PID 1 ()
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:39:59.691 INFO 1 --- [
main] c.c.springboot.MyProjectDemoApplication : No active profile set, falling back to default profiles: default
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:00.951 INFO 1 --- [
main] s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Bootstrapping Spring Data JPA repositories in DEFAULT mode.
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.045 INFO 1 --- [
main] s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Finished Spring Data repository scanning in 82 ms. Found 7 JPA repository interfaces.
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.652 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port(s): 8080 (http)
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.665 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService : Starting service [Tomcat]
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.665 INFO 1 --- [
main] org.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine : Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/9.0.55]
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.730 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/] : Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.730 INFO 1 --- [
main] w.s.c.ServletWebServerApplicationContext : Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 1990 ms
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.915 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.hibernate.hikaricp.internal.util.LogHelper : HHH000204: Processing PersistenceUnitInfo [name: default]
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:01.966 INFO 1 --- [
main] org.hibernate.Version : HHH0000412: Hibernate ORM core version 5.6.1.Final
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:02.113 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.hibernate.annotations.common.Version : HCANN000001: Hibernate Commons Annotations (5.1.2.Final)
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:02.198 INFO 1 --- [
main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Starting...
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:02.399 INFO 1 --- [
main] com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource : HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:02.427 INFO 1 --- [
main] org.hibernate.dialect.Dialect : HHH000400: Using dialect: org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQLDialect
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:03.219 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.h.e.t.j.p.i.JtaPlatformInitiator : HHH000490: Using JtaPlatform implementation: [org.hibernate.engine.transaction.jta.platform.int
ernal.NoJtaPlatform]
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:03.227 INFO 1 --- [
main] j.LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean : Initialized JPA EntityManagerFactory for persistence unit 'default'
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:04.154 WARN 1 --- [
main] JpaBaseConfigurationJpaWebConfiguration : spring.jpa.open-in-view is enabled by default. Therefore, database queries may be performed dur
ing view rendering. Explicitly configure spring.jpa.open-in-view to disable this warning
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:04.887 INFO 1 --- [
main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http) with context path ''
online-shopping 2021-12-28 03:40:04.820 INFO 1 --- [
main] c.c.springboot.MyProjectDemoApplication : Started MyProjectDemoApplication in 5.564 seconds (JVM running for 5.969)
Server Started

```

Deploying the application in Kubernetes environment:

Application Properties:

```
spring.datasource.driverClassName=org.postgresql.Driver
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://${DB_HOST}:5432/${DB_NAME}
spring.datasource.username=${POSTGRES_USER}
spring.datasource.password=${POSTGRES_PASSWORD}
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
```

Step-2 Creating manifest files:

Defining a service:

- The specification creates a new Service object named "**online-shopping**", which targets TCP port 9001 on any Pod with the **app=online-shopping** label.
- The default protocol for Services is TCP.
- Kubernetes assigns this Service an IP address which is used by the service proxies.
- The controller for the Service selector continuously scans for Pods that match its selector, and then posts any updates to an Endpoint object also named "**online-shopping**".

Defining a deployment:

- It creates a ReplicaSet to bring up three **plant-nursery-postgres** Pods.
- A deployment named **plant-nursery-postgres** is created, indicated by the **.metadata.name** field.
- The deployment creates three replicated Pods, indicated by the **.spec.replicas** field.
- The **.spec.selector** field defines how the Deployment finds which Pods to manage. In this case, you select a label that is defined in the Pod template (app: plant-nursery-postgres).
- The template field contains the following sub-fields:
 - The Pods are labelled app: plant-nursery-postgres using the **.metadata.labels** field.
 - The Pod template's specification, or **.template.spec** field, indicates that the Pods run one container, plant-nursery-postgres, which runs the plant-nursery-postgres [DocHub](#) image.

Creating a ConfigMap:

The ConfigMap configures the container(s) in Pod based on the data in the ConfigMap.

Creating a secret file:

- A Secret is an object that contains a small amount of sensitive data such as a password, a token, or a key.
- When creating a Pod, Kubernetes automatically creates a service account Secret and automatically modifies your Pod to use this Secret.
- When using this Secret type, the data field of the Secret must contain one of the following two keys:
 - username: the user name for authentication.
 - password: the password or token for authentication.

Step-3 Installation of minikube:

- Download the latest release of minikube from:
<https://minikube.sigs.k8s.io/docs/start/>
- From a terminal with administrator access (but not logged in as root), run:

```
$ minikube start
```



```
C:\Users\Lavanya>minikube start
* minikube v1.24.0 on Microsoft Windows 10 Pro 10.0.19042 Build 19042
* Using the docker driver based on existing profile
* Starting control plane node minikube in cluster minikube
* Pulling base image ...
! Executing "docker container inspect minikube --format={{.State.Status}}" took an unusually long time: 3.5029163s
* Restarting the docker service may improve performance.
* Restarting existing docker container for "minikube" ...
* Preparing Kubernetes v1.22.3 on Docker 20.10.8 ...
* Verifying Kubernetes components...
- Using image gcr.io/k8s-minikube/storage-provisioner:v5
* Enabled addons: storage-provisioner, default-storageclass
* Done! kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default
```

- Docker engine already provides kubectl pre-installed, so in order to check whether it is installed check for the version by using the following command:

```
$ kubectl version
```

```
C:\Users\Lenovo>kubectl version
Client Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"22", GitVersion:"v1.22.4", GitCommit:"b695d79d4f967c403a96986f1750a35eb75e75f1", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2021-11-17T15:48:33Z", GoVersion:"go1.16.10", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"windows/amd64"}
Server Version: version.Info{Major:"1", Minor:"21+", GitVersion:"v1.21.2-eks-06eac09", GitCommit:"5f6d83fe4cb7febb5f4f4e39b3b2b64ebbbe3e97", GitTreeState:"clean", BuildDate:"2021-09-13T14:20:15Z", GoVersion:"go1.16.5", Compiler:"gc", Platform:"linux/amd64"}
```

Step-4 Build and push the image to docker hub:

Build and push the image into the docker hub using the above mentioned commands.

```
C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingAppilcationSprintOne\k8s1>docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
online-shopping	latest	cfc902d65bf3	3 hours ago	362MB
pranaysingireddy1/online-shopping	0.0.1	cfc902d65bf3	3 hours ago	362MB
pranaysingireddy1/online-shopping	latest	98d4261141f6	2 days ago	362MB
employee-service-postgres	latest	b1fef619f0a6	3 days ago	366MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service-postgres	0.0.2	b1fef619f0a6	3 days ago	366MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service	0.0.2	cda44d03e482	3 days ago	366MB
employee-service	latest	f0621f3fbb05	4 days ago	366MB
employee-service-h2	latest	0a08eb75a4fa	5 days ago	365MB
pranaysingireddy1/employee-service-h2	latest	0a08eb75a4fa	5 days ago	365MB
ecommerce-rest-api	latest	699fa6fcf410	10 days ago	903MB
<none>	<none>	aea9b698d7d1	2 weeks ago	113MB
postgres	latest	e94a3bb61224	2 weeks ago	374MB
gcr.io/k8s-minikube/kicbase	v0.0.28	e2a6c047bedd	2 months ago	1.08G
<none>	<none>	0f2d3075cca7	6 months ago	183MB
<none>	<none>	5ab125058b18	6 months ago	145MB
<none>	<none>	87c364bbeb7b	6 months ago	84.2MB

Step-5 Creating yaml files using kubectl command:

- To create a file, the following command is used:

```
$ kubectl create -f <file-name>
```

- To view all the pods, deployments and services created, we use the following command:

```
$ kubectl get all
```

```
C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingApplicationSprint0ne\k8s1>kubectl get all
NAME                                READY    STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
pod/ecommerce-rest-api-v9fdg        1/1      Running   5 (87m ago)  9d
pod/employee-service-h2-5fb6fc87f-6g98s  0/1      OOMKilled 97 (4m29s ago) 5d2h
pod/employee-service-h2-5fb6fc87f-8nt87  1/1      Running   94 (4m5s ago)  5d2h
pod/employee-service-postgres-89ddc95d7-2g52g  1/1      Running   53 (5m20s ago) 4d3h
pod/employee-service-postgres-89ddc95d7-2knp7  1/1      Running   61 (3m41s ago) 4d3h
pod/employee-service-postgres-89ddc95d7-44qxw  0/1      CrashLoopBackOff 38 (3m21s ago) 4d3h
pod/myapp-rc-6kbt2                  1/1      Running   5 (87m ago)  9d
pod/myapp-rc-9dpzw                  1/1      Running   5 (87m ago)  9d
pod/myapp-rc-bvnhm                  1/1      Running   5 (87m ago)  9d
pod/myapp-replicaset-c7f4b          1/1      Running   5           9d
pod/myapp-replicaset-cnzm6          1/1      Running   5           9d
pod/myapp-replicaset-qg87j          1/1      Running   5 (87m ago)  9d
pod/nginx                           1/1      Running   5 (87m ago) 10d
pod/online-shopping-7cc4bcfb8-bnr6s  1/1      Running   1 (2m23s ago) 5m23s
pod/online-shopping-7cc4bcfb8-bx67w  1/1      Running   1 (3m3s ago)  5m23s
pod/online-shopping-7cc4bcfb8-w4xv2  1/1      Running   0           5m23s
pod/postgres-6f4cd8968f-dwp5l       1/1      Running   0           5m10s
pod/postgres-pod                    1/1      Running   4 (87m ago)  5d18h
pod/redis-pod                       1/1      Running   4 (87m ago)  5d18h
pod/result-app-pod                  1/1      Running   4 (87m ago)  5d18h
pod/voting-app-pod                  1/1      Running   4 (87m ago)  5d18h
pod/worker-app-pod                  1/1      Running   38 (2m45s ago) 5d18h

NAME                                DESIRED   CURRENT   READY   AGE
replicationcontroller/myapp-rc       3         3         3       9d

NAME                                TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP    PORT(S)        AGE
service/db                          ClusterIP    10.102.54.121 <none>         5432/TCP       5d18h
service/employee-service-h2         ClusterIP    10.107.98.37  <none>         8080/TCP       5d2h
service/employee-service-postgres   ClusterIP    10.97.234.250 <none>         8080/TCP       4d3h
service/kubernetes                   ClusterIP    10.96.0.1     <none>         443/TCP        10d
service/online-shopping              ClusterIP    10.107.154.197 <none>         8080/TCP       5m23s
service/postgres                     ClusterIP    None          <none>         5432/TCP       5m10s
service/redis                        ClusterIP    10.103.236.226 <none>         6379/TCP       5d18h
service/result-app-service           NodePort     10.96.4.23    <none>         80:30005/TCP   5d18h
service/voting-app-service           NodePort     10.111.14.59  <none>         80:30004/TCP   5d18h

NAME                                READY    UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
deployment.apps/employee-service-h2  1/2      2            1           5d2h
deployment.apps/employee-service-postgres  2/3      3            2           4d3h
deployment.apps/online-shopping        3/3      3            3           5m23s
deployment.apps/postgres               1/1      1            1           5m10s
```

Port Forwarding:

- To use clusterIP, we need to use port-forward command:

```
$ kubectl port-forward svc/image-name 9002:8080
```

```
C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingApplcationSprintOne\k8s1>kubect1 port-forward svc/online-shopping 9002:8080
Forwarding from 127.0.0.1:9002 -> 8080
Forwarding from [::1]:9002 -> 8080
Handling connection for 9002
Handling connection for 9002
```

http://localhost:8080/productController/addProduct

Save

POST

http://localhost:8080/productController/addProduct

Send

ParamsAuthorizationHeaders (8)BodyPre-request ScriptTestsSettings

noneform-datax-www-form-urlencodedrawbinaryGraphQLJSON

Beautify

```
1  {
2    "productId": "1218",
3    "productName": "mobile",
4    "price": 10000,
5    "color": "red",
6    "dimension": "square",
7    "specification": "i5",
8    "manufacturer": "redmi",
9    "quantity": 1,
10   "catId": "1218",
11 }
```

BodyCookiesHeaders (5)Test Results

Status: 200 OKTime: 162 msSize: 315 BSave Response

PrettyRawPreviewVisualizeJSON

```
1  {
2    "productId": "1218",
3    "productName": "mobile",
4    "price": 10000.0,
5    "color": "red",
6    "dimension": "square",
7    "specification": "i5",
8    "manufacturer": "redmi",
9    "quantity": 1
10 }
```

http://localhost:8080/productController/viewAllProducts

Save

GET

http://localhost:8080/productController/viewAllProducts

Send

ParamsAuthorizationHeaders (6)BodyPre-request ScriptTestsSettings

Query Params

KEY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	Bulk Edit
Key	Value	Description	

BodyCookiesHeaders (5)Test Results

Status: 200 OKTime: 24 msSize: 317 BSave Response

PrettyRawPreviewVisualizeJSON

```
1  {
2    "productId": "1218",
3    "productName": "mobile",
4    "price": 10000.0,
5    "color": "red",
6    "dimension": "square",
7    "specification": "i5",
8    "manufacturer": "redmi",
9    "quantity": 1
10 }
```


Deploying in EKS Cluster:

Application Properties:

```
spring.datasource.driverClassName=org.postgresql.Driver
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:postgresql://${POSTGRES_HOST}:5432/postgres
spring.datasource.username=${POSTGRES_USER}
spring.datasource.password=${POSTGRES_PASSWORD}
spring.jpa.database-platform=org.hibernate.dialect.PostgreSQLDialect
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
```

Step-2 Creating manifest files:

- The manifest files also known as the “yaml” files are created just like the way these files are created in the kubernetes deployment.
- These files are as the following:
 - postgres-storage.yaml
 - postgres-secrets.yaml
 - postgres-deployment.yaml
 - postgres-deployment.yaml
 - springboot-deployment.yaml
 - springboot-service.yaml

Step-3 Installation of AWS CLI:

- Download and run the AWS CLI MSI installer for Windows (64-bit)
<https://awscli.amazonaws.com/AWSCLIV2.msi>
- To confirm the installation, open the **Start** menu, search for `cmd` to open a command prompt window, and at the command prompt use the `aws --version` command.



```
C:\> aws --version
aws-cli/2.3.7 Python/3.8.8 Windows/10 exe/AMD64 prompt/off
```

- We need secret keys from AWS IAM account. Go to IAM in AWS and generate access key by going into the security credentials section in users.

Permissions Groups (1) Tags **Security credentials** Access Advisor

Sign-in credentials

Summary

- Console sign-in link: <https://887607392334.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

Console password Enabled (never signed in) | [Manage](#)

Assigned MFA device Not assigned | [Manage](#)

Signing certificates None

Access keys

Use access keys to make programmatic calls to AWS from the AWS CLI, Tools for PowerShell, AWS SDKs, or direct AWS API calls. You can have a maximum of two access keys (active or inactive) at a time.

For your protection, you should never share your secret keys with anyone. As a best practice, we recommend frequent key rotation. **If you lose or forget your secret key, you cannot retrieve it. Instead, create a new access key and make the old key inactive.** [Learn more](#)

[Create access key](#)

Access key ID	Created	Last used	Status
AKIA45KMF7BHCEJHHMUH	2021-12-16 14:21 UTC+0530	2021-12-21 17:18 UTC+0530 with cloudformati...	Active Make inactive

- Download the access key generated.
- Now, in cmd configure the AWS by using the following command:

\$ aws configure

Then enter the access key id, secret access

```
C:\Users\Lenovo>aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*****HMHU]: AKIA45KMF7BHCEJHHMUH
AWS Secret Access Key [*****cC2e]: 1p6NZQK4/k1GxTbX/FRk2msNcWzTI0/jqKHHC2e
Default region name [ap-south-1]: ap-south-1
Default output format [json]: json
C:\Users\Lenovo>
```

Step-4 Installation of eksctl:

- For installing the eksctl, chocolatey has to be installed first.
- In order to install Chocolatey, first, ensure that you are using an **administrative shell**.
- Copy the text specific to your command shell - **cmd.exe**.
- Paste the copied text into your shell and press Enter.


```
@("%SystemRoot%\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\powershell.exe" -NoProfile -InputFormat None -ExecutionPolicy Bypass -Command "[System.Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol = 3072; iex ((New-Object System.Net.WebClient).DownloadString('https://community.chocolatey.org/install.ps1'))" && SET "PATH=%PATH%;%ALLUSERSPROFILE%\chocolatey\bin"
```

- Wait a few seconds for the command to complete.
- After installing eksctl, run the commands as shown in the attached screenshot.

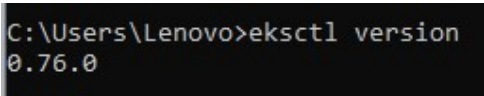
To install or upgrade eksctl on Windows using Chocolatey

1. If you do not already have Chocolatey installed on your Windows system, see [Installing Chocolatey](#).
2. Install or upgrade eksctl.
 - Install the binaries with the following command:

```
choco install -y eksctl
```
 - If they are already installed, run the following command to upgrade:

```
choco upgrade -y eksctl
```
3. Test that your installation was successful with the following command.

```
eksctl version
```



Step-5 Create a cluster:

- In order to create a cluster, the following command is used:

```
$ eksctl create cluster --name <cluster-name> --version 1.21 --region <region-name> --nodegroup-name <node-group-name> --node-type t2.micro --nodes 2
```

- To create or update kubeconfig for our cluster:

```
$ aws eks --region <region-code> update-kubeconfig --name <cluster-name>
```

- Now, create files using the kubectl command:

```
$ kubectl apply -f <file-name>
```

```

2021-12-20 21:37:03 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:38:03 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:39:04 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:40:05 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:41:05 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:42:06 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:43:07 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:44:07 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:45:08 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:46:10 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-cluster"
2021-12-20 21:48:14 [0] building managed nodegroup stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:48:15 [0] deploying stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:48:15 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:48:31 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:49:09 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:49:26 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:49:46 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:50:06 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:50:25 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:50:42 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:51:01 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:51:18 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:51:35 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:51:53 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:52:10 [0] waiting for CloudFormation stack "eksctl-online-shopping-application-nodegroup-online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:52:10 [0] waiting for the control plane availability...
2021-12-20 21:52:11 [0] saved kubeconfig as "C:\Users\hp\.kube\config"
2021-12-20 21:52:11 [0] no tasks
2021-12-20 21:52:11 [0] all EKS cluster resources for "online-shopping-application" have been created
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] nodegroup "online-shopping-application-node-group" has 2 node(s)
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] node "ip-192-168-4-148.ap-south-1.compute.internal" is ready
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] node "ip-192-168-51-237.ap-south-1.compute.internal" is ready
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] waiting for at least 2 node(s) to become ready in "online-shopping-application-node-group"
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] nodegroup "online-shopping-application-node-group" has 2 node(s)
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] node "ip-192-168-4-148.ap-south-1.compute.internal" is ready
2021-12-20 21:52:12 [0] node "ip-192-168-51-237.ap-south-1.compute.internal" is ready
2021-12-20 21:52:19 [0] kubectrl command should work with "C:\Users\hp\.kube\config", try 'kubectrl get nodes'
2021-12-20 21:52:19 [0] EKS cluster "online-shopping-application" in "ap-south-1" region is ready

```

```

C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingApplicationSprintOne\test>aws eks --region ap-south-1 update-kubeconfig --name online-shopping-application
Added new context arn:aws:eks:ap-south-1:179092988643:cluster/online-shopping-application to C:\Users\hp\.kube\config

```

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. On the left, the 'Amazon Container Services' sidebar is visible, with 'Amazon EKS' selected. The main content area is titled 'EKS > Clusters'. It shows a list of clusters under the heading 'Clusters (1) Info'. A search bar is present with the text 'Filter cluster by name, status, kubernetes version, or provider'. Below the search bar, a table lists the cluster details:

Cluster name	Status	Kubernetes version	Provider
online-shopping-application	Active	1.21	EKS

At the top right of the cluster list, there are buttons for 'Refresh', 'Delete', and 'Add cluster'.

- To view all the pods, deployments and services use the following kubectl command:

```
$ kubectl get all
```

```
C:\Users\hp\git\OnlineShoppingApplication\OnlineShoppingApp\OnlineShoppingApp\SprintOne\test>kubectl get all
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/postgres-5bdb4fc5f9-vrvhh	1/1	Running	0	2m18s

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
service/kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.100.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	24m
service/postgres	NodePort	10.100.189.189	<none>	5432:30656/TCP	75s

NAME	READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
deployment.apps/postgres	1/1	1	1	2m19s

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
replicaset.apps/postgres-5bdb4fc5f9	1	1	1	2m19s

- Now, check in the browser by pasting the IP address in the browser:

ab066272dd14e4ac3b23116e0571cfee-2028212639.ap-south-1.elb.amazonaws.com:8080/productController/viewAllProducts

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** `ab066272dd14e4ac3b23116e0571cfee-2028212639.ap-south-1.elb.amazonaws.com:8080/productController/addProduct`
- Method:** POST
- Body:** A JSON object representing a product:

```
{  "productId": "1218",  "productName": "mobile",  "price": 10000.0,  "color": "red",  "dimension": "square",  "specification": "15",  "manufacturer": "redmi",  "quantity": 1,  "catId": "1218"}
```
- Response:** Status: 200 OK, Time: 570 ms, Size: 315 B

