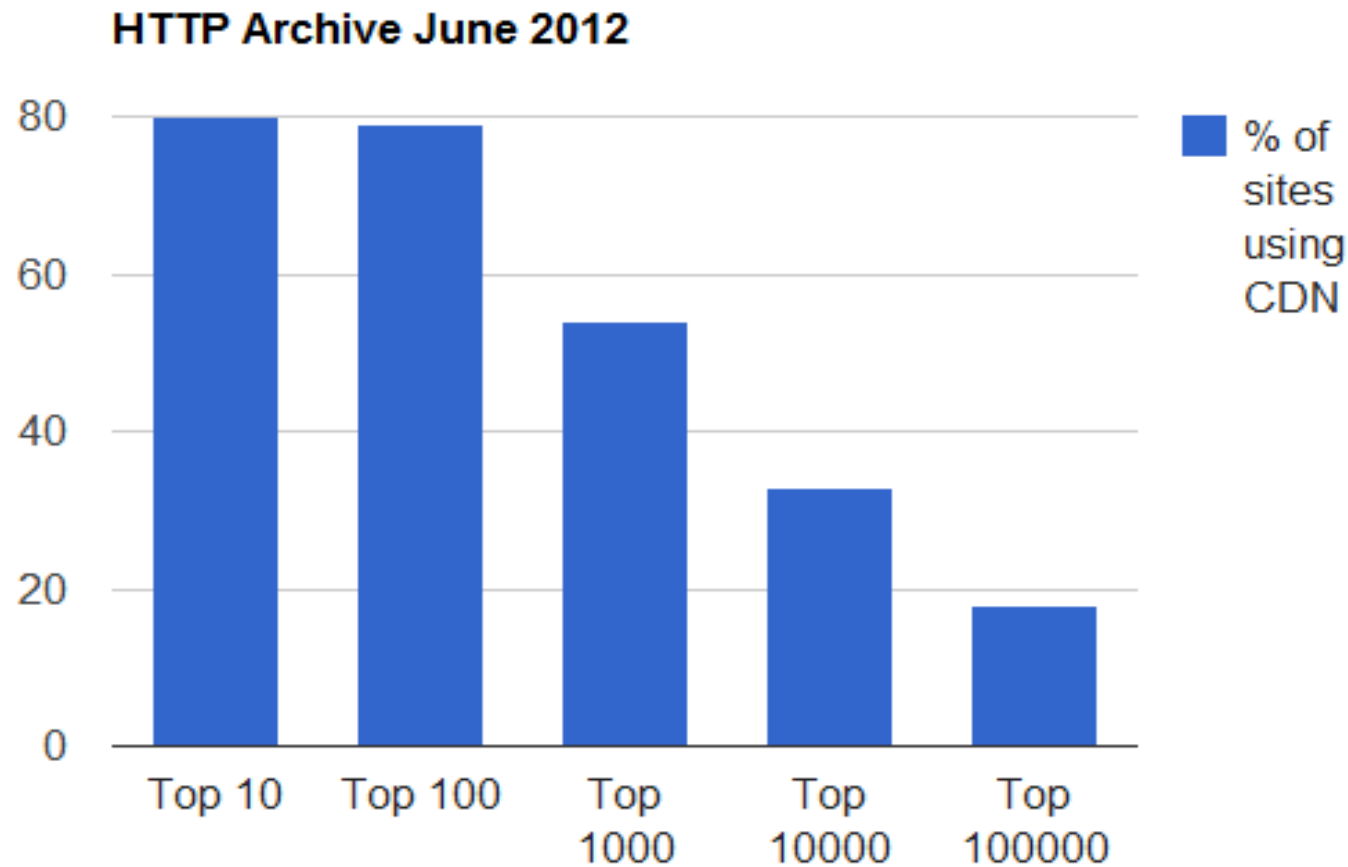


# Getting a Grip on CDN Performance Why & How

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/59632563@N04/6261230701/>

# How many sites use a CDN?







# CDN Performance in the Real World

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/59632563@N04/6261230701/>

 **turbobytes**

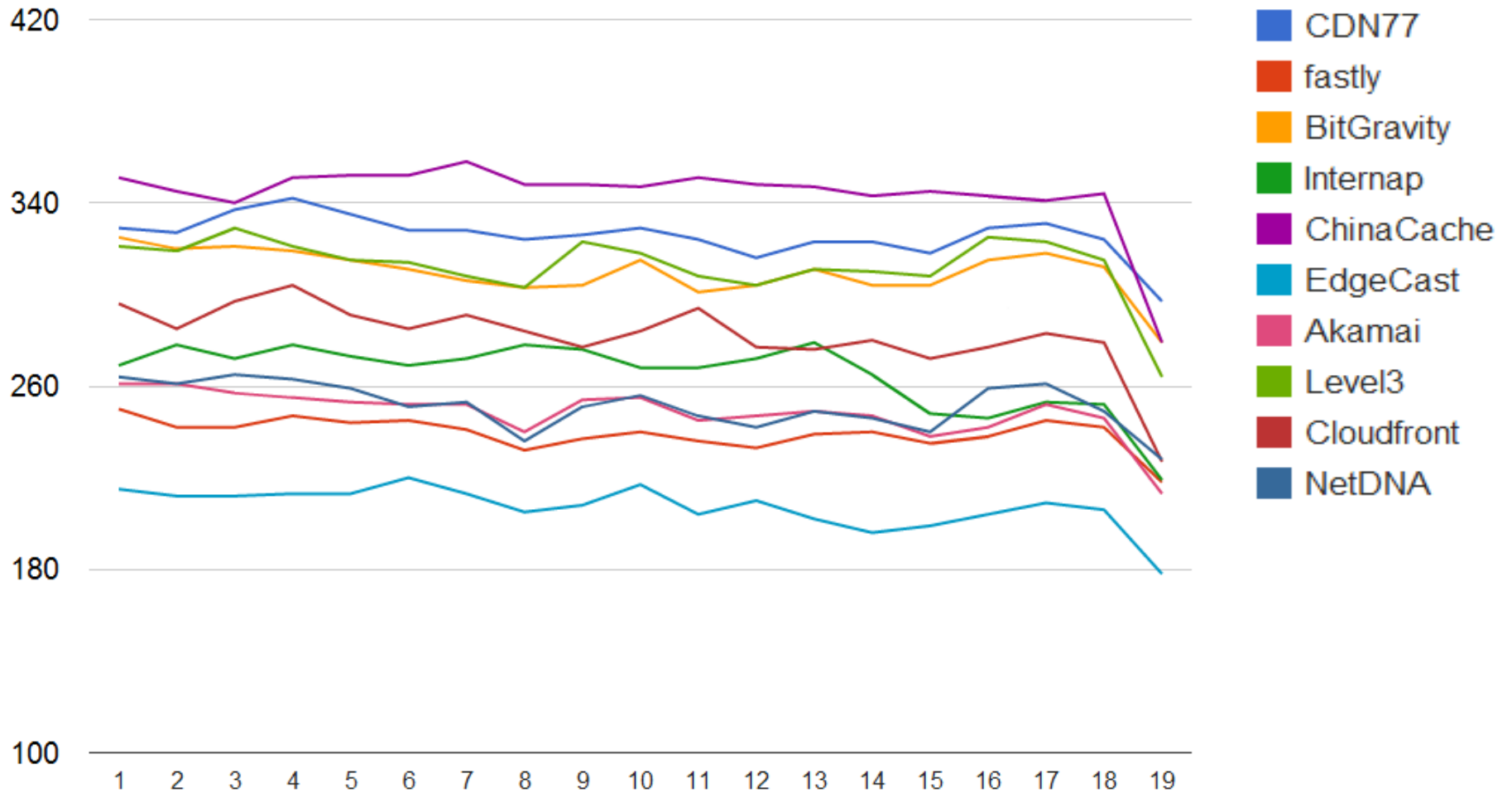
# How we measure CDN performance

Real User Monitoring (RUM)

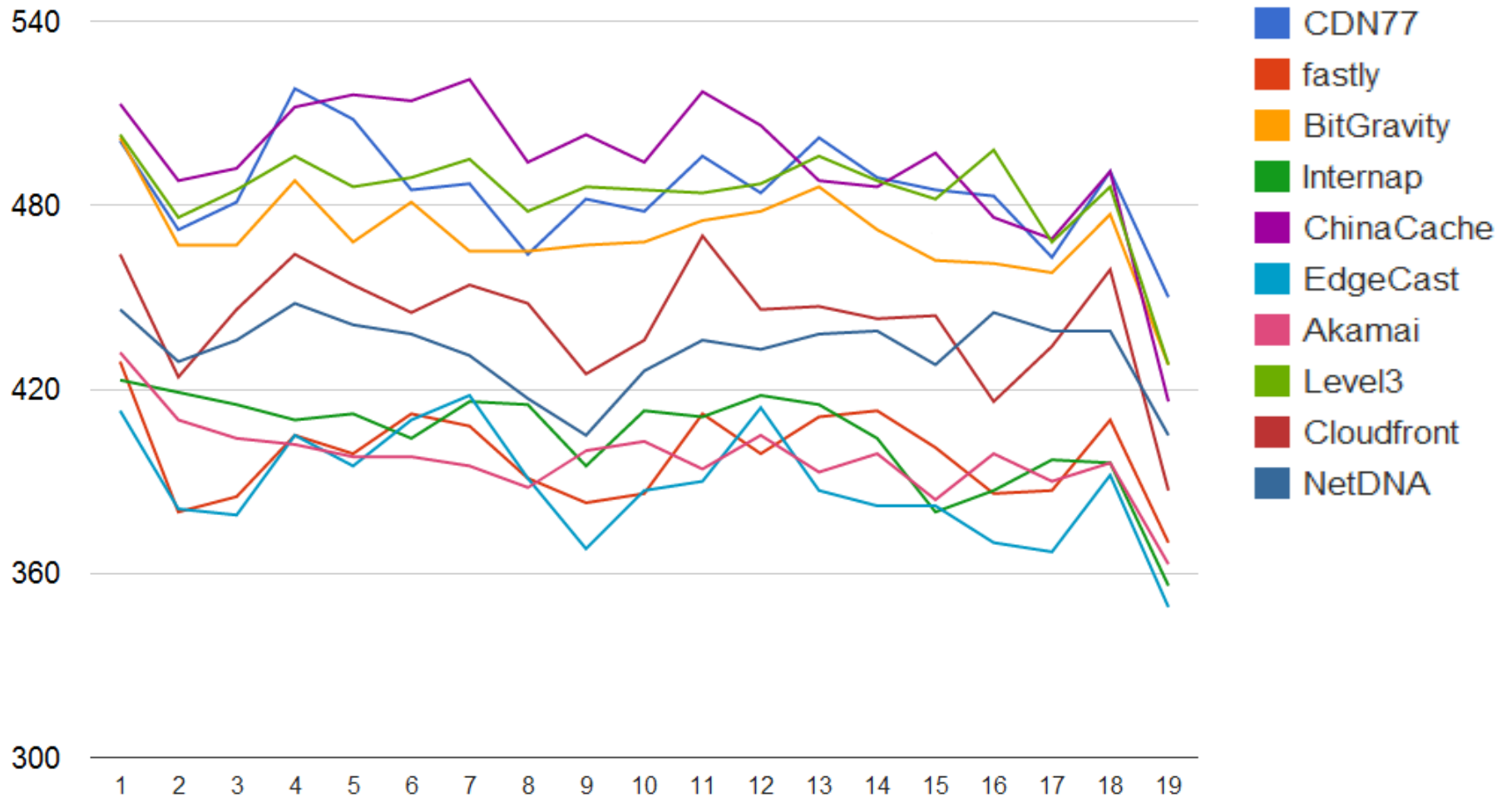
Download a 16 KB static file from a CDN to a browser > send timing data to our server

More details later on how we do RUM

# Total load time (median) in US

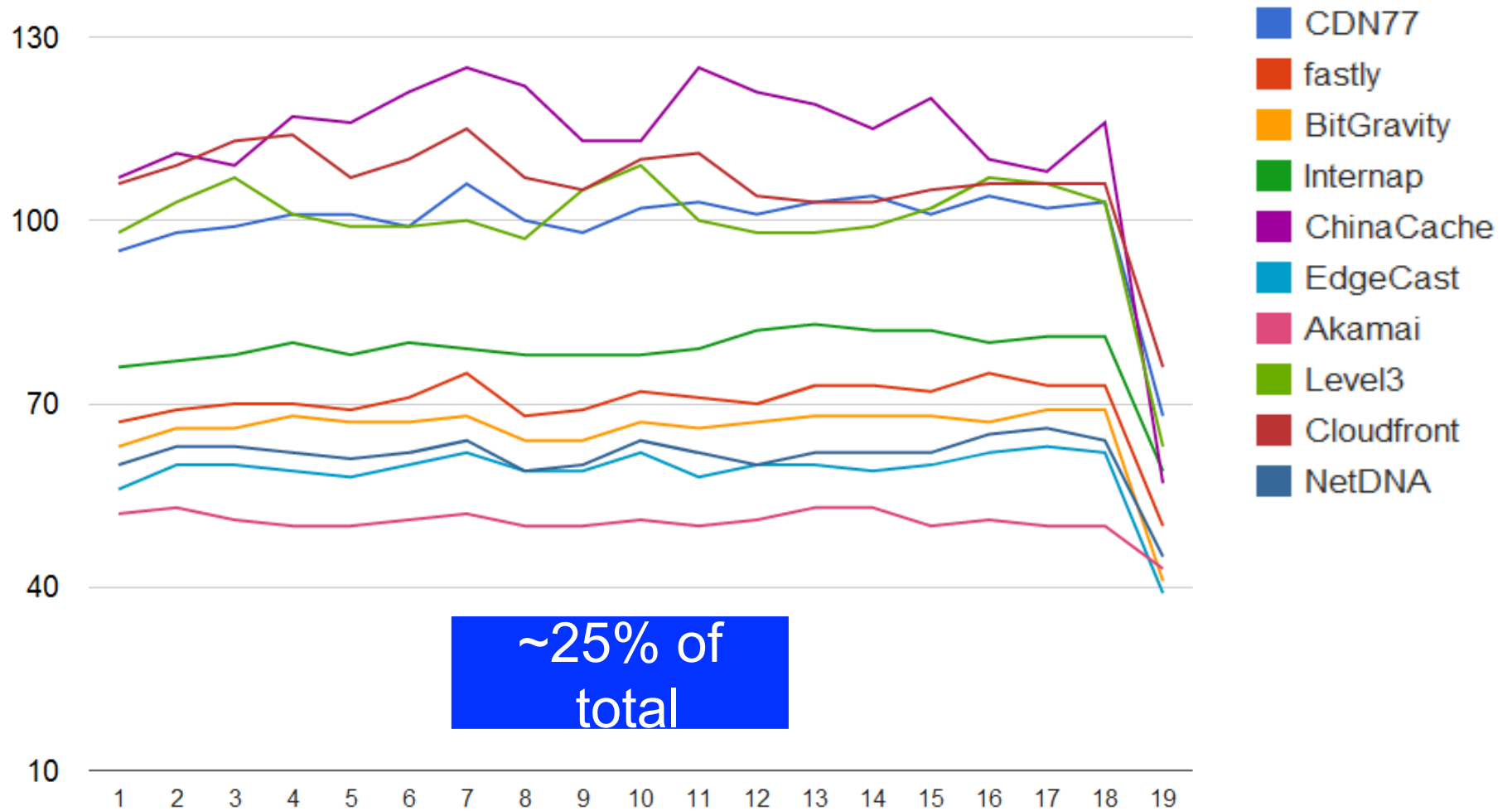


# Total load time (mean) in US

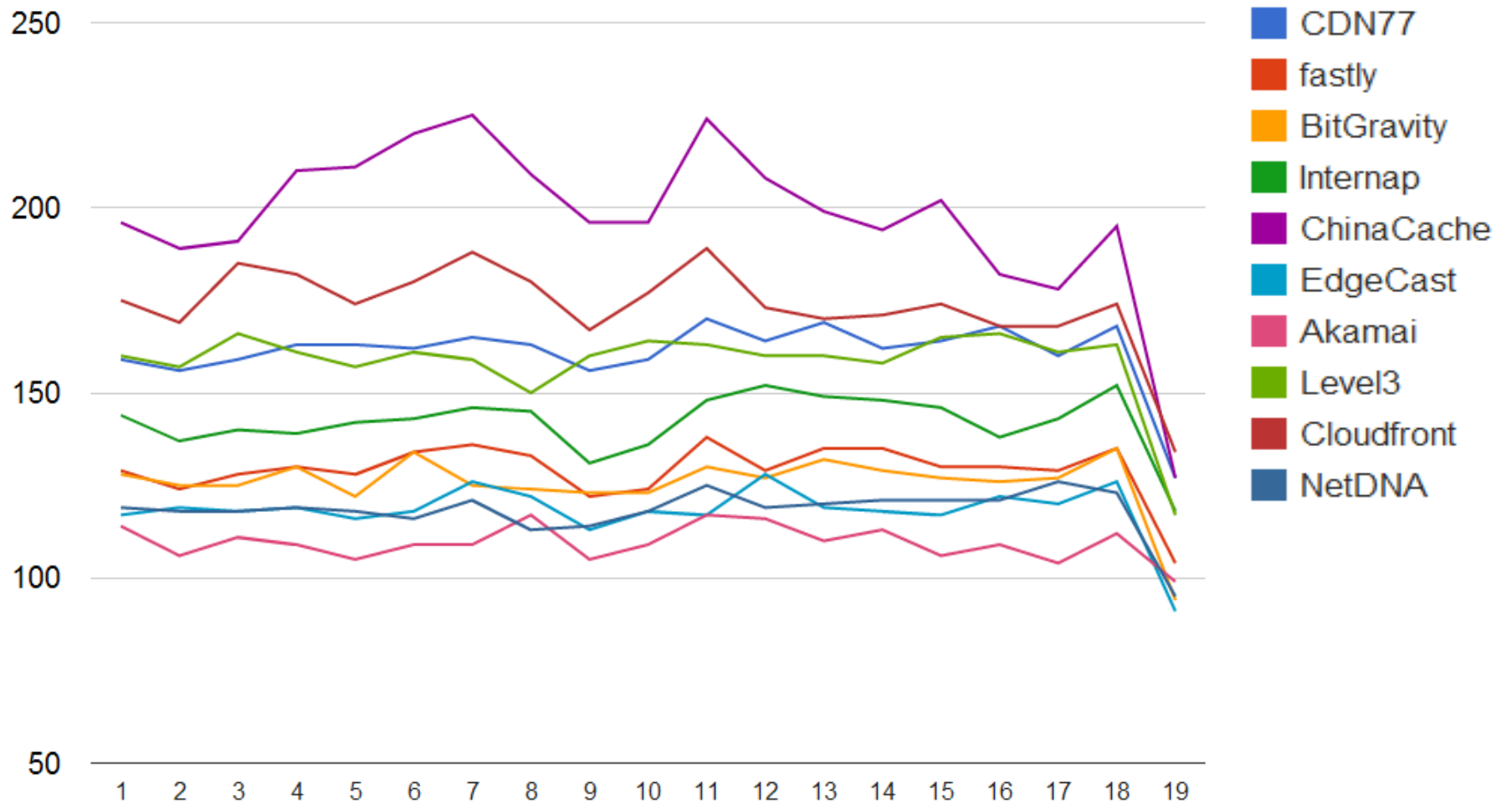




# DNS time (median) in US

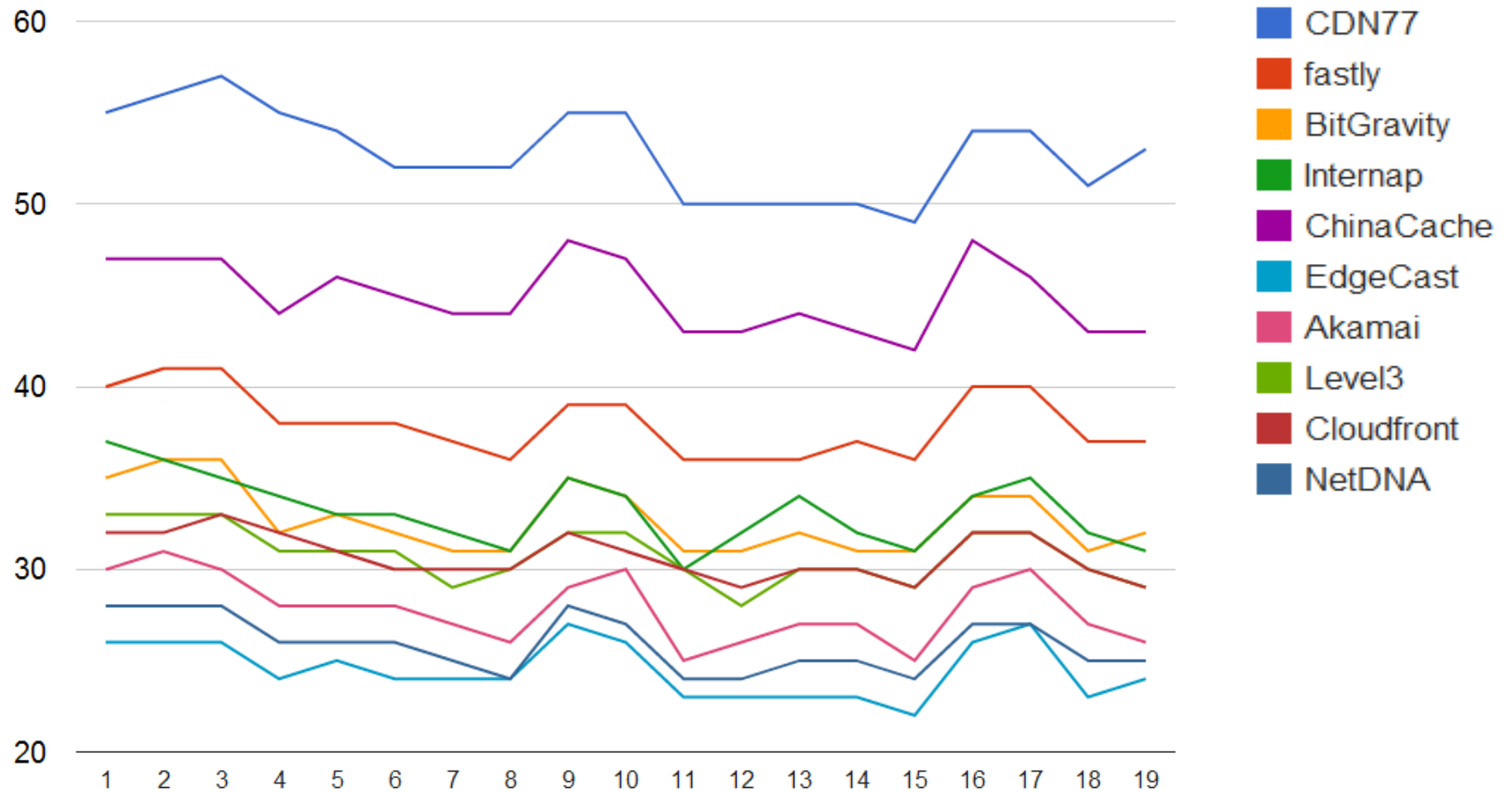


# DNS time (mean) in US

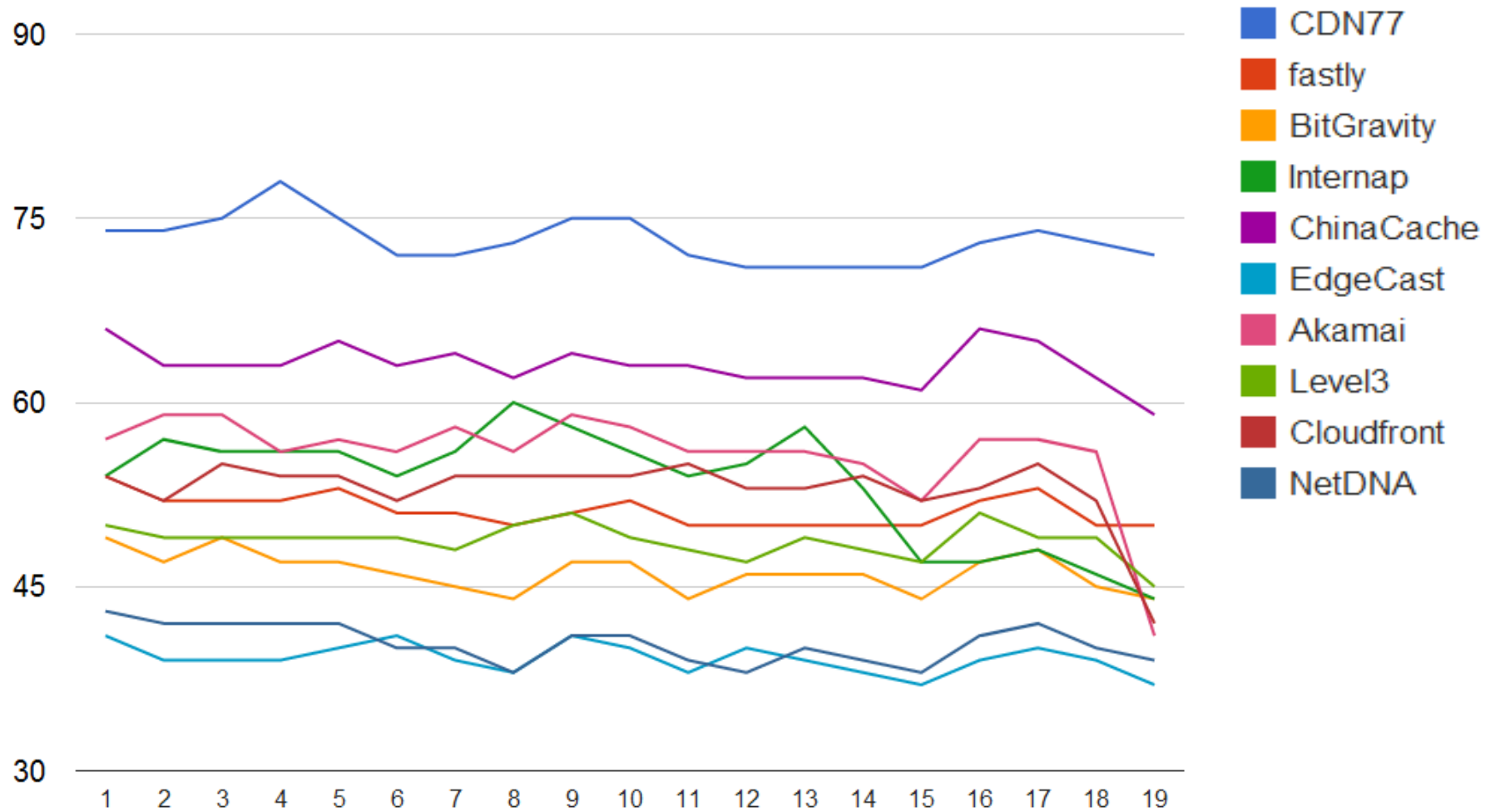




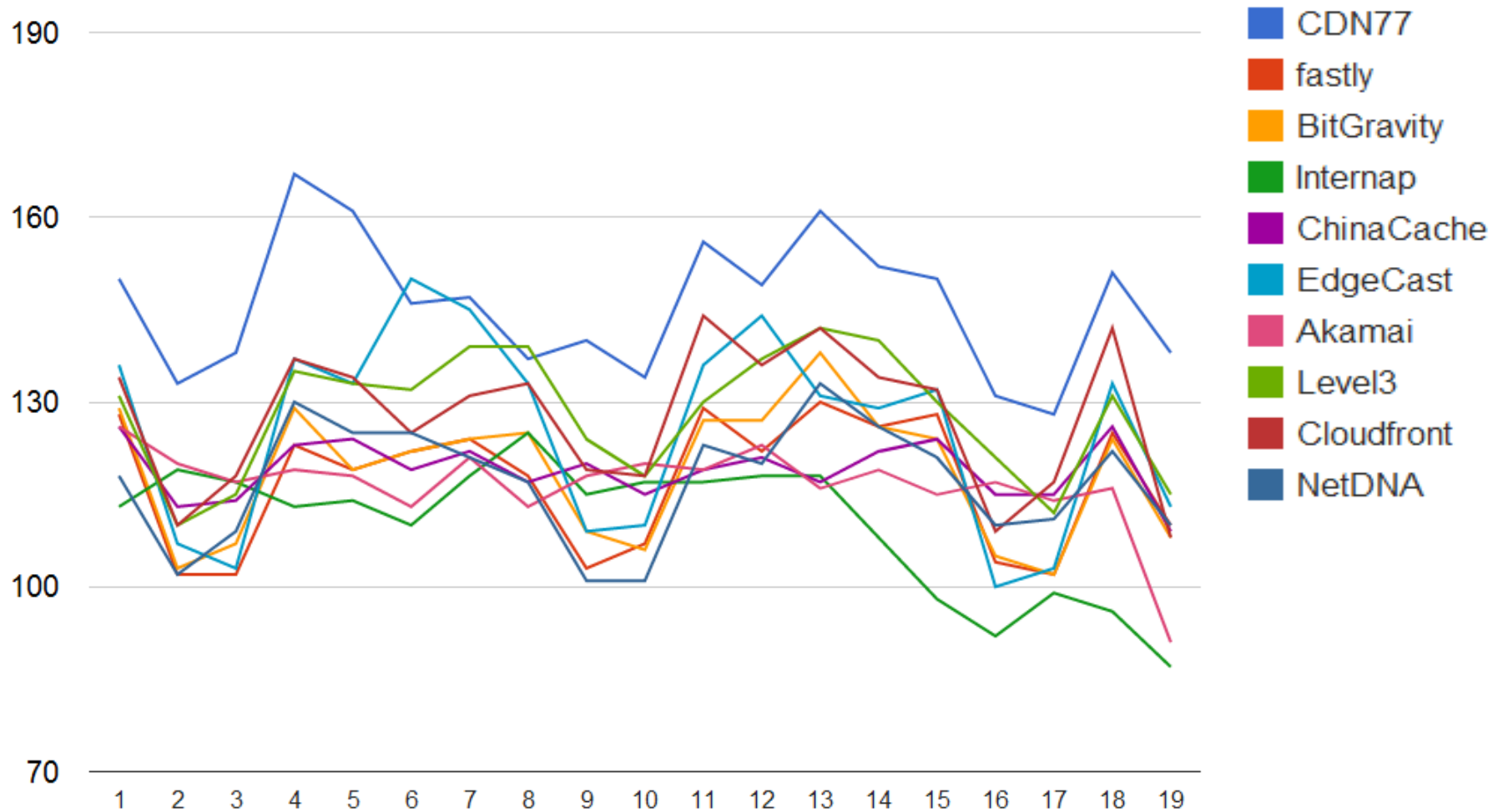
# Connect time (median) in US



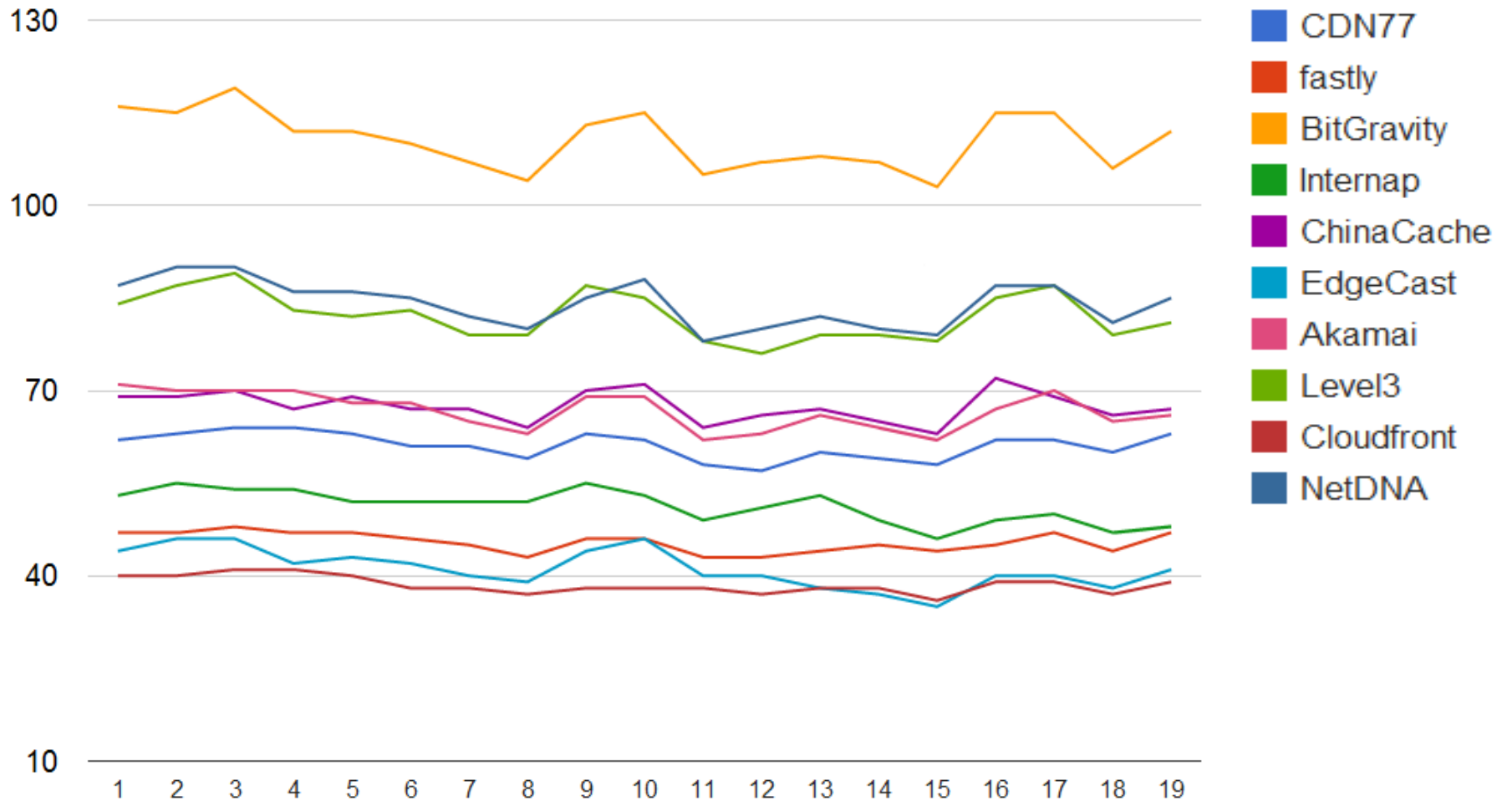
# First byte time (median) in US



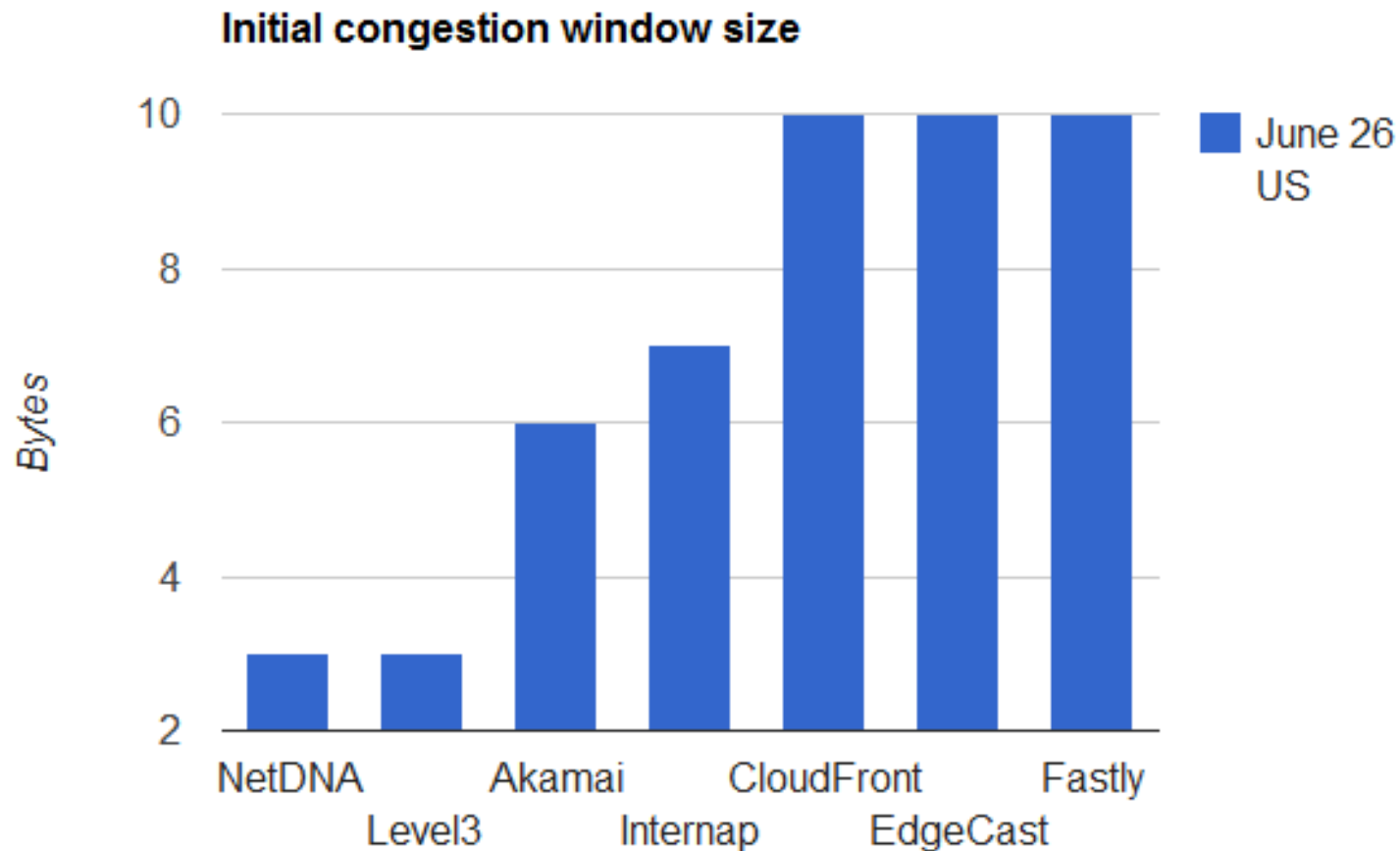
# First byte time (mean) in US



# Transfer time (median) in US



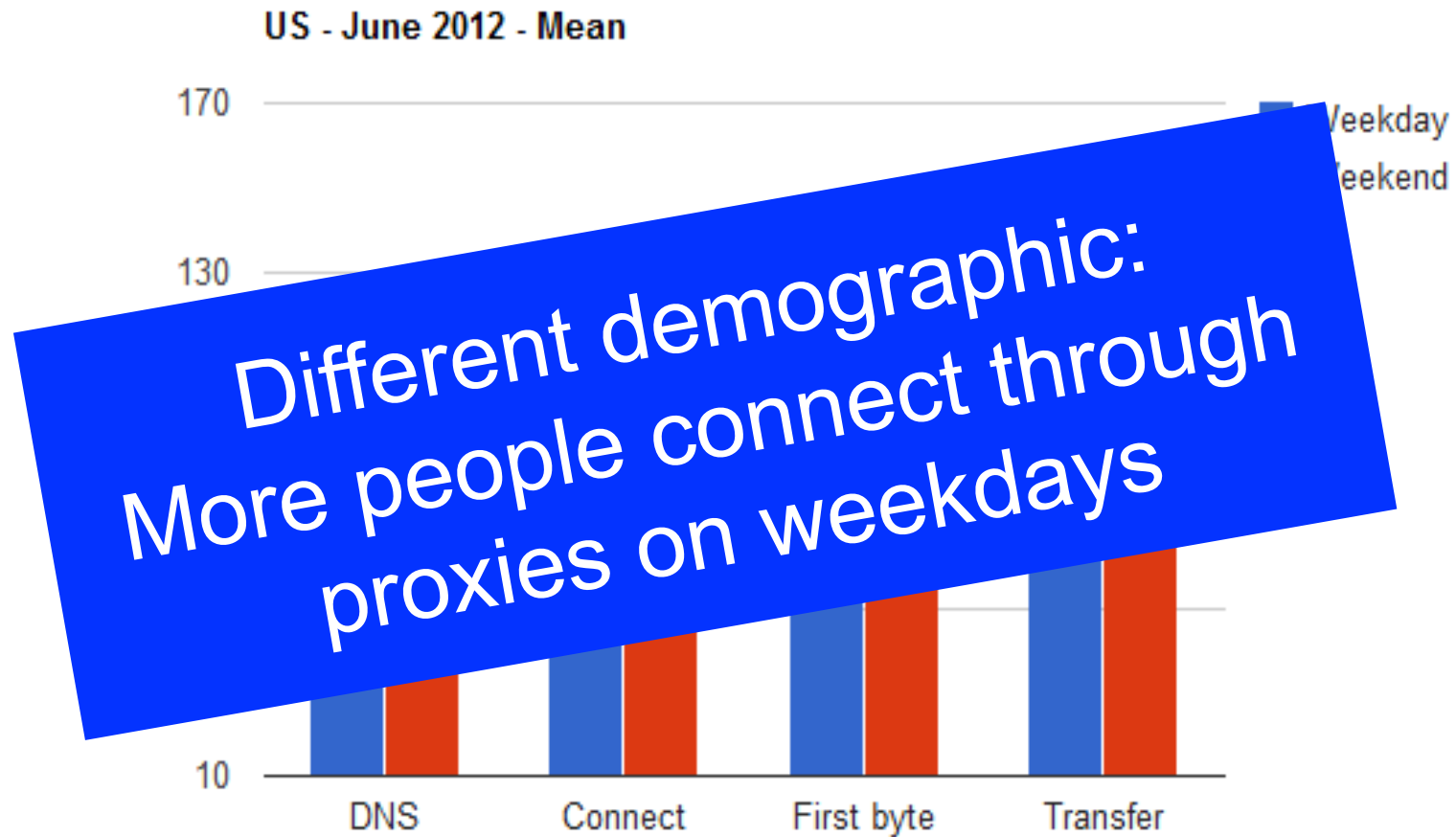
# initcwnd of CDNs



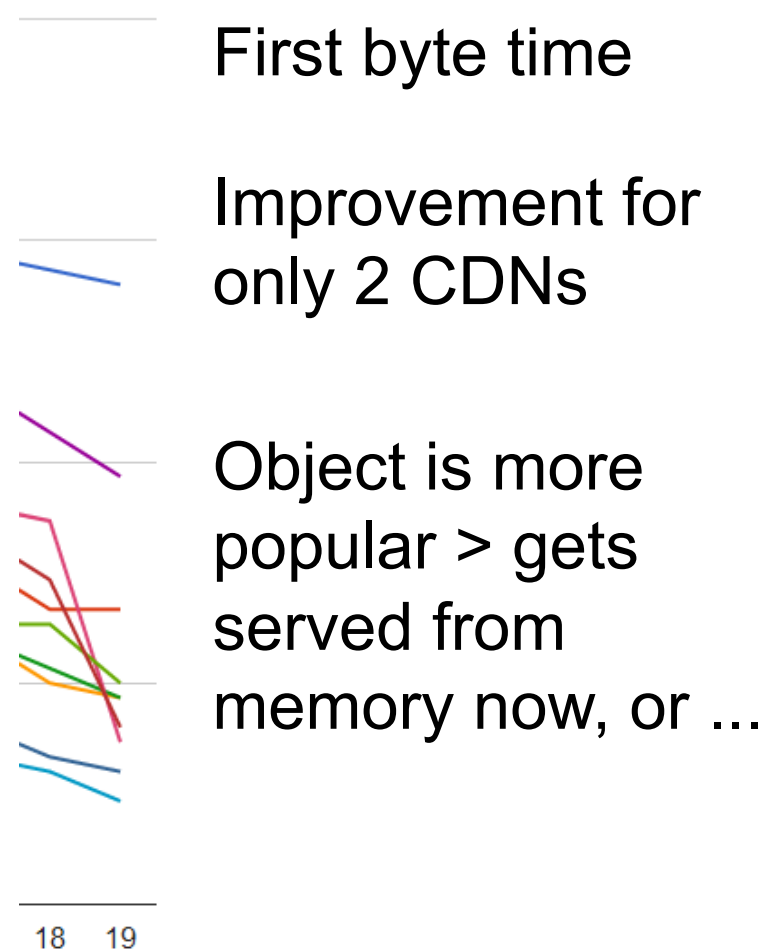
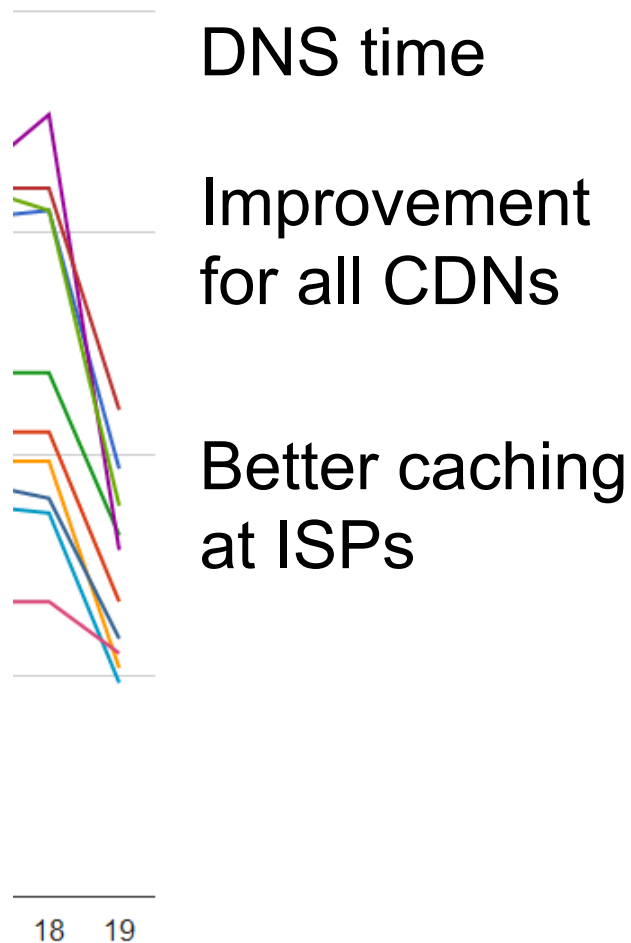
<http://www.cdnplanet.com/blog/initcwnd-settings-major-cdn-providers/>



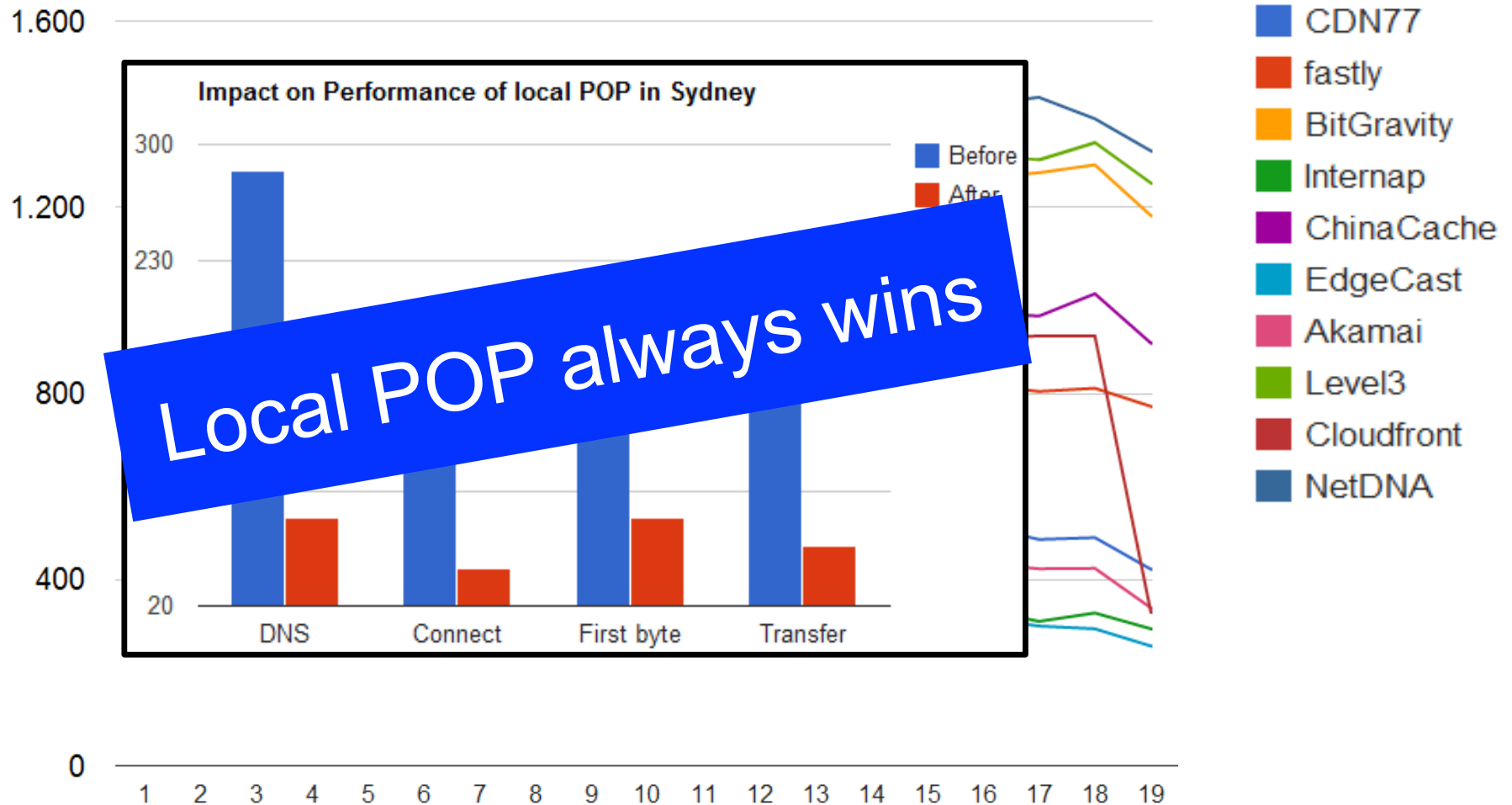
# Weekdays vs Weekends (mean)



# What happened on June 19?



# Australia: different playing field



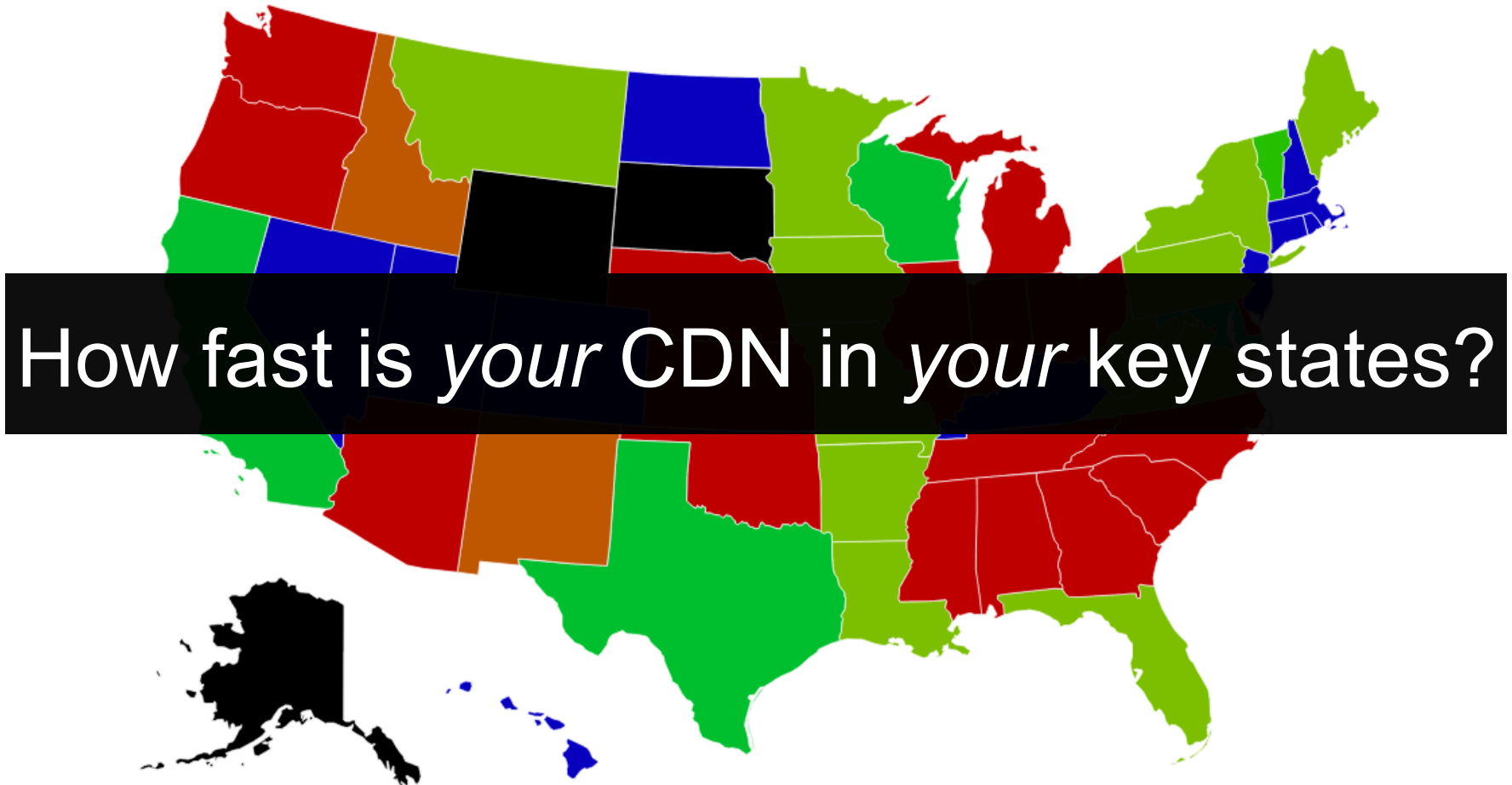
# Global performance



<http://c.turbobytes.com/static/uploads/velocity12/world-static.html>

<http://c.turbobytes.com/static/uploads/velocity12/world-anim.html>

# Performance varies between states

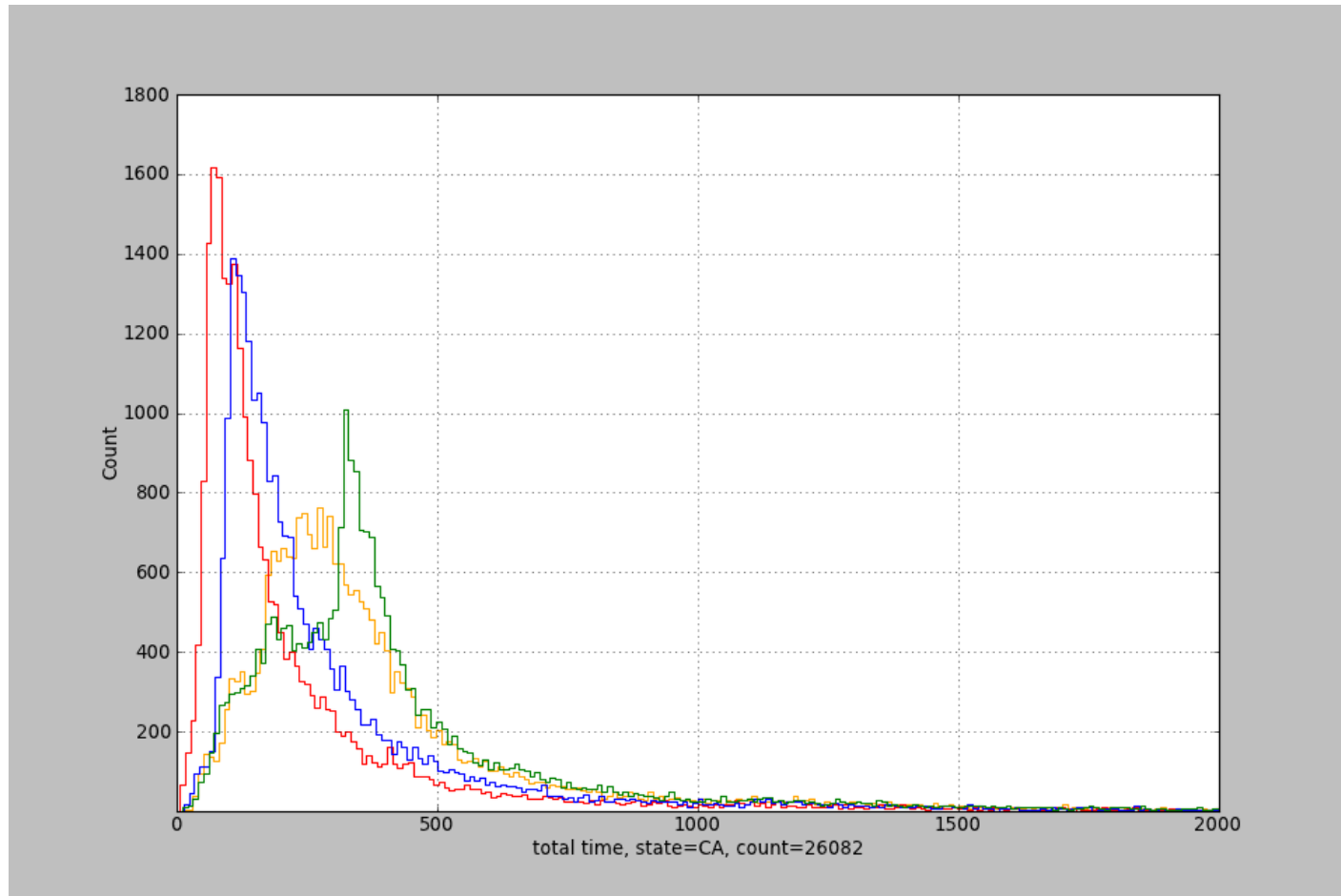


<http://c.turbobytes.com/static/uploads/velocity12/us-state-static.html>

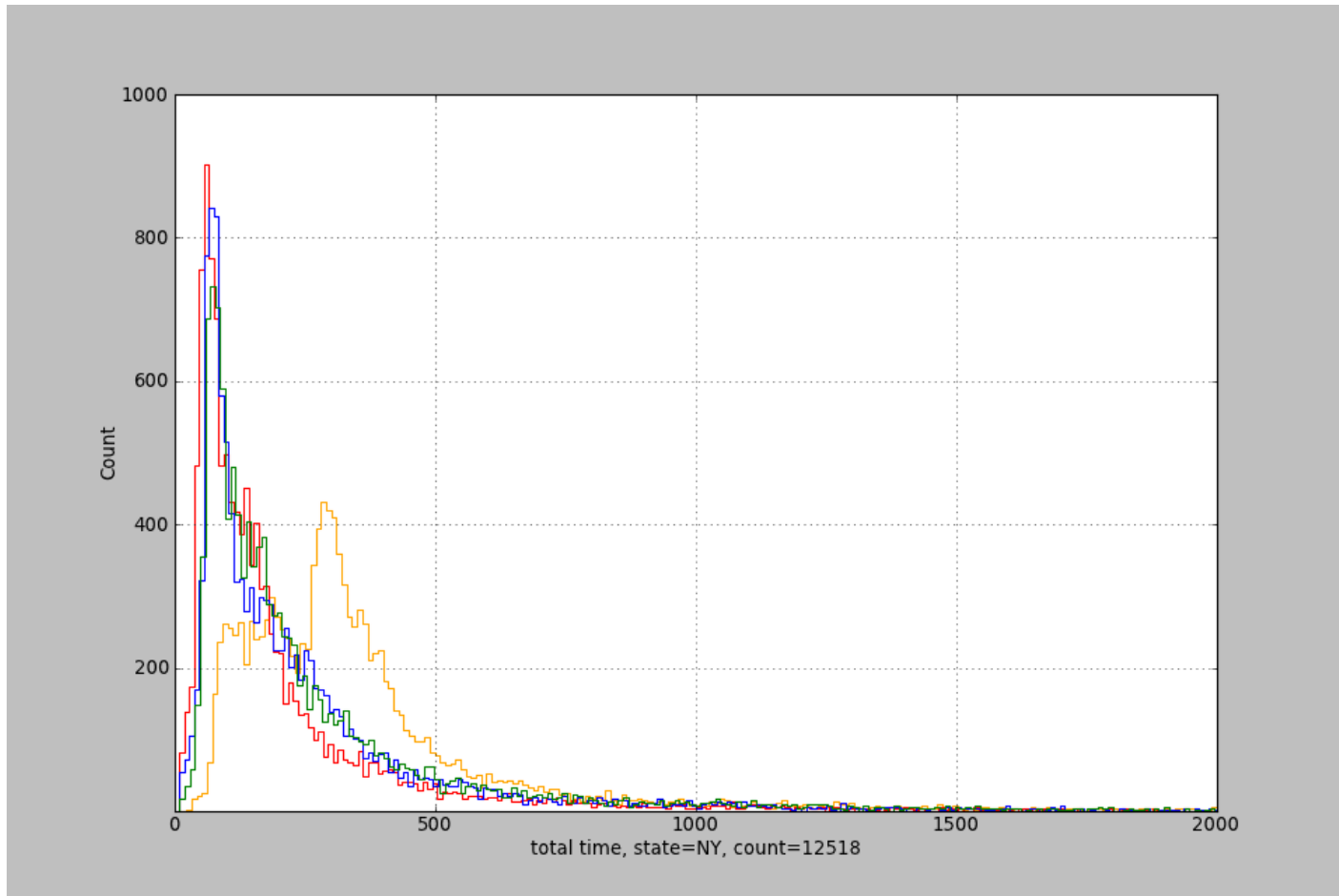
<http://c.turbobytes.com/static/uploads/velocity12/us-state-anim.html>



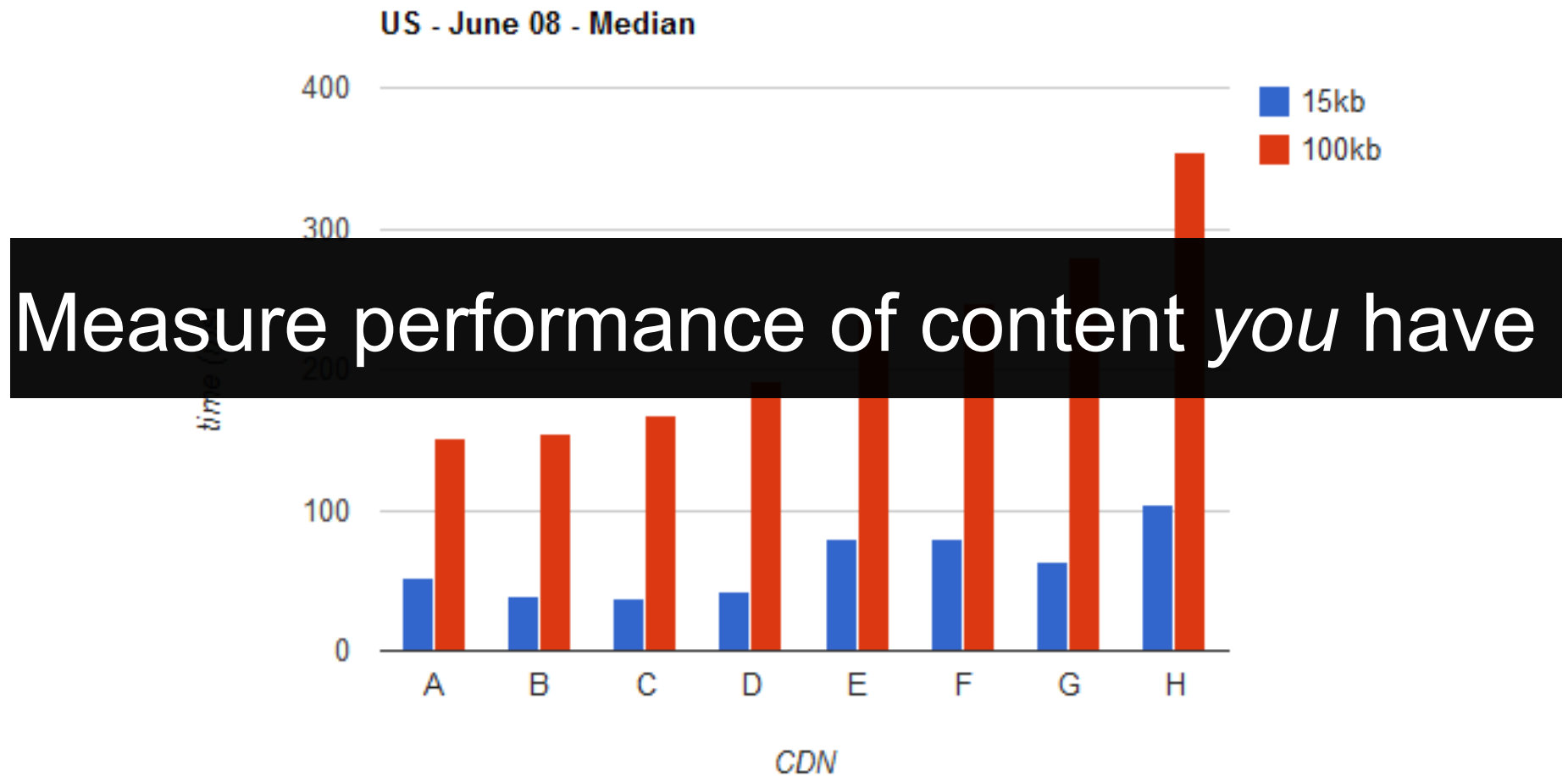
# Green: not so good in California



# Much better in New York



# 15 kb versus 100 kb file



# Monitoring CDN Performance



<http://www.flickr.com/photos/59632563@N04/6261230701/>

# Access log files of origin

No data on how fast the CDN is (duh)

Two reasons to analyze 'em:

1. Cache MISS rate
2. Spot patterns in requests from the CDN



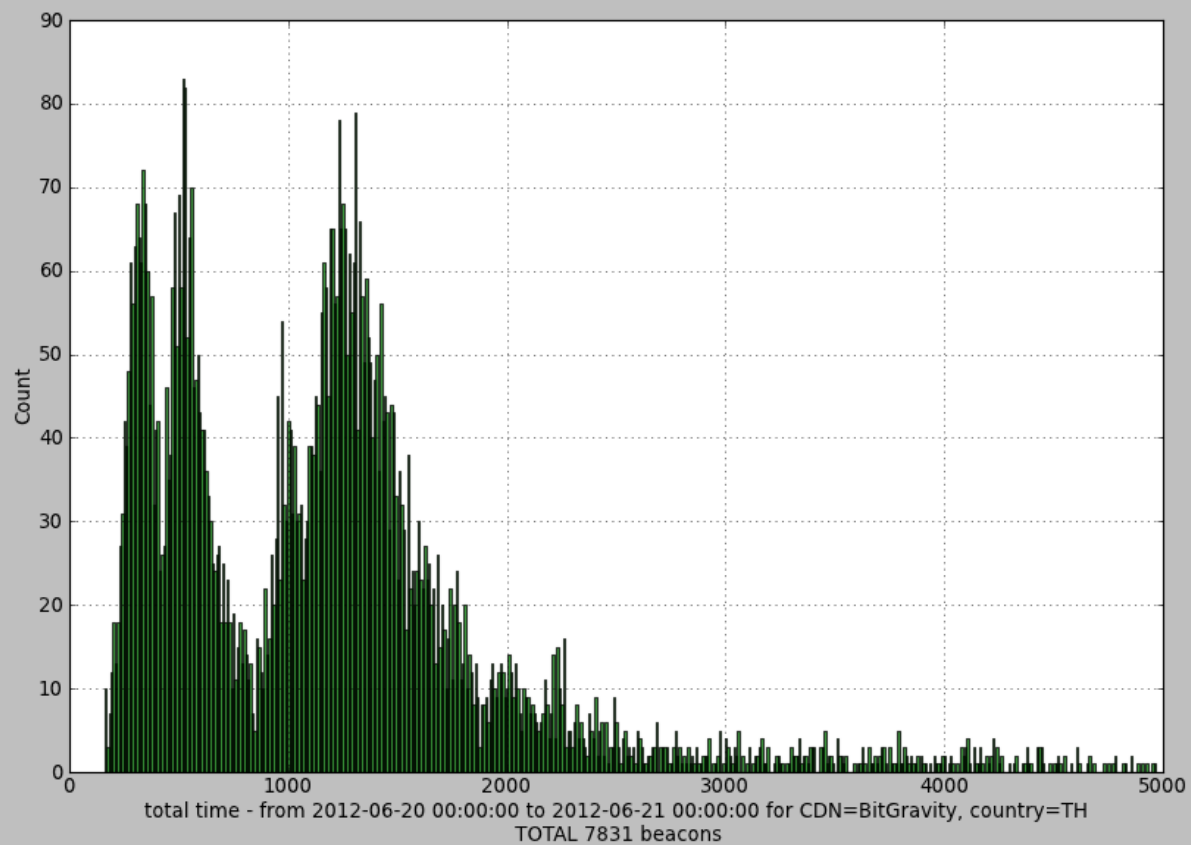
# Access log files of CDN

Again, no data on how fast the CDN is

Three reasons to analyze 'em:

1. Cache MISS rate
2. Spot patterns in requests from the CDN
3. Spot HITs from far-away POPs

# Hits from far-away POPs



# 'Backbone' synthetic monitoring

Datacenter-to-datacenter != the real world

Tells you nothing about real user experience

Don't use it

# Real browser synthetic monitoring

Catchpoint, Gomez, WebPagetest etc.

Real browser, but

- Still in a datacenter
- Not your real users

**Close, but no cigar**

# With-CDN versus Without-CDN

How much faster do your *pages* load?

WebPagetest:

```
SetDNSName      cdn.domain.com
                 www.domain.com
overrideHost    cdn.domain.com
                 www.domain.com
navigate        www.domain.com
```



# Google Analytics User Timings

```
var startTime;  
function loadJs(url, callback) {  
    var js = document.createElement('script');  
    js.async = js.src = url;  
    var s = document.getElementsByTagName('script')[0];  
    js.onload = callback;  
    startTime =  
    s.parentNode.insertBefore(js, s);  
}  
function myCallback() {  
    var endTime = new Date().getTime();  
    _gaq.push(['_trackTiming', 'jQuery', 'Load Library', new Date().getTime() -  
        startTime, 'Google CDN', 50]);  
};  
loadJs('//hostname/path/to/jquery.min.js', myCallback);
```

Useless

<https://developers.google.com/analytics/devguides/collection/gajs/gaTrackingTiming>

# Resource Timing API

'Navigation Timing for page resources'

Cross-origin resources must be sent with  
**Timing-Allow-Origin:example.com** header  
for API to expose load time details (DNS, etc.)

Easy: send header from origin, so CDN sends it  
too

**Future!**

<http://dvcs.w3.org/hg/webperf/raw-file/tip/specs/ResourceTiming/Overview.html>

# How we do RUM



# Starting points

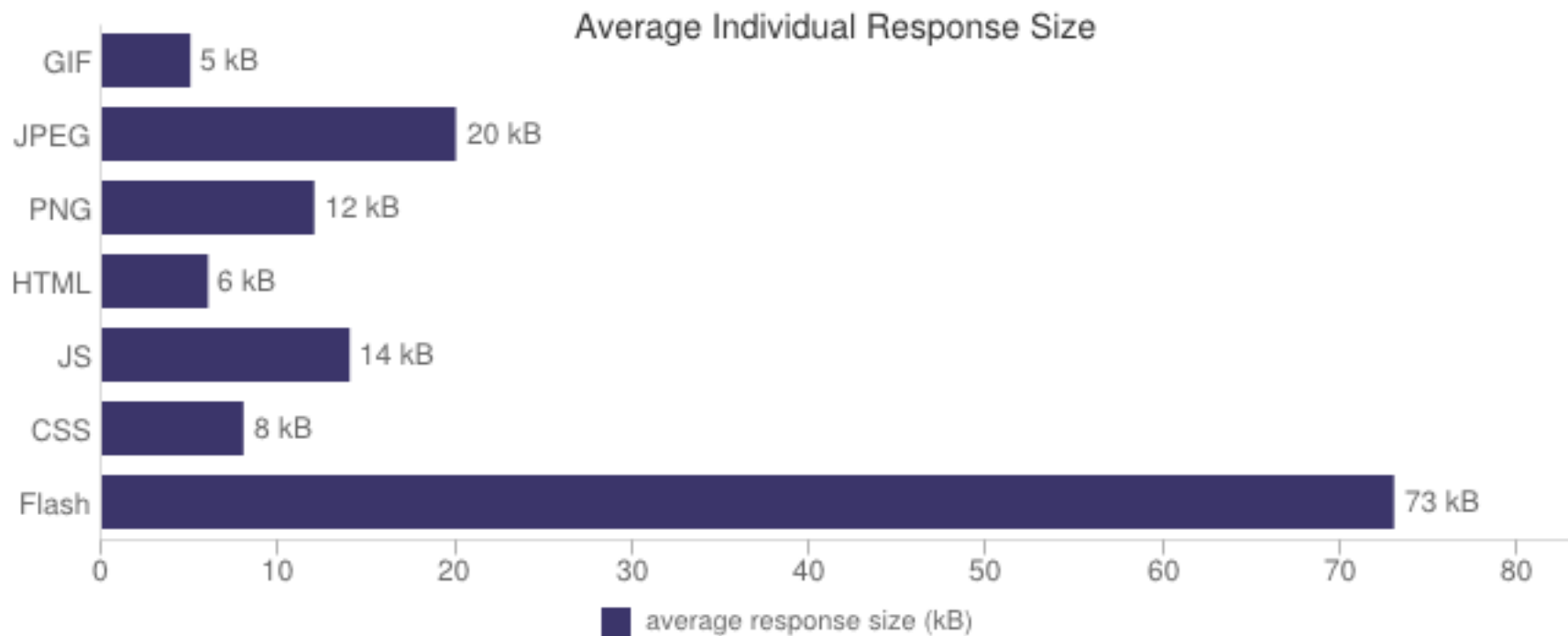
Measure small object delivery over HTTP

We want the details, not just total load time

Few beacons from many users, not many beacons from few users

No impact on UX

# Why use a 16 KB file?





# What we actually do

Navigation Timing API

$\text{loadTime} = \text{responseEnd} - \text{domainLookupStart}$

2 lines JS on main page; exec after

Load rum.js async (not in IE6-8)

Check localStorage which CDNs may be used

Load 16 kb HTML file from CDN, in invisible

postMessage timing data from iframe to parent

Don't wait longer than 5 seconds

Update localStorage & beacon to server

# Not all data is good data

NT API implementation is poor in some browsers

Ignore FF<9 & Chrome Frame

We see odd data in Chrome and IE9 too

Server side checks include:

Is DNS time >0?

Is Connect time > 0?

Is TTFB >0?

# Tips for improving CDN performance



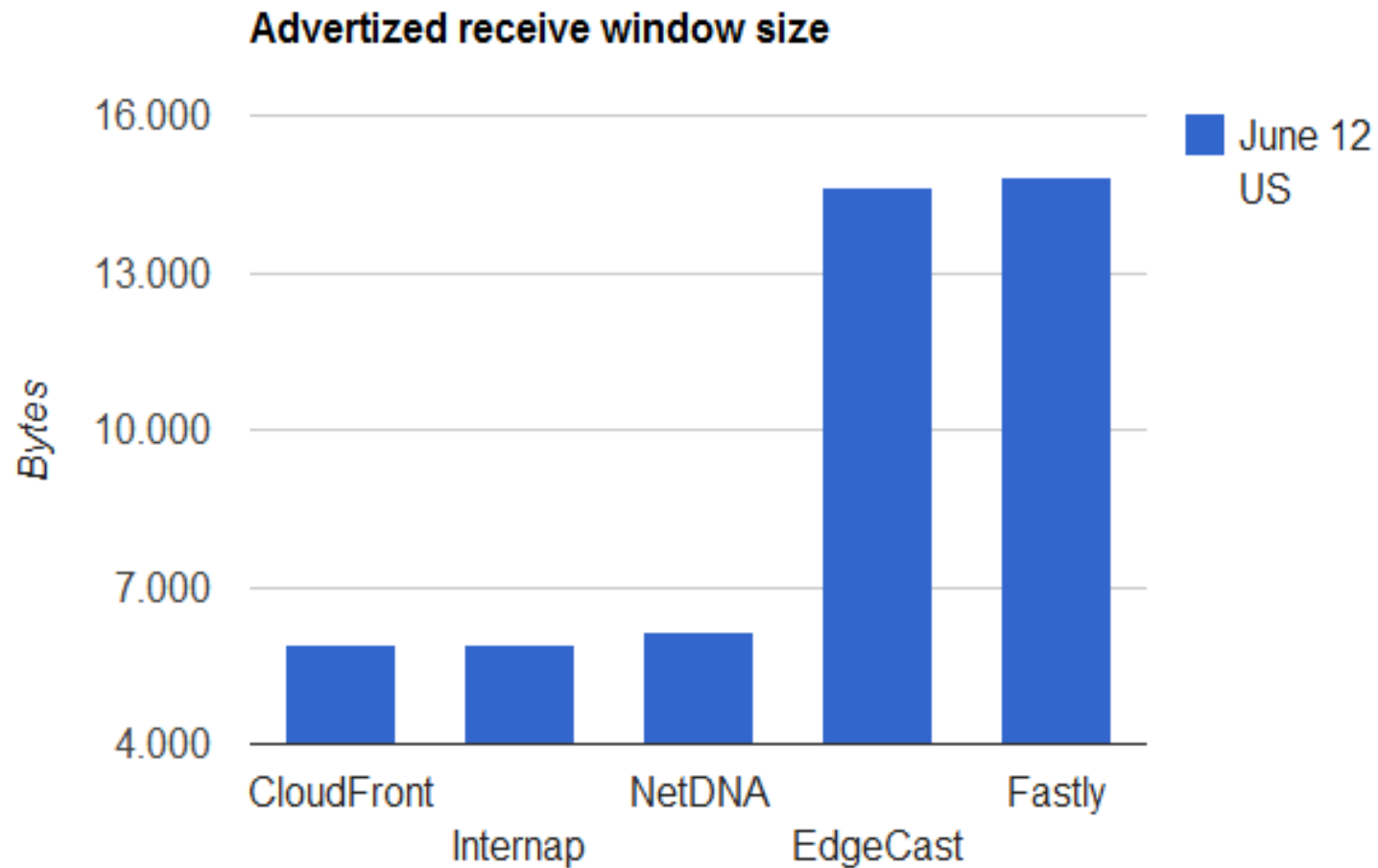


1

Set a high initcwnd

if the CDN has a large receive window

# initrwnd of CDNs





2

Keep connection to CDN open loooong

only if the CDN wants to keep it open long



3

send Vary:Accept-Encoding

... so your CDN sends GZIPed when it  
should



4



don't send Vary:User-Agent

... to prevent a high cache MISS rate



5

add jitter to low TTL cache-control

for better UX and origin protection



6

set high TTL for DNS

especially important if traffic is low/med



THANK  
YOU





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