

Longest Palindromic Substring | Set 2

Given a string, find the longest substring which is palindrome. For example, if the given string is “forgeeksskeegfor”, the output should be “geeksskeeg”.

We have discussed dynamic programming solution in the [previous post](#). The time complexity of the Dynamic Programming based solution is $O(n^2)$ and it requires $O(n^2)$ extra space. We can find the longest palindrome substring in (n^2) time with $O(1)$ extra space. The idea is to generate all even length and odd length palindromes and keep track of the longest palindrome seen so far.

Step to generate odd length palindrome:

Fix a centre and expand in both directions for longer palindromes.

Step to generate even length palindrome

Fix two centre (low and high) and expand in both directions for longer palindromes.

C/C++

Python

```
// A  $O(n^2)$  time and  $O(1)$  space program to find the longest palindromic substring
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

// A utility function to print a substring str[low..high]
void printSubStr(char* str, int low, int high)
{
    for( int i = low; i <= high; ++i )
        printf("%c", str[i]);
}

// This function prints the longest palindrome substring (LPS)
// of str[]. It also returns the length of the longest palindrome
int longestPalSubstr(char *str)
{
    int maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

    int start = 0;
    int len = strlen(str);

    int low, high;

    // One by one consider every character as center point of
    // even and length palindromes
    for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
    {
        // Find the longest even length palindrome with center points
        // as i-1 and i.
        low = i - 1;
        high = i;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }

        // Find the longest odd length palindrome with center
        // point as i
        low = i - 1;
        high = i + 1;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }
    }

    printf("Longest palindrome substring is: ");
    printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1);

    return maxLength;
}

// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    char str[] = "forgeeksskeegfor";
    printf("\nLength is: %d\n", longestPalSubstr( str ) );
    return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

Output:

```
Longest palindrome substring is: geeksskeeg
Length is: 10
```

Time complexity: $O(n^2)$ where n is the length of input string.

Auxiliary Space: $O(1)$

We will soon be adding more optimized method as separate post.