

# Find the first non-repeating character from a stream of characters

Given a stream of characters, find the first non-repeating character from stream. You need to tell the first non-repeating character in  $O(1)$  time at any moment.

If we follow the first approach discussed [here](#), then we need to store the stream so that we can traverse it one more time to find the first non-repeating character at any moment. If we use extended approach discussed in the [same post](#), we need to go through the count array every time first non-repeating element is queried. We can find the first non-repeating character from stream at any moment without traversing any array.

We strongly recommend you to minimize the browser and try it yourself first.

The idea is to use a DLL (Doubly Linked List) to efficiently get the first non-repeating character from a stream. The DLL contains all non-repeating characters in order, i.e., the head of DLL contains first non-repeating character, the second node contains the second non-repeating and so on.

We also maintain two arrays: one array is to maintain characters that are already visited two or more times, we call it repeated[], the other array is array of pointers to linked list nodes, we call it inDLL[]. The size of both arrays is equal to alphabet size which is typically 256.

- 1) Create an empty DLL. Also create two arrays inDLL[] and repeated[] of size 256. inDLL is an array of pointers to DLL nodes. repeated[] is a boolean array, repeated[x] is true if x is repeated two or more times, otherwise false. inDLL[x] contains pointer to a DLL node if character x is present in DLL, otherwise NULL.
- 2) Initialize all entries of inDLL[] as NULL and repeated[] as false.
- 3) To get the first non-repeating character, return character at head of DLL.
- 4) Following are steps to process a new character 'x' in stream.
  - a) If repeated[x] is true, ignore this character (x is already repeated two or more times in the stream)
  - b) If repeated[x] is false and inDLL[x] is NULL (x is seen first time) Append x to DLL and store address of new DLL node in inDLL[x].
  - c) If repeated[x] is false and inDLL[x] is not NULL (x is seen second time) Get DLL node of x using inDLL[x] and remove the node. Also, mark inDLL[x] as NULL and repeated[x] as true.

Note that appending a new node to DLL is  $O(1)$  operation if we maintain tail pointer. Removing a node from DLL is also  $O(1)$ . So both operations, addition of new character and finding first non-repeating character take  $O(1)$  time.

C/C++ Python

```
// A C++ program to find first non-repeating character
// from a stream of characters
#include <iostream>
#define MAX_CHAR 256
using namespace std;

// A linked list node
struct node
{
    char a;
    struct node *next, *prev;
};

// A utility function to append a character x at the end
// of DLL. Note that the function may change head and tail
// pointers, that is why pointers to these pointers are passed.
void appendNode(struct node **head_ref, struct node **tail_ref,
                char x)
{
    struct node *temp = new node;
    temp->a = x;
    temp->prev = temp->next = NULL;

    if (*head_ref == NULL)
    {
        *head_ref = *tail_ref = temp;
        return;
    }
    (*tail_ref)->next = temp;
    temp->prev = *tail_ref;
    *tail_ref = temp;
}

// A utility function to remove a node 'temp' from DLL.
// Note that the function may change head and tail pointers,
// that is why pointers to these pointers are passed.
void removeNode(struct node **head_ref, struct node **tail_ref,
                struct node *temp)
{
    if (*head_ref == NULL)
        return;

    if (*head_ref == temp)
        *head_ref = (*head_ref)->next;
    if (*tail_ref == temp)
        *tail_ref = (*tail_ref)->prev;
    if (temp->next != NULL)
        temp->next->prev = temp->prev;
    if (temp->prev != NULL)
        temp->prev->next = temp->next;

    delete(temp);
}

void findFirstNonRepeating()
{
    // inDLL[x] contains pointer to a DLL node if x is present
    // in DLL. If x is not present, then inDLL[x] is NULL
    struct node *inDLL[MAX_CHAR];

    // repeated[x] is true if x is repeated two or more times.
    // If x is not seen so far or x is seen only once. then
    // repeated[x] is false
    bool repeated[MAX_CHAR];

    // Initialize the above two arrays
    struct node *head = NULL, *tail = NULL;
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_CHAR; i++)
    {
        inDLL[i] = NULL;
        repeated[i] = false;
    }

    // Let us consider following stream and see the process
    char stream[] = "geeksforgeeksandgeeksquizfor";
    for (int i = 0; stream[i]; i++)
    {
        char x = stream[i];
        cout << "Reading " << x << " from stream \n";

        // We process this character only if it has not occurred
        // or occurred only once. repeated[x] is true if x is
        // repeated twice or more.s
        if (!repeated[x])
        {
            // If the character is not in DLL, then add this at
            // the end of DLL.
            if (inDLL[x] == NULL)
            {
                appendNode(&head, &tail, stream[i]);
                inDLL[x] = tail;
            }
            else // Otherwise remove this character from DLL
            {
                removeNode(&head, &tail, inDLL[x]);
                inDLL[x] = NULL;
                repeated[x] = true; // Also mark it as repeated
            }
        }

        // Print the current first non-repeating character from
        // stream
        if (head != NULL)
            cout << "First non-repeating character so far is "
                 << head->a << endl;
    }
}

/* Driver program to test above function */
int main()
{
    findFirstNonRepeating();
    return 0;
}
```

Run on IDE

Output:

```
Reading g from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading k from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading s from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading f from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading o from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading r from stream
First non-repeating character so far is g
Reading g from stream
First non-repeating character so far is k
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is k
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is k
Reading k from stream
First non-repeating character so far is s
Reading s from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading a from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading n from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading d from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading g from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading e from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading k from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading s from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading q from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading u from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading i from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading z from stream
First non-repeating character so far is f
Reading f from stream
First non-repeating character so far is o
Reading o from stream
First non-repeating character so far is r
Reading r from stream
First non-repeating character so far is a
```