

ASSIGNMENT-7

SOURAV BERA

Q.1 Read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int i,n,a[100];

    printf("Read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse
order:\n");

    printf("Input the number of elements to store in the array :");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Input %d number of elements in the array :\n",n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        printf("element - %d : ",i);

        scanf("%d",&a[i]);

    }

    printf("\nThe values store into the array are : \n");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("% 5d",a[i]);

    }

    printf("\n\nThe values store into the array in reverse are :\n");

    for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
        printf("% 5d",a[i]);

    }

    printf("\n\n");

    return 0;
```

}

Read n number of values in an array and display it in reverse order:

Input the number of elements to store in the array :4

Input 4 number of elements in the array :

element -
0 : 1

element -
1 : 2

element -
2 : 3

element -
3 : 4

The values store into the array are :

1 2 3 4

The values store into the array in reverse are :

4 3 2 1

Q.2 Find the sum of all elements of the array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int a[100];
    int i, n, sum=0;
    printf("Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        printf("element - %d : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        sum += a[i];
    }
    printf("Sum of all elements stored in the array is : %d\n\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :4
```

```
Input 4 elements in the array :
```

```
element -
0 : 1
```

```
element -
1 : 2
```

```
element -
2 : 3
```

```
element -  
3 : 4
```

```
Sum of all elements stored in the array is : 10
```

Q.3 Copy the elements of one array into another array.

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    int arr1[100], arr2[100];  
  
    int i, n;  
  
    printf("Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :");  
  
    scanf("%d",&n);  
  
    printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);  
  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){  
        printf("element - %d : ",i);  
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);  
    }  
  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){  
        arr2[i] = arr1[i];  
    }  
  
    printf("\nThe elements stored in the first array are :\n");  
  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {  
        printf("% 5d", arr1[i]);  
    }  
  
    printf("\n\nThe elements copied into the second array are :\n");  
  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++){  
        printf("% 5d", arr2[i]);  
    }  
  
    printf("\n\n");
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :4

Input 4 elements in the array :

element -
0 : 1

element -
1 : 2

element -
2 : 3

element -
3 : 4

The elements stored in the first array are :

1	2	3	4
---	---	---	---

The elements copied into the second array are :

1	2	3	4
---	---	---	---

Q.4 Count a total number of duplicate elements in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int arr1[100];

        int arr2[100];

            int arr3[100];

int n,mm=1,ctr=0;

int i, j;

    printf("Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);

    for(i=0;i<n;i++){

        printf("element - %d : ",i);

        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);

    }

        for(i=0;i<n; i++){

            arr2[i]=arr1[i];

            arr3[i]=0;

        }

        for(i=0;i<n; i++) {

            for(j=0;j<n;j++){

                if(arr1[i]==arr2[j]){

                    arr3[j]=mm;

                    mm++;

                }

            }

            mm=1;

        }
```

```

    }
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if(arr3[i]==2){
ctr++;
    }
    }
    printf("The total number of duplicate elements found in the array is: %d \n",
ctr);

    printf("\n\n");

    return 0;
}

```

```

Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :7

```

```

Input 7 elements in the array :

```

```

element -
0 : 1

```

```

element -
1 : 2

```

```

element -
2 : 3

```

```

element -
3 : 4

```

```

element -
4 : 5

```

```

element -
5 : 4

```

```
element -  
6 : 2
```

```
The total number of duplicate elements found in the array is: 2
```

Q.5 Find the maximum and minimum element in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
int main(){  
    int arr1[100];  
    int i, mx, mn, n;  
    printf("Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :");  
    scanf("%d",&n);  
    printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){  
        printf("element - %d : ",i);  
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);  
    }  
    mx = arr1[0];  
    mn = arr1[0];  
    for(i=1; i<n; i++){  
        if(arr1[i]>mx){  
            mx = arr1[i];  
        }  
        if(arr1[i]<mn){
```



```

        mn = arr1[i];
    }
}
printf("Maximum element is : %d\n", mx);
printf("Minimum element is : %d\n\n", mn);
return 0;
}

```

```

Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :4

```

```

Input 4 elements in the array :

```

```

element -
0 : 1

```

```

element -
1 : 2

```

```

element -
2 : 3

```

```

element -
3 : 4

```

```

Maximum element is : 4

```

```

Minimum element is : 1

```

Q.6 Separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.

```

#include <stdio.h>

```

```

int main(){

```

```

    int arr1[10], arr2[10], arr3[10];

```

```

    int i,j=0,k=0,n;

```

```

printf("Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    printf("element - %d : ",i);
    scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
}
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    if (arr1[i]%2 == 0){
        arr2[j] = arr1[i];
        j++;
    }
    else
    {
        arr3[k] = arr1[i];
        k++;
    }
}
printf("\nThe Even elements are : \n");
for(i=0;i<j;i++){
    printf("%d ",arr2[i]);}
printf("\nThe Odd elements are :\n");
for(i=0;i<k;i++){
    printf("%d ", arr3[i]); }
printf("\n\n");
return 0; }

```

```

Input the number of elements to be stored in the array :4

```

```
Input 4 elements in the array :
```

```
element -  
0 : 1
```

```
element -  
1 : 2
```

```
element -  
2 : 3
```

```
element -  
3 : 4
```

```
The Even elements are :
```

```
2 4
```

```
The Odd elements are :
```

```
1 3
```

Q.7 Insert new values in the array.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int arr1[100],i,n,p,x;
```

```
        printf("Input the size of array : ");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
        for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```

        printf("element - %d : ",i);

        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);

    }

    printf("Input the value to be inserted : ");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    printf("Input the Position, where the value to be inserted :");
    scanf("%d",&p);

    printf("The current list of the array :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("% 5d",arr1[i]);

    for(i=n;i>=p;i--)
        arr1[i]= arr1[i-1];

    arr1[p-1]=x;

    printf("\n\nAfter Insert the element the new list is :\n");
    for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
        printf("% 5d",arr1[i]);

        printf("\n\n");

        return 0;

}

```

```

Input the size of array : 4

```

```

element -
0 : 1

```

```

element -
1 : 2

```

```

element -
2 : 3

```

```

element -
3 : 4

Input the value to be inserted : 7

Input the Position, where the value to be inserted :2

The current list of the array :

1      2      3      4

After Insert the element the new list is :

1      7      2      3      4

```

Q.8 Delete an element at desired position from an array.

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int arr1[50],i,pos,n;

    printf("Input the size of array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Input %d elements in the array in ascending order:\n",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("element - %d : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
    }

    printf("\nInput the position where to delete: ");
    scanf("%d",&pos);

    i=0;

```

```

while(i!=pos-1)
    i++;
while(i<n){
    arr1[i]=arr1[i+1];
    i++;
}
n--;
printf("\nThe new list is : ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
    printf(" %d",arr1[i]);
}
printf("\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

Input the size of array : 4

Input 4 elements in the array in ascending order:

element -
0 : 1

element -
1 : 2

element -
2 : 3

element -
3 : 4

```
Input the position where to delete: 2
```

```
The new list is :      1    3    4
```

Q.9 Find the second largest element in an array.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int arr1[50],n,i,j=0,lrg,lrg2nd;

    printf("Input the size of array : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Input %d elements in the array :\n",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        printf("element - %d : ",i);
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
    }

    lrg=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        if(lrg<arr1[i]){
            lrg=arr1[i];
            j = i;
        }
    }

    lrg2nd=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```

    if(i==j){
        i++; /* ignoring the largest element */
        i--;
    }
    else{
        if(lrg2nd<arr1[i]){
            lrg2nd=arr1[i];
        }
    }
}

printf("The Second largest element in the array is : %d \n\n", lrg2nd);

return 0;
}

```

```

Input the size of array : 4

```

```

Input 4 elements in the array :

```

```

element -
0 : 4

```

```

element -
1 : 3

```

```

element -
2 : 2

```

```

element -
3 : 1

```

```

The Second largest element in the array is : 3

```

Q.10 Find the median of two sorted arrays of same size.


```

#include <stdio.h>

int max(int a, int b) {
    return ((a > b) ? a : b);
}

int min(int a, int b) {
    return ((a < b) ? a : b);
}

int median(int arr[], int size) {
    if (size % 2 == 0)
        return (arr[size/2] + arr[size/2-1])/2;
    else
        return arr[size/2];
}

int median2SortedArrays(int arr1[], int arr2[], int size) {
    int med1;
    int med2;
    if(size <= 0) return -1;
    if(size == 1) return (arr1[0] + arr2[0])/2;
    if (size == 2) return (max(arr1[0], arr2[0]) + min(arr1[1], arr2[1])) / 2;
    med1 = median(arr1, size);
    med2 = median(arr2, size);
    if(med1 == med2) return med1;
    if (med1 < med2) {
        return median2SortedArrays(arr1 + size/2, arr2, size - size/2);
    }
    else {
        return median2SortedArrays(arr2 + size/2, arr1, size - size/2);
    }
}

```

```
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int i,m,n;  
    int arr1[] = {1, 5, 13, 24, 35};  
    int arr2[] = {3, 8, 15, 17, 32};  
    m = sizeof(arr1) / sizeof(arr1[0]);  
    n = sizeof(arr2) / sizeof(arr2[0]);  
    printf("The given array - 1 is : ");  
    for(i = 0; i < m; i++){  
        printf("%d ", arr1[i]);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
    printf("The given array - 2 is : ");  
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++){  
        printf("%d ", arr2[i]);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
    printf("\nThe Median of the 2 sorted arrays is: %d",median2SortedArrays(arr1,  
arr2, n));  
    printf("\n");  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
The  given  array  -  
1  is  :    1    5    13    24    35
```

```
The  given  array  -  
2  is  :    3    8    15    17    32
```

The Median of the 2 sorted arrays is: 14

Q.11 Multiplication of two square matrixes.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int arr1[50][50],brr1[50][50],crr1[50][50],i,j,k,r1,c1,r2,c2,sum=0;

    printf("\nInput the rows and columns of first matrix : ");

    scanf("%d %d",&r1,&c1);

    printf("\nInput the rows and columns of second matrix : ");

    scanf("%d %d",&r2,&c2);

    if(c1!=r2){

        printf("Mutiplication of Matrix is not possible.");

        printf("\nColumn of first matrix and row of second matrix must be same.");

    }

    else{

        printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");

        for(i=0;i<r1;i++){

            for(j=0;j<c1;j++){

                printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);

                scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);

            }

        }

        printf("\n Input elements in the second matrix :\n");

        for(i=0;i<r2;i++){

            for(j=0;j<c2;j++){

                printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);

                scanf("%d",&brr1[i][j]);
```

```

    }
}

printf("\nThe First matrix is :\n");

    for(i=0;i<r1;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(j=0;j<c1;j++)
printf("%d\t",arr1[i][j]);

    }

printf("\nThe Second matrix is :\n");

    for(i=0;i<r2;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
printf("%d\t",brr1[i][j]);

    }

for(i=0;i<r1;i++)
for(j=0;j<c2;j++)
crr1[i][j]=0;

    for(i=0;i<r1;i++) {
        for(j=0;j<c2;j++){
            sum=0;

            for(k=0;k<c1;k++)
                sum=sum+arr1[i][k]*brr1[k][j];

            crr1[i][j]=sum;

        }

    }

printf("\nThe multiplication of two matrices is : \n");

for(i=0;i<r1;i++){
    printf("\n");

```

```

        for(j=0;j<c2;j++){
            printf("%d\t",crr1[i][j]);
        }
    }
}
printf("\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

```

Input the rows and columns of first matrix : 2

2

Input the rows and columns of second matrix : 1

2

Mutiplication of Matrix is not possible.

Column of first matrix and row of second matrix must be same.

```

Q.12 Find transpose of a given matrix.

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int arr1[50][50],brr1[50][50],i,j,r,c;

```

```

printf("\nInput the rows and columns of the matrix : ");
scanf("%d %d",&r,&c);
printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");
for(i=0;i<r;i++){
    for(j=0;j<c;j++){
        printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);
    }
}

printf("\nThe matrix is :\n");
    for(i=0;i<r;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
            printf("%d\t",arr1[i][j]);
for(i=0;i<r;i++){
    for(j=0;j<c;j++){
        brr1[j][i]=arr1[i][j];
    }
    printf("\n\nThe transpose of a matrix is : ");
    for(i=0;i<c;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(j=0;j<r;j++){
            printf("%d\t",brr1[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

```

Input the rows and columns of the matrix : 2

2

Input elements in the first matrix :

element -
[0],[0] : 1

element -
[0],[1] : 2

element -
[1],[0] : 3

element -
[1],[1] : 4

The matrix is :

1 2

3 4

The transpose of a matrix is :

1	3
2	4

Q.13 Find the sum of left diagonals of a matrix.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int i,j,arr1[50][50],sum=0,n,m=0;
```

```
        printf("Input the size of the square matrix : ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    m=n;
```

```
        printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
    for(j=0;j<n;j++){
```

```
        printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);
```

```
        scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
printf("The matrix is :\n");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
    for(j=0;j<n ;j++)
```

```
        printf("% 4d",arr1[i][j]);
```

```
        printf("\n");
```

```
    }
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
    m=m-1;
```

```
        for(j=0;j<n ;j++){
```



```

        if (j==m) {
            sum= sum+arr1[i][j];
        }
    }
}

printf("Addition of the left Diagonal elements is :%d\n",sum);

return 0;
}

```

Input the size of the square matrix : 2

Input elements in the first matrix :

element -
[0],[0] : 1

element -
[0],[1] : 2

element -
[1],[0] : 3

element -
[1],[1] : 4

The matrix is :

1 2

3 4

Addition of the left Diagonal elements is :5

Q.14 Check whether a given matrix is an identity matrix.

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main(){
    int arr1[10][10];
    int r1,c1;
    int i, j, yn =1;
    printf("Input number of Rows for the matrix :");
    scanf("%d", &r1);
    printf("Input number of Columns for the matrix :");
    scanf("%d",&c1);

    printf("Input elements in the first matrix :\n");
    for(i=0;i<r1;i++){
        for(j=0;j<c1;j++){
            printf("element - [%d],[%d] : ",i,j);
            scanf("%d",&arr1[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("The matrix is :\n");
    for(i=0;i<r1;i++){
        for(j=0;j<c1 ;j++)
            printf("% 4d",arr1[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }

    for(i=0; i<r1; i++){
        for(j=0; j<c1; j++){
            if(arr1[i][j] != 1 && arr1[j][i] !=0){
                yn = 0;
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        }
    }
}
if(yn == 1 )
    printf(" The matrix is an identity matrix.\n\n");
else
    printf(" The matrix is not an identity matrix.\n\n");
    return 0;
}

```

```

Input  number  of  Rows  for  the  matrix  :2

Input  number  of  Columns  for  the  matrix  :3

Input  elements  in  the  first  matrix  :

element  -
    [0],[0]  :  1

element  -
    [0],[1]  :  2

element  -
    [0],[2]  :  3

element  -
    [1],[0]  :  4

element  -
    [1],[1]  :  5

element  -
    [1],[2]  :  6

```

```
The matrix is :
```

```
1    2    3
```

```
4    5    6
```

```
The matrix is not an identity matrix.
```

Q.15 Search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int searchElement(int arr2D[4][4], int n, int x){
```

```
    int i = 0, j = n-1;
```

```
    while ( i < n && j >= 0 ){
```

```
        if ( arr2D[i][j] == x ){
```

```
            printf("\nThe element Found at the position in the matrix is: %d, %d", i, j);
```

```
            return 1;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if ( arr2D[i][j] < x )
```

```
            j--;
```

```
        else
```

```
            i++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    int arr2D[4][4] = { {15, 23, 31, 39},
```

```
                        {18, 26, 36, 43},
```

```
                        {25, 28, 37, 48},
```

```

        {30, 34, 39, 50},
    };

int i,j,v;
v=37;

    printf("The given array in matrix form is : \n");
    for(i = 0; i < 4; i++){
        for (j=0;j<4;j++){
            printf("%d ", arr2D[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");}

printf("The given value for searching is: %d",v);
searchElement(arr2D, 4, v);
return 0;}

```

The given array in matrix form is :

15 23 31 39

18 26 36 43

25 28 37 48

30 34 39 50

The given value for searching is: 37